RECENTLY PATENTED INVENTIONS.
Pertaining to Apparel.
SKirt-holder.-F. h. Newton, Green ville, $\mathbf{S}$. C. The invention contemplates the employment of a cord or chain, the body of
which is normally wound upon a reel within the case which is pinned upon the skirt at the upper portion thereof, and one of the object or chain to limit the same against further exBELT
BELT-BUCKLE.-J. D. Templeton, Ada Ohio. The object of the improvement is to
provide details of construction for a buckle for waist belts, suspenders or the like, which afford a neat, simple, practical, and inexpen
sive device. The coaction of the bent and pivoted head portion of the hook piece with the buckle frame having the inclined teeth are the dominant features
hat-FASTENER.-M. E. Jennings and A. ion it is intended to provide in connection with hat-pins, a holder therefor which will be self-retaining in the hat, will be adjustable to fit any size or shape of crown, and will be provided with a bushing or sleeve through
which the pins slide to avoid wear of the which the pins slide to avoid wear of th
hat material, and also to steady the pins in position.

## Of Interest to Farmers.

PLANTER.-E. B. Winship, Rushville, Ind. One of the objects of this invention is to
provide a simple, strong, and efficient planter having a frame provided with drill teeth and supported upon a wheel, and having means for automatically elevating the frame at pre-
determined intervals in order to free the drill determined intervals in order to free the dril teeth from weeds and the like.
HAY RaKE and TEDDER.-K. M. Ellis and E. E. ElLIS, Greeley, Iowa. The purpose
of the invention is to provide a construction by means of which the hay is raked to the right-hand side of the implement and left in a windrow, and the tedders automatically ac upon the windrowed hay and move it over
to the right, leaving the hay in a most con venient position for the loader, enabling loader to take up the hay without looping back over a portion of the ground that th
rake has already covered.

## Of General Interest

animal-trap.-H. Turner, Richmond Va. The object of the invention is to furnish the floor or ground through which the animal makes its entrance, and whereby the anima may be captured, or if not, prevented from entering the room. The device is likewise adapted to be placed against the wall and surround an opening therein in the same man ner as when used in
the floor or ground.

SHAVING-BRUSH AND SOAP-HOLDER. M. Schmitz, Schenectady, N. Y. This brush travelers' use, and is arranged to utilize the handle of the brush as a casing for the holder carrying the soap stick, and to allow of pro jecting the soap stick the desired distance be yond the handle for rubbing the stick over th face to be lathered.

## Hardware.

WRENCH.-E. H. Boaz, Benbrook, Texas The object of the improvement is the pro
vision of a wrench arranged to combine sim plicity with strength to permit convenien gripping, turning, and releasing of differen sized nuts or other articles, and to allow o screwing the nut any distance along a bo
mail-bag lock:-R. E. Redding, Marion la. The intention in this improvement is struction, which adapt it for a locked engage ment with a constricting strap passed closely around the closed neck of a mail bag or
pouch, and thus prevent access to the contents of the receptacle until the lock is opened wit of the receptacl
suitable bey.

## Household Utilities.

Larding-needle for meat.-p. Huss, Lakewood, N. J. This invention comprises
tapered tubular body to receive a lardin rip, and a removable tapered tip constituting a plug for the forward end of the body, the butt end of the latter being open whereb the end of the strip may project and be with drawn when the needle is forced through the

Clothes-Line holder.-H. Falvey, New York, $\mathbf{N}$. Y. The aim of this improvement to provide a line holder comprising a trough haped sheet-metal arm having a sheave jou hereof, and means for pivotally attaching to th rm intermediate sheaves whereby it is adapt to swing in a substantially vertical plane.
BED.-H. F. Nehr, New York, N. Y. One divisional bed or a bed the spring-sustaining portion whereof is in two sections removably mounted and capable of being brought together to form a double bed, or separated to constitute two single beds with a space betwe
DUST-REMOVING APPARATUS H. enschild, Berlin, Germany. In this patent
the invention relates to brushing and scrub-
bing, and its object is to provide a new and ing, and its object is to provide a new an domestic and industrial purposes, such as leaning carpets, upholstered furniture, tapes ries, hangings, curtains, walls, wall papers,
rinting types and fonts, etc. pripting types and fonts, etc.

## Machines and Mrechanical Devices.

hOP-PRESS.-C. KUENSTING, Woodburn Ore. This press is designed especially for the uses. The invention provides a press which is easily portable, conveniently loaded, of sim power apportioned increased compression strain as the followe compresses the bale.
POWER TRANSMISSION. - D. M. Le inention refers to wind motors, and its object to provide a power transmission, more e arranged to utilize the power of the wind mill for pumping water in both light and strong winds.
Gearing.-J. J. P. Boatman, Blaine, Wash. An improved cone is provided in this system of gearing. It is easy to adjust the
cone on a shaft to compensate for wear. A collar is provided with a setscrew whereby may be fixed with respect to the shaft, is connected to the smaller disk by means of ecrew
hreaded rods, secured to the disk, and traversing openings in the collar. Lo, and tra rranged upon a screw threaded rod upon each side of the collar, whereby to secure the cone in its adjusted position. When the one becomes worn the nut locks are loosened
nd the cone is adjusted, after which the lock and the cone is adjusted, a
nuts are again tightened.

## Pertaining to Vehicles.

Sprocket-chain.-R. S. MCIntyre iverside, Cal. The present specification is vention, formerly filed by Mr. McIntyre. Th object is to produce a chain constructed with special view to preventing its becoming dis odged from the sprocket whe over which it runs, without in any way detracting
the efficiency of the chain in operation.

## Rallways and Their Accessories.

RAIL-JOINT.-L. A. Bundy, Atlanta, Kan The direction of the present invention is mprovements in rail joints, preferably em oint features oftonstruction of a ral ranted to Mr. Bundy. Among the objects he provision of a rail connection that will insure a smooth road with no low joints, and in which the joints will be held against any ccidental lateral displacement.
MAIL-BAG CATCHER AND DELIVERER.A. Whlton and C. H. Anthony, St. James o. The device is such as used for passin he mall bags to and from express trains as they pass post-offices located on the railwa
line. Two bags can be hung upon the $t$ once and can be as readily caught or de ivered as one bag. The fact that both catchers are reversible, enables them to operat with trains passing in either direction.
AUTOMATIC SAFETY APPARATUS FOR Rallways.-G. E. Ryan, New York, N. Y. The use of automatically-operated track de
vices which are set by trains as they pass, is ought by this inventor. In this way eac rain as it proceeds maintains a track devic ear set position at a suitable distance in it ithout having its power automatically cut off In this way rear-end collisions are prevented

## Pertaining to Recreation

GAME-BOARD.-O. Falkenberg, Baltimore Md. The object of the invention is to pr which will beord amusement and which will afford amusement and instructio of a map upon which routes of travel are indicated and involves also the element of chance brought in by the use of dice.

## Designs.

DESIGN FOR AN ORNAMENT.-J. W. albot, South Bend, Ind. This ornamenta design is embodied in the figures of three owl perched upon a branch and facing to the front, DESIGN FOR A CLOCK DESIGN FOR A CLOCK-STAND.-W. bodies a circle around the face of the clock with the lower part spreading at the base and terminating in feet. The entire exquisite or namental effect is produced by scroll patterns which surround the dial frame and
design for a doll.-s. Kahn and w. Reizenstein, New York, N. Y. The design in this case shows a doll dressed in fur or like material from the top of the head to the feet complete Esquimau garment or outfit
Note.-Copies of any of these patents will Please state the name of the patentee, title the invention, and date of this paper.

##  Notes and Queries.

 hints to correspondents. our information and not tor pubication,

 atare sese of
spoial wiritan Information on matters of personal

Books referred to promptly supplied on receipt of
price.
Minerals sent for examination should be distinctly
(10625) A. C. asks: What size lens would be required to melt gold by focusing in diameter? A. A mathematical answer to the question could not be made, unless all the
conditions could be definitely assigned. The Ititude of the sun above the horizon at the optical condition of the atmosphere, while the second. The amount of carbon dioxide in the air of the place, it has recently been determined, exercises a very powerful absorptive infiuence upon the heating value of the solar rays. On the other hand, the temperature to
be reached by a metal depends upon the ratio be reached by a metal depends upon the ratio
of its absorbing and radiating power, and the of its absorbing and radiating power, and the radiate heat so rapidly as not to melt at all, radiate heat so rapidly as not to melt at all,
but would maintain a constant temperature radiating as much heat as it received. If
mathematical calculation is to be made, it ma be based upon the accepted assumption that he vertical sun is able to melt an inch of ic (more accurately, 24.7 millimeters) in an
hour. The calculation may also be made from he statement that a rays of the sun. We are not able to say what the diameter of the smallest lens is, which is capable of producing a temperature equal to perature of $1,080 \mathrm{deg}$. C., equal to $1,976 \mathrm{deg}$. F but Ganot's "Physics" contains the statement
that a plano-conves echelon lens, 2 feet in diameter, has melted gold, platinum, and hearly or quite equal to that of the electric arc, from 6,300 to 7,000 deg. $F$., if quartz solve this question we should take a lens o his size and reduce its opening by diaphragm gold would melt.
(10626) J. F. K. asks: Will you kindly give me the following information or tell me where I can get it? 1. Roughly speak-
ing, what is the combined mileage of the difng, what is the combined mileage of the dif
ferent railroads in the United States, not counting the switches, side tracks, etc.? A. The combined main track mileage of the rail2. What is the average distance the ties for tes are placed at an average distance apart of 24 inches (between centers). 3. What is
he approximate cost of the wooden ties now the approximate cost of the wooden ties now
in use? A. Wooden ties have approximately oubled in cost in the last decade, and the of course for railroad purposes means durability. A tie with a life of five years may be
said to cost in round figures a dollar, and reservative treatment with the addition of tie plates and the substitution of bolts for spikes
may bring its cost up to $\$ 1.65$, but the life of the tie so treated may be approximately per annus effecting a saving of 7 or 8 cents per annum per tie. 4. What is the average
cost of the metal ties that have been used up to the present time? A. The metal ties used in this country cost from $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 3.25$, the principal railroads experimenting with them
from 1889 to 1899 reported emphatically rom 1889 to 1899 reported emphaticary tice in this country goes to show that better results can be obtained by the preservative treatment of wooden ties. In Europe, where
less wide distribution of population gives greater proportionate funds for attention to permanent way, the use of steel ties is con stantly increasing, and the best opinion and
experience go to show that the use of wellmade steel ties properly laid (not in marshy ground or badly drained roadbed) will effect great saving in renewal and maintenance labor, the ties having a life of thirty years
and upward. We have no figures as to the number of steel ties in use here; you might obtain the information by writing to the
United States Forestry Division, which Unite States Forestry Division, which has to forest depletion by the use of wooden
(10627) C. A. E. writes: We would (10627) C. A. E. Writes: We would
as to withstand copper and sulphur water in
a mine or other places where it would a mine or other places where it would come
in contact with same. We would like to in contact with same. We prepare some pipe and dip a preparation that would ahere to the pipe inside and out, so as to make same more serviceable in a mine.
We have enameled same, but find it is too We have enameled same, but find it is too ect much better than ordinary black pipe. A. There are various acid-proof paints of thich you can obtain particulars by writing if any paint and enamel dealer, but we doubt
if will find any of them better than asphaltum. The latter should be of such quality as to be fairly elastic when coid, softening
but little at 100 degrees Fahrenheit, and should be heated to about 550 degrees before the pipe is dipped into it. The pipe should be
warm and thoroughly dry. warm and thoroughly dry.

INDEX OF INVENTIONS
For which Letters Patent of the

## United States were Issued

for the Week Ending
October 1, 1907.

## AND EACH BEARINGTHAT DATE



## THE TABLE TELLS THE STORY

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Railway trains, tmeans for automatically

## I

## I























 Well-making machine,

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Window frame, metailtc, W. J. Henry. Window frame, metallic, w. J. Henry...
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Stewart
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Wrench,
R.

## DESIGNS.

## LABELS







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