from the line, using a wire fence to receive
with. In subsequent with. In subsequent experiments the same writer states: "A large induction coil similar
to that used by Marconi was used, and 10 to to that used by Marconi was used, and 10 to
20 -mile messages were of common occurrence." (10137) A. B. asks: 1. Why are magneto calls used on telephones instead of the common make and break bells? A. The mag neto machine generates a current well adapted
to ringing the bell. No battery is required to ringing the bell. No battery is required
It is less liable to get out of order than if a It is less liable to get out of order than it Is the armature of a magneto bell a permanent magnet? If not, please state what causes it to
vibrate. A. The bell has a polarized armature. This is a permanent magnet, which moves the instant the current varies the magnetism around it. It works more easily than a bell with a battery could do. All such matters are
fully explained in Webb's "Telephone Handfully explained in webb's
(10138) H. L. B. asks: How much No. 36 wire will it take for the secondary of a
coil giving a one-inch spark, and how much coil giving a one-inch spark, and how much
and what size wire for the primary coil to be and what size wire for the primary coil to be
used for wireless telegraphy? A. It is a very used for wireless telegraphy?
good coil which gives an inch of spark for a pound of secondary. For 12 to 16 wire may be used.
(10139) J. R. F. asks: 1. What amount of weight can be lifted with a pound of metal charged with lodestone as heavily as it can be charged? A. There is a great difference in the
weight lifted by permanent magnets. You will eight lifted by permanent magnets. You will weighing as much as a pound. Nor can you magnetize a bar magnet well with lodestone. ent, if you would produce a strong magnet 2. Does the metal charged lose its power to
lift in time by using it? A. No ; a magnet is lift in time by using it? A. No; a magnet is not injured by working. If left with a keeper
on its poles and handled with care, no loss of strength need take place. 3. Can cast iron be charged as well as any other metal? A.
Steel is the only metal of which a permanent Steel is the only metal of which a permanent
magnet can be made. The best tool steel should be used.
(10140) K. S. A. asks: Is there any method known by which a picture or outline can be thrown on a screen in daylight, on the
principle of the magic lantern, without making the room dark? For instance, could the out the room dark? For instance, could the out-
line be thrown on as a shadow? A. A lantern slide can be thrown upon a screen in a room
by daylight if an electric arc lamp is used for an illuminant. It will not be as distinct as if the room were darkened, but still it can distinctly seen.
(10141) W. E. F. asks: What would be the apparatus necessary to charge a storage
battery from a trolley wire of an electric railway, and what size battery for 5 horse-power motor to run say 10 hours; and about what take to charge it? A. You will require half take to charge it? A. You will require half the volts taken by the motor, since each cell will give 2 volts. To obtain the number of age of the motor. This gives the amperes for one horse-power hour. Multiply this by 5 and
by 10 , and you will have the ampere hours equired for 5 horse-power for 10 hours.
(10142) L. E. A. K. asks: 1. Is the current that leaves a telephone in talking the battery or an induced current? A. An induced current. The induction coil is to be seen in
the box of the transmitter in many forms of the box of the transmitter in many forms of
apparatus. 2 Are telephone generators alternating or direct current? A. The magneto generator by which the call bell is rung is an
alternating current machine. 3. Can a direct alternating current machine. 3. Can a direct or lower to higher without going through a rotary transformer? A. Yes; by an induction coil it is transforn
rent in one direction.
(10143) C. C. McC. asks: Do you publish a work on the construction of voltmeters struct one for use on an isolated plant? A. Supplement No. 1215, price ten cents, will
give information for the construction of a voltgive information for the construction of a volt-
meter and ammeter which may answer your purpose.
(10144) S. C. asks: 1. A party of us visited an electric plant. The electrician at-
tached to the end of the poles of the dynamo two large pieces of iron, then inserted them into a saline solution, saying he would boil
water, but I thought what he called boiled was only the decomposition of the water to $\mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{O}$. Am I correct? A. Both decomposition and heating of water takes place, and the
water is soon heated to boiling. 2. The elecwater is soon heated to boiling. 2. The elec-
trician said if the two pieces of iron at the end of the poles were to touch one another, what would cause it to blow up? A. If the plates were brought to touch each other, the resistance would be brought so low that an enormous flow of current would take place
(Ohm's law), and this would heat the dynamo (Ohm's law), and this would heat the dynamo so that the wire would soon melt, unless there
were a fuse which would blow and cut off the current. It would not be an explosion in any rdinary sense of the term, but a burn-out.
$\begin{array}{lll}(10145) & \text { S. B. S. asks } & \text {. Will a } 4 \text {-ohm }\end{array}$ telegraph work on a line one mile in length? A. Yes, if all else is in good shape. 2. If so,
work the instruments if No. 12 galvanized iron wire is used with ground circuit? A. The We should put 4 to 6 cells and try it. Then add others if necessary. 3. How many gravity batteries will be required to work two 4 -ohm
telegraphs on a line 265 feet in length, where No. 18 uninsulated wire is used with ground circuit? A. Probably two will do the work. (10146) D. H. asks: 1. Is there any way that a number of open-circuit sal-am-
moniac cells together so as to produce a continuous current for an incandescent light? Is there any apparatus made for such cells to make them produce a more continuous current? A. No.
It is impossible to use a sal-ammoniac cell on a closed circuit for any length of time.
2. Will dry cells recuperate as quickly and as (10147) M. B. T. asks if putting the antennæ of a wireless telegraph system in an
iron or other pipe will prevent the emission of turbes the free outlow of the waves from dis turbes the free outflow of the waves from the
(10148) E. H. S. asks: 1. I should like to know something about the mathematics of
an induction coil; how to calculate its probable output and what vital points tend to infind in our Supplement No. 1124, price ten cents, the description of a coil which gives
the thinner portions of the human body. For
the thickest parts, a coil is employed which will give a spark of 14 inches or more. Such Coils," price $\$ 2.50$ by mail. 2. Something about the Wehnelt electrolytic interrupter. A.
We can send you five numbers of the Supe MENT containing illustrated articles upon the Wehnelt interrupter, at ten cents each. Sup21500 . 3. How to build an induction coil suitable for X-ray work, etc.? A. Faraday's of a coil. The correct designing of a coil is the result of experience extending over many
years, as well as the application of law to the
(10149) A. E. W. writes: 1. I would like to know if there is any advantage in using
plate rather than ordinary glass regardless of difference in price? The plate will run oppo sitely $1-16$ inch apart ( 20 inch $\mathbf{D}$.), while some
window-glass may run seldom less than window-glass may run seldom less than $3 / 4$
inch apart. A. It is an advantage to bring the plates of any static machine as near to each other as possible. If they will not run not be very efficient. 2. The plate is usuall about $3-16$ inch thick. Does this thickness of
glass take away from the efficiency of the ma chine? A. It is not advisable to use glass of greater thickness than will stand the strain of the running. 3. Could you also tell me as
to how I can obtain drawings or descriptions for a two-plate Wimshurst? A. A good design of a Wimshurst machine can be found in price 50 cents, by mail.
(10150) J. F. McG. asks: 1. What is the temperature of a 30 -candle-power incanincandescence is not directly connected with the candle power of a lamp. Ganot gives the
temperature as 2,350 deg. Foster's Pocket book gives it at about 2,500 deg. 2. What is rare earth and where can it be obtained? A. certain minerals have been known among chemists as earths. The rarer ones are zirconia, glucinia, yttria and thoria. They are
oxides of elements of similar names. 3. What oxides of elements of similar names. 3. What
candle-power would a 220 -volt lamp give? A. It may be of any candle-power, depending upon the resistance of its filament.
(10151) R. B. asks: 1. Will a watch become magnetized by a motor? A. Yes; if
there is much external magnetism in the space around the motor. 2. How can you tell if it keep time as well as it has been doing, often
even stopping entirely. 3 . How can it be demagnetized thoroughly? A. The quickest wa is to take it to a jeweler, who is nowaday quite accustomed to this disease of watches.
We can send you two valuable articles on the subject for 20 cents.
(10152) D. S. asks: Will you please answer through the columns of your valuable
paper, if a small motor or dynamo, say $1-16$ paper, if a small motor or dynamo, say $1-16$ as larger machine of 1 horse-power or over that is in regard to the magnetic flux in the
different parts? A. All dynamos are designed ifferent A. All dynamos are designe
(10153) F. M. C. asks: 1. In winding the primary and secondary coils for a medi-
cal battery (faradic current) should both be wound right or left hand, looking from the same end of the coil, or should one be wound do not see how it can make any difference in which direction the turns of a coll are wound itself. 2. In using a galvanic battery, for medical purposes, of say ten carbon and ten
zinc plates arranged zinc to carbon through the entire number, is it absolutely necessary to have each element, that is, a carbon and
zinc plate, in a separate cup or cell with th
fluid, or will the battery work as well, and the
current last as long, if one large cup is used current last as long, if one large cup is us
containing all the elements and fluid? A. I
all the plates are in one cell, you will ha all the plates are
one cell with the
one cell with the electromotive force of one
cell, but with the amperes due to the large
INDEX OF INVENTIONS For which Letters Patent of the United States were Issued for the Week Ending September 4, 1906.
ANDEACHBEARINGTHATDATE surface of your single plate. The same state
of the current results if you connect all the
positive plates together, and all the negative positive plates together, and all the negative er sized cells. This is connecting in multiple, If, on the other hand, you join the zinc of one will to the carbon of the next in series, you of one cell multiplied by the whole number of cells, and a less number of amperes because This is a battery connected for intensity.
(10154) W. H. G. asks: 1. Please give acid used in pole indicator and ground deused. A. Make a solution of alcohol, 10 cubic centimeters, phenolphthalein, 1 gramme. Add oo this distilled water, 110 cubic centimeters. Make a second solution of sodium sulphate, 20 oak blotting paper in the first solution, and drain off the superfluous liquid. Then soak the paper in the second solution and dry the
paper. To test the poles of an open circuit, moisten a strip of the paper, and place the t. A red spot will appear around the end of the negative wire. 2. Is there any way in a steady current and not an alternating curof this, and would like to know if there is any instrument or battery that I can connect in
circuit to stop this alternation? A. A dynamo gives a direct or continuous current when its same machine gives an alternating current when its armature is fitted with rings con-
nected to the windings. Either form of dynanected to the windings. Either form of dyna-
mo will work a Ruhmborff coil equally well. If the alternating current is to be used, screw
down the vibrator so that it will not vibrate. 3. Do I understand that in the system of Americal elegraphy explained in Scientific American of January 4, 1902, there is no
Ruhmmorff coil used in the transmitting part, ut just the batteries connected to the earth Yes; but Hertzian waves are not used in
this system. 4. What are inductance coils, his system. 4. What are inductance coils, is a choke coil, and how made? A. An duce the current by its induction upon the current as it pases through it. A second
current is set up in the inductance coil, which lows in the opposite direction to the main urrent and thus chokes it off, so to speak. 5 lease give number of Supplement, if you ave same, that has plans and working draw A. See Supplements Nos. 715 and 716, for onstruction of gas engines, 23 figures, 10 cents by mail. Also a book on "Gas Engine ail.
(10155) L. P. L. writes: We have an angle iron tower 100 feet high on which is a climbing to tank. Electric light and trolley ines are near; how best connect them to
tower to give a good stiff shock, and what size wire should we use? A. You can connect your ank to the electric lines you mention, but you death of anyone who may be connected to he circuit through your act. A man does not ing a neighbor's tower. It is simply a trimbpass, which has not so severe a penalty in the aw. There are other ways of meeting the
(10156) M. P. C. asks: 1. What metal is next in quality to platinum for congraph key? A. There is no metal which can are several which platinum for this use. There but they cost from five to ten times as much Most metals oxidize too easily to enable them or be used for contact points. 2. Does carbon or graphite make a good contact? A. No.
They are too brittle, and would soon be broken in pieces. 3. How many pounds of wire
should be wound on the armature and field should be wound on the armature and field
magnet of the hand-power dynamos described in Supplement No. 161? A. The winding calls for so many turns, not so many pounds. Yes, a small one.
(10157) L. A. G. asks: We have a mall motor wound for 25 to 30 volts, which job press which we are at present running by
foot. Would it be advisable to use a battery oot. Would it be advisable to use a battery thining them be too high? A. The voltage is nly one element in determining the output of a battery, and in rating the power required o run a motor. To furnish the voltage for
our motor will require 16 bichromate cells. The type described in the Scientific American Supplement, No. 792, price ten cents, is est adapted to this purpose. The size of cell to run motor. One charge will last six hours. You can determine the cost from the price of
bichromate of soda or potash and sulphuric




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