tween the two rows is a stationary annula
abutment which separates them. The stea abutment which separates them. The stean
is fed in at the top of the casing against opposite sides of the disk, but acts on onsy one
half of the circumference at a time. In operhalion the steam first impinges on the vanes,
ate whence it is defiected into ducts in the casing, only to be redirected against the vanes a little
farther down, and defiected into lower ducts. farther down, and defiected into lower ducts.
Thus the steam threads its way in and out unThil the exhaust port at the bottom of the casing is reached. The ducts are made successive Ty larger to allow for expansion of the steam
To reverse the engine the steam is conducted
against the opposite half circumference of the again.
INJECTOR.-G. H. Boetcher, Cambridge,
Ohio. This injector comprises a nozzle, a conOhio. This injector comprises a nozzle, a con is provided with an opening beside the nozzle
into the outer air, a casing adapted to contain into the outer air, a casing adapted to contain
a body of liquid and having a liquid-discharge opening and an air-discharge opening and into Which the conduit extends, and a sleeve sur-
rounding the end of the conduit within the casing and flaring outwardly into close prox imity with the casing and being provided
an opening at the side of the conduit end
current motor.-A. A. Morton, walla Walla, Wash. The invention refers to im rents; the object being to provide a moto rents; the object being to provide a motor
simple in construction, having no parts liable to get out of order, and that will be operate
by currents of any force and regulated as by currents of any force and regulated as
the thirow of its transmission-rod leading tol the thirow of its transmission-rod leadin machinery on shore
Carbureter for hyprocarbon-en GINES.-J. H. Johnston, 145 Rue de la
I'ompe, Paris, France. This invention pertains engines or motors, and has for its object engines or motors, and has for its object to
provide a carbureter in which the admission provide a carbureter in which the admission mixture shall be automatically regulated ac gine or motor, and consequently according to the speed of the latter, in such a manner that the richness of the mixture will always remain at the most suitable point for the proper work ing of the motor
Steam-boller.-J. P. Karr, Monticello, Ind. Mr. Karr's improvement pertains more particularly to an attachment to steam-boilers,
the object being to provide means whereby the the object being to provide means whereby the
boiler capacity may be increased over steamboilers as heretofore constructed and without corresponding increase of fuel consumption Broadly stated, it consists of a portable inde pendent section adapted to be placed at the end of direct-draft boilers.

Railways and Their Accessories. Railway-tic
J. The invention comprehends a railway.tio possessing in itself certain valuable characterstics, but has reference more especially to means for heating simultaneously any desired
number or all the ties of a line or section of ailway and incidentally or indirectly the rails apported thereon by which to efrect the mett ing of snow and ice accumulating on the rails CAB-T H Proske,
CAR--T. H. Proske, Denver, Col. This in
ention relates to the removal of material vention relates to the removal of material
oosened by blasting operations carried on in loosened by blasting operations carried on in
mines, tunnels, and like work. Its object is to mines, dumels, and he work Its object is to
provide a car more especially designed for di-
rectly reeceiving te material resulting fom rectly receiving the material resulting from
the blasting operations and for allowing quick the blasting operations and for allowing uuick
nd convenient removal of the material from the breast of the mine or tunnel and to permit dumping of the material outside of the tunne or mine from either end or side of the

## Pertaining to Vehicles.

SANDING DEVICE-A. L. Moss, Sandusky, Ohio. The object of the inventor is to provide
a device, more especially designed for use on automobiles and like vehicles and arranged to permit the chauffeur to with sand whenever required with a view to prevent the vehicle-wheels from slipping, es pendered slippery
SBriNG BoLst:A. W. J. Finsme. Myrtle point, Ore. Provision is made in this case for
novel details of construction for the bolsters novel details of construction for the bolsters
employed whereby springs are associated with employed whereby springs are associated with the bolsters and adapted for absorbing shocks
sustained by the loaded wagon in moving over sustained by the loaded wagon in moving ov springs employed for cushioning the impact of a load on a vehicle, such as a freight-hauling wagon.

Designs. STAND-W. H. Reese, Milwaukee, Wis. The designer's clain is for an ornamental design
consisting of a color-exhibiting stand. The invention comprises an upright frame on two posts connected by cross pieces in which
pivotally turns revolving portion containing two rows of places for the exposition of materials of different colors.
Note.-Copies of any of these patents will be furnished by Munn \& Co. for ten cents each.
Please state the name of the patentep, title of Please state the name of the patentee,
the invention, and date of this paper.

## Business and Personal cuants. <br>   <br>  <br> Notes and 0 <br> and Oueries.

Marme Iron Works. Chicazo. Catalogue free.
Inquiry No. 7459.
M,
Inquiry No. 7460.-Wanted, a metallic o
powder ofthe color of siver oraluminium.
"U.S." Metal Polish. Indiana polis. Samoles free.
Inguiry No. 7461-Wanted, machinery to manu
facture an article similar to a round nail or pin. Drying Machinery and Presses. Biles, Louisville, Ky
Inquiry No.
fras pump noziles.
Sawmill machinery and outfts manufactured by the
Inguiry No. 7463.-For makers of slot machines I sell patents. To buy, or having one to sell. write
Chas. A. Scott, 719 Mutual Life Building, Buffalo, N. F . Inguiry No. ${ }^{7644 .}$
for coffee ana peanuts.
WANTED.-Patented specialties of merit, to manu-
 The celebrated "Hornsbs-A Arrogd" Patent Safety oil Eng ine is built by the De La Vergne Machine Company,
Foot of East 138 th Street, New York.
 WANTEP. - Ideas rearding patentable device for
water well paste or mucilage bottle. Address Adil ive, P. © Box $7 \overline{3}$, New York.

Strating, Deseringing Nevelties.-High-grade
 Inquiry No. 746S.-For makers of street railwa
For Sale.--Six horse-power kerosene engine, Mietz Weiss make. No dealers. For price and particulars
Geo. F. Lufber y, Jr.,

Inquiry No. 7469. - For dealers in sand, such
Manufacturers of patent articles, dies, metal stamping, screw machine *ork, hardware specialties, machinery tools and wood thbre products. Quadriga
Manufacturing Company, 18 South Canal St.. Chicago. Manufacturing Company, 18 South Canal St.. Chicago. Inquiry No. 7470.
chines for name plates.
For SALE.-A small manufacturing plant in opera-
ration, well equipped for manufacturing wrought specialties.' Reason for selling, other interests. Address Box 1163, Hartford, Conn. Inquiry No. 7471.-For dealers in ornamental
and ilain iron brass and copper and supplies used in
making bent iron articles. Absolute privacy for inventors and experimenting. well-equpped private laboratory can be rented on
moderate terms from the Electical Testing Labor-
 Inventions Wanteb.-Undersigned will conside one or two good patented or patentable inventions to anu fact ure on royalty. Something in popular demand ville Company, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Inquiry No
Inquiry No. 7474.-Wanted, a machine which will
wire and seal wooden boxes mechanically and automa-
Inquiry No. $\boldsymbol{7}^{47}$

## Inquiry No. 7476.- orpedo stern power boat.

Tnquiry No. 7477.-Wanted, powdered metal call
Inquiry No. 7478.-For manufacturers of up-t
dite machinery and apparatus 10 a a canning factory.


 Inquiry No. 74B1.-For manufacturers of maInquiry No.74N4. For manufacturers of electri
cal process for smeling irou. Inquiry No. 7483.-For manufacturers of small
combination locks.
 Iuquiry No. 74S5.-Fior manufucturers of marine
sainoline engie
Willing to sell the necessary castings and working draw.

## Inquiry No. 7486.--For manufacturers of picker ing-drawing machines.

 Inquiry No. 7487.-For dealers in aluminum andmakers of aluminum yoods.
Ingniry No. 7488. -For manufactarers of wireless
telegrapapparatus.
Inguiry No. 7489.-For manufacturers of cellu-
Inquiry No. 7489.-For manufacturers of cellu-
bic in sheets.
 Inquirv, No. 7491.-For manufacturers of "Ran.
som Mixer," for concrete work; also "White's Improv-
ed Road oiler" for hot or cold oil. circhauiry No. 7492.-For manufacturers of hand Jnguiry No. 7 493.-For manufacturers of thm
wood and veneers for scroll work; also imported hard
woods. Ynquiry No. 7494.-For manufacturers, of ma-
chine for maifing pins, needles, pencils, nails, lin mes,
screws. etc. Inquiry No. 2495.- For manufacturers of non.re-
usable bottles.
hints to correspondents.

Special Written Information on matters of personal
rather than general interest without remuneration.
Scientific A merican Supplemts referred to may be
had at the office. Price 10 cents each.
Books referred to promptly supplied on receipt of price. sent for examination should be distinctly
marked or labeled.
(9835) C. J. H. asks: Please answe through your Notes and Queries the following : How many watts will ten sixteen-candle-power electric lamps consume in one hour? A. Ten
16 -candle lamps consume about 550 watts. Now watts have no dependence upon time. In one hour these lamps will consume 550 watt one hour and is the basis for rating current in making bill for its service
(9836) P. asks: When did the word "In God We Trust," appear on our coins? A.
The phrase "In God We Trust" was first used on the half-eagle or five-dollar gold piece in 1866. In 1878 it appeared on the silver trade ver half-dollar, In 1876 it appeared on the siland the nickel five-cent pieces of 1876 . The two-cent bronze piece of 1864 had it. It ap
peared on the coinage by authority of Con-
(9837) C. H. W. asks: 1. If an electro magnet will lift ten times its weight, what will be the result if it is mounted on about not weigh any more than the magnet, and just behind the magnet is mounted a fiat piece of the same kind of iron, which weighs just a much as that used in the magnet, and is so mage that it can be made to all but touch the
magnet? Now we have ten times the weight of the magnet less the weight of the vehicle the iron plate, and the loss of magnetism in cle or will it not? A From your description of the arraıgement of a magnet, a vehicle and a piece of iron we are not able to see wh
there should be any motion produced. A mag net rests on a vehicle and near it in the same vehicle is a piece of iron. Why should the
vehicle move? There seems something lacking in the description, and we can only sugges what results. 2. In nickel-plating small articles of brass by electroplating, about how long it necessary for them to hang in the solu
ion? A. A coating of nickel can gain a thick ness sufficient to cover in three or four min utes. To deposit a thick coat will requir (9838) X. asks: Could you let me know through your paper if electricity can be taken out of the human body, and if so by wha how? A. If the meaning of your inquiry is, "Can all the electricity be taken out of the human body?" we answer: No. Electricity in which you seem to use the expression by in which you seem to use the expressian ne connecting him to a source of electricity. He will be electrified to th
current he is connected with
(9839) E. B. C. asks: 1. Will you kindly tell me how much and what kind of winding a magnet on a soft iron core $81 / 2$ inches long, for use with Edison 110 or 115 -volt contact carrent? A. We do not know what you
wish to do with an electro-magnet, and it is
not possible to give very good advice upon
winding an unknown quantity. Still we may say that you should not wind the magnet with
wire enough to put it directly upon a 110 -volt circuit. The amount of wire required is too covered copper magnet wire will allow one ampere to flow; so also will 12 pound or no the question. The heating in the interior of and injure the magnet. It is far better to wind six layers of No. 14 copper magnet wire
on your core, and then use the magnet with an external resistance, a rheostat, which need not cost much, and can be bought from dealers in lanterns. The wire will carry a good cur-
rent to magnetize the core, and the rheostat will dissipate the larger part of the heat from the larger current used. 2. Is there any de
vice for recording the keys or notes struck by a piano player? A. An attachment has been cal instrument, such as an organ or piano. W do not know whether it is in existence now or
not. It did not seem to attract musicians to any great extent.

## NEW BOOKS, ETC.

Cements, Limes, and Plasters. By EdWiley \& Sons, 1905 . 8vo.; pp. 710 Wiley \& Sons, 1905. 8vo.; pp. 710.
Price, $\$ 6$. This work is a very complete summary of rials, method of manufacture, and propertie of the various cementing materials used for building and engineering to-day. It is divided into seven parts as follows: Plasters; Limes Magnesia and Oxychloride Cements ; Hydrau-
lic Limes, .Selenitic Limes, and Grappier Ce lic Limes, .Selenitic Limes, and Grappier Ce-
ments; Natural Cements; Portland Cement and Puzzolan Cements. The book is illustrated with no less with 165 figures, diagrams, and United States, showing the locations of natura United States, showing the locations of natura
and Portland cement plants, gypsum mills, etc. The book contains 254 tables, giving all possi ble information regarding the various cements, both natural and artificial, and alse regarding the same. The book is exceedingly comprehen sive in character, and will be found valuable Handbeor of Lithegraphy. By David Cumming. New York: The Macmil-
lan Company, 1905. 12mo.; pp. 243. Price, $\$ 2$.
This book is a practical treatise for all who are interested in the process of lithography. Lithographic stones-their properties, defects,
and preparation; transfer inks and papers, and the various kinds of transfers, as well as ar ranging and patching up work for transferring drawing on stone for black and color work, and transferring work to the stone; the preparation of stones for printing; hand-press and machine printing; the principles of chromo-lithographic inds, some of the subjects discussed. The book has number of colored plates, showing the dif is a very complete and interesting handbook, nd a book which will be found useful to all ithographers.
Trazione a Vapore Sulle Ferrovie Ordinarie. By G. Ottone. Milan:
Ulrico Hoepli, $1905 . \quad 32 \mathrm{mo}$. ; pp. 469.
Manuale dell' Ingegnere Elettricista. By Attilio Marro. Milan: Ulrico Hoepli, 1905. 32 mo ; pp. 689.
le Abitazioni Popolari, By Effren Mag-
rini. Milan: Ulrico Hoepli, 1905. rini. Milan: Ulrico Hoepli, 1905.
$32 \mathrm{mo}$. pp. 309. $32 \mathrm{mo} . ; \mathrm{pp} .309$.
Resistenza di Materiali e Stabilita Delle Construzioni. Dr. Guido
Sandrinelli. Milan: Ulrico Hoepli, 1905.32 mo .; pp. 471.

INDEX OF INVENTIONS
For which Letters Patent of the United States were Issued for the Week Ending October 31, 1905
AND EACH BEARINGTHATDATE


