
Electrical Devicen.
GUARD FOR INCANDESCRNT LAMPS. c. W. Rismamann, Julian, Neb. The object the invention is to provide a new and improved guara, more especially inesigne rent lamps and
the glass bulbs of incandescent which is simple and dirralule in construction nd are guard is readily placed in position and is wholly supported from the bulb itself.

Of General Interest.
I'ARQUETMY raoor.-C. M. Kiebs, New Albany, Ind. The aim of the invention is to
provide a floor not liable to warp or become disjointed, adapted to be quickly laid on an
old or new wood subfloor, and arranged to
secure nailing of the blocks and securing other exposed parts so that no nails or other fastening devices will be exposed to view, and to allow finishing of the parts of the floor at the
shop, se that after assembling an even and level surface is produced and ne further planing, scraping, sand-papering, puttying, of
vainishing is necessary. Mr. Krebs has inented another parguetry floor to be comas little work as possible for the floor layer
and adapted to readily bridge over existing short abrupt inegualities in a subfloor-surface, and to conform to gentle undulations, if any,
in the subfieor, and prevent undue warping of the floor and its parts from becoming dis
ond
 York, N. Y. Mr. Landau's invention relates
to protectors for jewelry and the like, being more particularly applicable to watches. It of such articles to the clothing of the wearer that while they may be readily detached by nor easily snatched by thieves.
 the construction of a form which shall be now efficient and capable of easier handling
and manipulation than prior devices of this character. The form shall be made of ma terial which will permit an openwork con-
struction, so that when the sleeve is adjusted upon the form it may be served from the in
terior, the open spaces affording access to the material for the proper manipulation of the material and of the drapery or trimming. KNOCKDOWN BOX.-J. Lucas, Charles on, S. C. In this patent the invention re lates to improvements in that class of paste-
board boxes known as "knockdown"" boxes;
and the object is to produce a box of this and the object is to produce a box of this
character which is cheap to manufacture and
when up is stronger and more durable than when up is stronger and more durable than
any now known or used. There are no pre jecting corners te catch, as in the ordinary ANKLE-BRACE-DII. LuECK, New York, N. Y. The invention relates to be applicd to sliees and intended straight when learning to walk and afterstrengtl, and may also be worn by any and al persmis having weak or injured ankles. The invention :ciftio: in the peculiar arrangement of combined cushioning and strengthening
pads with respect to the shee so that the brace may be used ol not at will and when
used forms an elastic inclosure for the ankle. used forms an elastic inclosure for the ankle
(omirnession-mincator for Cali prens.
this instance the purpose is the provision o for the scale automatically carried across the scale as the measurement is taken and aute matically returned to zere when the calipers are removed from the object, thus enabling sighl when twe or more ©bjects are alike. NON-RLFILLABLE. BOTMLELE-G. G. Ross, Seattle, Wash. In this patent the invente
Mr. Ross has for his object the provision of et tain novel details of construction for bot thes used to put up for sale certain quantities
of a vendable liguid-such, for example, as a popular brand of whiskey, brandy, wine,
the like--which will prevent the refilling in part or eutirely of the bottle when emptied and thus effectively prevent adulteration the liguid or substitution of an inferior kin
for that originally held in the bottle. Thar. - A. Reiger, New York, N. Y. This invention seeks to overcome a disadvantage in the usual S-trap used in phuming and the
like, and in carrying it out the inventor provides a trap with a cross connection running in its upper bend at a point above the water
line in the $t r a p$, this connection forming the in the rap, this connection forming, with the upper hend, a divided passage from the tion of the water in the lower bend which BLIND-tock.-R. H. Ashmore, Jefferson lates to novel and effective means for securing blinds at closea position and whereby they are rendered more secure against being opened on
the outside. Iefore the very efficient securing means employed could be unfastened from the -utside of the blinds, it would render neces sary much
truder.

GAGE AND MARKER FOR GARMENTS. ose (uaterman, New York, N. Y. The pu marking device and gage for garments adapted to expeditiously and accurately mark any gar-
ment which is to be taken up or slortened, the ment which is to be taken up or slortened, the
device being especially adapted for shortening device being especially adapted for shortening
r evening the bottom portions of skirts, coats, cloaks, or dresses of all kinds and sizes, where by when a hem is to be made at the bottom ened the marking will be an even distance from the floor all around the garment.
process of making sulfuric acid A. L. Stinvilis, 16 Rue Chimonnier, Paris, France. Mr. Stinville's object is to secure the
same results as those obtaine by the Lunge tower-that is to say, the increase of the quantity of acid manufactured in a•given system of cead chambers, while diminishing consider-
ably at the same time the quantity of watervapor injected for the reactions and doing away
entirely with or reducing to a minimum the nconveniences offered by the towers.
lifie-GAGE.--If. McKechnie, North Seatments in gages or templets to be used in con ing lines parallel with the edge of boards; and the object is t• provide a device in which a rule along the board and prevent the finger contacting either at the side or end with the
rough edge of the board, thus protecting the finger from splinters.

## Heating and Lighting.

GaS-burner.-W. C. Gmbwalder, New
York, N. Y. The prime object of the improvement is to provide a burner adaptable particuthe mixture of air with the gas to produce a Bunsen flame will be uniform and automatically regulated, according to the pressure of the
gas, and alse a burner in which there will be nas, danger of back-flashing of the flame or or interference with the flame by currents of air.

## Hydraulics.

SAFBTY CONTROLLING - GEAR FO Birchholm, Bushey Weod, Totley Rise, ShefBirchholm, Bushey Wood, Totley Rise, Shet-
field, England. Mr. Crowe's invention relates t- apparatus for a utomatically closing a stopvalve situated on the pressure-pipe leading to the engine when the engine attains or excels certain speed, and has for its object the pre derangement or failure of the ordinary govern ing or controlling gear, or (in case of an en
gine hand controlled) in consequence of negli gine hand controlled) in consequence of negli
gence or inadvertence of the engine-driver.

Machines and Mechanical Devices. Appaidttes operated by a perforATLD BAND FOR CASTING SPACES.-M. Wiarlin, 74 Rue de la Victoire, Paris, France. In this patent the invention relates to improvements in machines for cast-
ing and composing movable type of the kind described in the English Patent No. 18,542. Mr. Wehrlin's invention has for its object to implify the device for the making of spaces

- justify automatically the lines. Alopomatic clutcle wor
ALTOMATIC CLUTCI VOR TYPE CASTING AND COMPOSING MACHINES.-M.
Whaman, 74 Rue de la Victoire, Paris, France. Practice has brought to light a defect in the machines described in the English Patent No. 18,542-viz, that it is always line of the registering-band is approaching and - stop the machine at the proper time just after the casting of the last character to prevent the machine, and particularly the pison, from running idle. The present inven-
tion relates to an arrangement whereby the tion relates to an arrangement whereby the
casting-machine will be lironght automatically to a sting after removal of the last line of to a stop after removal of the last line of
composition, which will allow the attendant not to busy himself at all about the appreach TYPE CASTING AND COMPOSING MA-CIIne.-M. Wehrine, 74 Rue de la Victeire Paris, France. In movable-type casting machines operated by means of register-bands, in the course of a certain operation it has not been possible to proluce at the same time as the usual printing-type a second sort of writ-
ing, called "distinguishing". ing, calle "distinguishing" printing-type,
whereby a varied composition might be made. whereby a varied composition might be made.
This invention relates to a device whereby This invention relates to a device whereby
without increasing the number of perforations combinations of perforations) of the regis. ering-band or the number of dies, and consequently the number of brackets supporting the same, it becomes possible to compose besides the usual printing-type a second sort
of prtnting-type called "distinguishing" print-
ore-Concentrator.-S. Beer, Butte, Mont. Mr. Beer's invention relates to improvements in mills for separating the values
from gold or other ores, an rom gold or other ores, an object being to be built t set up at a comparatively small ower, an in which there will be but wear and tear.
Lemon-SQUeezer.-W. H. Gregory, Valleje, Cal. This impr•vement relates t $\bullet$ a
device provided with a magazine or storage-
bin in which lemons, limes, and other like
fruit may be stored and with mechanism beow this bin for cutting and squeezing the ism the fruits may be successively cut and squeezed. It is especially intended for use fruit-sorter.-J. B. Crum, Homeland, improvements in machines for sorting oranges, apples, and similar fruit, an object being
provide a machine for this purpese of simpt construction, and by means of which the fruit may be rapidly sorted and the various size
discharged in different piles or receptacles. cotcon-cheaning machine.
Gardner, Shawnee, Oklahoma Ter. In carry ticularly in contemplation the correlation and arrangement of certain elements by which al dirt, leaves, and har substances will be sepa rated from the cotton and the latter in a clean feptacle whence it is

No're.-Copies of any of these patents will Pe furnished by Munn \& Co. for ten cents each.
Plate the name of the patentee, title $\bullet$ Please state the name of the patentee, title of
the invention, and date of the paper.

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pearl buttons.

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Inguiry No. 583.2.-For a machine for extracting
he fiber from the meat. Perforated
Inquiry No. 5833. - For a hand machine for twist
ing wire for fencing. 1125, Omaha, Neb.
Inguiry No. 5834.-For an advertising device by
Which two endiess chains have attacbed between tbem
bete
caused to drop at miterval. Which are carried, , iround and
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Chagrin Falls, 0 .
Inquiry No. $\mathbf{5 8 3 5}$.-For manufacturers of sand
blast machines.

- If it is a paper tube we can supply it. Textile Tube

Sawmill machinery and outfits manufactured by the
Lane Mfg. Ce.. Bex 13. Mentpelier, Vt.
Inquiry No. $\mathbf{5 8 3 \%}$.-For makers of incubators.
The celebrated "Hornsog-Akroyd" Patent Safety Oil
Engine is built by the De La Veryne Machine Company Inquiry No. 5838.-For a retail dealer in fancy
woods (foreign and domestic)
Patented inventions of brass, brenze. comp sition er aluminum construction placed on market. W
American Brass F Fundry Ce., Hyde Park. Mass.
Inquiry No. 5839
Sheet metal. any kind. cut. formed any shape. Die making. wire formisg, embessing, letterıng, stamping,
punching. Metal Stamping C 0 . Niagara Falls, N, nong. Metal Stamping C© . Niagara Falls. N. Y. Ing hand fans.
Manufacturers of patent articles, dies. metal stamp
ing, screw machine work, hardware specialties, machin ery and toois. Quadriga manufacturing Compang
Inquiry No. SJ. 41 . - For addresses of tin plat
mills, also makers of tiiners' tools and macbinery.
An Expert Mecbanic on scientific instruments, etc.
whe has a laberatery fitted up for accurate work,
wisbes to mest a party engaged in scientitic experi ments, mechanical or electrical Absolute privacy.
Highest references. Eiectrical, 828 K ent Ave., $13^{\prime}$ klyr Jnquiry No. 5842.-Fथr manufacturers of weoa
w@ol, and a uotations on the same.

Inquiry No. 5844,-For makers of sand blasting
machines, for saud blasting
Inquiry No. 5845.-For a motorcycle having a
13 . 2 p .engine.
in nica.
Inquiry No. 5847.-For a
as used for phetoeraphic papers.

Inquiry No. 5849.-Før inaker of aluminum and
siver soda-water counter supplies.
Inquiry No. 5s. 50 . - For manufacturers of gilson
ite and elaterite auti-corrosion paints.
Inquiry No. 5851 . - For parties engaged in enam-
eling such as used in tin cans, buttuns, etc.
Inguiry Ni. 5852.-For makerss of accessories
Inquirs No. 5853. - For makers of centrifugal
pumps.





## hints to correspondents.

Names and Address must accompany all letters or
ne attentiol will be paid thereto. This is for
nur information and not for putlic
References to former articles or answers should give
date of papez and page or number of question. quiries not answered in reasonable time should be
repeated; correspondents will bear in mind that
 Buyers wishing to purchase any article not adver.
tised in our columns will be furnished with
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the same. the same.
rather than general interest canuot be expected without remuneration.
ientific American Supplements referred to may be
had at the oftice. Price 10 ceilts each mater bad at the oftice. Price 10 cents each.
Books referred to promptly supplied on receipt of
price.
Minerals sent for examination should be distinctly
marked or labeled.
(9438) W. H. B. asks: Is there any method of preventing a reflection in show win-
dows which have a dark yak latckithg and are roofed over with wood? At present, a person
looking in the windows will see a dim reflection of himself besides the goods, so that they are not displayed to advantage. A. A pane of
glass in a show window will reflect an image when the outside of the window is lighter than the inside. It cannot be avoided except by making the interior lighter than the exterior. (9439) W. M H. says: In "Experimental Science,", Vol. I., page 407, the formula ther ingredients, plastor, 3 parts by weight. Would you kindly tell me through your valuable paper what plaster is meant? I hardy
think it can be plaster of I'aris that is meant.
alse what corering is Alse what covering is used on this cell, te seal When plaster is called for in the formula for ary cells, plaster of Paris is meant. The ement over the top of the cell may be any (9440) W. S. S. asks: 1. Are the neutralizing brushes on a Wimshurst influence machine used to start the generation of electricity in the machine by friction of the brushes on
he sectors as they pass by brushes? If not, what starts the action of machine to genera electricity: A. The origin of the charge of the Wimshurst machine is not well understood. planation by assuming one of the sectors io have a slight charge of electricity. After
that, the course is simple. How this initial harge erisinates they do not atate, since probably they not know. The only allusion we
have seen to the matter is in Ganot's $\cdots$ nysics": "The inilial charge is prolably ob the frictional resisiance against it." It may 2. What length of spark would the rolving glass plates, with the usual number of sectors on? A. The length of wark is limited of the collecting combs. If a machine has the ancharging balls farther apart than this dis ance, the spark will jump between these baths spark length is usually considerably less than spark length is "sually considerably less thath Gold leaf would answer the purbose of sectors for a Wimshurst machiste, though it is not ery
he friction of the brushes. 4. Is there any difference in guality between a 6 -inch spark sencrated by an induction coil and one of same
size made by the Wimshurst machine? size made by the Wimshurst machine? A.
There is a great difference between sparks pre There is a great difference between sparks fine thin spark and a fat thick one are very inconvenience, receive the spark of an induy tion machine, hat not of an induction coll.
There is much more energy in the discha:ge of the coil.

## INDEX OF INVENTIONS

For which Letters Patent of the
United States were Issued
for the Week Ending
July 26, 1904
ANDEACH BEARINGTHAT DATE


