the provision of a tubular axle for the hub and in the peculiar combination with this axle of a tie rod or bolt which is passed through the tubular axle and through the fork or other part of the vehicle-frame on which the wheel is mounted. By this arrangement upon taking out the tie-rod the wheel may be readily removed from the fork without danger of displacing any of the bearing-balls or other parts of the structure, excepting of course

Railways and Their Accessories.

CAR-FENDER .- O. THIBAULT, Fall River, The intention in this instance is to provide a new and improved car-fender arranged to readily follow the curvature of the track to insure picking up of persons •r other obstacles in the path of the car at all times without danger or unduly injuring the person or other obstacles.

COMBINED STOCK, COAL, AND COKE CAR. -G. E. SIMONTON, Vanwert, Ohio. The object of this invention is to provide a metallic structure which may be used to transport live stock in one direction over a railroad and thereafter converted into a car adapted to carry coal, coke, ballast, or other material when reshipping the car, thus making the car useful in transporting freight any direction and increasing the earning capacity of the car by obviating the return of the same in an empty condition.

RAIL-CLEANER .- P. C. HUNTER and W. C. BAMBER, New York, N. Y. In this patent the invention relates to improvements in devices for cleaning snow, ice, and the like from the "third" rails or other electricity-conducting rails in electric-railway systems, the object being to provide a device that shall be simple in construction and that may be readily applied to cars of existing types.

DEVICE FOR PLACING RAILWAY-TOR-PEDOES. -E. M. JONES, Enid, Oklahoma Ter. By means of this invention a person on a train may place one or a number of torpedoes successively on the rails without stopping the movement of the train. The device is handoperated entirely, and being light and simple, it may be handled with facility by the train men.

NUT-LOCK.—A. M. WILSON, Iowa. Briefly stated, this invention relates to a nut-lock especially adapted for use at rail-joints and in analogous structures where two nuts are adjacent to each other and to devices of that class in which a connecting piece or shank extends between the two nuts each end of the shank carrying a lock proper working with the respective nuts.

SAND-CLEANING APPARATUS.-- W. S. VANZANT, Eidredge, N. J. In carrying out the present invention Mr. Vanzant contemplates the provision of an apparatus which will pro duce filter-sand of the proper grade, such sand being theroughly tested and washed in its pas sage through the apparatus, and he has particularly in view so constructing the apparatus that sand may be taken from the sand-bank and passed to a car or bin without delay.

Prime Movers and Their Accessories

GOVERNOR FOR MARINE ENGINES .- J MATTHEEN, 56 Wendelstadtstrasse, Darmstadt, Germany. The object in this invention is to provide a device for preventing racing when the propeller leaves the water or upon the breaking of the shaft or the like. It consists in the closing of the throttle-valve as soon as the engines, from one or other of the causes mentioned, exceed a predetermined maximum velocity. The valve is re-opened as soon as the engines have resumed their normal speed. The displacement of the valve is effected by means of a rod connected with the ship's engines.

SAFETY SPARK-SHIFTING DEVICE FOR EXPLOSIVE-ENGINES .-- R. B. HAIN, Los Angeles, Cal. The invention comprises the combination, with the shaft of an explosiveengine and a shiftable electrical circuit breaker and a sparking device connected with the latter, of a cover for the end of the shaft, a rocking journal for the cover having a radial arm, and a link pivotally connecting such journal-arm ,with the circuit-breaker, whereby upon raising the cover, the circuit-breaker is shifted correspondingly.

Designs.

DESIGN FOR A HANDLE FOR MIRRORS, BRUSHES, OR LIKE TOILET ARTICLES. S. A. Keller, New York, N. Y. This highly ornamental design for a handle, comprises a woman's head posed at the upper part of the handle, a handle narrowing then swelling then coming to a point at the lower end in grace ful lines, the handle beautifully scrolled and

DESIGN FOR A BADGE.-J. S. MALLERY, Grants Pass, Ore. This ornamental design for a badge is neat and simple, and consists of a bird's web-foot and a well curved shield covering the heel or upper part of the foot, with a claw projecting slightly from one side of the shield.

Note.—Copies of any of these patents will be furnished by Munn & Co. for ten cents each. Please state the name of the patentee, title of the invention, and date of this paper.

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If it is a paper tube we can supply it. Textile Tube Company, Fall River, Mass.

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Wanted, agency or right for any good-selling specialty or machine. Best reference. W. C. Linehan, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Inquiry No. 5686.—For the makers of the stamp-ng machine, for stamping on aluminium, called the Simplex."

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Inquiry No. 5696.—For firms desiring pattern work, in quantities, at cost. Derby's Pattern and Model Works, Perth Amboy, New Jersey.

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Inquiry No. 5712.—For a toy balloon for experimenting.

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References to former articles or answers should give date of paper and page • number of question.

Inquiries not answered in reasonable time should be repeated; correspondents will bear in mind that some answers require not a little research, and, though we endeavor to reply to all either by letter or in this department, each must take his turn.

Buyers wishing to purchase any article not advertised in our columns will be furnished with addresses of houses manufacturing or carrying the same.

Special Written Information on matters of personal rather than general interest cannot be expected without remuneration.

Scientific American Supplements referred to may be had at the office. Price 10 cents each. Books referred to promptly supplied on receipt of

Minerals sent for examination should be distinctly marked or labeled.

(9414) T. L. asks: Does the output of a dynamo armature depend upon the number of turns of wire about the core or upon the amount of wire traversing space between the core and pole-piece? Is the purpose of the iron in armature merely to attract across it the lines of force through which the wire moves? Is it true that in ring armatures the wire on the inside is of no use except to conduct the current generated upon the outside? If so, why? Could the wire be arranged between armature core and the polepiece in coils so that all the wire will generate current and so that the current induced in one turn of wire would counteract that of the next? A. The output of a dynamo depends upon all the elements of its design, and not simply upon the two which you name. The number of lives of force cut per second determines the volts; the size of the wire determines the amperes. The iron of the armature core is to furnish a path of low magnetic resistance for the lines of force from one pole piece to the other. The wire in the inside of a ring armature is of no use except as a conductor. The turns cut the lines of force in the opposite directions to those on the outside and cannot assist these in producing an electromotive force. A drum armature has all its wire active and of service in gener

ating electricity.

(9415) M. P. C. says: Please answer the following questions: 1. In regard to the gas blowpipe described in "Experimental Science," what should be the diameter and length of the outside tube? What is the size of the hole in the end of the large tube? What is the inside diameter of the small or inside tube? Is it necessary to have the end of this tube contracted 0.05 of an inch? A The length and diameter of the outside tube in the gas blowpipe is of little conse quence. A half inch will be ample to admit the necessary gas. The hole in the end of the larger tube is a quarter inch, as is stated in the description in the book. The small tube may be 1/4 inch, with a tip whose opening is 0.05, as given. You should have a tip. since you cannot get a tube fine enough with out a tip, and if you could it would soon clog with dnst. 2. Can all the flames required for amateur glass blowing be produced with this blowpipe? A. The fiame of this blowpipe is adapted to small jobs of glass blowing, as is stated in the book. We are not able to add anything to Mr. Hopkins's work. 3. Can acetylene gas be used in this blowpipe, and will generator described in "Experimental Science" produce the gas fast enough? A. Acetylene can be used in place of street gas if you wish, and the generator described in "Experimental Science" will furnish gas enough for the purpose.

(9416) E. P. W. writes: I wish to ascertain the proper place to put an air-chamber in connection with an elevator, to prevent a ram which is caused by a sudden close of the elevator valve. How large should the chamber be according to the supply? Elevator men say the horizontal check valve is the cause of the ram. Is it? I make this inquiry as I am a water-meter man and we have a great deal of trouble with our meters on elevators on account of the ram. A. We apprehend that vour troubles from water ram arise from a deficient supply of air in the air chamber. It is well known that water under great pressure absorbs the air in an air chamber, and besides a chamber full of air with no pressure will be compressed to less than 1-9 of the capacity of the chamber, so that your 8-inch pipe under 130 pounds pressure will have less than 7 inches of its length filled with air, which is not enough to take up the water ram. advise to tap a small pipe into the air chamber at the bottom and connect a high-pressure air pump to fill the chamber with air at the water pressure. This will give enough elasticity to prevent water ram. The location is correct and no other change is needed.

(9417) J. W. L. says: In looking over a copy of "First Lessons in Physical Science" I found the following (on heat): "The difference in the sensation of warmth and vision

upon any difference in the waves, but upon the difference of the bodies upon which the waves fall." Is this the correct theory of the relation of heat to light? A. A small portion only of the waves which come to the earth from the sun are able to affect the optic nerve and produce light. A much larger portion of the waves are too long to produce light in man and many of these will be felt as heat, if they strike a portion of our bodies which is provided with nerves for perceiving the sensation which we call warnth. There is no difference between these waves other than that of wave length. The term radiation is employed to denote the sending out of waves through the ether of space in this manner. The statement you quote is in agreement with the best modern statements on this point.

(9418) J. S. F. asks: Will you please tell me if there is a cheap and practical way of testing electric lamps, to tell whether they are up to the standard claimed for them? A. The proper mode of testing electric lamps is by the use of a voltmeter and ammeter or by a wattmeter. You can then determine whether the proper amount of current is consumed by the lamp. There is no simple method of measuring candle power which you can use, since the lamps do not give the same candle power in different directions. The rated candle power is a mean or average of all the light sent out in all directions. If the bulb has become dark with age on the inside, it should be replaced by a new lamp.

(9419) W. R. writes: Would you kindly inform me through your paper how I may be able to obtain the gray color on a leveling instrument? A. The steel-gray finish on brass instruments is obtained by refinishing. First clean off the old lacquer with alcohol, repolish all the surfaces to an even luster or dead finish and make every part clean from grease or finger marks. Then immerse in a solution of one ounce of arsenic chloride to one pint of water or in proportion for larger quantities, until the desired color is obtained. Wash in clear warm water, dry in sawdust, warm and relacquer with a thin and pale solution of bleached shellac in methyl alcohol. Use a broad camel's-hair brush.

NEW BOOKS, ETC.

DIE VERWERTUNG DES SPIRITUS FUER TECHNISCHE ZWECKE. Von Prof. Dr. N. Wender. Mit 88 Abbildungen. Vienna and Leipsic: A. Hartleben. Large 8vo. Price, \$1.50.

Low-grade alcohol is destined to become of great industrial value as an engine fuel. Up to the present time, there has been no work in German in which the technical utilization of alcohol has been discussed with anything like the thoroughness technologists demand. The present book seems well calculated to supply this want. After treating of the method of utilizing alcohol in various countries, the author describes methods of producing alcohol, alcohol illumination, alcohol cooking and heating apparatus, alcohol motors and auto-mobiles. In a brief chapter the author reviews the utilization of alcohol in chemical industry.

A TREATISE ON THE PRINCIPLES AND PRAC-TICE OF DOCK ENGINEERING. By Brysson Cunningham, B.E. London: Charles Griffin & Co., Ltd. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott Company, 1904. 8vo.; pp. 559; 34 folding plates and 468 illustrations in the text. Price,

From a practical point of view, this is a work that can hardly be too highly commended. It has also a certain historical value that should increase with years. No one can fail to appreciate the high importance of the subject in its relation to commerce, and hence in its relation to municipal and national prosperity. We have not space to review the volume in the manner it deserves, but, to give some idea of the contents, we may say that the practical side of dock engineering is dealt with under the following headings: Dock Design; Constructive Appliances; Materials; Dock and Quay Walls; Entrances, Passages, and Locks; Jetties, Wharfs, and Piers; Dock Gates and Caissons; Transit Sheds and Warehouses: Dock Bridges: Graving and Repairing Docks; and Working Equipment of Docks. The diagrams and illustrations are admirable; plans of many of the principal docks of the world are given, and a design for a model dock system is offered. The book should be in the working library of all who are interested in any phase of harbor improvement, •r in the machinery and appliances used in such improvement.

A STUDENT'S MANUAL OF A SERIES OF QUANTITATIVE EXPERIMENTS. By Dayton Clarence Miller, D.Sc. Boston: Ginn & Co., 1903. 8vo.; pp. 404. Price, \$2.

This textbook of physics is based upon the course given to the sophomore class in the Case School of Applied Science. The selection of the problems and their treatment is the result of twelve years' teaching experience, and the grade of work is that of the course in general physics which is taught in colleges and technical schools. The several important exercises are here printed for the first time in a laboratory manual; and among others that are given produced by the ether waves does not depend a more efficient treatment than is usual in such

books, are those concerning the comparison and calibration of graduated scales, the bal ance, density by hydrostatic weighing, thermometry, calibration of thermometers and high temperature measurements, the mechanical equivalent of heat, photometry, spectrometry, the capillary electrometer, and the like. book is illustrated by 180 diagrams. It is concise in style, and will be found of great assist ance in the teaching of physics.

STEVENSON'S SEA GUIDE AND YACHTING Manual for 1904. Edited by Paul Eve Stevenson. Published by Gardner & Cox, New York. 16mo.; pp. 219. Price, 25 cents.

An excellent manual for its purpose. It contains everything that a practical yachtsman needs to know, and a large amount of very useful information besides. The tide tables are complete, and, of course, thoroughly up-todate. The information relative to waterways, anchorages, lighthouses, currents, and the various items that are essential to summer cruising is particularly detailed and complete. The manual has the advantage of being a size that can be slipped into the pocket, instead of being left to be stowed away in some locker, where it would be most inaccessible when it was most needed.

BUILDERS' ARCHITECTURAL DRAWING SELF TAUGHT. By Fred. T. Hodgson. Chicago: Frederick J. Drake & Co., 1904. 8vo.; pp. 262. Price, \$2.

Mr. Hodgson, in writing this book, has com piled from the various voluminous works on the subject, and from his own knowledge of architecture and building, a very helpful handbook for young men engaged in subordinate positions in these trades, who have no particular knowledge of drawing or geometry, but who, if they should acquire a fair working knowledge of these subjects, would be capable of filling, with credit, better positions. The book is written in concise style, and is well illustrated with some 250 odd drawings. It should be found very helpful by all who are trying to secure a working knowledge of architectural drawing.

CATALOGUE OF THE NATIONAL FIREPROOF-ING COMPANY. By Henry L. Hinton, Engineer. New York: The National Fireproofing Company, 1903. 12mo.; pp. about 250. Price, \$3.

This handbook forms an abridged edition of the larger work to be brought out by the National Fireproofing Company, and which, it is expected, will deal very completely with fire-proofing materials and construction. The presproofing materials and construction. ent volume is printed from plates that will be used in the larger one, and is issued in the form of a pocket manual, being neatly bound in flexible leather covers. The sample pages it contains are taken mainly from the second and third divisions of the larger work, which treat of "material" and "safe loads." There are also, however, a number of pages of specifications of floor construction, entitled "Model Floors," and a series of "moment of resistance' tables, which make the handbook quite complete, since, aside from their special uses, they can also be used for obtaining the safe loads of the beams, and consequently can be made to take the place of the tables in the rolling mill catalogues, which tables have heretofore generally been used for obtaining the safe loads for the different sections of steel I-beams and channels. The book has numerous blank mem orandum pages; and as it is the first concerted effort from a scientific standpoint which has been made to thoroughly treat of the materials now in common use, as well as the methods prevailing, in the construction of fireproof buildings, it should be of great use to all those engaged in the building trades.

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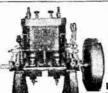
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