RECENTLY PATENTED INVENTIONS Agricultural Implements.

FERTILIZER-DISTRIBUTER AND PLANT ER .- J. B. CROWDER, Talucah, Ala. The object of the present invention is to provide a device for distributing and depositing fertil-izer beneath cotton seed, or other seed in one and the same operation with planting and at any suitable distance from two to five inches below the seed, so that the fertilizer will be placed where it will do the most good and will not be depreciated by evaporation, or be blown away by the wind or be chopped away by the hoes

Electrical Devices.

VENTILATED MAGNET-COIL .- W. SPEN-CER, Jr., Schenectady, N. Y. An improvement in magnet coils is provided in this invention, the object being to provide a coli having an inner helix, thoroughly ventilated to prevent heating, and the inner and outer helices sep arated by air spaces for the same purpose The greatest possible freedom of air circulation is allowed, not only between the inner and outer helices, but likewise between adja cent convolutions of the inner helix. The inner coil terminates somewhat inward of the ends of the outer helix. By this means the danger of grounding the inner helix by contact with the ends of the outer helix is avoided

Engineering Improvements.

BOILER.--R. B. HOBSON, Pueblo, Colo. The invention relates to water tube steam boilers in which the tubes are arranged in such a manner that the greatest possible number of tubes are exposed to the first contact of the products of combustion from the furnace, thus dividing the extreme boiler duty among as large a number of pipes as can be gotten into juxtaposition with the furnace or firebox.

ROTARY ENGINE .- F. E. WOMER, Fair haven, Wash. The present invention provides certain improvements in rotary engines where by the construction is at the same time very simple and most efficient. The parts are so ar ranged as to require but a comparatively small amount of motive agent. The engine may be made compound or triple expansion by simply Increasing the number of engines connected one with the other.

Medical Apparatus.

DIAPHRAGM METER AND EXERCISER. J. E. RUEBSAM, Washington, D. C. It is the object of this invention to provide a simple apparatus for testing the strength of the dia phragm and also for use therapeutically in exercising it. The apparatus is so constructed that the force of expiration acts to propel a small carriage resting upon a horizontal and vertically-adjustable support. This carriage is weighted to any degree required to give the desired gage or test of the strength of the diaphragm of the person using the apparatus.

WOUND-CLOSING DEVICE .-- G. J. VAN SCHOTT, Passaic, N. J. An improved woundclosing device is herein provided which permits the surgeon or other person to quickly close up a superficial flesh wound without the use of plasters or resorting to sewing with needle and thread as heretofore generally practised. The device consists of a flexible U shaped clip with its ends projecting inwardly to form pins which engage the edges of the skin and firmly clamp them together.

Mechanical Devices.

PIVOT-GRINDING ATTACHMENT FOR JEWELERS' LATHES .- J. E. JACSON, Jack son. Tenn., and W. R. JACKSON, Franklin, Ky This lathe attachment is used for grinding watch pivots to the desired size and shape. It is so constructed and applied to the lathe that a horizontal grinder reciprocates in contact with the watch pivot which is secured to and revolves with the head stock. The working position of the grinder may be changed to accommodate pivots of different sizes and the parts have an elastic or yielding contact, so that there is no danger of breaking the pivot.

AMALGAMATOR .- W. F. BEDELL, Kaslo, Can. The improved amalgamator provided by this invention has a simple and durable construction and is very effective in operation. It is so arranged as to utilize the head of ma-

Business and Personal Wants.

READ THIS COLUMN CAREFULLY.-You will find inquiries for certain classes of articles numbered in consecutive order. If you manu-facture these goods write us at once and we will send you the name and address of the party desir-ing the information. In every case it is neces-sary to give the number of the inquiry. MUNN & CO.

Marine Iron Works. Chicago. Catalogue free

Inquiry No. 3622.-For makers of tierces, hops eads or barrels holding about 45 galions. For mining engines. J.S. Mundy, Newark, N.J.

Inquiry No. 3623.-For manufacturers of auto-matic egg boilers.

"U.S." Metal Polish. Indianapolis. Samples free.

Inquiry No. 3624.-For machinery for pressing straw into blocks for fuel purposes. Coin-operated machines. Willard, 284 Clarkson St.

Brooklyn Juquiry No. 3625.-For manufacturers of wood sawing machinery.

Dies, stampings, specialties. L. B. Baker Mfg. Co. Racine, Wis.

Inquiry No. 3626.-For makers of brass tubes Sawmill machinery and outfits manufactured by the

Lane Mfg. Co., Box 13, Montpelier, Vt.

Inquiry No. 3627.-For manufacturers of smoke consumers or fuel economizers. Patented articles, principally of cast iron, made and

introduced. Atlantic Foundry, Philipsburg; N. J. Inquiry No. 3628.-For makers of rope-transmis-sion apparatus.

Let me sell your patent. I have buyers waiting Charles A. Scott, Granite Building, Rochester, N. Y.

Inquiry No. 3629.-For manufacturers of coppe and iron tanks.

Inventions developed and perfected. Designing and machine work. Garvin Machine Co., 149 Varick, cor. Spring Sts., N. Y.

Inquiry No. 36:30.-For a machine for engraving name plates on caskets, etc. Manufacturers of patent articles, dies, stamping

tools. light machinery. Quadriga Manufacturing Company. 18 South Canal Street, Chicago.

luquiry No. 3631.—For manufacturers of family sewing machines as sold in department stores.

The largest manufacturer in the world of merry-go rounds, shooting galleries and hand organs. For prices and terms write to C. W. Parker, Abilene, Kan.

Inquiry No. 3632.-For manufacturers of "Zylo nite." The celebrated "Hornsby-Akroyd ' Patent Safety Oil

Engine is built by the De La Vergue Refrigerating Machine Company. Foot of East 138th Street, New York. Inquiry No. 3633.—For manufacturers of wooden napkin rings in large quantities.

Inventors wishing to sell their patents or to have them manufactured on royalty will find it to their interest to correspond with me.

J. C. Christen. Main and Dock Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

Inquit / No. 3634.-- For manufacturers of photo-graphics ounts of different sizes. REFRE ENTATIVES WANTED. - For ".Good Roads Magazine." "Teller" and electrical periodicals. Powers

Co., 150 Nassau Street, New York. Inquiry No. 3635.-For parties to manufacture a flat, endless coil spring.

DR. A. ISBERT, technical office, Frankfurt-on-Main.

Germany, established 1888. undertakes the sole sale of profitable special articles and novelties in the technical and chemical line for Germany ; also the use of patents in the same line and the purchase of chemical and technical products.

Inquiry No. 3636.-For parties to make bicycle runs and tires to order.

Inventors and parties desiring to have patented articles manufactured please take notice :- An old established New England concern, with large experience in manufacturing and marketing specialties of different kinds, desires to obtain control of patented inventions of merit, and would either purchase same outright or manufacture on royalty. All communications will be considered strictly confidential, and we reserve the right to reject any or all inventions submitted. Address P. O. Box No. 316,

Bridgeport, Conn

Inquiry No. 3637.-For makers of celluloid. white rubber and waterproof paper collers and cuffs. WANTED .- To manufacture some simple tool or ma

chine, the work of which can be done chiefly on an engine lathe. Geo. W. McKenzie, Wilmington, Mass. luquiry No. 3638.-For manufacturers of carpet-cleaning devices, compressed air preferred.

Inquiry No. 3639.-For dealers in hydraulic

Inquiry No. 3640. -For makers of water wheels etting a great amount of power from low head of getti wate

Inquiry No. 3641.-For machinery for pressing briquettes.



Names and Address must accompany all letters or no attention will be paid thereto. This is for our information and not for publication. References to former articles or answers should give date of paper and page or number of question. Inquiries not answered in reasonable time should be repeated; correspondents will bear in mind that some answers require not a little research, and, though we endeaver to reply to all either by letter or in this department, each must take his turn.

his turn Buyers wishing to purchase any article not adver-tised in our columns will be furnished with addresses of houses manufacturing or carrying

the same. Special Written Information on matters of personal rather than general interest cannot be expected without remuneration. Scientific American Supplements referred to may be had at the oince. Frice 10 cents each. Books referred to promptly supplied on receipt of price. Minerals sent for examination should be distinctly marked or labeled

(8780) W. R. asks: What the different gases are which, if introduced into an inclosed arc lamp, will turn the color red, green, yellow, blue, etc. A. Colored electric lights are ordinarily produced by coating the globe with an aniline dye, made in alcoholic solution, and mixed with a little varnish. We do not know any gas which could with-stand the heat of the arc for any time and which could color the arc. Some color can be imparted to the arc by soaking the carbons in solutions of sodium chloride, strontium chloride, or lithium chloride, and drying them thoroughly before using. The light of the arc itself is so intense that it is very difficult to overcome it with any other colosed light.

(8781) L. R. B. writes: Last evening our cook set a dish of raw steak in the pantry near an open window; the steak was salted lightly with fine salt. Near morning, while it was still dark, I chanced to look into the pantry and saw a faint silver glow near the window, and upon investigation found it to be the dish of steak giving off a soft silvery light; but when I lighted a match the meat looked natural and all right. I then took the dish of meat to show to others of the household, and it continued to show its soft, silvery light. The steak was cooked for breakfast in the morning, and we all ate of it and could find nothing wrong with it. Can you explain the chemical or scientific reason for it? A. The beefsteak of which you write had become phosphorescent. Incipient decay had set in, and at a certain stage phosphorescence is frequently seen, both in vegetable and animal substances. It had not in this case advanced far enough to produce an odor of decay, and when the meat was cooked the bacteria were killed, and no harm resulted from eating the meat.

(8782) W. E. F. writes: Do you know of any cheap and safe process for breaking up very heavy castings, such as heavy cylinders with 8 to 12 inch thickness of metal? Would be glad to have you advise me if there is any other process than dynamite or nitroglycerine? A. The dynamite or nitro-glycerine for breaking large castings is entirely too expensive and dangerous for practical use. The old large naval guns are broken by a heavy weight falling about 30 feet in most of the large foundries. This seems to be the cheapest method available.

(8783) E. M. B. asks how shellac and aniline black are mixed together, such as pattern makers use? A. Aniline black is entirely insoluble. The only way, therefore, to prepare such a mixture would be to dissolve the shellac in the usual manner for a shellac varnish, and then stir in thoroughly the very finely powdered aniline black.

(8784) W. D. L. asks for a recipe for the petrifaction of wood. A. The term petrifaction as applied to artificial treatment of wood is a misnomer. The natural process of petrifaction takes many centuries; the final Inquiry No. 3642.-For manufacturers of short- product is completely mineral, every portion hand typewriters. of the original wood having been replaced by Inquiry No. 3643.-For the manufacturers of the mineral deposit, preserving however the form Inquiry No. 3644.-For makers of finished cast-and structure of the primal wood. Artificial

JANUARY 10, 1903.

NEW BOOKS, ETC.

A POPULAR HISTORY OF ASTRONOMY DUR-ING THE NINETEENTH CENTURY. By Agnes M. Clerke. Loradon: Adam & Charles Black. 1902. Pp. xv, 489. Price \$4.

The book which lies before us, and which has now passed to its fourth edition, is one of the most scholarly works on astronomical history which has appeared in England. The author presents her information attractively and scientifically. The illustrations have been carefully selected and do much to elucidate the text.

IN CITY TENTS. By Christine Terhune Herrick. New York and London: G. P. Putnam's Sons. 1902. 16mo. Pp. vii, 229. Price \$1.

The author has written an entertaining little book on the economy of a city household. She tells what she has to tell in a racy way that lends not a little interest to her work.



United States were Issued for the Week Ending

December 30, 1902,

AND EACH BEARING THAT DATE. [See note at end of list about copies of these patents.]

[see note at end of list about copies of these p	atents.j
Accounting appliance and it D A Ma-	
Caskey	717,247
Adding and listing machine, W. P. Shat-	717 196
Advertising article, V. Kost	717,418
Agitating and separating articles, appar-	710 070
Agricultural incolement. D. Lubiu	717,520
Agricultural machine, power operated, D.	111,020
Lubin	717,232
for, F. L. Dodgson	716,873
Alternator, exciting, E. W. Ricc, Jr.	717,507
Aluminium, purifying, E. L. Anderson	716.977
Amalgamating apparatus, J. J. Hill	717,195
Ammonium salt and making same, cobalt,	717.183
Amusement apparatus, G. W. Schofield	717,457
Animal shears, 11. Drysdale	716,874
Annealing furnace, A. M. Hewlett	716,893
Annealing iron or steel castings, A. M.	716 904
Are light switchboard, E. M. Hewlett	717,194
Atomizer, Tolman & Jones	717,474
Lansden	717.430
Ball. See Golf ball.	
Band cutter and feeder W. Miks	716,919
Barrel filler, K. Enzinger	717,368
Bathometer, E. J. Sjostrand	717,129
Bearing for wheels of agricultural ma-	111,100
chines, etc, Baseman & Heath	717,156
Bed attachment. G. Goode	716.886
Bedstead table, A. C. Schieding	717,031
Bevel and square, combined, T. C. Auringer Bievele prop. J. Rasmusson	716,851
Binder aprons, fastening means for, J. G.	T10.00
& A. Wangerin Binder lock, detachable, J. A. Shepherd	716,967
Black plates or sheets, apparatus for mak-	110,011
ing, C. W. Bray	717,069
C. W. Bray	717,068
Blower, fireplace and grate, W. F. Lowry	717,231 717,101
Boiler corrugated furnace, steam, D. B.	111,101
Morison	717,432
Lyon	716,911
Bolster, body, Geer & Wisor	717,386
Taylor	716,959
Bottle, can, etc., tooth powder, H. B. Kent	717,216
Bottle holder, Schneider & Carlson	717,035
Bottles, combined dauber and stopper for	111,000
liquid dressing, C. S. Emmert Bottles or similar vessels closure device	717,180
for, R. B. Yerhy	717,491
Bottles, support for holding, W. E. Brown	717,336
E. W. Smith	717,460
Braiding machine, B. Kirsch	717,415
Brake mechanism, fluid, W. H. Sauvage	717,286
Brake shoe, R. L. Brown	716,984
Branding iron, A. A. Phinus	717.019
Brick binder, veneer, J. V. H. Jones	717,210
 Jeee note at end of nist about copies of these performance of the second seco	111,191
Cousin	716,865
Brush, W. Morrison Brush, fountain, H. P. McMillan	717,014
Cousin Brush, W. Morrison Brush, fountain, H. P. McMillan Bucket, Aspin & Erickson Burner for burning coal oil, etc., W. L. Movefelder	716,980
Burner for burning coal oil, etc., W. L.	716,918
Mersfelder Cabinet, kitchen, H. N. Lathrop Cabinet or rack, running account hotel, E.	717,222
Cabinet or rack, running account hotel, E.	
L. Dodson	110,391
Delaney & Miller	717,176
Caffein, making, B. R. Faunce Calculating machine, D. J. T. Hiett Calculator, W. P. Shattuck Calculator, T. Fregoso Calipers, micrometer, F. Spalding Can opener. J. M. Nettles	717,396
Calculator, W. P. Shattuck	717,125
Calculator, T. Fregoso Calibers, micrometer, F. Snalding	717,296
Can opener. J. M. Nettles	717.254

terial and water to actuate the machine and to	ings to build a small model locomotive.	petrifaction consists in depositing some form	Can opener. J. M. Nettles
insure proper action of the mercury on the	Inquiry No. 3645For dealers in second-hand	P	Cans, machine for placing shields in, W. E. Dement
heavy valuable material, including flour gold, so that all the valuable material in the charge		without removing any of the woody material	Canning apparatus, L. L. Lawrence 717,419
is completely saved and ready disposal is had	Inquiry No. 3646For manufacturers of glass ink bottles.	itself; its object is to render the wood very	Car blocking and derailing machine, Ken- yon & King
of the tailings.	Inquiry No. 3647For parties to make small	dense, and resistant to both fire and decay.	Car bolster and bearing, J. E. Norwood., 717,114
5	steam boilers for engines 1-16 to 1-2 h. p. from brass or	Paragraphs 1, 3, 4 and 5 under article "Pre- servation of Wood," in the "SCIENTIFIC AM-	Car hrake mechanism, H. E. Putney 716,935 Car coupling, S. L. Trueblood 717,475
GAS-METERJ. R. DUPOY, 36 Rue Guer-			Car fender, street, W. Bilkowitz 717,326
sant, Paris, France. In this improved meter	Inquiry No. 3648For machinery for boring 3 and 4 inch holes in logs to depth of 16 feet.	ERICAN Cyclopedia of Receipts," are processes of petrifaction. Besides the chemicals there-	Car replacer, A. R. Batchelder
an oscillating bell is divided into compart-		in mentioned, wood is often treated with sili-	Car sanding mechanism, N. Seibert
ments of spiral form extending from the center	Inquiry No. ::649 For the manufacturers of the "Prize Holly Scroll Saw."	cate of soda solution, followed by treatment	Car seat, L. Janson 717,208
at which the gas to be measured is admitted toward the periphery where the gas is deliv-	Inquiry No. 3650For makers of the very light-	with alum: this gives very good results.	Car, sleeping, J. E. Batterson
ered after measuring. The compartments are	est engines possible of 2 or 3 h. p., such as for aerial		Carbureter, J. P. Nagel 717,444
bound laterally by partitions having a spirally-	Incurry No. 9651 - For wholesale dealers in un-		Carpet and weaving same, Persian, Panit- schek & Ahorn
curved surface, all the vertical sections of	ground infusorial earth.	an electro motor have to be to drive a ten-	Carpet stretcher, J. Lawson
which form arcs of circles having for their		foot propeller making twelve hundred revolu-	Carpet sweeper bearing, Shanahan & Mason 717,458 Carriage, child's, Whitmore & Tillinghast. 716,972
center the point of oscillation of the bell. The	The to N DOTO Has makens of mashings for	tions per minute and pumping as much air up-	Carrier. See Platform carrier.
arrangements of parts is such as to cause an	making fish nets.		Casein compound, H. V. Dunham
oscillation of the hell when the gas enters the	Inquiry No. 3654 For machines for making	storage hattery have to be to furnish the elec-	Casting finished pinions or gear wheels,
compartment, which oscillation operates the re-		tricity, and how much would the motor and battery weigh? A. We can give only an	L. J. Creeelius
cording instrument.	castings.	approximate answer to your inquiry. That it	Chain hook, ornamental. J. H. Swift 717,470
Nonn Conject of any of these notents will be	Inquity not boyon the many prosperio	will require a five-kilowatt motor, weighing	Chain making machine, A. S. Standish 717,462 Chair, O. L. Ostendorf
NOTE.—Copies of any of these patents will be furnished by Munn & Co. for ten cents each.		about 800 pounds. The storage battery of	Changer, J. Thompson
Please state the name of the patentee, title of	bottles.	about 40 cells of large size would weigh about	Cheese cutter E Niggli 717,444
the invention, and date of this paper,		1,600 pounds.	(Continued on "age 29.)
Paper	mitorian of an and break	-	