RECENTLY PATENTED INVENTIONS. Agricultural Implements. FERTILIZER-DISTRIBUTER AND PLANT ER.-J. B. Crowder, Talucah, Ala. The ob
ject of the present invention is to provide ject of the present invention is to provide a
device for distributing and depositing ferti! zer beneath cotton seed, or other seed in or and the same operation with planting and at ny suitable distance from two to five inch below the seed, so that the fertilizer will be
placed where it will do the most good and will placed where it will do the most good and will not be depreciated by evaporation,
away by the wind or be chopped a away

## Electrical Devices.

ventilatel magnet-coil.-w. Spen cer, Jr., Schenectady, N. Y. An improvement the object being to provide a coli having a inner helix, thoroughly ventilated to prevent heating, and the inner and outer helices separated by air spaces for the same purpose The greatest possible freedom of air circula tion is allowed, not only between the inner and outer helices, but hewise between adja ent convolutions of the inner helix. The in ends of the outer helix. By this means the langer of grounding the inner helix by co danger of grounding the inner helix by con
tact with the ends of the outer helix is avoided

Engineering Improvements.
boiler.-R. b. Ilobson, Pueblo, Colo. The nvention relates to water tube steam boiler manner that the greatest possible number of tubes are exposed to the first contact of the dividing the extreme boiler duty among as large a number of pipes as can be gotten into juxtaposition with the furnace or firebox.
ROTALIT ENGINE.-F. E. Womer, Fair aven. Wash. The present invention provides $y$ the construction is at the same time very imple and most efficient. The parts are so a ranged as to require but a comparatively small amount of motive agent. The engine may be nade compound or triple expansion by simply acreasing the number of engines connected on with the other.

## Nedical Apparatus.

DIAI'HRAGM METER AND EXERCISER. J. E. Rerbsam, Washington, D. C. It is the objert of this invention to provide a simple pragm and also for use therapeutically in exercising it. The apparatus is so constructe that the force of expiration acts to propel a small carriage resting upon a horizontal and vertically-adjustable support. This carriage
is weighted to any degree required to give the desired gage or test of the strength of the liaphragm of the person using the apparatus wocNd-closing bevice
Schort, passaic, N. J. An improved. Va, osing device is herein provided which permits ap surgeon or other person to quickly close
ap a superficial flesh wound without the us of plasters or resorting to sewing with needle and thread as heretofore generally pracised. The device consists of a flexible U shaped clip with its ends projecting inwardly
to form pins which engage the edges of the skin and firmly clamp them together.

## Mechanical Devices.

PIVOT-GRINDING ATTACHMENT FOR JEWELERS' LATHES.-J. E. Jacson, Jack on, Tenn., and W. R. Jackson, Franklin, Ky watch pivots to the desired size and shape It is so constructed and applied to the lathe that a horizontal grinder reciprocates in con act with the watch pivot which is secured to and revolves with the head stock. The work ing position of the grinder may be changed to parts have an elastic or yielding contact, that there is no danger of breaking the pivot
AMALGAMATOR-W. F. Bedell, Kaslo, an. The improved amalgamator provided by struction and is very effective in operation terial and water to actuate the machine and to nsure proper action of the mercury on the heavy valuable material, including four gole o that all the valuable material in the charge of the tailings.
GAS-METER.-J. R. Dupoy, 36 Rue Guer n, Paris, France. In this improved meter ments of spiral form extending from the center at which the gas to be measured is admitte ered after measuring. The compartments a bound laterally by partitions having a spirally which form arcs of circles having for their center the point of oscillation of the bell. Th rransements of parts is such as to cause a oscillation of the hell whon the gas enters the compartment. which oscillation operates the re cording instrument
Note.-Copies of any of these patents will be Please state the name of the patentee, title o he invention, and date of this pape

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Racine, wis.
Inquiry No. 362ti.-For makers of brass tubes. Sawnill machinery and outtits manufactured by the Lane Mfg. Co.. Box 13, Montpelier, Vt.
Inquiry No 3623.-For manufacturers of smoke
consumers or fuel economizers. Patented articles. principalls of cast iron. made and sion apury No. 3628. - For makerb of rope-transmis. L.et me sell your patent. I have buyers waiting. Inquiry No.
and iron tanks. Inventions developed and perfected. Designing and
vacline work. Garvin Machine Co.. 149 varick, cor Inguiry No. 3630-For a machine for engraving Maw . pany. 18 South Cunal Sireet, Chicazo.
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nite." Inuiry No. 3632.-Yor manufacturers of "zylo. The celebrated "Hornsog-A rrosd, Pateut Safety oit Enkine is ouitt by the De La verkye Refrigerating Ma-
chine Company. Foot of East 13 Sth Street, New York.
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enkine lathe. Geo. W. Mckenzie. Wilmington. Mass. Inquiry No. 363s.-For man ufacturers of carpet-
leinning devices, compressed air preferred. Inquiry No. 3639.-For dealers in hydraulic
 Inquiry No. 3641.-For machinery for pressing Inauiry No. 3642.-For manufacturers of short. - Inquiry No. 3643.-For the manufacturers of the
 Inapiry No . 3645.
surveying instruments. For dealers in second-band Inquiry No. 3644.-For manufactarers of glass
 Inquiry No. $\mathbf{N 6 4 8 . - \text { For machinery }}$ for bur ing
and 4 inch boles in logs to depth of 10 feet.


 Inauiry No. 3 362.-For machinery for filtering
newand old cider.
 ferrule used on woand handes.
castinus. No. 36.5.5.-For parties to make small Tnnuiry
paint orimk
Inderiry paint or ink.
Jotulutry
boties.
No. 3657.-For non-breakable glass milk
Inguiry
machinery
and supplies.

##  <br> Notes and Queries

## hints to Correspondents.

 Names and Address must accompany anl letters orno artention will bee paid thereto. This is information and not for por pulication in our information and not for puhlications
Referenes to former articles or ansers shive
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Scientific American Supplements referred to may be
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mineral. sent for examination should be distinctly
marked or labeled
(8780) W. R. asks: What the different gases are which, if introduced into an
inclused arc lamp, will turn the color red green, yellow, blue, etc. A. Colored electric lights are ordinarily produced by coating the
globe with an aniline dye, made in alcoholic globe with an aniline dye, made in alcoholic
solution, and mixed with a little varnish. We do not know any gas which could with which could color the arc. Some color can be imparted to the arc by soaking the carbons in solutions of sodium chloride, stron tium chloride, or lithium chloride, and drying them thoroughly before using. The light of
the arc itself is so intense that it is very the arc itself is so intense that it is very
dificult to overcome it with any other coldifficult to
(8781) L. R. B. writes: Last evening our cook set a dish of raw steak in the pantry near an open window; the steak was salte
lightly with fine salt. Near morning, while it was still dark I chanced to look into the pantry and saw a faint silver glow near the window, and upon investigation found it to be the dish of steak giving off a soft silvery light; but when I lighted a match the meat the dish of meat to show to others of the household, and it continued to show its soft, fast in the morning, and we all ate of it and could find nothing wrong with it. Can you explain the chemical or scientific reason for it \% A. The beefsteak of which you write had
become phosphorescent. Incipient decay had
Ind set in, and at a certain stage phosphorescence Is frequently seen, both in vegetable and ani
mal substances. It had not in this case ad mal substances. It had not in this case ad-
vanced far enough to produce an odor of decay, and when the meat was cooked the bac eating the meat.
(8782) W. E. F. writes: Do you know any cheap and safe process for breaking up very heavy castings, such as heavy cylinWould be glad to have you advise me if there is any other process than dynamite or nitro glycerine: A. The dynamite or nitro-glycer ine for breaking large castings is entirely too
expensive and dangerous for practical use expensive and dangerous for practical use
The old large naval guns are broken by heavy weight falling about 30 feet in most of the large foundries. This seems to be the cheapest method available.
(8783) E. M. B. asks how shellac and aniline black are mixed together, such as pattern makers use! A. Aniline black is entirely such a mixture would be to dissolve the shellac in the usual manner for a shellac varnish, and then stir in thoroughly the very finely
(8784) W. D. L. asks for a recipe or the petrifaction of wood. A. The term petrifaction as applied to artificial treatment of petrifaction takes many centuries ; the final of petrifaction takes many centuries; the final
product is completely mineral, every portion of the original wood having been replaced by and structure of the primal wood. Artificial petrifaction consists in depositing some form of mineral matter in the pores of the wood without removing any of the woody material itself ; its object is to render the wood ver Paragraphs $1,3,4$ and 5 under article " 1 're. servation of Wood." in the "Scimptific ant Elican Cyclopedia of Receipts." are processes
of petrifaction. liesides the chemicals there in mentioned, wood is often treated with silicate of soda solution, followed by treatment (878). this gives very mod resuts. (8785) M. W. asks: How large would an electro motor have to be to drive a tentions per mlnute and pumping as much air up ward as posslble: Also. how large would storage hattery have to be to furnish the elecricity. and how much would the motor and approximate answer to your inguiry. That it will rernilie a five-kilowatt motor. weighing about 800 pounds. The storage hattery about 40 cells
1,600 pounds.

## NEW BOORS, ETC.

A Popular History of Astronomy During the Nineteenth Century. By
 Charles Black. 1902. Pp. xv,. 489. The book which lies before us, and which of the most scholarly works on astronomical history which has appeared in England. The author presents her information attractively and scientifically. The illustrations have been carefully selected and do much to elucidate the

In City Tents. By Christine Terhune Herrick. New York and London: G.
P. Putnam's Sons. 1902. 16mo. Pp. P. Putnam's Sons. 1902. 16mo. P vii, 229. Price $\$ 1$
Ittle author has written an entertaining little book on the economy of a city houseracy way that lends not a little interest to her

## INDEX OF INVENTIONS

 the Week EndingDecember 30, 1902,
AND EACHBEARINOTHATDATE. [See note at end of list about copies of these patents.]


