recentiy patented inventions. agricultural Implements. Mulrony, Plaza, wash. The attachment especially adapted for use with a disk plow of the type wherein a horizontal cutter-blad is employed which will effectually pulverize the soil as it is plowed, will separate surface
soil from the sub-soil, and spread the latte n top of the plowed ground, and also that will thoroughly separate the roots or tuber from the soil, as it undergoes the plowing op eration, and dispose such material at the rear harvester.-E. a. Manguet, Evange line, La. Mr. Mainguet's invention has fo its object among others, to provide a nove may operate in the rear of the cutting appa may operate in the rear of the cutting appar
atus of a harvester. A simple means is als lowering the cut ting and binding apparatus.

Electrical Devices.
-verhead trolley.-J. J. bөuchard Bradford, Pa. Provision is made in this in ention for mounting the wheel-carrying for on the trolley-pole in such a way as to en
able the wheel to change its position when passing around curves and under cross-over in the line of the overhead conductor, there
by minimizing the tendency of the wheel to by minimizing the ten
TELEGRAPHIC SyStem.-J. Derle, No wood, N. J. The system invented by Mr
Doyle is such that no circuit closers are em Doyle is such that no circuit closers are em
ployed, and the normal position of the ke keeps the line closed. It is only when th that business cannot be suspended upon the
line by accidently moving the circuit-closer. electrical vehicle-brake.-C. Specht and C. R. Krueger, New York, N The present invention is especially adapted for use on electrically-driven street cars and
comprises a shoe which forms the pole an electro-magnet, and which upon the gization of the magnet attaches itself to th The magnetism is communicated to the whee also which adheres to the rail, so that
double braking power is obtained.

## Engineering Improvements.

 R@TARY ENGine.-H. Nielsen, Brook-lyn, N. Y. The object of the present invention 1 yn , N. Y. The object of the present inventio simple construction, which utilizes the motiv agent to the fullest advantage, permits con the steam at any desired point of the pisto stroke to use the steam expansively

## Hardware

Micr@meter-Calipers. - R. Miller Chambersburg, Pa. Mr. Miller's invention pro adjustments for the purpose of increasing the precision of the instrument. The instrumen admits of all the uses of ordinary calipers an can be used as rapidly as the same, but of
fers the additional advantages of fine ad fers the additional adv
justments when desired.
Tackle-bleck.--A. H. F. Stralb, Port land, ore. This tackle-block relates more par
ticularly to the type used for hoisting or pull ing rigging. The invention embodies nove strong and durable sheave-block, that is
adapted for a general service. Provision is made for the convenient lubrication of the
working parts as well as their disconnection working parts as well as their disconnectio
from each other when repairs are necessary.

applicable to feeding-mechanism for kineto
scopic and projecting machines and provide scopic and projecting machines and movement
means for preventing the vibratory The dazzling effect which forms such an ob jectionable feature of all such machines thus avoided.

## Railway Contrivance

SIGNALING APPARATUS.-H. S. HooVEr, Silvercreek, Neb. A simple signal is tomatically operated to indicate to the engineer of a passing train how long it has been
since a previous train has passed. The device since a previous train has passed. The device
automatically returns to its normal position ated upon by the next train.

Vehicles and Their Accensories. DRIVING-GEAR F७R AUTヤMOBILES.-
E. E. Rawsen, Moscow, Idaho. An improved
driving gear for automobiles is herein prodriving gear for automobiles is herein pro-
vided. The mechanism is arranged to allow the chauffeur to readily throw the driving gear or out of action, to change the speed of the vehicle, and to reverse and brake the vehicle topping the sam
TIRE-TIGHTENER.-O. R. Gould. Marion,
whereby the felly of a wheel can be tightened within the tire, by spreading the felly-sections. to spread the felly, thus providing an openections which can be filled to tighten felly wheel within the tire.
KNFE F®R SLEIGH-RUNNERS.-H. BL॰W, Elliston, Mont. The purpose of this invension is to provide a sleigh-runner so con-
structed that the splitting of the bunk will be obviated and an oscillation of the runner
is permitted of at least five inches at either end, thus preventing any twisting action on the bunk; for one end of the runner may drop ing any portion of the structure above.

## Miscellaneous fuventions.

NUT-LeCK.-B. TUCKER, Moncton, New
Brunswick, Canada. Provision is made in this invention for a lock that may be read ily applied upon the threaded end of a screwupon the bolt from removal until the nut-lock is purposely released.
DEVICE F®R WASHING AND DRYING FILMS.-E. W. NEWCOMB, New York, N. Y.
This washer and drier is adapted to accomThis washer and drier is adapted to accom-
modate any desired length or width of films o wash and to speedily dry the films without may be used as guides for the films and the elative to each other, so that the film in band form can be held in the most convenient man

SILQ.-E. W. Gilbert, Philadelphia, P Mr Gilbert's invention relates particularly the construction of doors and doorways of
silos. A special construction of brace is employed for holding the door posts apart Thes the ensilage through the doorway and will efficiently hutht the doorposts apart. They will
also constitute a ladder leading to the top also constitute
of the silo.
FISH SKINNING AND SCALING DEand W. J. Fuller, Crowcreek, S. $\mathbf{S}$. These inventors have made improvements in devices for scaling and skinning fish. The improved
device embodies a means for slitting the skin of the fish, together with a clamping device
which may be attached to the skin and by which the skin may be drawn from the fish
with one hand while the other hand holds with one
the fish.
AUXILIARY IRONiNG-b@ARD.-R.
Jacksen, Rochester, N. Y. Mr. Jackson here in provides an auxiliary ironing-board arrange for convenient attachment to an ordinary iron
ing-board to allow of ironing shirt-sleeves ing-board to allow of ironing shirt-sleeves
shirt-waists, skirts, and the like. The con struction permits of swinging the auxiliar roning-board into an inactive position leave the main iro
its legitimate use
S仑AP-LФCK-J. C. Corey, Minneapolis, Minn. Mr. Corey's invention provides an im provement in soap-locks whereby a cake may be suspended by a chain so that it can be
conveniently used and cannot be taken away conveniently used and cannot he taken away.
The device comprises two interlocking secbar from either end and cannot be removed until the soap has been entirely worn away.
SHADE AND CURTAIN-FOLE BRACKET E. H. B. I.indhorst, Sacramento, Cal. The justment horizontally and vertically, so that different widths and by which windows of corresponding width may be held in operative position thereat. The combined fixture is also
arranged $t_{0}$ support wooden curtain poles or metal curtain rods of various lengths.
Note.-Copies of any of these patents will be furnished bs Munn \& Co. for ten cents each. Please state the name of the patent.
the invention, and date of this papor.

Business and Personal zuants.



Auros_-Duryea Power Co.. Reading, Pa.

 .rs." Metal Pelish Indiuradolis. Samples free
 Coin-operated machines. Willard, 284 Clarkson St.
Brooklyn.
Inquiny No. 3869.-For makers of chemical fire engines.
Dies, stampings, specialties. L. B. Baker Mfg.


stanaliry No 3871-Fer pa
Handle \& Spoke Mchy. Ober Mfg. C.., 10 Bell St
Chagrin Falls, O
Inquiry No.


Inuiry No, 3y73-rer
 Stenuiry No. 3874- For makers of copper and




Manufacturers' Advertising Bureau, New York.
Trade mediums a specialty. Lowest known rates. Re-

 Pany, 18 south canal street. Chicase.
milguiry No. 3878.-For manufacurers of water
Crude eil burners for heat ing and cooking. Simple,
efficient and cheap. Fully guaranteed. C. F. Jenkins o. 1133 Harvara Street, Wasting in. D. . . . Tern largest manufacturer in the worla of merry--E.
 The celebrated "Hornsby-Akroyd" Patent Safoty Oil Engine is built by the De La Vergne Refrigerating Ma Inquiry No. 3881.-For parties to make the Toilet
Package Cabinet. A New York Commission House, represented by a
traveling agent (commercial engineer), will represent pecialties in England, France and Germany. Addres
A. B. Box 773 , N. Y.
Inguiry No. 3888.-For makers
For SALE.-Patent rights and tools for the manu
facture of a Practical Pucket Cigarette Maker, now selling freely by mail orders and givin
Address X. Y., P. O. Box 111t, New York.
Inquiry No. 3883.-For manufacturers of fiber Patent for Sale.-Automatic envelope sealing Great labor saver. Recently patented. See half page notice, this paper, October. 25. 1902. W.
Co., Bankers and Brokers. Topeka. Kansas.
Inquirr No. 3884.- For a pewer knitting machine
forknitting woien stockings. Wanted-Revolutionary Documents, Autorraph Let-
ers, Journals. Prints. Washington Portraits, Early american Cllustrated Magazines. Early Patents signe
y Presidents of the United States. Vas Manuals of the early 40 's. Correspendence solicited Address C. A. M., Box 76 , 's, New York.
Inquiry No. 3885.-For a machine for cutting
down bugg y indies and for cutting tareads on ends
of spindles.
Interesting to manufacturers of agricultural implements and to grain seed merchants. There is to take place at the city of Buenos Aires, Argentine Re-
public, under the management of the Argentine Rura Society, an Expesition of Agriculture, which will be pened on the 20th of May and clooed on the 10th of June, 1903. Foreign products will be admitted in com-
petition : there will be exhibited agricultural and these that come from them in the frst transform ions. There will be also a horse fair and a show of all kinds of animals bred for slaughter. The exposition will alse comprise vegetable, mineral and chemic all kinds, as well as agricultural machinery, and also the utensils and machines for industries, such as vitiviniculture, wine culture, silk werm culture, grist mills. breweries, textiles, supar. fisheries, apiaries, hunting
nid other kindred industries. All products ion and other kindred industries. All products, implements
and machinery will be entered free of duty; duty demanded only when entered for sale. The parties wishing to
exhibit at the exposition. whe need further information upon the matter. will please address themselves
on. A. de Tolede. Argentine Consul General. Reom to R. A. de Toledo, Argentine Consul General. Room
124, Produce Fxchange Building. New York. Inquiry No. 3886. - For makers of knit cotto



##  <br> Notes and Queries.

## hints to correspondents.






 price.
Minerals.
marked or labeled.
(8858) W. H. P. writes: Would you please tell me what is the best way to keep the
boilers clean and from rusting when they are out of service? At the plant where I am en gineer we have three boilers, but only two in out. Now what I would like to know is the following: Is it best, when the boiler is not in use, to keep the water in the same or shut the dry? We use boiler compound, and have no scale in boilers, but what I would like to know is the best way to preserve the boiler
when not in use. The boiler generally stays out for four months. A. A boiler to be laid up for a time should be filled with water to the
safety valve at boiling heat, to discharge all air
and from the water. The boiler should then be Pure water does not rust the iron.
(8859) J. A. C. writes: I have a room warm the room with a heater by connecting the current to it? Also would it consume any more current than the lamp? And could you tell me how to construct one? I can put more
lamps in if need be. The current is 110 volts. pere, the same current as a 32 candle power thing toward heating your room; much depends upon the difference of temperature between the air outside and inside. A heater to carry one
ampere on a 110 -volt circuit must have 110 ampere on a 110 -volt circuit must have 110
ohms. This will require of No. 24 wire, $\mathbf{E}$. ohms. This will require of No. 24 wire, $\mathbf{E}$. \&
S., 330 feet of German silver, or 715 feet of ron wire. Coil the wire inte a spiral by windThen wind the spiral around a frame of iron which has been carefully covered with asbestos. This must be done with care, as a short circuit would be dangerous. The use of a heater would require the consent of the insurance company especialiy covered by their rules
(8860) S. B. P. writes: For the puracket of a 10 horse power gas engine, what method is preferable? We are now using a
wooden cask holding about 110 gallons, but we find that the water becomes very warm, and should expose the outlet pipe at the outlet inwater to fiow over an exposed surface to cool would the circuit be impaired or cease to act? at the ©hio State Fair on a portable engine, but did not make a very close examination at the time. We tried a system of this kind, but it did not work, owing probably to improper ing about six feet above the engine at the outcooling the jacket water of gas engines. The ing the hot water over a plate will tend to lib-
ing erate a large amount of vapor, which will carry of the heat. Using large pipe connections will
also facilitate radiation of the heat. This should not obstruct the water circulation if the late is close to the surface in the cask.
(8861) J. S wants to know whether it Ruhmkorff inductor into a direct current, so that it can be used for one or more electric incandescent lamps (16 candle power). In short, can I use one or more Ruhmborff in-
ductors instead of a dynamo or accumulators get a direct current for incandescent lamps? A. If the secondary of an induction coil were use the current it would give for lighting 110 the current to direct, since an alternating current will light an incandescent lamp as well as a direct current will light it. Indeed, such a
current cannot usually be transformed into a direct current, except by means of a motor and son for making all these transformations whenson for making all these transformations when
the original current can be used just as well to light the lamps directly. Fach transformation is made at a loss. and as the voltage is raised the amperes are lowered in the same proportion. There is no cell or battery which could (8862) W. N. C. presents the followng problem: Supposing that on the rear end of


