forms it is advisable to conceal bright buttons
on occasions; and these buttons the device is especially designed to hold in place. The astening device is so construc
button is not liable to work loose.
Cartridge-carrier.-Dr. Ebwart t The invention provides a body-band havin pockets for supporting frames or cases for
cartridges, which are so arranged on the hand that a large supply of ammunition can be car-
ried. The body-band for carrying the cart idiges is to be worn suspended across the bod from the left shoulder as a bandoleer, portions on the front of the soldier's body being brough
to an angle to each other so that the soldier io an angle to each other, so that the soldie than was nossible with bandoleers hithert onstructed. The body-band is, therefore, ombined belt and bandoleer.
ST@VE,-Erxest C. Cole, 3218 Westerr Avenue, Chicago, Ill. A casing has a top
plate above the firepot and a hot-air chambe - posite pipes in fxed rela tion to and extending through and supported by the top plate open into the chamber abov
the plate. These pipes depend from the plate路 stending into the firepot, and point in the
same circumferential direction to produce otary blast action over the fire. By the us of this invention the pipes are not so apt
burn off as when a single tube is employed.
nev-refillable sottle. - John Haggerty, Astoria, Queens, New York city The neck of the bottle is provided with adja-
 secured in the neck extends past one enlarge nent and into the next. The plug or stoppe as a longitudinal bore and an exterior en argement at its upper portion, in which en argement marginal recesses are produced
he top and bottom. The two series of esses are buttom. The
elevatel railway.-John w. Govch Kinderhook, Ala. This elevated or suspension railway is particularly adapted to fill the enough traffic to justify the construction of surface railway. The road can be cheaply co uires very little repair. Either single or dou e tracks can be employed, so designed that nacks and supporting-cable, during the varyin
rent changes of the seasons. This result is se
cured by defiecting the track laterally at incured by defecting the track
EXHAUST-MUFFLER FOR AUTOMOBILE AND STATI0NARY ENGINES.-Loomis AU tomebile Company, Westfield, Mass. The
Loomis muffler for deadening the exhaust of hadrocarbon-motors is made of aluminium and asbéstos. In this muffer the exhaust is first ushioned upon itself so that it shall have it own free action, and is then expanded twice in small mufflers and three times in large muffiers. Between each expansion, apparatus i placed to change the gas to a stream. Upon its final expansion into the atmosphere, the
gas is still further changed in its nature to gas is still further changed in its nature
practically steady stream. Various sizes these mufflers are running on Loomis automobiles, and the noise is so reduce that in
the large mufters used upon delivery wagons, ach valve of the engine can be plainly heard as it seats itself. Upon the smaller carriages the driving chain makes a greater noise than we exhaust. These muflers are thoroughly achine work; for they must be perfectly gat tight in order to obtain the results.
Note.-Copies of any of these patents will e furnished by Munn \& Co. for ten cents each of the invention, and date of this paper.

## NEW BOOKS, ETC

Kant's Cosmogony. As in his Essay on the Retardation of the Rotation of and Theory of the Heavens. With introduction, appendices of Thomas
Wright, of Durham. Edited and translated by W. Hastie, D.D. Glasgow: James Maclehose \& Sons. New York: Pp. cix. +205 . Price $\$ 1.90$. Kant's work in the field of speculative phir scientific labors that the true value and startling originality of his "General Natural
History and Theory of the Celestial Bodies, have been fully appreciated only by nodern physicists. The originality of Kant' cosmogonic hypotheses, it is true, may be disputed; the brilliant work of Laplace has to a certain extent eclipsed the Konigsberg phil sopher's labors. None the less the theory propounded and explained in the present transla tion has received the scientific approval of
men of the critical acumen of Thomas Huxley and Lord Kelvin. We have not compared Dr Hastie's translation with the original, but from its lucidity of expression we fancy it somewhat less difficult reading than the oi-
scure exposition for which the German in which Kant's for whe German is notorious. Dr. Hastie's wintroduction is is notorious. Dr. Hastie's introduction is mogony, and is in part composed of opinions Kant's work delivered by the world's fore-

## Business and Personal Wuants

 READ THIS COLUMN CAREFULLY.-Y will find inquiries for certain classes of article facture these goods write us at once and we will send your name and address to the party desiring the information. In every case it is nece sary to give the number of the inquiry.MIUNN \& CO.

Ingifyt No. 1-Waite the name and adares


Inquiry No. P2--Wanted the name and address of somanacturer of porcelain placques with pictures in
side similar tor buttons now ased with photographs on
same. The are the size of a small saucer. Water wheels. Alcott \& Co., Mt. Holly, N. J Inquiry No. 3.- Wanted the name and address of
a mañu facturer or dealer in fancy wood marquetry for
inlaying purposes. Yankee Notions. Waterbury Button Co..Waterb'y, C Inquiry No. 4.- Wanted the name and address of
manufacturer of portable gasoline motors mounted Handle \& Spoke Mchy. Ober Mfg. Co., 10 Bell St Inquiry No. 5.-Wanted the name 'and address of
a manufacturer of spring motors of one or more horse
power. Rigs that Run. Hydrocarbon system. Write St,
Louis Motor Carriage Co., St. Louis, Mo. Inquiry No. 6.- Wanted the name and address of
manufacturer of acetylene gas engines for automoInventions developed and perfected. Designing and
machine work. Garvin Machine Co, 141 Varick St Inquiry No. ${ }^{\text {I }}$ - Wanted the name and address of of
mantacturer of aluminum sheets suitable for By mail, 82 -Goldingham's new book, "The Design nd Construction of ©il Engines." Spon \& Chamber-
ain, 12 Cortlandt St., New York, U. S. A. Inquiry No. 8. - Wanted the name and address of The celebrated "Hornsby-Akroyd" Patent Safety Oi Engine is built by the De La Vergne Refrigerating Ma-
chine Company. Foot of East $138 t h$ Street, New York. Inquiry No. 9.-Wanted the name and address of
a man unacturer of automaticspeed controllers for hand
power elevators. The best book for electricians and beginners in elecricity is " Experimental Science," by Geo. M. Hopkins.
By mail, \&4. Munn \& Co., publishers, 361 Broadway, N. 5way $\pm=\$=5=5$ Jnquiry No. 11. Wanted the name andaddress of
a manuracturer of dulicating apparatus to copy and
make duplicates of records. Inquiry No. 12.- Wanted the name and address of
the manufacturer of the Merritt Typewriter. Inquiry No. 13.- Wanted the name and
a manufacturer of autographic supplies. Inquiry No. 14.-Wanted the name and address of
a mananacturer of small hand power ite matising mat
chines for domestic use. making from 50 to 100 pounds. Inquiry No. 15.-Wanted the name and address of any ordinary printing press, and render the latter use
fuf as color printing machine. Inquiry No. 16.-Wanted the name and address of
a manurfacturer of
pets, or machinery theremporete plant for cleaning carInquity No. 17.-Wanted the name and address of
a manufacturer of mair burners such as are used on
brazing and soldering forges, using basoline. Inquiry No. 18.-Wanted the name and address of
manufactureror dealerin larke eolored photodraph of
scenery of Switzerland, the Alps and the Rocky MounInquiry No. 19.-Wanted the name and adress of
a man in acturer of adredge wherein the shovel opens
and shuts like a clam shell, to be used for handling Inquirs No. 20.-Wanted the name and address of
a manauracture
peratures from Iuquiry No. 21, - Wanted the name and address of
a manufacturer of peaributt on machinery. Inquiry No. 2d. Wanted the name and address
a manufacture or machinery tole and material f
manufacturing traveling bags, dress suit cases, etc. Inquiry No. 23. - Wanted the name and address of
a nanum acture. of a small liquid air plant suitable for
butcher shops, etc. Inquiry No. 24.-Wanted the name and address of
manuacturer of parts and complete models of small
team engines and locomotives. Inquiry No. Pi.-Wanted the name and address of
a manurfacturer of acetylene lamps suitable for parlors
and household use. ETV Send for new and complete catalogue of Scientific nd other Books for sale by Munn \& Co., 361 Broadway,
New York. Free on application.

## \% Musex (annins

## hints to correspondents

 $\underset{\substack{\text { Names } \\ \text { oner } \\ \text { Referen }}}{ }$ be paid thereto. This is f quires not answered in reasonable time should be
repeated; gorrespondents will bear in mind that
some answers require not a litt te research, and,
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tised inhing to purchase any article not adver-
tiddumes will we furnished with
adresse of houses minfacturins or carying the same.
$\begin{gathered}\text { Special } \\ \text { rather titen } \\ \text { rinformation on matters of personal } \\ \text { general int interest cannot be expected }\end{gathered}$ without remuneration.
Scientific American Suplements referred to may be
had at the office. Price 10 cents each. Books referred to promptly supplied on receipt of
price.
Minent for examination should be distinctly
marked or labeled.
(8049) E. T. W. asks: Suppose a telegraph wire was allowed to rest on iron from
one end of the line to the other, would that in-
terfere in sending messages? A. No message cal
be sent over a telegraph wire wher rests sent over a telegraph wire which rests on
iron. The wire must be insulated from the earth at every pole or suppor
are either glass or porcelain.
(8050) E. C. H. asks

Can the ar mature of a small shunt-wound dynamo be con nected to collector rings so as to generate an
alternating current? A. A direct current dy namo may have collector rings connected to opposite points on its armature coils, and the current taken off these rings will be alternat ing. The output of the dynamo will not be affected by the change. of course, the field must be excited from an external source of current. 2. What does the word "cycle" mean Then used with reference to electricity? fers to the number of complete reversals per
(8051) D. E. R. asks: 1. In what re pect is a motor run by a battery different by a battery does not differ in any respect electrically, from a motor run by a dynamo. As the current from a dynamo is usually of a higher voltage, the motor run from a ynamo must be wound to a higher resistance than the one to be run by a battery. 2. What shoul be the ratio of the size of wire on the arma ture to that on the field magnet? A. There he armature and those of the field use to be used in any case are selected with ref erence to the number of turns required and the space in which the wire must be put upon the core. No rule can be given. The sizes are
the result of the calculation in working out he design. 3. What should be the ratio of the field magnet's size to the armature's? A. The signed first. The field magnet is made of such a size that there will be surface of cross-section sufficient to produce the number of lines f force required to produce the voltage needed or the machine. The calculation of the number of turns of wire needed on the field and
the size of wire which can be used follows, re ard being had to economy in the weight of copper used, the amount of current to go through which the armature is divided have parts int effect on the motor? A. The number of coils on the armature of a motor affects the steadiness of the pull of the motor, the more coils, the steadier the torque of the moto
(8052) H. B. asks: Can you give me method (simple) for treating wood so that it wood in hot paraffin for a short time and brushing off excess will render wood impervious
to acids to a certain extent. If a tank or woodto acids to a certain extent. If a tank or wood-
en vessel to hold acids, the paraffin treatment en vessel to hold acids, the paraffin treatment
may be perfected by brushing the hot paraffine may be perfected by brushing the hot paraffine
on the surface inside and also on the outside, then go over the surface with a hot iron a sad iron or tailor's goose is a very efficien plumber's blowpipe is also very convenient for such work, but must be handled with care, so as not to fire the paraffine. You might try the application of a mixture of paraffine 2 parts
and gutta percha 1 part used hot. A heavy and gutta percha 1 part used hot. A heavy
(8053) C. F. H. says: In Scientific American, August 11, 1900, a formula is given as parts; would the formula be correct if should make it as follows, reduced 1-16 ?
Water .......... Parts 1,000
 The second column is the way parts can be converted; 1,000 minims is a trifie over 2 fiuid
ounces, there being 480 minims in one ounce.
(8054) W. G. R. writes: I want to make a solenoid of insulated copper wire, that will pull to best advantage on an iron core nches long and $1 / 1$ to $1 / 2$ inch in diameter Coil to be about 2 or 3 inches long. Current is
alternating, $71 / 2$ amperes, 115 volts, 60 cycle. With this current I want to pull iron core about $3 / 4$ of an inch with a force to lift a $2-1$
pound weight. Also, if it can be made to lift 4 or 6 pounds? What wire and size are nece sary for solenoids? A. Your proposition t make solenoids to pull an iron core to lift 2
pounds with an alternating current is not feas pounds with an alternating current is not feas-
ible. The alternating current cannot be used ible. The alternating current cannot be used
in an electromagnet for lifting purposes. A direct current is needed. If you decide to use a battery for the lifting, you can wind No. 16 or till the magnet will lift by experiment what you require. The winding will depend in part upon the battery you use
(8055) C. S. W. writes: Mr. Hopkins recent article in your paper about the metal thermometer, does not state how to place the
steel and brass strips in relation to the scale, in order to have the reading from left to right if the expansion bar is placed to the right of he pointer should the steel strip be to the As the brass strip expands more than the steel, it is obvious it should be nearest the roller
reversed, the scale may be reversed to mat
(8056) W. H. R. asks: 1. Please teil me where I can find descriptions and results We have not at hand any tests of earth bat teries. ©ne is described in Supplement No. 1300, price ten cents, in article on electric
clock. Sea water batteries are described in clock. Sea water batteries are, described in
Carhart's "Electrical Batteries," price $\$ 1.50$ by mail. 2. Can you tell me where I can find any literature on the unipolar dynamo? A. The unipolar ynamo, so called, is discussed in Hawkins' and Wallis' "Dynamo," price $\$ 3$ by mail, and in Crocker's
vol. i , price $\$ 3$ by mail.
(8057) W. C. E. writes: I wish to make water motor described in Scientific Amerr can, and would like to ask what will be the water pressure from a tank having a head of per square inch with 24 -foot head
(8058) D. S. writes: Our town is located in the "Black Swamp" istrict of Northwell underdrained, but in the spring of the so that a is liably to completely saturated for a few weeks almost to the sur face, and it passes through our cement walls whether or not cellars. I write you to learn a cement that will be absolutely impervious to water. We desire to build a parsonage with a cellar and a furnace cellar. Can it be done
without building the bottom of the cellar without building the bottom of the cellar
close to the surface, so that it shall be above the level of the saturated soil? Perhaps a well-cemented cellar bottom and walls might lars made in wet soil may be made tight with Portland cement concrete bottoms and sides. They are made better if built in dry weather, with a coat of asphalt put on hot when the sons as well as architectural effect houses should be raised several feet above the ground evel in wet or swampy districts, with em-full-size cellars. Thus a full-sized cellar only one or two feet below the natural surface of a wet soil with the excavated part of the cellar made into an embankment, with a small addition from other sources, makes the most desirable cellar for
swampy lands.
(8059) H. L. G. writes: The account of a large gasometer exploding from a lightning to the causes which have led up to erplosions of a similar nature in the past a contends that gas confined in a gasometer can only be exploded by a fiash, not directly attributed to the gas itself, whereas B contends that gasometers have exploded by spontaneous combustion of spark such as lightning or an electrical contact. A. Illuminating gas as inclosed in a gas when mixed with air to a large percentage that it becomes explosive by lightning or contact with fire. Usually where tanks or gas holders have been exploded, they have been ruptured
by the stroke of lightning and the out-rushing ignited gas has manting mixtures with air. With covered petroleum oil tanks the space above the oil and cover is always filled
with a dangerous mixture of oil vapor and air. When lightning strikes an oil tank at a an explosive proportion a most dangerous explosion takes place. Gas does not explode spontaneously in any of its ordinary forms or (8060) P. J. A. writes: I am interested in wireless telephony. Could you name some numbers of your paper that I could study up telephone transmitters, practical or impractical? A. The Scientific American SupPLEMENT, Nos. 250 and 966 , price ten cents mitters. You would, however, o better to buy Miller's "American Telephone Practice" price $\$ 3$ by mail, and have the whole story up to
(8061) N.M.S.asks: 1. I am desirous of getting information as to the length of vibration of different colore rays of light. Nibl it not vibrate the body as a mass? Is there any known molecular body or bodies which light being magnetized? Do wat have properties of or books which I could get on light on this line, e. g., vibration, waves, etc.? A. All higher text-books of physics treat of light
as a vibration and give tables of wave lengths We can recommend Barker's "Physics," price $\$ 3.50$ by mail. The vibrations of light are too minute and rapid to set ordinary matter into motion. They, however, do affect selenium. 2 . Is there a chemical solution which will stop rays of heat and let light pass out? What
is it? A. Yes: a solution of common alum in water is quite impervious to heat and allows solved in carbon bisulphide forms a liquid nearly black. It stops light waves and allows the ultra-violet waves, but quartz allows these to pass. Rock salt allows heat waves to
(8062) F. T. asks: 1. Will the motor de-
the same result if the field and armature were
cast？A．If cast iron of the same size as the wrought iron parts were used，the magnetism
would be cut down about one－half，and the ould be cut down about one－half，and the What size propeller for high speed would it
un if put in a model boat？A．A very smal ne，perhaps four inches．3．What would
be the number of the wire on field and arma－都 a motor were made one－half as large， have no data for the motor except as published．
 ne the most practical dimensions，etc．，of an nduction coil suitable for gas engine ignition price 10 cents，gives valuable data for a coil （8064）L．A．T．writes：Please give case－hardening of tools such as taps，dies，etc A．Heat the surface to be case－hardened suffi－
ciently hot to melt yellow prussiate of potash （potassium ferro－cyanide）powdered and sprin－ ater．When treat to bath of clear col省－cloth．The forge is as good a place arbonizing furnace．In factories where muc dust，＂is employed．The subjects are placed in an iron box and filled with bone dust，then
placed in the furnace，and when sufficiently hot treated to the water bath．Parings of to which is added common salt，make a very （8065）C．W．B．writes：Please give engine．Also state what proportion of the
power of the engine is required to operate the ordinary slide valve．A．To obtain the horse
power of a steam engine with any reasonable accuracy without taking an indicator card he steam chest should be known．Sometimes ngines are run with the steam partly thro the steam pipe will give less pressure in the the boiler．From the known cut－off the mean pressure may be taken from the steam table neers＇Pocket－Rook．＂We give the mean pres iz．， $3-10=0.692 ; x / 3=0.766 ; 4-10=0.787$
f the initial pressure．Then the diameter of解 number of revolutions per minute equals the by 33,000 equals the horse power．The pow er required to operate the slide valve varies ine．
（8066）E．P．asks：1．Please tell me whether a person on a private ground－circuited
telephone line should hear the conversation on ther private，ground－circuited telephone lines， is this way withour telephone lines．A．Wbenever telephone wires run side by side，what is said
over one line will be heard over the other． This is true whether the line is a grounded
line or not，unless the wires are crossed at ntervals．2．Would a return circuit wire b metallic circuit with the wires twisted． rossed at regular intervals is the only way peres strong should be a dry battery $21 / 2$ by $61 / 2$ inches？A．A dry cell cannot be said to
have any amperes．At least the current va ries so rapidly that it can hardly be measured The internal resistance varies very rap

## INDEX OF INVENTIONS

For which Letters Patent of the nited States were Issued or the Week Ending FEBRUARY 5， 1901
$\qquad$Aeetylenee hurner with two or several thame
rays， K ．Thurmauer．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．Acid，mainufacturing actetic， J ．Behrens．．．．
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Rence tie, J. E. Johnson.


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