RECENTLY PATENTED INVENTIONS. Bicycle-Appliances.

SHAFT-BEARING.-BYRON E. Foss, Chicago, Ill. This bearing for crank-shafts comprises a casing open at one side and adjustable in diameter. Bearing rings are normally seated in the ends of the casing and are longitudinally open at one side. On the shaft are bearing collars; and on opposite sides of the bearing-collars retaining collars have their edges turned inwardly. These retuning-collars form the side walls of raceways in which balls roll. End caps for the casing also have raceways, one wall of each being turned toward the other. Balls also roll in the latter race ways.

REST - ALEXANDER (L. SHIELDS, L'Anse, Mich. The bicycle-rest comprises members adapted for attachment to a bicycle-frame, one of the members having outwardly-extending lugs with which legs are pivotally connected. Downwardly and outwardly inclined blocks between adjacent lags govern the angle of the legs relatively to the bicycle. A member adapted to be secured to the bicycle-frame has clips to receive the legs when folded.

Rallway-Contrivances.

SWITCH.-CHARLES TROUP, Watseka, Ill. The present invention is an improvement upon an operative mechanism for pivoted switch rails, patented by the same in-ventor. With the fixed and switch rails a tripping device is connected, adapted to be acted on by car-wheels. A rod extends alongside the track and is connected with automatic mechanism for shifting the switch-rails. When a locomotive or car passes over the siding, traction is applied to the rod and hence to the automatic mechanism whereby the switch-rails are thrown from their normal position into position for the siding.

ADJUSTABLE SEAT. -- THOMAS B. MASON. Trenton N. J. The object of the invention is to provide a seat for motormen. 'The seat consists of a standard universally mounted so as to have free movement in any direction and provided with a bicycle-saddle secured to tubular post resting on a spring surrounding the standard so that there will be no jar. When it is necessary for the motorman to rise, the sad lle will be carried up with hin by the expansion of the spring The saddle is adjustably secured in position by a clamp.

COLLAPSIBLE SEAT AND HEAD-REST .- HENRY S. KIDD and MICHAEL H DEPUE. Washington, N. J. This invention provides a seat and a back for use on rail way-car seats, so as to provide a support for the head of a traveler. The seat and back are furnished with a pillow upon which the head may be reclined. The im proved chair may be very compactly folded and placed in the casing or cover, so that the entire device may be conveniently carried in a valise or hand satchel. The chair can also be used on the sea-shore.

Miscellaneous Inventions.

ELECTROMEDICAL APPLIANCE.-JOHN E. FREEMAN, Beard, Ky. The appliance has a belt with a non conducting front and back portion. Electrodes are located on the outside of the helt, and have fastenings extending into the space between the front and back portions of the belt. A wire is located between these portions of the belt and electrically connects the electrodes. The fastenings of one electrode extend through the belt to the outside in order to form a means for connecting the belt with a source of electricity.

ARTIFICIAL BAIT. - EDWARD T. DUKES, Quitman, Ga. This inventor has provided an improvement in artificial bait which, when drawn through the water, will move like a minnow. The bait has a body composed of a thin plate of aluminium resembling a minnow and twisted spirally to insure its rapid rotation when drawn quickly through the water. Fin-like projections are provided to aid as propellers in securing the desired rotation. The hooks are arranged in pairs on each side of the axial line and are so attached as to offer the least resistance to the rotation of the bait-body and to be readily removed and replaced,

HYDRAULIC-DREDGE. - PETER KIRK, Kirkland Wash. This machine for dredging gold-bearing sands and gravel covered by water comprises a vertical rotary mast and two horizontal supporting arms. A vertical hydraulic pipe is adjustably mounted on the upper arm and passes through the lower arm. The pipe has inner and outer tubes with a boring-head at its lower end. On the lower arm a turning mechanism for the hydraulic pipe is mounted. At the upper end of the hydraulic pipe is a receiver provided with pipes for carrying away the sand and gravel. There are no valves and working parts; and the machine carries the full power of suction and force to any depth required.

SASH-LOCK - GEORGE E. and LOWELL PARKER Newark, N. J. The present invention provides an improvement in locks for securing upper and lower sashes together, so that they cannot be raised or lowered without first freeing the lock. The locking mechanism is bolts which cross each other at right angles. One of the bolts is adapted to enter a recess or hole within one of the sashes and the other bolt is adapted to enter recesses or holes in the window-casing. These two bolts are each provided with a central yoke or crank, which cranks mutually engage with each other, so that one bolt may be reciprocated by turning the other. DETACHABLE CONNECTION FOR ELECTRIC FIXTURES. - STACY G. READ, Bridgeport, Conn On the stage it is often a matter of importance quickly to hange the incandescent lamps, in which operation the usual screw and socket are too inconvenient. In the presout invention a fixed base is used having two parallel grooves. 'Two metal plates connected with the feedwires are secured to the face of the base outside the grooves and project over the major part of their width A socket-base has two projecting L-shaped arms in electrical connection with the conductors of the fixture, which arms cuter the grooves and engage the plates so that the fixture can be quickly slid into and out of place.

ness. The construction is such that the buckle can be cheaply manufactured and can be readily manipulated to effect a connection or disconnection between two strans The buckle is entirely free from springs an I can be operated as readily with gloved as with ungloved hands.

JACK .- CHARLES W. DOANE, West Lake, La. This ack comprises a body portion in which a lifting-screw is adjustable. A ratchet mechanism operates the liftingscrew, which mechanism includes a lever provided at its outer end with spaced lugs and with a block arranged centrally. An extension handle is adapted to be received between the lugs and is provided with fingers ranged to embrace the block. The jack can be operated upwardly or downwardly, and can be used for pushing heavy weights along a floor or for lifting a telegraphpost

SIGNAL-LANTERN, -THOMAS M. CREPAR, Swam River, Minn. To provide a lantern for use on railroads, vessels, docks, and the like is the purpose of this inven tion. The lantern comprises a burner and two globes of different colors, one of the globes being fixed relatively to the burner and the other globe being movable into an active position around the burner for the lantern to display a danger-signal, or into an inactive position for the lantern to display a safety-signal.

BOAT FOR LAND OR WATER. JEAN P. BOU-LESQ JE, Manhattan, New York city. This invention provides a combination boat and wagon. The hull of the vessel has a driving-shaft, the ends of which are adapted to receive supporting-wheels. A truck is detachably connected with the forward portion of the boat and is provided with a steering device. A pro. peller-shaft is adjustably geared with the drive-shaft ; and the drive-shaft is, in turn, connected with a motor. Storage-chambers are provided for power. The motive agent used is compressed air.

CONCENTRATOR. - JOSEPH WOODHAM, Longbeach, Wash. 'The invention is an improvement in concentrators adapted particularly for use in connection with placer deposits. The concentrator consists essentially of a rocking, curved trough having angularly-shaped rithes extending across its bottom and stirring projections or pins projecting upwardly from its bottom. The swinging motion will cause the pins to pass back and forth through the water, while the water, by reason of its inertia, will be at rest. Consequently, the material is con tinnally stirred, so that the gold may readily settle to the bottom and thus be collected beneath the riffles.

CARBONATING APPARATUS - JOHN WALTER Savanna, Ill. The apparatus is more especially designed for carbonating mineral waters and other liquids. and is composed of a receptacle provided with an inle for the liquid to be carbonated, in which receptacle s float is located which controls a liquid-supply valve, A pipe extends through the float and is provided with openings in the upper and lower portion of the float, to fill the latter with gas and drain the liquid therefrom

NECKTIE.-GUSTAVE SELOWSKY, Manhattan, New York city. 'The tip of the collar-band of a necktie is so made that it can be utilized entirely for engagement with the fastening-pin of the tie. The band is made shorter than usual, thereby economizing in material, but is nevertheless so arranged that it can be applied to a greater range of variously-sized collars than formerly.

DEVICE FOR MAKING CIGARETTES.-JOSEPH B. POPENHAGEN, Chicago, Ill. This invention provides a portable device for making cigarettes, which device can be comfortably carried in the vest-pocket and can be used in direct connection with a tobacco-pouch. The device may also be temporarily attached to the pocket of a garment, so that the tobacco may be drawn from its pouch, packed in a shaping-section of the device, and passed from the section into a wrapper of the usual type prepared to receive the packed material.

PUZZLE.-.JOHN J. O'BRIEN, Manhattan, New York city. The puzzle comprises a box and a die; the box being so arranged that after inserting the die, it will be difficult to discharge the die from the box. Only a peron familiar with the puzzle can thus displace the die.

SMELTING.FURNACE -- JOSEPH V. OTTEN, IOla Kan. In the general method of using natural gas for fuel in zinc-smelting, there is an enormous waste and considerable expense. The present invention reduces the cost of constructing and operating smelting-furnaces by dispensing with the use of a blower-plant, the initial pressure of the natural gas (350 pounds per square inch) being found sufficient to draw in all the air necessary through properly-constructed burners. The inventor also produces a soft, glowing. flame heat in the retort chamber and avoids all blowpipe action. The flue-openings are so arranged that the heated gases pass between and around each bank of retorts before passing out at the flue-opening, which is opposite the heat-side of the retorts.

THEATRICAL APPLIANCE.-FREDERIC S. LOTTO. Manhattan, New York city. A patent has been granted mathematics, hut as a reference book for them it will he to this inventor for an appliance which, when all its arte are assembled, will rep recort a niano By nulling upon cords or ropes, the casing will fall apart, several loosely-hanging strings will be disclosed, and the piano will apparently be completely demolished; nevertheless aperfect instrument arranged in the case will remain intact.

can be opened only by cutting or tearing off the material of which it is made

SASH-CORD FASTENER. - RICHARD BOHRISCH, Chicago, Ill. The fastener has two cheek-pieces adapted to lie on each side of the sash-cord and furnished with bolt-holes through which a fastening-bolt may be pass ed. A finger secured to each cheek-piece is adapted to engage with the sash. A yoke joins the cheek-pieces with each other. By means of this fastener the cords may be disconnected so that the sash can be removed from the frame,

LACING. - PELEG J. CONGDON, Providence, R. I. This lacing is applicable to shoes and corsets, and is provided with a stiffener in the form of a split tube located at the tip of the lacing, the split clamping a side of the lacing, and giving a neat appearance to the whole.

Designs,

LAP-ROBE.-MRS. MAGGIE B. SHOWEN, Macon, Mo The lap-robe is designed to rest in use upon the seat of a vehicle, to extend down below the front of the seat to the bed of the carriage, then forward. A returned portion extends up sufficiently high to protect the lap of the rider, and is provided at its sides with flaps which protect the rider at the opposite sides of the vehicles.

RATCHET-BAR FOR WINDOW-FASTENERS. WILLIAM L. and CHARLES T FIELDS, Cedar Bluff. Va. One face of the ratchet-bar is composed of a series of gradually-inclined and abruptly-ending surfaces which form shoulders adapted to receive a latch on the sash so as to hold the latter at various elevations Below the series of inclined surfaces is a flat protuberance with the lower edge of which the latch is adapted to engage when the sash is closed so as to hold the sash in such position. The bar is also provided with a scalloped edge.

NOTE .--- Copies of any of these patents will be furn ished by Munn & Co. for ten cents each. Please state the name of the patentee, title of the invention, and date of this paper.

NEW BOOKS, ETC.

LEXIKON DER METALL-TECHNIK. Redi-Der Josef Bersch. Vieuna: girt von Dr. Josef Bersch. Vieuna: A. Hartleben. 1899. 6-10 installments. Price, paper, 70 cents each.

DIE MODERNE CHEMIE. Eine Schil-derung der Chemischen Grossindus-trie. Von Dr. Wilhelm Bersch. Vienna: A. Hartleben. 1899. 6-10 installments. Price, paper, 70 cents each.

With the tenth installment both of these works have now been half completed. At the appearance of the very first parts it was evident that these books would be exceptionally broad in scope and exhaustive in treat-ment. The first halves as a whole certainly deserve the unstinted praise which they have received, and the remaining portions, we trust, will meet with the same favor.

MODERN PLUMBING, STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING. By James J. Lawler. New York: Chiswick Pub-lishing Company, 18 Rose Street. 1899. 8vo. Pp. 397, 300 illustrations. Drive 45 Price \$5.

The author has had many years of practical contact with mechanics in the construction of steam and hot water plants and plumbing work, and he has very wisely decided to elucidate his text with a large number of diagrams reproduced on a large scale. The result has been a work which can be need to advantage by every plumber even though he may not be a sanitary engineer. It is specially adapted for the plnmber, the heating engineer, the builder and the architect, and all of them are sure to find something which will prove of value to them.

HEAT AND HEAT ENGINES. A Study of the Principles Which Underlie the Mechanical Engineering of a Power Plant. By Frederick Remsen Hut-ton. New York: John Wiley & Sons. London: Chapman & Hall, Limited, 1899. Pp. xxi, 553. Price \$5.

This volume supplements "The Mechanical Eugineering of Power Plants " by the same author. In the present volume he deals with the question of design of ap-paratus and treats the subject in a thorough and scientitic manner. Probably no one is better fitted than Prof Hutton to deal with the subject on which even great authorities have failed. It is a most admirable book which we can confidently recommend to all except beginners who have some difficulty in understanding invaluable.

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 Special Written Information on matters of personal rather than general interest cannot be expected without remuneration.
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Minerals sent for examination should be distinctly marked or labeled.

(7722) J. R. E. asks: 1. Is there any definite relation between the length of a static spark and the voltage ? A. There is a relation between the voltage and length of spark given across an air gap, but not a simple relation. You will find something on this point in Thompson's "Electricity and Magnetism," price \$1.40 by mail. Also an article in the "Proceedings of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers," vol. x, giving voltage and spark length. 2. Do the uranium salts fluoresce to any extent under influence of the X rays? A. The simplesalts of uranium do not fluoresce strongly in Roentgen rays. 3. Would it he possible, by suspending a suitable collector at a height of 500 or 1.000 feet, which is connected to a terminal and Leyden jar, and to another terminal and Leyden jar connecting a ground wire, to obtain a static discharge? A. Certainly, if the air was charged to any extent. At any time there would be considerable electrification of the balls. You only describe a modification of Franklin's experiment with the kite, an experiment which we should advise you not to repeat during a thunderstorm.

(7723) W. V. asks: If an ounce of iron and a ton of iron should be dropped from the same height at the same time, would they both reach the ground at the same time? A. This matter was put to the test of experiment by Galileo at the Leaning Tower of Pisa early in the 17th century, with two balls of lead. weighing one and ten pounds respectively. The followers of Aristotle had taught for centurize that the balls would fall in proportion to their weights, the heavier one falling the faster. Gableo pointed out the fact that the lighter one would reach the ground first because the air would resist the fall of the larger one more than it would that of the smaller. He had previously demonstrated the law of falling bodies that the velocity under the action of gravity is independent of the mass of the body. Experiment confirmed his position. The small chud thu earth first In a num al hodies ful General Principles Governing with the same velocity, through any distance. As a practical statement, it may be taken as true that small dense bodies will conform to the theoretical laws, falling any distance less than 200 feet, in the atmosphere. But By F. A. Waugh. New York: Orange Judd Company. 1899. Il-lustrated. Pp. viii, 152. Price 50 like this are now-a-days demonstrated by even dementary students in almost every class in physics in the country

HARNESS-BUCKLE .-- JANES A. GAVITT. Waitsinventor is especially adapted for use as a trace-buckle,

GATE-LATCH .- WILLIAM A. JEFFERS, Mulberry Ark. In a casing having a slot in its wall, a slide is mounted having shoulders working in the slot to limit the slide's movement. Keeper-fingers project out-wardly from the slide, and a latch is mounted on one of the fingers and adapted to swing against the other. A pin is movably mounted in the casing and is adapted to engage any one of a series of openings in the slide so as to hold the slide adjustable. The latch can be conveniently adjusted to suit the variations in the position of the gate, and can hence be arranged to compensate for the sagging of the gate

DEVICE FOR SEALING PACKAGES. - HENRY M. HUMPHREY. Plainfield, N. J. The paraftin or wax pape package has its upper edges brought together and bent upon themselves to form a fold. A sealing-plate is provided, having a flange between which and the body of burg, Wash. The harness-buckle provided by this the plate the fold is received and upon which fold the ing. It contains a number of very readable articles and plate is firmly and immovably clamped, whereby a but can be used equally well upou light or heavy har package hermetically sealed will be produced which annun.

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Pablic Improvements is the title of a new bi-monthly periodical published by the Florence Publishing Company, of 21 Park Row, New York city. It is an excellent paper devoted to municipal engineer is not too technical. The subscription arice is \$2 per

(7724) H. M. G. asks how to make an ever-really pad for rubber stamps. A. The following is said to be a cushion that will give color permanently. It consists of a box filled with an elastic composition, saturated with a suitable color. The cushion fulfills its purpose for years without being renewed, always contams sufficient moisture, which is drawn from theatmosphere, and continues to act as a color stamp cushion so long as a remnant of the mass or composition remains in the box or receptacle. This cushion or pad is too soft to be self-supporting, but should be held in a low, flat pan, and have a permanent cloth cover. The composition consists preferably of 1 part gelatine, 1 part water, 6 parts givcerine, and 6 parts coloring matter. A suitable black color can be made from the following materials: 1 part gelatine glue, 3 parts lampblack, aniline