tional employés shall not exceed four principal examiners, four first assistant examiners, four second assistant examiners, eight third assistant examiners, eight fourth assistant examiners, four first-class clerks, four copyists, six laborers, six assistant messengers and six messenger boys. It will be admitted, we think, that the business of the Patent Office has been looked into with great attention to detail when so modest an appropriation therefor is so specifically guarded. But we hope that, with such inspection of the business, it did not fail to impress itself upon the members of the Committees on Patents of both branches of Congress that the present quarters occupied by the entire force for the prosecution of their work and the keeping of the necessary records are altogether too cramped and overcrowded for the attainment of the best degree of efficiency. More to which it could be applied with advantage. It is room and better facilities, especially a well equipped specifically suggested that the municipal service of crosses it, moving northward on the 8th. laboratory, are quite as urgently called for as the addi- the District of Columbia, the staff of the Congressional tional force of examiners, clerks, etc.

The especial reason for bringing forward this bill at_{\perp} brought under the civil service law. present is found, not in the well-known fact that the Patent Office has been overworked for years, and the question of removing the civil service from the field of issue of patents thereby greatly delayed, but in the politics, with which in the nature of things it has no need which has arisen, as a consequence of the act of proper connection, the financial aspects of the problem March 3, 1897, for a more perfect revision and classifica- | are of the highest importance. This is evident when tion, by subjects matter, of all letters patent and we bear in mind that the total salaries paid out annuprinted publications which "constitute the field of ally to the employes in the executive civil service search in the examination as to the novelty of inven- amount to close upon \$100,000,000. Bearing in mind tion for which applications for patents are or may be the statement in the report already referred to, that filed." It is now made especially the duty of the since 1882, the year of the organization of the commit-Patent Office to see that an invention for which application for a patent is made shall not be patented or 'have increased in cost 43 per cent while the classified described in any printed publication in any country positions have remained the same, it will be seen that before the invention made by the applicant, and, according to the report of Mr. Hicks, it is the intention finances of the country. Of the 178,717 employes in the by this appropriation to enable the Commissioner of executive civil service shown by a census of them ta-Patents "to make examinations in a manner so thor- ken last year, about one-half were in positions which ough and complete as to insure the issuance of patents were governed by the rules of the civil service. only for such inventions as are unquestionably new; so that the patent when issued shall be an affirmative statement, certified to under the seal of the Patent Office, that the invention covered thereby is new, and has not been described in any patent or printed publication." It will be seen, therefore, that the design is not less beautiful. Orion and Taurus appear, in the to enable the Patent Office to make competent exami- first half of the night, setting amid the lingering nations of the whole field of invention-embracing more twilight, robbed of the dazzling brightness that charthan a million issued patents and a vast accumulation acterized them when they were on the meridian in of technical publications—the effort to do which is midwinter. Higher up glows Capella with a softened already constituting a great drag on the work of the radiance, while the Milky Way stretches, like a vernal office, which is now from two to seven months in mist, across the sky from north to southwest. Overarrears, and it being evident that "the office is strug-¹ head, south of the zenith, is Leo, and north of the gling with a load much too heavy for it to carry." The zenith the Great Dipper. Virgo is conspicuous in the Commissioner expects that, with the additional appro- east, and Arcturus, high and splendid, counterbalances priation, "the income of the office will be greatly in- Capella on the other side of the meridian, while, as May, the Board of Control will hold a Fast Sending creased by the more rapid and thorough disposal of Sirius is setting in the southwest, the Sirius of the and Receiving Tournament which is intended to surthe business and the increased number of applications north, Vega, appears rising in the northeast. which will be filed when it is assured that action upon them will be prompt and thorough."

THE FRUITS OF CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

has given stronger proof of its value in the practical re- month Mercury is in Pisces; at theend, when it passes sults which have been achieved. In its recent annual report the Civil Service Commission points out that the merit system, as compared with the patronage system, ing more conspicuous, as it moves out of the neighboris both more economical and more efficient. This is hood of the sun. It is not far west of Mercury at the conclusively shown in a comparison of the few changes opening of April, but, after the latter turns in its in employes under the merit system, as compared with course and begins to move sunward on the 10th, the two the many removals under the patronage system. During five years preceding the classification of the New York Custom House there was an average of 275 removals per year, whereas during the past two years the | that time on Mercury will cease to be a conspicuous removals averaged only 50 per year and the resignations 30 per year. The figures for the civil service of the whole there. Notwithstanding Mr. Percival Lowell's much country are even more conclusive, for 75 per cent of exploited observations and theories, there is, as yet, no those holding unclassified positions were removed, good reason for not regarding Venus as the most earthwhile in the classified competitive service only 85 re- like of all the planets that circulate within or without the positions which are politically controlled have in- it to be made during the present year should be of increased 37 per cent in number and 43 per cent in cost, tense interest. At the beginning of the month Venus

good behavior.

One of the strongest arguments against the political strictly political considerations, the new incumbent may or may not have any qualifications for the special duties of his position. An equally serious drawback is the fact that the return of a political party to office is certain to deprive the government of the services of a greater or less number of employes who, during their service, have acquired valuable experience and efficiency. These commission, who recommend that the scope of the civil service law be extended to embrace all positions has completed the transit. Library, and the clerical force of the next census be

Apart from the abstract principles involved in the tee, the unclassified positions under political control civil service reform has an important bearing upon the

..... THE HEAVENS IN APRIL. -BY GARRETT P. SERVISS.

The mild nights of early spring are adorned with constellations less brilliant than those of winter, but

THE PLANETS.

Mercury is an evening star, and there will be no betteropportunity to see it this year than that presented about the 10th of April, when it will attain its greatest between the earth and the sun, in Aries.

Venus also is an evening star, and gradually becomplanets will draw nearer together, coming into conjunction on the 18th, when Mercury will appear between three and four degrees north of Venus. From object in the sunset sky, leaving Venus to reign alone while the number of classified positions not subject to is in Pisces and at the end in Taurus, near the Pleiades.

manence in office shall depend upon efficiency and At 8:15 o'clock, Eastern standard time, Satellite I. will disappear, eclipsed by Jupiter's shadow. At 8:21 P. M. Satellite II. will begin to transit the disk of Jupisystem is that the tenure of office is for only a limited | ter, and at 9:22 its shadow will follow the satellite upon number of years, and the appointments being made on the disk and will occupy two and a half hours in crossing it. On the night of the 28th an interesting observation may be made showing the effect of the position of the sun on the direction of the shadows of Jupiter's moons in relation to the line of sight between the earth and Jupiter. At 7:34 P. M. Satellite III. will pass upon the disk and begin a transit which will end at 10:15. But the shadow of the satellite will be so inpoints are dwelt upon at considerable length by the clined to our line of sight that it will not appear on the disk until twenty-one minutes after the satellite itself

Jupiter is very close to the celestial equator, and

Saturn, whose rings are now admirably placed for observation, can be seen in the east, rising at the end of the month near 9 o'clock; but it will be much better situated for evening observation in May. It is in Ophiuchus, near Scorpio.

Uranus is near a little pair of stars, the Omegas, in Scorpio, and gradually gets closer to them in the course of the month. It rises half an hour or so ahead of Saturn. Its approach to the Omegas will be interesting to watch with a field glass or a small telescope.

Neptune, invisible to the naked eye, remains in Taurus.

THE MOON.

The moon is full on the afternoon of the 6th of April, and in last quarter on the morning of the 13th. The new moon of April occurs on the afternoon of the 20th, first quarter following on the evening of the 28th. The moon is nearest the earth on the 9th and farthest from it on the 25th.

The greatest eastern libration occurs on the evening of the 3d and the greatest western libration on the morning of the 17th.

The moon's conjunctions with the planets occur as follows :

Jupiter on the 5th. Uranus on the 9th. Saturn on the 10th, Mars on the 17th, Mercury on the 21st, Venus on the 21st, Neptune on the 24th.

There are several recognized meteoric showers in April, of which one, occurring on the 20th, may be worth observing. The meteors radiate from a point a few degrees west of the brilliant Vega, in the constellation Lyra

-----FORTHCOMING TELEGRAPHIC TOURNAMENT.

During the electrical exposition which is to take place at Madison Square Garden during the month of pass any contest of the sort that has yet taken place. As at present arranged, the events include :

A message class for receivers, transmission thirty minutes, receivers to use typewriters of their selection. Novice class, open to persons not having an official Civil service reform has now been on its trial for a elongation east of the sun, and will not set until almost record; sending five minutes. Championship class, period of about fifteen years, and each succeeding year two hours after sundown. At the beginning of the open to all, sending five minutes, with prizes for receivers. Ladies' class, free for all, sending five minutes. Two-forty-word class, open to those not having an official record of 240 words or better, sending five minutes. Two-thirty-five-word class, open to all who have not an official record of two-thirty-five words or better, sending five minutes. Two-thirty-word class, open to all who have not an official record of two-thirty words or better, sending five minutes. Two-twenty-five-word class, open to all who have not an official record of twotwenty-five words or better, sending five minutes.

> The judges of the contest will include leading officials of the great telegraph companies and the editors of several leading electrical papers.

The best official records in contests of this kind were made in 1893, F. J. Kihm and F. L. Catlin sending 248 words without an error, and R. C. McCready sending signed. During the fifteen years of civil service reform the orbit of our terraqueous ball. The observations of 249 words with 14 errors in five minutes. An interesting feature will be furnished by Thomas A. Edison, who will make a phonographic record of the best transmissions, thus enabling contestants to listen at

such control has remained the same. The economy of the merit system is further illustrated by the fact that sun for easy or satisfactory observation. It moves in the extension of the civil service rules in May of last the course of the month from Aquarius to the border of year, by which a large number of hitherto unclassified | Pisces and Cetus. positions were brought under the merit system, led to the abolishing of a number of positions which were found to be quite unnecessary.

the merit system, on the ground that it renders emthe President in July of last year which prohibits eastern sky clothed with the majesty proper to the removals except for cause and upon written charges. mightiest of the planets. On the general question we think that it is very doubtful if any serious trouble of this nature has ever arisen. looks at the heavens except by chance. If it has, it is immensely outweighed by the excellent results which have been secured, and it is a fact that the new rule has met with general public approval. It is like that?" argued that while the new rule in no way interferes with the proper exercise of discipline, it prevents abuses,

Mars is in the morning sky, and still too near the any time to the record of their own work.

Jupiter in Virgo, near the star Eta, is a magnificent sight for all who can appreciate the wonder and beauty of celestial phenomena. Recent telescopic study has colored belts, and at all times it is an entrancing ob-

"What is that bright star?" asked a man who never

"The planet Jupiter."

"Why, I never saw such a star! Do they often look

"Not many of them."

Possessors of telescopes may watch interesting pheguards against unjust removals, and insures that per-inomena of Jupiter's satellites on the night of the 17th. | CAN of January 29, 1898.

LAUNCH OF THE BATTLESHIPS "KEARSARGE" AND "KENTUCKY."

On Thursday, March 24, there were launched at the Newport News shipbuilding yard the two most powerful ships of the United States navy, the "Kearsarge" In spite of the objection which has been urged against revealed the formation of new spots among its great and "Kentucky." They are an improvement upon the "Indiana" class, which they exceed in size, speed and ployes too independent and encouraged carelessness in ject for the possessor of a telescope. It rises before fighting strength. They are of 11,525 tons displacethe performance of their duties, arule was approved by sunset, and, as the evening advances, moves up the ment and 16 knots speed, and protection is afforded by 16½ inches of steel on the belt and 15 inches on the barbettes and turrets. The main battery consists of four 13-inch and four 8-inch guns, and there will be fourteen 5-inch guns in the secondary battery. The most remarkable feature of these ships is the doubledeck turrets, the 8-inch guns being mounted above the 13-inch.

For a very full description and illustration of these ships the reader is referred to the SCIENTIFIC AMERI-