A HORNED COCKEREL.

BY EDWIN G. DEXTER.

Nature not infrequently makes serious mistakes in her handiwork, and although the dime museum managers and proprietors of catchpenny shows may be the greatest gainers, financially, by her misfits, a careful study of the monstrosities which occasionally appear in the animal kingdom is not without interest, even to the scientist. Although we might rightly question the value of any considerable number of such abnormalities in a synoptic collection of natural history specimens, they certainly have their legitimate place in any patho-



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logical museum, and their study throws some little light upon problems in embryology and heredity.

The monstrosities which have been observed in organic nature may, for the most part, be classified as cases of first dichotomy, second atavism, third vestigial parts. In the first class are included all cases of double or multiple parts, when a study of the ancestry of the animal shows that such supernumerary parts were never present in its phylogenetic evolution; such, for example, as two headed calves, dogs, snakes, and fishnot very uncommon monstrosities-four-legged chick-

ens and six or eight legged quadrupeds; in fact, nearly all cases in which normal appendages are reduplicated. Bandeleben has, however, attempted to show that the ancestors of the modern mammals were heptadactyle, and that a single supernumerary digit should be put in our second class, but this has not been well proved.

Cases of atavism are those in which characteristics of some far-back ancestral form suddenly make their appearance. Such monstrosities are usually not so strikingly abnormal in appearance as are those of dichotomy, but are probably more common. Among them are cases of supernumerary mammae, ribs and vertebrae in the higher mammalia, one or more stripes resembling those of the zebra around the body of an ungulate, an unusual amount of hair upon any part of the human body and many secondary sexual peculiarities in the vertebrates.

As vestigial parts we must consider those peculiarities in organic structure which are being eliminated by the species in its evolution, though the structure normally pertains in a rudimentary form, usually abortive or useless, although Mr. Wallace remarks that "much that we suppose to be useless is due to our ignorance.'

In this class of structures come the posterior appendages of the python, the cervical auricles of many mammalia, the vermiform appendix and muscles like the attollers aurer in man and the occasional pinnæ of certain species of seal and of the whale.

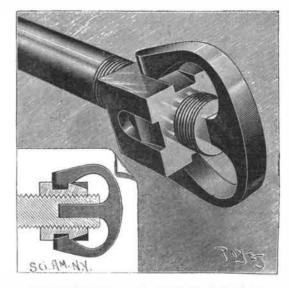
Darwin calls attention to the fact that these rudimentary structures are extremely variable and are occasionally of such size as to form a true monstrosity.

The cock shown in the accompanying picture belongs to none of these classes, for the phylogeny of the class aves shows no ancestors which ever bore spurs or horns upon the head, nor are the parts supernumerary, since there is no vestige of spurs upon the tarsi. It is a true "sport" of a most unusual character, since rarely, if ever, have there been observed animals in which a normal part was found in an abnormal position. The spurs are symmetrically placed upon the sides of the head directly above the eyes and have every appearance of horns. They are of the usual size (15/16 inch long), the right one but slightly curved, though its mate is in the form of a nearly complete circle, with its point in contact with the skin at the base of the comb. They are attached only to the skin and easily movable in all directions, though this looseness of attachment may be only accidental.

I have under observation the offspring of this peculiar cock, in the hope that the variation may, in some cases, be transmitted.

A DEVICE FOR FASTENING NUTS.

In all machines submitted to vibration, the nuts have a tendency to become loose, and an endeavor has been made to remedy the trouble by means of various arrangements, the best known of which is the jam nut. But the jam nut is not always efficacious and does not give absolute security. In the device represented herewith the nut and bolt are rendered interdependent by means of a piece of steel with three branches, the central one of which engages in a polygonal cavity,



DEVICE TO PREVENT THE UNSCREWING OF NUTS.

formed in the head of the bolt, while the others engage in notches in the sides of the nut. The form of these notches is such that the lateral branches have to spread slightly in order to enter them, and the steel piece, once engaged, can free itself only by exerting a lateral thrust upon the two external branches at once.

This arrangement, devised by Mr. John Hartman, is, we think, capable of being utilized in the construction of automobile vehicles for firmly fixing the parts the eventual unscrewing of which might be attended with danger.-La Nature.

RECENTLY PATENTED INVENTIONS. Railway Appliances,

BURGLAR PROOF EXPRESS CAR. -Orlando J. Foster, Silver Lake, Wis. A car designed to be effectually defended by a single person is provided by this invention, the construction being such that a person entering the car may be held a prisoner outside of the compartment in which the valuables are held. The car is divided into compartments by a partition in which is a revoluble door made in semi-cylindrical sections, there being means for independently operating each section, whereby the passage from one compartment to the other may be effected only at the will of the occupant of one of the compartments, and without the possibility of a second person also gaining access when following the one intentionally admitted. The improvement may also be put in use in banks and other places where valuables are kept.

HAND CAR AND MOWING MACHINE. John L. Smith, Sumner, Neb. To facilitate cutting grass or weeds along the sides of the track rails, a hand car, according to this invention, is provided with a cutting or mowing attachment adapted to yield vertically to ride over obstructions. the attachment being readily removable from the car, enabling the latter to be used in the ordinary way. The car platform is carried by front and rear wheels, its driving mechanism comprising a gear operated by hand levers, a cutter bar shaft being located. on an intermediate gear, and there being a vertically movable frame having forwardly projected teeth in which the cutter bar reciprocates.

Bicycles, Etc.

BICYCLE DRIVING GEAR.-William F. Williams, London, Eng. This invention relates to chain gear in which the ratio of the gear during the revolution is so varied by means of an elliptic sprocket wheel that effective leverage of the nedals is decreased at the dead points and increased at the points where power may be most advantageously employed, the object being to maintain constant the tension of the chain notwithstanding the varying effective ratio of the driving and driven sprocket wheels.

BICYCLE GEAR. - Rudolph Whitman and Orris C. Abbott, Walkerville, Mont. To increase or diminish the leverage that may be exerted on a wheel, according to this invention, a gear wheel is mounted on a stub axle projected outward from the frame, and having an annular recess running around the axle, in which a wheel is revolubly mounted, there being a clutch ball interposed between the two wheels, while a guide plate is rigidly held by the bicycle frame and the stub axle, and the pedal lever has parts slidably connected with the second wheel and the guide plate.

TIRE TAPE.-Julius J. Stenger and Henry A. Rohm, Sayville. N. Y. A tape that is designed to afford good service when applied on the wheel is provided by this invention, the tape having a coating of vulcanized rubber or similar material on its outer surface. there being a layer of adhesive material on theother side. The tape is to be wound spirally about the tire in the usual manner, a vulcanized portion of the tape always overlapping a narrow unvulcanized portion.

Mechanical.

PIPE WRENCH. - Thomas Forstner, New Ulm, Minn. To facilitate conveniently adjusting the movable jaw close to the work and then locking it securely in place is the object of this invention, which consists principally of a jaw casing carrying the movable jaw, fitted to slide on the fixed jaw handle, and a dog adapted to engage the handle and carried by the casing, the dog being adapted to be locked to the handle to hold the casing in place. The construction is arranged to permit of quickly and conveniently adjusting the casing and the movable jaw close to the work and then to lock it securely in place, the wrench being of simple and durable construction

COMBINATION TOOL. - Morrill H. Poor, San Antonio, Texas. A clamp, vise, brace, drill stock or wrench may be made of the tool provided by this invention, which is of simple and inexpensive construction and readily adaptable to the various uses contem plated. It has a body arm to which is pivoted a body bar having at one side a point and at the opposite side a vise jaw, while a second arm is adjustable to and from the first arm and is likewise adjustable on the body bar. the second arm being provided with a split jaw at one side and a vise jaw at the opposite side. As a brace or drill stock, the tool may be brought into use in places where the ordinary brace or drill stock could not be

ATTACHMENT FOR SQUARES.-George M. Elliott, Winnipeg, Canada. A bar formed with a slot for the passage of the square, according to this in vention, is adapted to be clamped to the arms of the square, each clamp having a clamping acrew engaging a transverse slot formed longitudinally in the bar, whereby the operator is enabled to conveniently and rapidly draw square, bevel and oblique lines in any conceivable posttion, the attachment being simple, durable and readily applied to the square. The device is designed to be especially serviceable to carpenters, bridge builders and other mechanics.

Agricultural.

CULTIVATOR AND HARROW.-Nathan P. Cook and William A. Whitfield. Monroe, La. This invention provides a harrow or cultivator frame which may be readily converted from a V or an A harrow or cultivator to a side cultivator or harrow frame, either right or left hand. The body portion of the frame con sists practically of but two parts, means being provided for the attachment thereto of a clevis and the handles. and means for connecting the blades, teeth or shovels. The change from one form of harrow or cultivator to another may be readily made by the farmer, and the frame held as securely in one position as the other, all sides and ends of which are alike. The links are each the binding and connecting devices being applies in the made of a single piece of wire, whose ends are sunken same manner in different forms of the machine.

CHURN. - Robert F. Yancey. Akard, This invention is for a churn in which the dashermay be revolved in opposite directions, and the da hers shafts on which they are mounted may be conve niently and quickly cleaned. A frame stidable in uprights carries a hanger in which is journaled a shaft with travelers, etc., adapted to be secured in a crevice between

first shaft carrying also a beveled pinion, and both manner as to cause an explosion when the door or winpinions engaging a driving gear, while a dasher is attached to each shaft, the opposing ends of the blades or paddles of the dashers being beveled, and the ends of the upper dasher blades being inclined to pass close to the upper surfaces of the lower dasher blades.

LAWN MOWER.—Perry G. White, Cedar Rapids, Ia. This mower is especially adapted to facilitate the adjustment of the cutters to cut grass at various lengths, the adjustment being made from the handle of the mower, and the mower being so placed that it will be flexible, adapting itself to the surface of a terrace or embankment, and cutting the grass thereon as evenly as on a level surface. Connected gear casings are rigidly mounted on the ends of the axle of the ground wheels, the casings carrying the cutting mechanism, while a spring-pressed bolt carried by the handle engages a rack on the axle, forming a flexible connection between the body of the lawn mower and its

CROSS CLEVIS.—John L. Thomas, Osceola, Mo. This is a device arranged for convenient attachment to the clevis laws of a plow beam, and adapted to be readily adjusted to any kind of a plow. It consists principally of a clevis body in which the clevis pin is removably held, while an arm adjustable on the clevis body is formed with a fork for receiving the clevis pin and one of the jaws of the plow beam.

Miscellaneous.

APPARATUS FOR TREATING GARBAGE. -Charles Edgerton, Philadelphia, Pa. This apparatus comprises a series of digesters having valved outlets, an endless metal slatted belt with rigid transverse pieces for receiving the cooked garbage, horizontal guides support. the material being first cooked by steam and then sub. jected to pressure to separate the oils, etc., the oils to be used for soap making and other purposes and the solid matter or tankage for fertilizers. In combination with the digesters and their discharging devices is a continuous roller press whereby the operation is rendered cleanly, rapid and sanitary.

CHAIN LINK. - William H. Griffith. New York City. Two patents have been granted this inventor for bent wire links, in which the greatest possible strength is combined with the most secure and unobtrusive manner of knotting or securing the ends, the invention thus securing strength and durability with compactness and symmetry. These links are of the pattern known as the "Figure 8" link, the opposite into recesses formed by the various folds at the middle. the links being thus compactly knotted and not liable to catch into or wear anything with which the chain come

BURGLAR ALARM. - Frank Fenley, New Orleans, La. This is a portable device, for use by

dow is opened. It comprises a body having a capholding socket and a spring clamp, there being a springactuated exploding hammer pivotally held in the body and formed with a locking lip, one of the members of the spring clamp engaging the locking lip to hold the hammer raised. The device is readily carried in the pocket and easily applied to a door or window, etc.

CHECK PUNCH. - George O. Brosnaham, r., Pensacola, Fla. For conveniently punching the amount of a check, both in letters and numerals, to prevent fraudulently raising the amount, this punch is made with a sliding carriage carrying a set of perforating letter dies and a set of perforating numeral dies, there being means for shifting the carriage and a slidable anvil adapted to engage the corresponding dies of either set of dies, the anvil being shiftable from one set of dies to the

TICKET COLLECTING APPARATUS. -Joseph Antomarchi, Gloster, Miss. To facilitate the collection of tickets from persons entering ahall, theater, etc., or boarding a railway train, this invention provides a rotary gate with ratchet wheel engaged by a pawl, with which is connected a lever operated by a cam plate. in connection with a sliding plate, while a second sliding plate may be connected with the first sliding plate by a ticket, the connection between the plates and the retraction of the pawl, whereby only one may he allowed to enter, being impossible to effect only by the use of a

CANDELABRUM. - Herman F. Nehr, Brooklyn, N. Y. To so construct a candelabrum that it will he light, durable and inexpensive, and so that the arms may be adjusted vertically or laterally at various points in their length, are among the principal objects of this invention, enabling the arms to be given a great ing the edges of the belt, and a series of pressing rollers variety of shapes. Means are provided whereby each continuously separating the solid from the liquid matters, arm may be independently adjusted, and whereby also the arms may be made up of a series of sections, each section being capable of independent adjustment.

> SASH ROLLER. - George E. Schmitt, Wellsburg, West Va. This invention provides a compact structure of roller and casing whereby a set of rollers may be readily attached to a window sash to prevent rattling or the window getting tight, while it will always be dustproof and waterproof, as the sash is held closely against the outer strip at all times. The attachment is substantial practical and durable, and is designed to work equally well under any slight expansion or contraction of the casing of the window frame. It is designed to be readily placed on old as well as new windows, and permits of the convenient removal of the ash when the windows are to be cleaned.

ORGAN ACTION. - Joseph Slawik, Bloomfield, N J. To insure a positive and quick closing and opening of the valve for the sounding device is the object of this invention, an exhaust controlled by the key being connected with one side of the valve and a wind chest connected with the other side, so that on pressing a key the air is exhausted from one side of the valve, and the preponderance of pressure on the other side from the wind chest causes the valve to open to beveled pinion, a tubular shaft turning around the a door, transom or window and the casing, in such allow the six to pass to the sounding device, there being

Furnace blast pipe and bridle, blast, T. E. Beaghan....

an adjustable stop to limit the movement of the dia-

SASH HOLDER.—Lewis H. Bowman Walla Walla, Wash, To hold a window each, without rattling, at any height desired, and to prevent the ingress of air or dust when the sash is closed, are the main objects of this invention, the device serving also as a lock to prevent raising the window from the outside. The device comprises a frame fitting against the sash within the window casing, the frame being swung away from the sash by links, while the frame may be swung tight against the sash by a pivoted cam lever and link.

WAGON AXLE BEARING.-Henry M. Cromer, Anderson, S. C. This invention is designed to facilitate the utilization of old thimble skeins, making them fit closely upon the axle, as well as provide a new construction, which consists of a conical sleeve attached to each end of the spindle bearing and adjustable in either direction, by which the spindle may be made to simply fit the sleeve at all times, and by which the position of the hub upon the axle may be adjusted to keep the tread of the wagon constant.

CLINICAL THERMOMETER SHIELD.-Jennie C. Harrington, Ossian, Ia. This shield is especially designed for use on fever thermometers, to prevent patients from breaking the instrument while it is being held in the mouth. It consists of a casing, preferably of a suitable metal, such as aluminum or silver, madein two longitudinal sections hinged directly together and provided with a fastening device, the sections holding and inclosing the thermometer tube, but being open at one end to permit the mercury bulb to extend beyond, and there being in one of the sections a longitudinal slot through which may be read the scale indicating the degree of temperature.

APPARATUS FOR COOLING JAQUIDS .-William L. Spoon, Jr., Barlington, N. C. For cooling hot water or other liquid used in ice machines, etc., this inventor has devised an apparatus which is designed to be very effective, while permitting the use of the liquid over and over again with a minimum percentage of loss by evaporation. It comprises a perforated casing into th apper end of which a current of air is to be forced, a nazzle connected with the liquid supply spraying liquid into the casing, while the latter has a perforated zigzag supporting leg containing perforated plates. The liquid is thus atomized and sprayed in finely divided state, and at the same time subjected to a current of air of ordinary or low temperature, causing accelerated evaporation and

STERILIZING APPARATUS.—Arthur J Vause, Sydney, New South Wales. For sterilizing milk and other liquids, and the receptacles in which the milk is placed, as well as for automatically bottling and corking the milk, this inventor has devised an apparatus in which the milk is first passed in bottles through a series of inclined ways, kept at varying and adjusted temperature, passing from thence to be received in a steam jack eted container, from which it passes through a deodor izer and thence to a filling apparatus. The apparatus is provided at various points with thermometers, according to which the temperature may be regulated as de

WATER COCK. - Maurice Andriveau, Paris. France. This invention relates to cocks in which automatic closing takes place, and provides a cock which will have a double closing action, and which at each ope ration supplies only a predetermined quantity of water The valve casing has two apertured seats, in both of which the cutoff valve, constructed in two lengitudinally adjustable sections, may seat itself, the length of the valve being changeable, there being means for changing the pressure on one side to cause the valve to move from one seat to the other. The valve will operate in any position, with the outlet facing upward, downward or laterally.

WASHING MACHINE. - Alexander E. 11.) iges, Tecumseh, Oklahoma Ter. In a suitably conetructed frame, according to this invention, a semicircular receptacle is mounted to rock, there being with in it a rubbing cylinder journaled in a frame with which is loosely connected an arm adapted to receive a swinging motion from the recentacle to move the rubbing cylinder in an opposite direction to the movement of the receptacle. By this means a proper rubbing and wash ing of the clothes is effected without danger of tearing them, the machine being easily operated and of simple and durable construction.

Bosom Pan.-Dora Harrison, Lansing, Mich. This pad is an improvement on a formerly patented invention of the same inventor, providing an improved dress form readily applied to or removed from the pockets of corsets and other garments, and designed to insure a proper fitting of the dress. It is made in two padsections, each having a back and front section with meeting edges having flanges lying snugly against flanges, while lace arms are secured by adjustable lacing to the welts of the pad sections.

ROLLING PIN. — Anson B. Fowler. Shelton, Wash. This device may be used as an ordinary rolling pin, in the preparation of dough for the oven, or with a flonr delivery for sprinkling the dough to be rolled, to prevent it from sticking or adhering to the pin, and with this view is made with two shells, one within the other, and each having perforations, which may be brought in line with each other or not, as decirc i, the inner shell forming a flour recentacle. The arts are readily detachable to facilitate cleaning.

Designs.

SEPARATOR. - Frank H. Congdon, East Greenwich, R. I. This invention relates to separaters used in spinning machinery, such as the Doyle separator, and embodies an improved form thereof. The blades are so curved as to present fewer chances of collecting lint and dirt, and are also lighter, giving the ring rail less weight to move.

GLASS PITCHER.-Joseph Wilson, New panels, box panels crossing both the others,

BICYCLE LUGGAGE CARRIER.-A. J. Gilfillan, Smethport, Pa., and W. H. White, Nyack, N. Y. This is a bracket device to be fitted on the steering head and having arms projecting from each side adapted to conveniently carry a variety of packages.

SPOON HANDLE.-Herman J. Klumpp, Portland, Oregon. On the obverse side this handle represents interlaced ribbons, with panels containing floral figures, while on the reverse side are scroll and shell figures and a beaded ribbon following the margin of the bead.

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(7369) J. W. B writes: About what size wire, number of sections, etc., to wind on laminated core of following size. You will help me out of a quandary:

Diameter of core. 23/4 Number of laminations. 30 Sections... 10

the proper strength, wind the armature with 24 sections of 12 turns each of No. 16 wire. You can change the number of sections if you keep the total number of turns the same. See Scientific American Supplement, No. 600, for further directions for winding. You can place sixteen No. 16 wires to the inch.

(7370) J. L. B. writes: Will you kindly nswer for me the following ? 1. Why does not the magnetic pole coincide with the geographic pole? A. This is as yet one of the hidden secrets in the physical constltution of the earth, 2. How is artificial stone made A. Articles in Scientific American Supplements Nos. 183, 355 and 868, give very full accounts of the various kinds of artificial stone. 3. What is meant by a 'car mile" in speaking of building railroads? A. A. "car mile" is a term used in estimating the cost of running cars. It is the cost of running one car one mile 4. How are billiard balls turned? A For method of turning billiard balls see Notes and Queries, No. 7353, SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, February 19, 1898. 5. In what number of Scientific American of Supplement may find an account of how artificial ice is made, for or in skating rinks? A. Skatingrinks with artificial ice are illustrated and described in Scientific American Sup-PLEMENTS, Nos. 35, 738 and 892. 10 cents each, mailed.

(7371) C. N. S asks for formula for preparation to stick wood veneer on tin or metal of any kind. Have used glue and nitric acid, also glue and garlic, but neither works satisfactorily. The veneer will peel after a time. I want something that will adhere permanently A. M. Eliel gives the following formula for a mixture which can be used for metal, glass orwood : Gum tragacanth, 30 grammes; acacia gum, 120 grammes; water, 500 cubic centimeters. Dissolve, filter and add 23/2 York City. This pitcher has panels decorated with grammes of thymol suspended in 120 cubic centimeters of "punties," and prismatic panels at each side of such glycerine; then add enough water to make up the bulk to 1 liter. This bath will keep a long time.

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INDEX OF INVENTIONS

For which Letters Patent of the United States were Granted

FEBRUARY 22, 1898,

	ARING THAT DATE about copies of these patent	H		
Air brake H F Noves 500 348 509 349				
Air brake, street car, C. Amusement device, W.	A. Gray	9,421 Ja 9,420 Ja		
Animal trap, A. T. Sulliv	7an	9,579 Ki		
Axles, apparatus for	manufacturing, C. M. V. C. Bailey	9.638 K		
Band cutter and feeder, Band slide, E. J. Van Sid	V. C. Bailey 588 kle 598 kle 598 battery, Electrical pri- dary battery, 598 Bradish, 598 Bradish	9,638 La 9,584 La		
Battery. See Electric mary battery. Secon	battery. Electrical pri- idary battery.	Legal L		
Bedstead, folding, N. P. Ricycle crank shaft. Fer	Bradish	9,380 L		
Bicycle frame construct Bicycle guard, D. W. Ste	tion, Kenyon & Whewell 59	9,450 L		
Bicycle handle bar, F. C.	tner	9,564 L 9,359 L		
Bicycle londer, L. H. Sn Bicycle lamp attachmen Ricycle stand and lock	t, C. F. Walker	9,6409 9,607 L		
Bicycle support, C. B. H. Bicycles, etc., pedal for.	arkness	9,446 9,619 L		
Billiard cushion, W. E. Binding implement, C. F.	1'aft	9,486 L		
Board. See Bread and p	pastry board.	9,537 L		
Boiler gage glass protec	tor, G. J. J. Manvell 59	9.511 L		
Boot or shoe nailing ma Boring and turning made	tor, G. J. J. Manvell	9,627 M		
Bottle and stopper, J. V	V. McDougall	9,551 M 9,624 M 9,661 M		
Bottle packing case, B.	W. Atwood	9.461 M 9.311 M		
Bowling alley, E. Reisky	M. Atwood	9,477 M		
Box folding machine, W Brake. See Air brake.	7. Lederer 59 Sled brake.	9,615 M		
Brake mechanism for r L. Constable	ailway carriages, etc., H.	9,524 M 9,447 M		
Buckle, N. Nelson	w. Harris	9,447 9,626 M		
Burning and heating ap	pliance, H. S. Garr 59 bosoms, F. A. Rallon 50	9,499 M 9,489 M		
Cabine t, C. L. Hendrick Camer a, magazine, K. E	7. Lederer. 59 Sled brake. ailway carriages, etc., H. W. Harris. 59 Son burner. planee, H. S. Garr. 59 bosoms, F. A. Ballou. 58 & F. V. Conley. 59 agazine, E. E. Flora. 59 ing wax can.	9,387 M 9,314 N		
Can. See Oil can. Seal	A. F. V. Conley	9,556 N N N N		
Candy cutting machine,	C. C. York	9,527 9,414 O		
Shaw	low 590	9,662 O 9,588 O		
Car coupling, H. Laake. Car coupling, S. Reynold	ds59	9,588 9,567 9,358 0,507		
Car door, J. W. Kenned Car draw bar, railway, C	A. Schroyer	9,507 9,637 9,470 P		
Car safety guard, railwa Car stopper, automatic.	y, A. M. Phelps 59 I. J. Neracher 59	9,630 P		
Cars, etc., safety guar Phelps	d and truck for, A. M.	9,629 P		
Card box, G. W. Weaver Carpetsweeper. A. B. L.	a and trues for, A. M. 59. F	9.484 P 9,671 P		
Cash register, C. Forth	g case. 	9.418 P		
Cask pitching apparatus Centrifugal machine. F.	Hugershoff 59	9,476 9,422 P		
Chuck, R. H. Hurlbut Churn, Coppock & Mille	r59	9,562 9,598 9,332 P		
Cleaner. See Fruit clea	son & Wolff. 59	9,332 P		
Coffee pot, W. G. Melviz	eeler, Jr	9,513 P 9,669 P 9,530 P		
Collar fastener, shirt, C. Color value curtain shut	R. Mullen	9,530 P 9,570 P 9,512 P		
Cooker, steam, D. Maye Cooler. See Milk cooler	ter, F. J. Harrison	9,512 P		
Corn sheller, Allen & Be	earden	9,582 P 9,500 P		
Corner staying machine	H. A. Inman	9,563 P 9,563 P		
Cotton cleaning mechan Couches, spring leg for,	ism, seed, M. Swenson 59 E. M. Hulse 59	9,575 P 9,333 P		
Countersinking machine Cuff links, detachable fa		9,655 P		
Cultivator, C. F. Pogue. Cup. See Soap cup. Cutter. See Band cutte Cyclometer, E. G. Dorch		1 4		
Cutter. See Band cutte Cyclometer, E. G. Dorch	r. Glass cutter. nester	9.320 R		
Damper, grate, Keifel & Derailer, automatic, G.	Zipp	9,335 9,362 R		
Dish, crushed fruit, G. I Door checks and closers	ohner	9,651 R		
Doors double sliding A	ner	9,498 R		
Draining machine, J. Ed Drawing apparatus, R. I	lmonds59 Richter59	9,490 R 9,442 R 9,402 R		
Dress shield extender, I Drier. See Fruit drier.	monds 59 Richter 59 I. L. Rutter 59 Steam drier 59 dropper. 59	9,533 H		
Drill. See Rail drill.	59	9,509 R		
Dropper. See Medicine Drum, heating, G. M. R. Dve. black trisazo, C. Ri	idemodi	J. 1004 T		
		9,425		
Dye derived from qu	linizarin, green, R. E.	9,426 8		
Egg beater, E. J. Scopes	59 5	9,427 S 9,661 S 9,517 S		
Electric battery, Shrews	ulnizarin, green, R. E. 59 A. McKnight. 59 A. Mc Fevre. 59 B. Mcandescent, J. Whitaker 59 B. Mctor, H. G. O'Neill. 59 B. Whittemore. 59 B. McLary 1, B. Whittemore. 59 B. McLary 1, B. Whittemore. 59 B. Rotary engine. Vapor	9,517 9,405 9,543		
Electric meter driving g	ear, G. A. Le Fevre 599 uctor, H. G. O'Neill 59	9,351 S		
Electric resistance cond Electric wire holding ap	uctor, O'Neill & Gale 59 pliance, H. A. McCoy 59	9.352 S 9.346 S		
Elevator. See Mail and	parcel elevator.	9.618		
Elevator safety appliance Engine. See Gas engine	ce, J. D. Conner	9,523		
Engine, F. J. K. Brugnie	re 59	9,381		
	for explosive, H. F. Pro-	9.354 8		
Explosives, making, J. Exudation cap J. W. Te	E. Blomen 59	9,589 S		
Fabric. See Knitted fa Feed trough, N. R. Med	bric. augh59	0 579 8		
Fermenting squares at W. Cutler	d vats, construction of,	9,599		
Fire alarm box, Hayes	k Fisher 59	9,469 9,654 9,654 8		
Firearm, magazine, Ben Fire extinguisher C. C.	nett & Mason 59	9,595 9,587 9,320 8		
Fishing tackle holder, H Flask, J. C. Korn	I. D. Streator	9.370		
Fly screen, C.T. Siebert Fly trap, automatic, C.	59 C. Grenzebach	9.641 8		
Forging and sharpening	rock drills, etc., appara-	1 2		
Forging hollow shafts, &		8		
Fram e. See Photographing machine quilting	hic printing frame. Sew-	9.472		
Fruit cleaner, W. J. Mc Fruit drier, G. A. & B. G	r frame. Kay	9,515 St 9,647		

	ganan. Game apparatus, baseball, E. D. Mitchell	599,668 599,452 599,487 599,496 599,375
1	Gas generator, acetylene, H. W. & E. E. Laun Gas generator, acetylene, P. McMurray	599,376 599,394 599,347
	Gate, S. E. Auker Gate, R. Hayden Gear, driving, V. E. Doremus	599,538 599,583 599,503 599,321
	Generator. See Gas generator. Glass cutter, window, Meissner & Koenig Gresse trap for sinks. baths. etc., H. Sieben Gun, pheumatic, W. L. Breath Gun turrets, apparatus for operating, G. W.	599,620 599,663 599,549
	Dickie. Hanger. See Door hanger. Pipe hanger. Harness attachment, racing, J. H. Snapp Hat pin, W. R. Gorrell.	599,600 599,365 599,526
	Heater. See Water heater. Hides, skins or leather, machine for treating, J. Hall. Hoisting and lowering gear, Bell & Maguire. Hoisting apparatus, W. Sauer.	599,331 599,437
	Hydrocarbon burner, J. H. White. Injector, steam, R. Pattison.	599,360 599,350 599,577 599,473
1	Insect exterminator, E. F. Robertson. Insulator, strain, J. Clegg	599,423 599,404 599,493 599,458
	Knitting machine, straight bar, Barfoot & John- son	599,438
	son. Knob attachment, J. H. Shaw. Lacings, machine for securing metal points to, L. P. Bosworth. Lamp, C. M. Lungren. Lam p, M. P. Stevens.	599,548 599,528
0	Lamp burner shield, bicycle, Elton & Smith Lamp, electric arc, H. J. Sage Lamp, electric arc, Skinner & Bacon Lamp radiator attachment, arc, Stenz & Wester-	599,520 599,525 599,635 599,480
	Lantern, bicycle, Beardsley & North. Lathe attachment, G. C. Malone.	
-	Starkwether. Lead from its ores, extraction of, H. R. Angel Lemonade making device, J. C. Gundelfinger. Liftling jack. Starrett & Welsh. Liquids in form of a stream, implement for discharging, Bunnell & Kintner. Liquids, means for controlling flow of, W. C. L. Van Schaik.	599,368 599,310 599,605 599,536
	Liquids in form of a stream, implement for discharging, Bunnell & Kintner	599,383 599,462
	Loading dirt, gravel, etc., onto wagons, device for, Lawrence & Cooper	599,340 599,675 599,483
	Manhole frame, E. S. Dorr. Manhole frame, H. W. Sanborn.	599,441 599,457
	Match sare, S. Maxifeld. Measurer, dose, G. H. Woodward Measuring variable angles between rotating bodies, machine for, C. Barus. Meat sawing machine, D. Lippy	599,674 599,522 599,571 599,642
	Metal crilling machine, J. Reece. Metallic frame joint, W. S. Tuttle. Meter, J. L. Dodge. Milk, apparatus for testing amount of fat in, A. W. Stokes	599,642 599,356 599,541 599,494
	Milk cooler, S. Snider	599,369 599,644 599,366 597,608
	Musical instrument, S. Hoadley. Necktie retainer, J. A. F lomerfelt Nut lock, W. E. Caylor. Nut lock, G. H. Bye Nut lock, S. O. Haskins. Office indicator, J. A. Lelghton. Oli can, J. W. Jackson.	. 599,326 . 599,385 . 599,554 . 599,448
	Office indicator, J. A. Leighton. Oil can, J. W. Jackson. Opera chair, T. S. Wells Ordnance, breech loading, V. C. Tasker Organ, reed, R. J. Bennett	599,657 599,389 599,430 599,482 599,439
	organ, red, K. J. Schliedt. Name roducing apparatus. M. Otto. Paper boller, roll, J. Spillinger Paper perforating machine, F. W. Hedgeland. Paper shifting gripper, T. C. Dexter. Patten for bushes for waxing floors, Durel &	599,455 599,646 599,560 599,319
	Pavements, road ways, etc., composition of mat- ter for. J. Johnson.	
	Permutation lock, C. J. Kintner.	599,592 599,616 599,596 599,565
	Photographic films, apparatus for manufactur- ing, H. M. Reichenbach Photographic printing frame, J. E. Crooks Photographic shutter operating lever, H. White Pianoforte action, upright. F. L. Becker Picture supporter, E. J. Fitzgerald	599,631 599,440 599,576 599,585
	Pin lock, W. E. Sparks	599,367
	Pipe or nut wrench, W. T. Williams	599,578 599,558 599,673 599,672
	Pipe wrench, B. Ross. Plack et fastener, J. H. McCauley Planing machine, floor, S. A. Petersson Plow row gage, C. N. Rountree Pneumatic tube switch and back stop, E. A. Fordyce	599,478 599,557
	Pocket, garment, Bartell & Shields Power transmitter, G. J. Altham Power transmitting mechanism, G. J. Altham Preserving alimentary substances, apparatus for,	599,547 599,546 599,545
	A. Schorke	599,534 599,451 599,328 599,544
,	Puffing machine, fabric, J. A. Groebli Puller. See Stump puller. Pump, oll well, W. J. Wright. Puzzle, W. Bowling. Radiator, J. Keith. Rail drill, M. M. Moore. Railway rail fastener. Mims & Dunkle.	599,593 599,611
	Rail drill, M. M. Moore. Railway rail fastener, Mims & Dunkle Railway rail fastener, Mims & Dunkle Railway signal, A. J. Armstrong. Railway signal nechanical, B. A. Karr et al Railway system, electric, J. D. Gibbs. Railway system, electric, J. M. Murphy. Railway tte, metal. W. H. Scott. Registering device, Smith & Freir. Reverberatory furnace, H. L. Charles. Riveting machine, F. A. Jaberg	599,622 599,521 599,656 599,456 599,604
	Railway system, electric, J. M. Murphy Railway tie, metal, W. H. Scott. Registering device, Smith & Freir. Reverberatory furnace, H. L. Charles.	599,344 599,639 599,364 599,597
	Rolling balls, machine for cold. E. Rivett Rolling rods or wire, machine for, A. Kenworthy.	599,634
	Rotary engine, L. Stoner Rotary engine, Wampler & Bloom Rotary engine, reversible. W. Taylor Sampling mill, J. H. Stratton Sand distributing device, J. J. Murray Sash balance, E. A. E. Braunlich Sash fastener, I. J. Wade	599,648 599,410 599,665 599,649
	Saw, J. Guedel. Saw filing device, R. F. Foss. Scale, C. H. Mattice. Scale, air, H. J. Wintherlich. Screen. See Fly screen. Window screen. Screen, G. W. Cross.	599,329 599,327 599,529 599,378
	Secondary battery, W. A. Crowdus.	599,468 599,412 599,315 599,357
	Sewing machine guide, A. D. Fenwick. Sewing machine needle holder, F. B. Hopewell Sewing machine quilting frame, Huff & McKinley Sbaft coupling and cycle hanger, I. J. Wilson Shears gage, L. V. Moulton Sheet metal pipe, R. J. Northam Sheller. See Corn sheller	599,444 599,561 599,388 599,434 599, 6 59
	Spears gage, L. V. Moditon. Sheet metal pipe, R. J. Northam Sheller. See Corn sheller. Shirt, bathing, I. M. Uppercu Shoe, bicycle, A. J. Cammey er. Shoe upper lacing device, S. A. West Shovel handle, C. S. McIntire. Signal. See Railway signal.	599,628 599,408 599,491
	Shoe upper lacing device, S. A. W est. Shovel handle, C. S. McIntire. Signal. See Railway signal. Skirt guide, M. A. Petgen.	599,491 599,485 599,514 599,573 599,566
	Shovel handle, C. S. McIntire. Signal. See Railway signal. Skirt guide, M. A. Petgen. Sled brake, J. M. Kruzan. Slicer, vegetable, S. S. Dreisbach. Soap cup or holder, J. Schwechler. Spinning machine, ring, M. E. Sullivan. Spinning or twisting machine, Emond & Labee Spoke heading and bending mechanism, wire, J. Batev.	599,566 599,323 599,361 599,539 599,443
	Spining or twisting machine, Emond & Labee Spoke heading and bending mechanism, wire, J. Batey Spout, sap, A. Ring Sprocket wheel and chain, J. S. Kidd Stamp tappet, C. A. McClair Steam boiler, E. Hook.	599,443 599,633 599,612
	Stamp tappet, C. A. McClair. Steam boiler, E. Hook. Steam drier, rotary, Healy & Kraft Steam joint for rotary cylinders, M. J. Roach	599,612 599,400 599,609 599,386 599,403
	Stamp tappet, C. A. McClair. Steam boiler, E. Hook. Steam drier, rotary, Healy & Kraft. Steam joint for rotary cylinders, M. J. Roach Steel and cast metal, making composite articles of mangatese. E. Samuel. Stopper. See Bottle stopper. Stove, J. A. Hampton	599,636 599,559
	(Continued on page 157)	. 603,017