the felt washer is freely used. Two or three novelties Crown in Chancery, and in 1888 he became Deputy in ball bearings which are meritorious are mentioned elsewhere in this issue.

The good old method of attaching the crank to the crank-shaft by means of a plain key is conspicuous by its absence. It has been thrown aside, not because it was unmechanical, but because it was so difficult to remove, especially by unskilled hands. The most common device is some modification of the jointed crankshaft, in which the crank is formed in one piece with the shaft, the latter being spliced in the center by some form of interlocking device. In some cases the crankshaft and one crank are formed in one piece, and a very few machines have the two cranks and the shaft in one continuous forging. Almost all of these devices allow the crank shaft to be removed without disturbing the bearings.

Despite the many promises regarding the chainless bicycle made early in the year by prominent manufacturers, there is nothing to show that it is likely to replace the chain and sprocket machine. One leading cured a patent on his invention, and was trying to sell Nile, and he made many discoveries of importance, maker exhibits a bevel gear wheel which is about the it, as he thought, without letting him in for his rights. though, owing to his extreme modesty, he was prone same weight as the standard machine and has the compact appearance and the dust proof qualities which are the chief recommendation of this type of wheel. There at last mentioning that of the Westerner. Yes, they of the greatest Egyptologists. He possessed a fine are a few other chainless wheels of various patterns and had his patent, but it was not possible just then to get library of works on ancient Egypt. excellence; but it is evident that we shall have to wait at the papers. They could assure me, however, that at least another year before there will be many of them everything was all right, and they wanted to sell. seen upon the road. The large sprockets which have What would they take? I asked. They could not been in favor in England are making their appearance possibly say without first consulting with the inventor trict north of the Kwenlung Mountains. Ruins of large in this country, and as the mechanical grounds on and patentee; they would write at once and commuwhich they have been introduced are sound and prac- nicate with me. I left my address tical, they have probably come to stay. The large A week later I received from the inventor a copy of hence very modern from a Petrie point of view. Sepasprockets reduce the tension in the chain and lessen a letter written to him by this firm of patent lawyers. the strain upon the bearings and the frame. There is | It concerned my visit. Here is an extract: noticeable a tendency to raise the gear of this year's wheel, the change being compensated by lengthening appeared to be interested, but stated that he only the cranks from six and a half to seven inches. By this combination it is possible to reduce the rapidity of the foreign countries, more particularly European, were ings were discovered on these walls, and well executed, pedal action and yet maintain the same tractive effort in the wheel. In general it may be said that the gear had not been granted in those countries, yet arrange- by the copies which have been brought back, of no of the roadster has been raised from the 68 and 72 of ments had been made for their protection. He desired small artistic merit. Small figures of Buddha were also last year to from 72 to 76 for 1897. There are several us to state a price on England, France and Germany, two-speed devices shown, most of which operate on the and, without being informed upon that subject, we of the bygone days when this arid surface was once rear wheel. For the weaker riders who wish to ride placed at random \$5,000 on these countries, and he made fertile by the waters of the River Kerija. the hills in a cross country run, the two-gear bicycle is quickly stated that those figures were out of his an excellent device, and it is safe to say that it has range. . . . We trust you will discover the imporcome to stay. Before leaving the question of driving tance of foreign patents, as those countries are in been able to negotiate with Prince Paul Borghese for gear, it should be mentioned that several devices of better financial condition than ours at the present considerable merit are shown which seek to overcome writing." the sliding friction between the chain and the teeth of the sprockets. In some cases the rollers are on the am strongly tempted to mention the name of the firm. chain, in others on the sprocket. Closely allied to It might save some fool of an inventor not only his these devices are the gear cases which are shown in two, money, but his patent. Here is an effort to belittle the ind an equivalent for them. Some of the famous pictor three designs at this year's exhibition. Except on the ground of appearance and weight, the gear case the same time a bid for additional fees for taking out has everything to recommend it, and it is quite possible that it will grow in favor as its merits are appreciated. To take such elaborate care to protect the other wearing parts of a machine and yet allow the most important parts of the driving mechanism to grind themselves to pieces in a sticky mixture of oil and mud February 8 in Albert Hall, London, in honor of Dr. is, to say the least, a strange inconsistency. At the same time the gear case widens the tread, adds to the weight and destroys the symmetry of the machine-and presided, with the Prince of Wales sitting at his right menichino's "Nymphs," would be almost equal to this is sufficient to kill its chances of adoption, at least for the present.

The wooden rim reigns supreme, and one well known firm, which last year made a specialty of aluminum rims, is offering wood rims as an optional alternative on devices for preventing the warping and splitting of the rim-a defect which now seems to be fairly overcome.

There is no advance so marked as that shown in the production of a comfortable saddle. From the days of the primitive "bone shaker" the saddle has been the accorded him. most faulty element in the make-up of a bicycle; but to-day the problem has been solved by designing the seat on so-called hygienic principles, and it is not the fault of the market if the 1897 rider does not sit his machine in comfort.

The single tube pneumatic tire is apparently destined

Commissioner of Patents.

The administration of the various public offices museum. which he enjoyed shows an honest, active, painstaking sad bereavement.

A NEW BUSINESS-PATENT SHARKS.

lawyers are advertising extensively that they will give hints to inventors, and not only secure patents for them, but place their devices on the market. There are about a dozen such firms in this city, and all are be in the penitentiary. They are not all dealing on the square.

An acquaintance of mine in the West asked me by letter to investigate a certain firm for him. It had se-I visited the gentlemen, and, introducing myself as a

value of the Westerner's invention in his eyes, and at foreign patents. Let inventors take warning.-N.Y. Press, February 10, 1897.

A GOLD MEDAL FOR NANSEN.

The Royal Geographical Society held a reception Fridtjof Nansen, the distinguished Arctic explorer. hand and the Duke of York at his left.

Dr. Nansen delivered a lecture describing the voyage poorer if they were dispersed. of the Fram and telling of his adventures in the far north. He said that the object of his expedition was clusion of the lecture, the Prince of Wales presented to chosen words, expressed his thanks for the honor

The audience was a most exclusive one. Despite the enormous capacity of the building, the members of the press were ill provided with facilities for reporting the lecture.

STRENGTH OF WELDS.

ARCHÆOLOGICAL NEWS.

Lord Leighton's house in London is to become a

Orange's Roman Theater has been completely public officer. In private life he was hospitable and restored and is now the finest ancient theater in considerate. A large circle of friends will warmly Europe. Next summer performances of the Antigone sympathize with Mrs. Pope and family in this hour of and Erinnyes will be given and President Faure will be present.

The Italian government has recognized the impracticability of raising from the bottom of the Lake Nemi Recently a new business has grown up. Patent | the two huge ships which Tiberius used as floating palaces. The government is now considering a scheme recommended by engineering experts for the draining of the lake in question, in which its waters shall have to be lowered sufficiently to bring these ships to the doing a rushing business. Presently some of them will surface. It is estimated that the cost of the operation will not exceed \$50,000.

Mr. Charles Edwin Wilbour died in Paris in December, 1896. For many years Mr. Wilbour was in the habit of passing his winters on his own boat upon the to give the results of his investigations to other stumerchant, asked if they had such and such inventions, dents. He was regarded by prominent explorers as one

The Norwegian traveler, Sven Hedin, has contributed to a German journal, Globus, an interesting account of his journeyings in Central Asia in the distowns were discovered which had been buried by successive sandstorms spreading over a thousand years, rate houses were uncovered of very fragile construction, consisting of wooden pillars, while the walls were put "Naturally your device was the first shown, and he together of plaited reeds covered with mud. The latter were rendered at once impervious and suitable for wished to consider inventions in that line so far as decoration by being coated with white plaster. Drawconcerned, and we informed him that, although patents of human figures, horses, dogs and flowers, and judging dug up, as well as various fruit trees which told a tale

Once more there is a rumor that Signor Gianturco, the Italian Minister of Education and the Arts, has the acquisition of the pictures in the Palazzo Borghese by the Italian government, says the Architect and Con-There is a lie in nearly every word of that letter. I tract Reporter. The Borghese family, it is said, were induced to expend enormous sums in building speculations which were not profitable, and it is necessary to ures had to be sold and others were destined to follow them out of Italy when the law against the exportation of such property was enforced. In Rome there is no collection that is comparable with the contents of the eleven galleries of the Borghese Palace, and the wealthiest connoisseurs of Europe and America would be glad to compete for pictures, one of which would be enough to gain position for its owner. To possess Titian's "Amor sacro et Amor profano," or Sir Clements Markham, the president of the society, Raphael's "Deposition," Correggio's "Danae," or Dogaining a knighthood, while Rome itself would be

Dissatisfaction has arisen among the six hundred American members of the Egypt Exploration Fund not to discover the North Pole, but to explore the over the recent reorganization of the American branch its high grade wheels. Great ingenuity is shown in unknown region in its neighborhood. Upon the con- by the English officers, who have abolished the office of honorary secretary, held by the Rev. William C. Dr. Nansen a special gold medal voted to him by the | Winslow, of 525 Beacon Street, Boston, and substituted Geographical Society. The recipient, in a few well for it an executive committee consisting of Prof. John C. Grav. Charles L. Hutchinson. Gardiner M. Lane. Charles G. Loring, Charles Dudley Warner, Sarah W. Whitman and the Rev. Mr. Winslow. The American members think that Mr. Winslow should be kept at the head of the American branch, in view of his earnest work for the Fund in years past and his general fitness for the place of leader, says the New York Sun. Then, too, they object to the manner in which the reorganization was effected, inasmuch as the action of known double tube variety is still used by several of tory of the University of Michigan to determine the the English members was taken without consulting the strength of welded joints are especially interesting, says , American interests as to the advisability of an executive committee to rule in place of Mr. Winslow. The Egypt Exploration Fund was founded in 1883. It has for its purpose the promotion of historical investigation in Egypt by means of systematically conthe lathe to reduce the piece to a uniform diameter ducted explorations. Particular attention is given to throughout its length between the jaws of the testing places where the explorations may be expected to throw light upon obscure questions of history. Much attention is given to details, and all objects discovered are carefully preserved for examination and study. Explorers are sent out in all seasons of the year to make excavations in different parts of Egypt, and so far they have obtained a great deal of valuable histori-The local honorary secretaries in New York are Clarence M. Hyde, of 206 Madison Avenue, Albert A. Avenue, and Mrs. Howard Crosby.

to become the predominant type, though the well the leading makers.

In the matter of general attachments there is shown an infinite variety of bells, brakes, lamps and cyclo- cimens tested not one broke in the weld; as some of meters of handsome design, and all the etcetera that these were slightly larger at the weld, a new set of go to make up the equipment of the 1897 wheelman.

THE LATE RICHARD POPE.

sioner of Patents of the Dominion of Canada, took were taken at random; 11/4 inches, 1 inch, and 3/4 inch place on February 2. Mr. Pope was in the seventieth in diameter. From each bar four specimens were preyear of his age. He was born in Toronto and was ad- | pared, one solid, one lap welded, one butt welded, and mitted to the bar of Lower Canada in 1855. He devoted great attention to the mineral and other resources of Canada, publishing important books and reports the fracture in one case was slightly crystalline and in cal data. upon the subject. In 1872 Mr. Pope was transferred to the other fibrous. The strength in no case departed the Federal Department of Public Works. For nearly a quarter of a century he has been a resident of the seem from these tests that with skillfully made welds Aub, of 43 East Eighty-third Street, Mrs. E. A. Hofffederal capital of Canada. He was private secretary we may expect to realize nearly the full strength of the man, Chelsea Square, Charles W. Sloane, 60 Park to Sir Hector L. Langevin in 1873, was clerk of the original bar.

Some experiments made at the engineering laborathe Digest of Physical Tests. Of a number of the spespecimens was prepared and a cut taken from each in The death of Richard Pope, Esq., Deputy Commis- machine. Common round iron was used. Three bars one split welded. The results show that only two specimens, both lap welded, broke at or near the weld;

widely from the strength of the solid parts. It would