## RECENTLY PATENTED INVENTIONS.

 EnginecringGenerating Steam.-Edgar A. Ash crott, London, England. This invention is for a metho
of and apparatus for applying the heat of slag, etc., fo the generation of steam, the slag being supplied to the boiler heating chamber spread out in a thin layer, so tha hcat radiating surface, while the convection of heat from through in a continuous cycle. The fire box is similar to that of a vertical boiler, bat with a hearth at the bottom intead of a grate, and the boiler is inclosed in an annuofr flue space within a brickwork setting, the main body of the boiler being surronnded by vertical flues, and a central tabe, through which the hot material is supplied, leading through the steam dome to the fire box. The boiler is held in a
which is a tannel.
gas Engine Dischargr Valve. William Burger, Delphos, Ohio. This valve is designed to so control the outlet from the cylinder that the latter ma nition, the charge being retained in case of failure until proper ignition takes place. The spring-pressed exhau valve has a longitudinally channeled stem on which is casing provided with a port, a piston in the casing being dapted to be acted on by pressare passing through th channel and port from the cylinder, while a block ca ating mechanism for the valve stem.

## Railway Appliances

Freight Car.-James M. Peet, Alleg heny, Pa. To provide for the eafety of trainmen who
have to walk from one end of a train to the other, and lso afford means for readily operating the coupling rom a platiorm, this inventor provides for a side platplatform is just wide enough for one to walk ody. Thi bections, and is hinged to the car, so that it may be urned down and the car run close to a platform to facilitate loading and unloading. At the ends of the car are handrails, the improvement obviating the necessity

Hanger for Brake Beams. - Ephrem Harcotte, Las Vegas, New Mexico. This invention re a orming with it an opening for the hee yose and orming with it an opening for the hanger arm, the The bearing can be cheaply made, and is not liable to get out of order.

## Miscellaneone.

Bioyole.-John J. Naregang, Leesdriving chain, and the removal of the chain and the the riving chain, and the removal of the chain and the rear nion or joint plece to connect the rear forks, there being in the union a lengtbwise slot in which an adjusting screw and nut are engaged to adjust the axle, there being a guide washer for the screw and a clamp nut working in

Bic ycle.-Edwin Y. MacKenzie, Kington, Jamaica. This invention provides an attachment which increased leverage may be obtained in going up call or to make a higher speed. The pedal is eccentrically pivoted on its shaft, and secured to and extending at each end teeth and a central plain portion, while a spring pawl pivoted on the longer end of the pedal is normally held in engagement with the teeth on the
ratchet bar. The pedal operates in the ordinary way ratchet bar. The pedal operates in the ordinary way
during the upward movement of the crank, hut when the latter has passed the center the ankle is bent until the pawl engages the outer teeth of the ratchet, forming a leverage is not required the pawl does not engage the teeth and the pedal acts like an ordinary pedal.
Vfhicle Driving Gear.-Frank W. Haviland, New York City. Two patents have been
granted this inventor for improved gears arranged to propel the vehicle independently of the ranning wheels, and
at the same time prevent slip and loss of power, an independent friction surface being applied to atilize the weight of the vehicle to increase friction and overcome inertia and resistance. In combination with the running gear swinging wheels are adapted to alternately engage
the ground or track, there being means for operating the wheels and simaltaneously swinging one wheel out of contact with the ground when the other is swung into
contact. There are also segmental guides in which the boxes of the propelling wheels have movement, the guides being fixed and curved in the direction of the
Cart. - Thomas Hill, Jersey City N. J. This is a vehicle more especially designed for street cleaning purposes, to collect the sweepings and
deliver them to a wagon or directly to the dump. cart body is provided with trannions engaging open bear ings on the cart frame, mounted to swing in the side wheels as the fulcrum, the trunnions being above the fulcrum. The cart has three wheels, and may be conve niently pashed about by one man, and the load readily
dumped, the cart body being easily removed from ita dumped, the cart body being easily removed from it a
wheeled support, or lifted back into normal position.
Vehicle Brake.-Clark Snow, Ox ford, Ala. This is a brake of such construction that when automatically locks the brake in set position, the power of the brake being substantially greater as the resistance
of the wheel increases. The releasing mechaniem readily frees the wheels from the brakes, and the brakes, when released, are held perfectly clear of the wheels. The brake may be operated from either the side, front or rea of the vehicle, and may be applied without injury to
either the running gear or to the body of any form of either the running gear or to the body of any form of
vehicle.

Gate.-Alva H. Barnhill and Thomas Thurman, Altoona, Kansas. This is a tension gate of
which the hinges on the swing post are out of vertical which the hinges on the swing post are oat of vertical
alignment, and the ewing bar and latch bar are connected by wires which pass through intermediate vertical bars, while a tension bar pivoted to the lower end of the swing bar extends to and beyond the latch bar, where it engages with a keeper. The arrangement is such that the tension of the wires raiees the gate as
the gate a strong tendency to close
Fritit Picker's Basket.-Augustu 1. Denig, Rivereide, Cal. This invention provides a basket or can designed to facilitate the handling of picke ruit without danger of bruising it, the receptacle ha he bottom. It also has two hinged bottom traps connected with their free ends, while stops on th sides engage with the outermost ends of the straps. emptying the receptacle the bottom sections are swang
downwardly to permit the fruit to pass out with th least possible liability of being bruised.
Refling Machine for Paper, etc William H. Waldron, New Brunswick, N. J. Accor ing to this improvement, a winding roll is journaled in liding beannge to move toward and from a driving roll, ne of the bearinge receiving the journal of the winding oll eccentrically, there being means for turning the
bearing to shift the end of the winding roll transversely to the direction of the slideways. The machine is thus adapted to automatically correct any aneven winding caused by the length
or fabric to be reeled.
Collecting Gases.-Francois G. Wal r, Delft, Netherlands. This invention provides an apparatus for collecting gases or vapors, for making
analyees thereof, consisting of two communcating anks, in one of which is a float carrying a siphon automatically controlling the flow of liquid from the tank, outlet pipe commanicating with the first tank. The variatlons in pressure in the space containng the gases have very little inf
separated sample.
Producing Music Rolls.-James B Tracy, Meriden, Conn. To from the perforated rolls ased In instruments to produce the desired tones, either pneamatically or by the aid of cylinders, combe, star wheels, etc., this inventor has devised an apparatus in which a perforated pattern sheet and the sheet to board during the operation of reciprocating punches bellows for each punch. The arrangement is such that a large and cambersome stencil is not required to actuate he punches, one of the ordinary music shcets passed over the tracker board pneumatically controlling the

Manifold Sales Book.-Williaw D. Bates, Grafton, North Dakota. Paire of crossed bands connect the covers of this book to form a double hinge, and the upper end of a pad is placed such distance from the upper pair of bands that the leaves when folded ales alips with which alterna duplice pad compria fer sheet being inserted between a sales slip and its duplicate. At the end of a day's work the duplicate slips can be readily taken out, and when the pad is used up a ew one is easily inserted
Envelope. - Alexander McL. Chalmers, Nanalmo, Canada. This envelope has extension site flaps being folded and gummed on their front face and the extensions on the other flap being gummed on their rear faces. The extension flanges on the back of of by the receiver to tear open the envelope without danger of injuring iss contents.
Broom Attachment.-John S. Willams, Krebs, Indian Territory. This is a spring wire bifurcated arms being sccured to the sections, and there being slides on the members of the arms whereby the down. 'The clamp may be readily adjusted on th brush portion of a broom to bind the straws more or
less tightly together, rendering the broom adjustable for Fireproof Door.-George Fox, II, New York City. This door has a sheet metal center terial, a wooden facing covering each layer while a layer of freproof material is paseed around the edge of the door, with a strip of sheet metal covering. A fire o either side of the door may harn off one face withou
disturbing the position of the parts on the other side disturbing the position of the parts on the other side of
the doot, which is made to have the appearance of dinary wooden door
Baby Carriage.-John A. Johnson Hoquiam, Washington. This is a carriage which may be readily converted into a cradle, a crib, a high chair or a rocking seat, the various changes being quickly and durable as an ordinary carriage. It has a seat and a foo portion pivotally connected to each other, a foot rest resting on the foot portion when the latter is held at an
angle to the seat, and in front and rear chambers of the body are rockers to be held within or below the sec-
tions to which they are applied. The entire body is seated in a skeleton frame, to which the running gear
Folding Bed. - Robert J. Stuart. New Hamburg. N. Y. Connected with the front portion of a
stationary head board are legs on which the bed is fulcrumed, a latch pivoted at ite center on the head portion of the bed having a weighted end opposite the latch end while a keeper bar connected with the legs is adapted to
be engaged by the latch when the bed is in elevated be engaged by the latch when the bed is in elevated
oosition. A curtain to conceal the bed may be attached to a curved rail exteuding forward from the top of the
Mationary head b
MANGLE.
Mangle.-John A. Jackson and George
White, Toronto, Canada. This is a device which maj
be operated with bat little power, by turning a crank, and may be readily set on a table for use or hang ap or
tored away in emall space. It has an upper and a lower roller between which the articles to be pressed are coiled springswhose pressure may be readily regulated while the lower roller shaft is journaled on anti-friction minimum.
Clothes Line Hanger. - Jacob H. Burlich, New York City. According to this improve ment, an arm is pivoted to the window casing or a simy-
lar support and carries on its free end a palley over which passes the clothes line, a locking lever for locki line. This hanger permits the user to hang clothes on the line within a room and then move the line with the clothes on it out into the yurd on leaving the cluthes to ry.
Scraper.-George E. Richardson, Porle on suitable driving wheels, according to this im provement, are joarnaled two shafts carrying a pinion a each end, in which mesh rack bara dxed to a suspended leoop, the arrangement being such that, by means of
leverathin easy reach of the driver, the scoop may be levated at the front and depressed at the rear for dump he load is to be deposited, and the load dropped without requiring rehandling.
Composition for Paving.-Timothy Cotter and Thomas H. Walker, Kansas City, Mo. 'These inventors have devised a composition for paving which
may be moulded into any desired form and laid directly down in blocks or flags, or spread and tamped, or rolle irectly on streets, sidewalks, driveways, etc. It made of coal tar pitch, coal tar, hydrate of lime, one and scribed, and is designed to be sufficiently strong to resist cutting and wear during the heat of sammer, and have without fracture, under pressure.
Weighing Machine. - Richard H. Taylor, Westport, Conn. This machine has a series of beams to safport the weighing platiorm, the beams hav bands to support the beame and connect them with the support for carrying the platform, while a band also conpects the beams with the weighing beam above the platiorm. The arrangement is such as to afford a very
sensitive platform scale, and one not liable to get out of order with
Weighing or Measuring Machine. -Samuel P. Mackey, Ridgefleld, Washington. For grocery and other stores, this invention provides a mawhich pour easily, as spices, powder, shot, etc. It has a
receptacle which, when placed in connection with a source of supply, automatically shuts off the supp when a certain quantity or weight of material has been
recelved, relieving.the dealer from the necesaity of close received, relieving the dealer trom the necessity of close
attention in weighing or measuring quick-flowing articles, or
terials.
Scuttle Hole Protector.-Adolf ping door, according to this invention, has hinged connection with a frame, and is held closed by locking devices, while a cord attached to the door passes over pulleys on the under side of the frame. Shoald the
scuttle be removed, the protector effectually prevents access from the roof to the chamber or apartment beconveniently opened to sabstantially its full quickly and conveni

Tooth Bresh.-Edward H. Hamilton Poons, India. According to this invention two tooth to simultaneously clean the teeth on both the back and front surfaces. The two brush backs are placed a
angles to one another, their bottom faces having opposit inclinations, and the backs are connected by a bridge which may be of spring material if desired, the back
thus forming a partially separated V-shaped trough, in which are arranged bristles of different lengths, the row.

Garment Stritcieng Frame.-Albert E. Phelps, Irvington, N. Y. To prevent woolen ventor has devised a simple and inexpensive frame com posed of two plates having opening for holding garment receiving wires, having arme slidably connected to
the main portions, while expansive springs engage the arms and body, all of the parts being preeerably made of
galvanized iron.
Puzzle.-Dallas Du Bois, Montclair N. J. A game board having circular openings is an ac
companiment of this puzzle, some of the openings be ing grouped around an oblong opening, and rings ar
adapted to be passed through the openinge, and from on opening to another, the rings having a transverse cut and beveled ends. The rings may be readily slipped over each other and moved from point to point in the board without being removed from it.

## Designs.

Feather Duster.-Istael B. Cohen New York City. This design pertains to the shape of the head or base of the handie, which is made up of proximately of the same diamcter, and with the inner or lower on
handle.
Savings Bank.-Joseph F. Langton Waltham, Mass. This design affords a miniature repre
sentation of a castle, in which a large tower is sur ounded by smaller towers
Border for Silverware,-Charles D. Graff, New York City. Two design patents for bor
ders have been granted this inventor, in one of whic ders have been granted this inventor, in one of which
ing acorns, while the other is a relief representation of a
branch of roses with intertwined rococo scrolls, sprigs of branch of roses with intertwined rococo scrolls, sprig

Nore.-Copies of any of the above patents will be urnished by Munn \& Co. for 10 cents each. Please of this paper.

## NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

## Reminiscences of an Octogenarian

 OF THE CITY OF NEW York.1860. By Charles H. Haswell.
York Hew
Harper \& Brothers. Pp. xii, 581. Price $\$ 3.00$.

Haswell's "Engineer's Pocket Book," nowin its sixtyfrst edition, is a book that is familiar to all engineers and to many thousands of the more stadious among methat its author was, as far back as 183s, the chief engineer of the second steam war vessel of our navy, the Fulton the Second, which made one trip to the West Indies and back, and had a speed of afteen miles an hour in the smooth water of New York Bay. It is
pleasant to record that this worthy octogenarian, now eighty-seven years of age, not only bears the weight of his years with a strength and buoyancy of feeling given us, in his "Reminiscences", a book which cannot fail to be welcomed by every genuine New Yorker And more than this, it gives us a highly valaable realistic picture of life in the leading American city during the
Arst half of this century, before the introduction of many of the modern conveniences. It seems that in 1819 the ase of ice for domestic purposes was unknown, but the ase of cold water, although the coldest water was that drawn from struet welis. Lottery drawinge were also pablicly held, according to law, in front of the City Hall, and Aaron Clark, who had kept a lottery office, was elected Mayor in 1837. Tobacco chewing was, apparently, as much of a nuisance in the early part of the cencigar or pipe smoking in public was very rare. The a flotilla of canal boats came in stately procession from from the Mississippi and Columbia Rivers, and from the rivers of twelve foreign countries, was solemnly poured into the Atlantic." In lieu of means of more rapid commanication, the start from Buffalo was signaled to New
York by guns placed at suitable distances York by guns placed at suitable distances apart, the
signals being similarly returned; the times between the frrst and last gans from lake to sea and from sea to lake again were an hour and twenty-flve minates each way.
The book has numerous illustrations, and nearly The book has numerous illustrations, and nearly
every page is crowded with interesting incidente, and no one, whether a New Yorker by birth or adoption, can fail to be interested in Mr. Haswe
library should fail to procure a copy.

The Elements of Phisics. A college text book. By Edward L. Nichols
and Williau S. Franklin. Vol. II.
Electricity and Magnetism. New.
York : Macmillan \& Company. Pp. 272. Price $\mathbf{\$ 1 . 5 0}$.

The first volume of this series treated of mechanics and heat, and the third is devoted to sound and light.
Its authors are teachers of the branches of physics elucidated, one being a professor in Cornell University and the other at Iowa agricultural College, and tbe information given is largely stated in the style of mathematical formule, designed to correspond with the "increasing strength of mathematical teaching " in university classes.
It is apparent, therefore, that the book will have but a It is apparent, therefore, that the book will have but a
limited degree of usefulness for those who are inclined to "skip" algebraic equations or lack famillarity with the will doubtless prove of material value.
Theater Fires and Panics. Their Causes and Prevention. By William Although this is not distinctively a book on theater planhaving such work in hand, and every theany architec manager, should carefully consider the data, the very valuable suggestions, and the practical reasoning, to be
found in this volume. The details given of twelve prominent theater fre calamities of this centary are truly appalling, especially when it is considered how easily, in each instance, any loss of life or property might have been only elementary precautions. On such subjects there are too few publications tending to the enlightenment of the public. 'Two valuable papers, by the eame author, on theater fries and their prevention, appeared in

Poor's Manual of the Railloads of THE UNITEd STATES. 1896. New
York: H. V. \& W. W. Poor. Pp. 124,
xxi, and 1670 . Price $\$ 7.50$. This publication, now in its twenty-ninth year, is sim-
ply invaluable to all who wish to obtain the bottom facts about the present co tions and management of our vast railroad system. Each succeeding volume has more and more fustifed the
appreciation in which the work has been held from appreciation in which the work has been held from have need of complete information in this line. The Manual this year embraces statements of 4,399 corporations, including 2,040 steam railway companies
and 1,208 street railway companies. It also has state and 1,208 street railway companies. It also has state-
mente of 143 industrial corporations and or the debte ments of 143 industrial corporations and ot the debts
of 1,008 States, counties, cities, and towns. The net inof 1,008 States, counties, cities, and towns. The net in-
crease of mileage for all railroads in the United States laid up to the frat miles, and the total length of trac Directory of Railw separate volume, is this year incorporated with the Manual. It gives lists of officers, master mechanics, pur chasing agents, etc., of operating railroads in the United
States and Canada, and of the chief railroads in Merico.

