RECENTLY PATENTED INVENTIONS Engineering.
Propulsion of Marine Vessels. Eugene Duerr, Buffalo, N. Y. This invention provides metho of propeling vessels designed to faciitate ob
taining a high speed at a low cost for fuel, the inventio consisting of a revoluble shaft projecting at the bow an carrying one or more spiral tubes. On the extrem front end of the shaft is a small propeller wheel to push fioating objects out of the way, and at the stern of the
vessel is a propeller with which the motor may be con nected if desired, though the spiral tubes, screwin into the water at the front, are principally relied upo for the propulsion of the vessel.

## Rail way Appliances

Extension Step for Cars.-Walke Y. Carlton, Centralia, Va. This step is designed to be reaxily put in position for service when needed and auto
matically folded when the train starts. It is held on a frame mounted to slide on the rear of the ordinary car step, tripping device releasing the step from its folded pos tion and letting it slide down by its own weight to the lower position in which it is adapted to facilitate the exit and entrance of passengers from and to the car. Con-
nected with the step is a lifting device controlled from nected with the step is a lifting device controlled from
the car axle, and when the car starts from a station the under the lowermost tread
Railway Tie and Clamp. - Peter Keshner aud Henry Laux, Carlyle, Ill. The clamp pro
vided by this improvement is interchangeable, or adapted for use on either side of a rail, and the clamp and tie ar of simple, durable and inexpensive construction. The tie is preferably of thin plate steel, semi-cylindrical, an has outwardly extending base fianges at its sides, form ing a solid foundation and keeping it from sinking into the roadbed. its open ends allowing it to be filled with
dirt and made practically solid. The clamp has its inner ging the top and edre of the to fiange. The two clamps of a pair are secured in place by voits which pass through the body portions of the clamp and transversely through the tie.

## Electrical

Telegraph Sounder.-David M Dunn, Abingdon, Va. This improvement is designed t nets at each station, enabling the ordinary relay with it relatively feeble power to produce a loud and distinct
sound without impairing the efficiency and certain ac. sound without impairing the efficiency and certain ac tion of the relay armature. The invention comprises an being connected to the relay armature a broad, fiat and thin plate held rigidly at one end and concaved of slight power of the relay armature it will emit the cry of a buckled sheet of metal, changing its plane with a click producing
Signaling Apparatus.-Adolph Gai ing, Carlstadt, N. J. This is an apparatus more espe
cially designed to prevent head collisions on trolley and other railroads, and the invention consists principaly o an electro-magnet at each end of a section and a signal-
carrying circuit wire leading from each magnet to the other end of the section, to connect with a ground con-electro-magnet at this end of the section, the curren passing through the circuit wires containing the signal being controlled by a part carried by the car. The signa shape of a red electric lamp and a day signal in the shape of targets. A larm Device for Electric Motors or motors in which an armature rotates within field mag. nets, and more particularly for the motors of electri ans, where the motor is so inclosed that the armatur whether or not the armature is rotating evenly in its bear gs. The invention provides very simple and inexpe sive means whereby the armature is made to serve as an automatic circuit closer, indicating when the armature iself, from any cause whatever, whether from wear or displacement of bearings or springing or buckling of shaft, touches a field piece or stationary magnet of th
motor. By this improvement every bearing may be used motor. By this improvement every bearing may be used
untilit is worn out, and no inspection for wear or adjustmentis necessary until the target indicates such need.
Track Circuit Rail Joint.-George H. Williams, FortSmith, Ark. This invention relates $t$ dering the rail joint capable of conducting the current rom one rail to the other. In the beveled upper edges of each of the fish plates is a longitudinal groove to receive wardly on the ends of the fish plate, and made to bear frmly or jaw against the rail when the joint is screwed p, while a copper or steel spring in the form of a broke in ner face of the fish plate and the adjacent face of the ran web. The improvement is easily applied and the con with or broken.

## Mining, Etc

Separator.-Albert Seneff, Laramie, Wyoming. This is an improvement more especially designed to facilitate placer mining, for separating the fine pulverized material from quartz mills. Within a shaking frame is arranged a series of opposed, partly overlapping, inclined aprons, whose upper ends are nearly at the same
level, while the aprons are pivotally connected to the level, whine the aprons are pivotally connected to the
frame at their centers to permit of adjusting their inclination. There are stationary and shaking aprons, and the
aprons receive material directly from a feed sieve, the material being discharged from one set of aprons to the material being discharged from one set of aprons to
the other, and the meshes of the fabric in the final
aprons being designed to retain the last of the gold washed

## Mechanical.

Lathe Attachment. - Walter H ripman, Sioux Falls, South Dakota. To facilitate cut ting gears, grooving taps and reamers, splining shafts onting T slots in chucks, and various other work ding machine, this inventor has devised an at tachment consisting principally of a base plate adapte to be secured to the tool block, and carrying a casing mounted to turn, a shaft frame sliding in the casing having bearings for the milling tool shaft. On the casing
and on the base plate are graduations, to aid in setting he casing, and the entire attachment is adjustable o the lathe in a transverse direction,
Fourdrinier Machine.-Thomas H Savery, Wilmington, Del This invention provides im provements whereby any particles of pulp or other mat moved and carried off beyond the machine. The strap ne near the uscual manner around two flanged wheels, ne near the breast roll and the other near the suction
boses of a Fourdrinier machine, and passes through wash box in which are curved and segmental support and lateral springs, the strap in its passage being not ing guided, wiped and dried
Screw Point Swaging. - Simon olot, New York City. In a mechanism for makin cutters and means for moving the cutters from each ther while producing the point. The cutters are caried on supporting slides moving transversely of the $\alpha \mathrm{i}$ ection of the feed, and are operatively connected with
longitudinally moving slide which has diverging guide ngaging the cutter supporting slides to move them posite direction
Machine to Point Butchers' Skew Ers.-Frederick Harrison, Owen Sound, Canada, This
machine automatically feeds blank pins in double engths to the cutters by a rolling motion, by means of belts which press the pins against a rounded surface otary cutters. By the novel arrangement of the cutters around the convex surface of the rolling beds the pins ned by another set on the same head, the belts the dropping the pins into carriers by whic
veyed to bozes convenient for handling.
Machine for Making Hoops, Han dees and Carriage Material.-James Fowley, Cob.
den, Ill. This machine cuts articles direct from the logs or saplings, and is a combination construction by
means of which the logs may be fitched or cut up longiudinally by a saw and planer after having first mored dinally by a saw and planer after having first move
the first two planer heads and gang saws back out of perative position. The machine not only cuts and shapes the hoops, but planes them by planer teeth or bits carried by the gang and main sawe. The kerfing aws may be spaced apart as desired and the shaping knives, thus working out hoops or pieces of any desired knives, t
widths.

## Agricultural

Planter. - Henry S. Blood, Park Rapids, Minn. This invention provides a regulating a controllable by the driver to gradually increase the dis ance between rows, if distance has been lost, or gradually decrease the distance, if distance has been gained,
during the operation of planting. Means are also produring the operation of planting. Means are also provided for driving the markingshaft or stopping its revo
lution, as well as for adjusting the markers. The at lution, as well as for adjusting the markers. The at
tachment is very simple and inexpensive, and the driver has full control of the machine without leaving his

Incubator.-Archibald Kerr, Carmi haels, Pa. This invention relates especially to th ure tanks of incubators, providing simple and ines both the devices to promote ting device, automatically operated, to control the hea in the incubator chamber. The thermostat, which is 10 cated in the incubating chamber, is preferably made o iron, the ends of the strips being secured together an incubator

## Miscellaneous.

Bictcle Saddle.-George L. Pierce a venti itself to the necessary movements of the rider. The cantle consists of an arched plate or bar whose extremi-
ties are connected by a semielliptical spring. bowed ies are connected by a semieliptical sping.
downwardly, and so connected with the cantle ends that each may have end movement on the other. The pom mel also consists of two tubular horns into which exten body, this spring being preferably made of spring wire It is designed that the portions of the body brought into contact with the sadde will be subjected to a minimum of strain, and will be in a great measure rested during

Sewing Machine.-Richard M. Mel huish, London, England. This invention is for improvements in machines sewing straight buttonhole before cutting them, and more particularly insuring such bration at high speed as to enable the and absence of vi the hole after cutting as well as before cutting. The vibratory work plate of the machine has an opening into which extends a rectangular clamping jaw of a work clamp section of syring metal, the jaw being slit in a longitudinal and vertical plane, while a spring moves the clamp upward and a cam presses it down upon the
work.

Apparatus for Evaporatine Liquids.-Leon F. Haubtman, New Orleans, La. Tw
patents have been granted this inventor, in one compara tively inespensive apparatus a heated cnrrent of ai vaporate the water and finally sischarge the solution in oncentrated form. Steam is passed through several pipes in chambers of the heater and a liquor tank, and while the liquor is flowing in one dieection air is draw hrough the apparatus by a suction fan, and, becomin eated by the pipes, passes over the surface of the flow ing liquor, taking up or absorbing the moisture. The maintain the liquor substantially at the boiling poin In nother apparatus the liquid is condensed as it passe in a thin film or sheet through long lengths of tubing, a series of pipes being arranged vertically in a drum and their lower ends with an absorbing chamber, air be ing forced through the heater and into the absorbin he latter chamber. The apparatus is a
dense the liquors treated to any desired degree.
Manufacture of Thermometer Tu rng.-Francis S. Tomey, Birmingham, Eng. This in which are to have the scale etched through the ename producing a flat film of perfectly uniform thicknes The back of a piece having a bore is fiattened, and toe fattened surface is dipped into very hot molten enam in a special form of furnace, the superfluous enamel be fim, the enamel coated piece being finally drawn int bbing.
Gas Generating Machine.-Ulysses A. Garred, Lexington. Ky. Thie is a machine for the ir throuush of hasoline or other light hydrocarbon forcing varying the carbon in the gas at will to suit any purpose and without condensation in the pipes, making it pract traps or ther places where similar gases would fill with sediment. The machine is constructed of materia works automatically, being started by merely light ing any jet on the system of burners, when the drawing of gas from the reservoir causes water to flow Grain Binding Machine Tensio device.-Philip R. Martin. Buffalo,North Dakota. In the nding mechanism for selfbinding harvesters, this vention providesa simple and inexpensive tenion device
by which the same tension may be applied to fine or ourse, rough or smooth twine, and be quickly and conhung under th ivotally mounted plate carried on the post bearing against the side of the grooved wheel, the support also
carrying a shoe, adjacent to which is a pivotally mounted arry carrying a roller, and the roller being spring-pressed gainst the shoe. The cord passes through the tubula riction wheel, and through an ege to the once
Draught Device for Airtight Deang Sroves.-Th damper or sleeve the air may be supplied to the bot tom of the stove and cut off from the top, and vice versa
the air being then applied over the fuel to retard combu tion. The fiue conducting the air is airtight and is
vided in an airtight manner, and while the draught vided in an airtight manner, and whlle the draught de
vice is attached to the stove the ashes and other sedime may be readily cleaned out.
Hot Air and Steam Bath Appara Us.- Salli Maschke, Berlin, Germany. This is an appa bath, or a combination of both, and comprises an made of a number of detachable sections having at the adjacent ends registering apertures, the apertures being brought into registry by turning the sections, while an apertured cover receives a water beater. A casing in-
closes the oven, the shell being in two sections, and the osper section being removed when a steam hath is ired. The temperature witbin the casing is readily re

Curtain Pole Extension Bracket -Henry Reubel, New York City. This is a supporting holes, each having an enlarged portion, a pole arring arm being guided in the supporting bracket. A button turning on the arm has a head which passes through one of the holes when in alignment with it, the head turning laterally while its shank engages the enlarged portion of the hole. The device is simple, inexpensive and readily

Shutter Worker -James S. Patten, batimore, Md. This invention is for an improvement devices for opening and closing shatters from the in closed or in , automally locking them in opea or closed or in intermediate position. The invention housing having a vertical pundent pin on which the lever is journaled, the housing having a lateral flange which when bent into horizontal position, works in contact with he geared lever and supports it. The device 18 readily atached to or detached from the window casing
Folding Chair. - Harrison Owens, Montesano, Washington. This is a chair particularly
adapted for use in theaters, etc., and when folded up it may be revolved freely upon its support facilitatin exit of the audience. The base has a vertical stand ard on which is vertically movable a frame capable nf
locking with the base, there being also a pivotalls mounted back and seat, and a cam fixed to the seat en. gaging the standard. When the seat is dropped to a horizontal position the frame is automatically locke upon its support, it being possible to lock the chair in any desired position
Noтe.-Copies of any of the above patents will be end name of the patentee, title of invention, and date send name of
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or in this department. each must take his turn. "reers wisting to purchase ang article not advertised
in our columns will be furnished with addresses of

 price
(6379) L. W. asks for a recipe for a rair curling fuid. A. Take borax, 2 ounces; gumarabic, drm. ; add hot water (not boiling), 1 qt.; stir, and aB of strong spirits of camphor. On retiring wet the hair th the above liquid.
(6980) H. \& C. ask : What is the best proportion of ingredients to make a concrete wall for n engine house $22 \times 34 \times 12$ feet high, 12 to 16 inches
hick? A. In a concrete building the best hydraulic cement should be used. The proportions should be 136 cement, 2 of clean sand with 3 parts broken stone. See
Sctentific American Suplement, Nos. 119, 285, How Build Concrete Walls a
(6981) A. K. D. asks: Will you kindly exing which requires the most power-a water tower ering the bottom 6 incbes diameter, or a a finch pipe 100 eet higb, both considered to be full? A. It requires nore power to pump through tbe pipe than to pump diof the friction in the pipe.
(6982) Y. A. P., Jr., asks: W ill a ground one line of an alternating machine affect the machine? A. The effect of the grounding will be practically rothing, but it introduces an element of great danger (6983) A. B. C. asks: 1. I have built notor 783 and it runs nicely. When running as a $d y$ namo at 1.500 revolutions per minute in series with a gavanometer, it gives a defiection of $80^{\circ}$. If speed is
further increased, the needle gradually falls toward 0 , and even reaches 0 if the speed is very great. The galthe reduced current? Is this action common in all ${ }^{2}$ namos? A. Instances of drooping characteristic may be found in Thompson's "Dynamo Electric Machinery,
pages 204, 205. They are to be anticipated wher the field is weak compared to the armature. The lead of
the brushes is $\mathrm{t}, 30$ involved. The reducing the E. M. F. to the brushes is $\mathbf{2} 30$ involved. The reducing the E. M. F.to
0 is a rather peculiar case.
2. Is the counter E. M. F. of a motnr equal to its E. M. F. when run as dynamo at the same number of revolutions, if the strength of field
magnets is constant? A. If the machine used as a motor rotated without resistance, then the two E. M. F.'s would balance each other. As there is always some re-
sistance, the counter E. M. F. is less than the absorbed E. M. F he counter E. M. F. is less than the from an induction coil through the primary coil of another incoil of the second instrument strong enough to be felt, if the first is strong enough to give a severe shock ? duction coil is very small; the shocking effect is due to the high potential and sudden changes of potential. 4. Knowing size and speed of a driving wheel, and size lated? A. Divide the diameter of driving pulley by that

