

#### THE LIGHT DRAUGHT COMPOSITE GUNBOATS,

The rapid accumulation of barnacles and marine vegetation on the bottoms of steel-plated warships; the incidental reduction of speed, with an accompanying increased consumption of coal; and finally, the semi-annual docking necessitated, with its consequent expense, have troubled the navy department ever since the new navy began; and in the composite vessel-a mixed structure of wood and metal-with its bottom of planking coppered without, or, where greater strength required it, plated first with steel as above water, then sheathed with wood, also coppered, and the whole so fastened to the metal frames and plating. by composition bolts that galvanic action should be averted, a system long urged by Chief Constructor Hichborn, is found a means of avoiding these evils, while adding greatly to the efficiency of the craft at all times.

The six new vessels will be of two different types, ammunition; four 6 poundone having full sail power, and propelled, when steamers, with 2,002 rounds of

ing, by a single screw worked by a triple expansion engine; the other carrying sail enough only to steady them in a seaway, and driven by twin screws, actuated each by its own engine of the triple expansion type.

Their principal dimensions and general features are :

	Single-screw Type.	Twin-screw Type,
Length on load water line Beam, extreme, at load water line	., 168 feet.	174 feet. 34 "
Draught, normal, to bottom of woode keel	12 "	12 "
Displacement, normal Indicated horse power	.1000 tons.	1000 tons. 800 "
Coal supply, bunker capacity	. 12 knots. 238 tons.	12 knots. 250 tons.
rines	. 146 "	146 "

The armament, consisting entirely of rapid fire guns,

will be composed of six 4 inch breech loading rifles, with 900 rounds of ammunition; four 6 pounders, with 2.002 rounds of

ing, by a single screw worked by a triple expansion ammunition; two 1 pounders, with 1,200 rounds of engine; the other carrying sail enough only to steady ammunition.

Two of the 4 inch rifles, one at the bow and one at the stern. will be carried on the main deck; the other guns, excepting the 1 pounders on the hammock berthing, will be placed most advantageously on the gun deck and well protected from musketry fire, to which the river and shallow water service may expose them.

The frames and all metal structural parts will be of steel, or of some other metal or approved alloy; the constructive time limit will be fifteen months from date of signing contract, and the limit of cost, exclusive of armament, is fixed at \$230,000 each.

### (Continued on page 39.)





LIGHT DRAUGHT COMPOSITE GUNBOATS FOR THE UNITED STATES NAVY.



### NEW HIGH SPEED TORPEDO BOAT.-[See page 39.]

© 1896 SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, INC.

### THE LIGHT DRAUGHT COMPOSITE GUNBOATS.

# (Continued from first page.)

The vessel once in motion, the weight of any marine growth, assisted by the characteristic exfoliation of the copper plating, would cause its release, and in this very simple natural evolution we have a means of making these vessels more extensively independent of coal piles and docking facilities than their sister ships, while assuring them a much more extended radius of action-limited in the twin screw boats to the possibilities upon their coal supply, measured in the single screw, sail-powered boats principally by a matter of provender, for the spread of 11,165 square feet of canvas is deemed sufficient to assure a sailing speed equal to that of the best steaming conditions.

## .... THE NEW TORPEDO BOATS.

A second triple addition to the mosquito fleet of the ably be hoped for. United States navy has been provided for in the act of Congress of March 2, 1895, appropriating for the con- of Seattle, Washington, for \$163,350, and the two struction of torpedo boats Nos. 6, 7 and 8, the indi- others will be built by the Herreshoff Manufacturing vidual cost of which, including governmental superin- Company, of Bristol, R. I, for \$144,000 apiece. tendence, preparation of plans, and the provision and installation of ordnance outfit must not exceed \$175,000-a moderate allowance, which, but for present prices and skillful management of design, would be impracticable.

boats authorized in 1894, the service will be possessed phate of potassa, and is prepared by electrolysis in are used, say 15 parts to 100. The new antiseptic is of eight craft of this order, representing four periods of constructive and engineering progression within tric current. There occurs an oxidation and a deposit, the past six years. Of their kind, that of torpedo at the positive electrode, of the persulphate, which recent paper, dwells upon the advantages offered by boats pure and simple, the new vessels will be the is, in fact, less soluble than the ordinary sulphate, largest in the world and unexcelled by those of any while hydrogen is disengaged at the negative elecother nation, while in point of speed and weatherli- trode. ness they will closely approach the more formidable torpedo boat catcher-features demanded by our bro-readily crystallizes through solution in warm water, ken coast line.

feet between perpendiculars, with an extreme water crystals are sold by the Berlin works under the name ture of wines. Through such an application it is posline beam of 17 feet upon a mean, normal draught of 'of "anthion." This substance, like all bodies whose 5 feet 6 inches. The hulls are models of the most re- stability is not perfect, is a remarkable oxidizing agent the crop, and also to correct the effects that are cent practice; with an easy razor-like entrance and a either in neutral or slightly alkaline solution. long fine run below water toward the screws. The It is employed in dyeing and serves for decolorizing "tumble-home," which begins just forward of the indigo and various other substances. It is also used midship section, increases afterward, where it broadens for bleaching fabrics. But its greatest utility, without out over the propellers, giving a very full water line doubt, is the application that can be made of its proarea of shallow draught. This flat form of stern pre- perties in photography. The difficulty of removing not very satisfactory, there has been installed a comvents the settling so common to torpedo boats under full! the hyposulphite of soda in excess that has served to plete electric plant, which takes charge of the whole power, while holding to the water in all conditions of fix photographic images is well known. However pro-business. By means of a steam engine and a dynamo, weather and preventing racing of the screws.

consist of three 18 inch torpedo tubes on swivel mounts ally, in time, deteriorates the best prints. and of four 1 pounder rapid-fire guns. Six hundred rounds of ammunition will be allowed for the guns, sulphite with advantage, and, abandoning its oxygen up the bunches of grapes piled up on the ground and dewhile four automobile torpedoes-the type yet unde- to the profit thereof, converts it into tetrathionate. posits them in the presses. The latter are set in motion termined-will be provided; the spare one being car- The modus operandi is simple. A preliminary wash- by three other motors. As for the other motors, they ried in a steel stowing case on the starboard beam. ing is done as usual in order to remove the greater part are directly coupled to centrifugal pumps which tun The torpedo discharges will be arranged on the main of the hyposulphite of soda. The negatives are afterdeck, two forward and one aft, the forward tubes being placed slightly en echelon, admitting of considerable athwartship fire in addition to the extended field of action of each on its own side. The after discharge will be on the center line, and will have an unhampered sweep of 280 degrees. This emplacement is devoid of "dead angles," and gives an all-around discharge of great scope.

The conning towers, of which there are two, will be near the bow and the stern, each about 35 feet from fied," to use a more appropriate term, resists water, final surface is gravel and cement. its respective end. Hand steering gear will supplement in the forward tower the steam mechanism com- great advantage over the latter of not being inflam- the United States, though it is considerably used in mon to both towers, affording one more chance in case mable. of mechanical failure.

1 pounder guns, to be worked from a gallery on the play an important role in the industries. after side. The three others will be mounted along

12 feet 6 inches, adding materially to the sea-go- commercial product is a 40 per cent solution of formic says that his principal is ready to pave Fifth Avenue ing qualities of the boats while yielding increased aldehyde in water. It is a colorless, sirupy liquid of a with this material and guarantee it for fifteen years.

The normal coal supply will be 12 tons, with a total and in operating in the same way, heautiful imitations bunker capacity of 60.

There will be no search lights, but the boats will be lighted by electricity; and natural ventilation will be ample to insure comfort under all conditions of service. Folding boats will be carried.

The officers will be aft, while the crew will be provided for in the forecastle and just below on the berth deck. Excepting the captain and engineer, who will have separate state rooms and bunks, the two other officers, the four machinists, and the sixteen seamen, each in a common country, will sleep in folding berths, easily turned out of the way to afford added space and comfort when not in use.

No premiums are offered for increased speed, and, with the well-known governmental margin of safety, the penalties for decreased speed need not be feared; while even a more excellent performance may reason-

One boat will be built by Moran Brothers Company,

#### Science Notes.

submitting a solution of sulphate of potassa to an elec- i inodorous and of a relatively low price.

There is obtained a very light precipitate which physicists to study Mr. Quinan's proposition. and which in cooling yields brilliant crystals having a With a displacement of 180 tons, they will be 170, reflection comparable to that of mother-of-pearl. These

The boats will be built of steel. The armament will always remains, and it is precisely this salt that gradu-

Anthion exerts its oxidizing action upon the hypoward immersed for a few minutes in a solution containing no more than a half per cent of anthion, and all that remains of the hyposulphite is converted into no longer a reducing agent.

acids, and alkalies. It resembles celluloid, but has the

We have here, then, a new product very easy to ob-The forward tower will be surmounted by one of the tain, possessing interesting properties and destined to

The gelatine used is the ordinary article found in

of white marble may be obtained.

By mixing the oxide of zinc with appropriate colors, objects of all shades may be obtained, and, by properly arranging the colors, veins, striæ, spots, etc., may likewise be produced. The solidified gelatine may be used for imitating mother-of-pearl, tortoiseshell, amber, coral, etc., and for the manufacture of toys and artificial flowers.

Antinonine.-The large manufacturers of colors in Germany are paying more and more attention to the production of antiseptics, and a French exchange mentions in this line a new product obtained from such manufacture, viz., potassium orthodinitrocresolate, which, it would appear, is destined to render great services.

Messrs. Harz & Miller have published in the Münchener Allgemeine Zeitung an account of their experiments with this new compound, which they call by the more practical name of "antinonine." A solution of 1 part to from 1,500 to 2,000 parts of soapsuds assures the destruction of all the ordinary vegetable parasites without injury to the plants. On another hand, Mr. Aubry, superintendent of the Experimental Brewing Station at Munich, has found that antinonine permits of pre-Anthion.-The Chemische Fabrik, of Berlin, says serving yeast for a long time, and which, without such the Revue Universelle, has recently put upon the mar-treatment, rapidly decomposes. The yeast, moreover, ket an oxidizing substance, the properties of which does not lose its power of producing fermentation, With the completion of these and the three other have been long known to chemists. It is the persul- even when very concentrated solutions of antinonine

> Argon Thermometers.-Mr. W. R. Quinan, in a argon as a mono-atomic gas, in the manufacture of high temperature thermometers, over the hydrogen and nitrogen generally employed. It remains for

Electricity in the Manufacture of Wine.-The Italian vintagers, says the Electricien, are congratulating themselves upon the use of electricity in the manufacsible to modify the bouquet and the very nature of so apparent in the California wines, which are much too heavily charged on account of the richness of the soil. But the value of electricity in the wine making industry does not end here. In an Algerian establishment in which the work of the Arabs is uncertain and longed be the washing, a certain quantity of the hypothere is effected, in the first place, the lighting of the wine presses, and the current actuates in addition seven motors, of from two to ten horse power each. One of these motors actuates a sort of dredger, which gathers the wine.

Kauri Wood Pavements.-An experimental wooden pavement has recently been laid in one of the streets of this city. The material is kauri wood, the product tetrathionate, that is to say, into a substance that is of a dense West Australian conifer, the Dammara Aus-The blocks,  $3 \times 4 \times 9$  inches, are sawed in tralis. Solidified Gelatine.—Gelatine possesses the curious Australia and sent hither by boat. The wood is exproperty of becoming insoluble in contact with formic ceedingly heavy, reddish in color, and resinous in odor. aldehyde, and, at the same time, of preserving perfect i The blocks are laid in a bed of molten pitch, superimtransparency. Gelatine rendered insoluble, or "petri- posed upon an ordinary concrete foundation. The

This kind of pavement has not hitherto been laid in Europe, and Piccadilly in London is paved with it. The experimental pavement has been laid with the hope that its excellency shall lead to its substitution for asphalt in the avenues now paved with that material. The agent of the Australian contractor asserts that the the sides, two on the port and one on the starboard. commerce. The formic aldehyde is what is commonly blocks of kauri wood can be worn down to one-six-The freeboard forward is carried up to a height of called "formol," "formaline," and "tannaline." The teenth of an inch before they need to be removed, and

berthing space for the crew and a housing for some of pungent odor. The vapor is not inflammable, and it A New Nitrated Fertilizer.-Mr. Camille Faure re-

the forward mechanisms.

So important is speed in this type of craft that fifty the motive mechanism of the commerce destroyers water. Columbia and Minneapelis.

each in its own water-tight compartment and actuatthree water tube boilers that flank the engine spaceof 395 turns a minute, developing an indicated horse are transparent and resemble glass. power of 3.200, and driving the boats through the water at a speed of 26 knots an hour.

is a powerful antiseptic.

In order to obtain moulds of statuettes, etc., we take, per cent of the total displacement will be absorbed by for example, two pounds of good white gelatine and the boilers, engines and appurtenances, and the mag- steep it in a quart of water for a night. The next day large scale and remarkably cheap. It is a question of nitude of this amount may best be appreciated when the whole is melted over a water bath. For deli cyanate of calcium, Ca (CA<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>, which, up to the preit is known that this allowance is just double that for cate mouldings, the solution is diluted with a little sent, has existed in small quantities only in labora-

The mould, which may be made of plaster, clay, or portant substitute for the nitrate of soda that is im-The engines, which are of the triple expansion sort, metal, having been prepared, the formic aldehyde is ported at great expense from foreign countries. It is poured into the melted and slightly cooled gelatine. even richer than the soda in assimilable nitrate. As ing a separate screw, are very fine examples of power The whole is well stirred with a wooden spatula in evanate of calcium is an oxidized substance, it does not and compactness, beautifully balanced, with a very order to obtain a homogeneous mixture. The latter is necessitate the use of a great amount of heat in its production. All the manufacturing operations are pernice distribution and division of weights. With a then poured into the mould and allowed to cool. After common stroke of 18 inches, impelled by steam at a the object is taken from the mould it is finished by imformed in one and the same electric furnace, in which pressure of 250 pounds to the square inch, supplied by mersing it for a few instants in a concentrated solution a mixture of limestone and coal is submitted successively to a direct preliminary heating at 1,500° C., and of formic aldehyde, or, if it is too large for immersion two forward and one aft--the two 6 foot manganese in the solution, its surface is painted therewith. Un afterward to an electric superheating at 2.500° C, in the presence of pure nitrogen in large excess, and finally bronze screws will be driven by the engines at the rate fortunately, objects obtained with the gelatine alone to an oxidation by the air, the oxygen of which is re-By previously adding to the gelatine some finely tained by the product, while the nitrogen carries the sifted zinc white mixed with a little water and alcohol,  $^{|}$  heat due to oxidation to the electric chamber.

tories, and which has suddenly become a very im-