becently patented inventions． Mechanical．
Nail Pulling Hammer attach－ ment．－William A．and Frank S．Norton，Port Rich－ mond，N．Y．A simple device for pulling long nails
without bending them is provided by these inventora，as a readily applicable attachment to ordinary hammers，the device being easily removed from the hammer when it would interfere with other uses．It has an archshaped
body，whose ends engage the outer side of the claw and heel portion of the hammer head，and is secured apon the hammer by arms at each side，the attachment giving greatly imcreased leverage for the purpose de－ signed，as compared with the ordinary hammer．
Glass Reflector Blowing Ma－ chins．－L Lawrence H．Dolan，Alexandria，Ind．For blow－ ing the glass retlectors used on oil and electric lampe and
with gas jets，this inventor has devised a machine having a two－part mould adapted to shape accurately the re－ flector as it is blown，there being convenient means of continually moving the mould to prevent the glass from blurring，and also for raising and lowering the plunger
which forms the lower part of the mould．The construc－ tion ig designed to facilitate the much more rapid mak－ tion is designed to facilitate the much more rapid
ing of reflectors than has heretofore been possible．
Embroidering Machine．－Alois Boebi， Newark，N．J．For elaborately embroidering the corn－ tambur frame having a series of individual holders in connection with a reciprocating needle carriage with a set of two needles arranged to move in the space between
each two holders，the sets of needles being at distances apart corresponding to the distance between individual worknolders．Double the number of stitches are thus produced than in the patter
elaborate than the pattern

## Agricuitural．

Fertilizer Distributer．－Robert E． Carlton，Bethany，Ky．This is a hand－operated distribu－ er in which two sections，each having a powder recepta－ cle，are pivoted tc each other，one receptacle containing mark the place where the fertilizer is deposited，the lat－ ter being deposited in the ground and the marking pow－ der on the surface．

## Miscellaneous．

Bicycle Habit．－Emma Dryfoos，New York City．This habit has a akirt－like body，divided at the back，while leg－forming portions have their front and
rear lengtbs secured at their outer edges to the skirt body，the latter forming part of the leg portions．The and yut afford the wearer all the freedom of movement obtained with bloomers．It is also designed that a skirt of the ordinary type may be readily changed to the im－ proved style，and a skirt－raising device is provided by which the，skirt may be held at different heights
when the habit is used as a rlding habit or a walking abbit．
Bicycle Skirt．－Thomas H．Royce， Brooklyn，N．Y．This is a garment designed to have all
the advantages of a completels divided skirt or bloomers， the advantages of a completels divided skirt or bloomers，
while yet presenting the appearance of an ordinary or whole skirt．It is formed of two pieces of cloth，one of which is a duplicate of the other，and each division has at its inner rear side battons and a strap，whereby the skirt may be held in more contracted form when the
wearer is on a wheel，but will be returned to normal po－ wearer is on a wheel，but will be ret
sition when the wearer dismounta．
Condenser．－Arthur H．Squier，Scran－ on，Pa．This is an apparatus or emoving moisture from gas，and comprises two sinuous pipes，one within the other，a vessel having a chamber in each of its ends， the sinuous pipes communicating witb one of the cham－ bers while the other pipe communicates with the interior of the vessel between the end chambers．The inner pipe is connected with a gas supply and the other with a ves－ orn
Flood Gate．－Augustus C．Willis， Herald，IIl．This is a cate designed to be hung at ite center，and with paddles having sharpened projections to assist driftwood in passing the gate．The gate has a
sliding and pivotal movement in ite supporting frame sliding and pivotal movement in its supporting frame，
and is adapted to be acted upon by the current，automat－ and is adapted to be acted upon by the current，automat－
ically regulating itself to the rise and fall of the water， ically regulating itself to the rise and fall of the water， against the passage of stock at low water．
Strap Holder for Vfitcles．－ James M．Diffendafer，Churabusco，Ind．This invention
relates to holdback straps to prevent vehicles running relates to holaback straps to prevent vehicles running secured to the tongues of the vehicle．On the under side secured to the tongues of the venicke．On the under side
of the tongue is a plate guide with cierrated edges on
which slides a strap holder of wire or metal with central which slides a strap holder of wire or metal with central
looped portion adapted to receive the holdback strap， looped portion adapted to receive the holdback strap，
the strap holder being adjustable on the guide according to the size of the bore
to the size of the horse
BalloOn．－－Estanislao Caballero de los Olivos，New York City．This invention provides im der being mounted to turn abont an axis which inter secte the vertical axis passing through the center of
gravity of the balloon．The rudder is secured to a ring gravity of the balloon．The rudder is recured to a ring
held to run on rollers journaled on Langers forming a cir cular runway，the hangers depending from a stationary
SASH Holder．－Joseph J．Kelley， Great Falls，Montana．This device comprises，a apring plate adapted for attachment at one of its ends，the other end having an adjusting arm by which the plate may be locked in a given position，while a roller journaled in
the plate engages with the runway of the assh．The de vice is simple and inexpensive，and readily attached to a vice is simple and inexpensive，and readily attached
window sash，when it may be adjusted to engage the
runway with the force requisite to hold the sash in de window sash，when it may be adjusted to engage the
runway with the force requisite to hold the sash in de－ sired position．
Picture Cabinet．－Otto Messer－
drical case with central vertical shaft，and witbin the
case is a series of picture holding blocks adapted to case is a series of picture holding blocks adapted to swing aronnd a common center，there being a lever con－ blocks．The invention provides a neat and artistic pic－ tare holder，for the separate display of successive pic－
Foot Brush．－John Mellor，Aspen， Col．This is a brush designed for use as an ordinary foot wiper，and comprises a recessed base in which is mounted a brush haviug tat steel bristles and a rubber scraper， forming an effective means of quickly cleaning boots or shoes of mud，snow，dust，etc．It does not become
easily clogged and has the combined action of a wiper

## nd scrape

Door Check．－Thomas Barnes，Raw ins，Wyoming．This device comprises a body portion ing oppositely movable floor engaging devices，there being rabber facings on the parts to prevent injury to the door or floor，and to secure a good hold of the check on the door and floor when in use．The device may be readily removed from the door and hung up near by for

Link Button．－Edward B．Aipuie Newark，N．J．This device consists of two buttons and pivotal connecting link，the pivots being arranged abiquely to one another to hold the buttons in a like po－
Fish Hooks．－Elliott H．Crane，Niles， Mich．Two patents have been granted this inventor for bait－holding hooks，in one of whicb a spring pin is formed integrally with the hook shank，preventing the
bait from becoming detached，while the other patent provides for two integral hooks，a large impaling hook and a small bait－holding hook，the normal action of the small bait fish being
will live a long time．

Drip Cup for Bottles．－James M． Howard，Newberne，N．C．This is a shallow cup with upwardly curved spring fingers adapted to clasp the
ides of the bottle at the bottom，and hold the cap there－ on in position to receive any drip which may run down when pouring out the contente of the bottle．
Note．－Copies of any of the above patents will be Iurniehed by Munn \＆Co．，for 25 cents each．Please
send name of the patentee，title of invention，and date send name of the patentee，title of invention，and date
of this paper．

NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS．
Poor＇s Directory of Railway OFFI－
CIALS．1895．New York：H．V．\＆
H．W．Poor．Pp．700．Price $\$ 3$.
This is the tenth annual isgene of a volume which has with the several railroads of the conntry，either in the way of selling supplies，negotiations as to traffic，the incroduction of new and patented improvements，or the
fnancing of new or old lines．It contains complete and flnancing of new or old lines．It contains complete and
catalogued lists of the officials of all steam，electric，cable catalogued lists of the officials of all steam，electric，cable
and horse railways，and a comprehensive buyers＇guide to and horse railways，and a comprehensive buyers＇guide to the principal manufacturens and dealens in railway ap It also has tables of dividends paid by traction and in－ dustrial corporations，and shows the times and places of annual meetings．Its information as to street railroads
includes statistics of mileage，equipment，page，weight includes statistics of mileage，equipment．gage，weight
and kind of rail，capitalization，etc．，of all electric，cable， and kind of rail，capitalization，etc．，of all electric，cable，
and horse roads，throwing iraportant light on the many and horse roads，throwing iraportant light on the
changes now going on in this class of enterprises．The
total length of street railway 13，176 miles，of which 409 miles are operated by steam dummies， 10,238 miles by electric power， 574 miles by cable，and 1,850 miles byo animal traction．The equip－
ment of these roads comprises 30,857 passenger cars， 12,563 motor cars， 2,607 dummies，and 45,353 horses Etidoripa；OR，THe End of Earth．
By John Uri Lloyd．Cincinnati ： By John Uri Lloyd．Cincinnati：
Published by the author．Pp．xiii， Published by
376．Price $\$ 4$.
This is a richly printed，handsomely illustrated volume quite unique in its character．It belongs neither to science nor romance，and yet has enough suggestions of
both to show that ita author has dreamed of rather than labored with many problems of large interest，and prefens to treat in decidedly eccentric rather than the usual con－ ventional style．Perhaps the main idea of the book is a warning against intemperance and inebriety．
Catalogue of The Mftropolitan Electric Company．Illustrated cata－ telegraph，fire alarm and house goods supplies，September， 1895. Quarto． $\mathbf{P p .} 755$ ．Profusely illus－ trated
This catalogae contains many hundreds of illustrations a fine example of the modern trade catalogue．It con tains a number of interesting rales and table
ALUMinum．lts History，Occurrence， Properties，Metallurgy and Applica－
tions，including its Alloys．By Jo－ seph W．Richards．Third edition，re vised and enlarged．
Henry Carey Baird．
1896．8vo．

Ten years ago，aluminum was an almost unknown
metal．It then sold for $\$ 12$ a pound，now it is bought for metal．It then sold for $\$ 12$ a pound，now it is bought for
50 cents．Then the yearly production was less than is the presentdaily output．At that time the literature on the
subject was very limited．The classic works of Tissier，Uh－ subject was very limited．The classic works of Tissier，Uh
lenhuth，and Deville had only appeared．There are now eight works devoted to the subject and two journals，the
Aluminum World，New York，and L＇Aluminium， Aluminum World，New York，and L＇Aluminium，pub－
lished in Paris．The lowering of the price of aluminum and theincreased production has brought to pasa the dream of Deville，for it is now truly become a metal of everyda life．The work of Professor Richards，of Lehigh Uni
versity，first appeared in 1887，and was the first treatise versity，first appeared in 18s8，and was the first treatise
on the metal in the English language，and for that mat－
ter is still so to－day．Variousimprovements in metallur－ gical processes made it necessary to revise the work to
date，and several chapters have been largely rewritten． The sections devoted to the occurrence of aluminum and the physical and chemical properties are of particula value．That part devoted to metallurgical processes is
very complete．On the whole the work is monumen－ tal，and is worthy of the splendid industry which it rep
agricultural Calendar for： 1896.
 Price $\$ 1$.
DAIRY CALENDAR FOR 1896．A refer ence book for dairymen，butter and
cheese makers．By F．W．Woll．New York：John Wiley \＆Sons． 1896. 18mo．Pp．319．Price $\$ 1$ ．
These volumes are now published for the second time Tbey consist of a calendar and diary for the year，page for memoranda and caah accounta and a large amount of
information of great value to the agriculturiat and dairy information of great value to the agriculturist and dairy
man，including out－of the－way information of the utmost importance to those engaged in these pursuita，such as list of the agricultural experimental stations in the The works are of handy ajze and can be easily carried in the pocket．
Die Elektricitat．Eine kurze und verstăndliche Darstellung der Grund－ eesetze sowie der Anwendungen der
Elektricität zur Kraftubertragung， Bele uchtung，
Galvanoplastik，Tektrometallurgie， phonie und inn Signalwesen．Finfte 1896．
tions．
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Fortschritte und Erfindungen．By


## SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

BUILDING EDITION． JANUARY，1896．－（No．123．）

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country house，at Lawrence Park，Bronxville， N．Y．，recently erected at a cost of $\$ 10,000 \mathrm{com}$ N．Y．，recently erected at a cost of $\$ 10,000$ com－
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tectural firm of Messrs．McKim，Mead \＆White， New York City．
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trated．－Improved wood working machinery，illus－ trated．－Improved wood working machinery，illus
trated．
The．Scientific American Building Edition is issued
onthly．$\$ 2.50$ a year．Single copies， 25 cents．Thirty－ monthly．$\$ 2.50$ a year．Single copies，${ }^{2}$ cents．Thirty－ two large quarto pages，forming a large and splendid
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nd other Books for sale by Munn \＆Co．， 361 Broadway

## 

HINTS TO CORRESPONDENTS．

（6691）H．R．S．writes：Will you please give a rule for calculating the diameter and height of
brick stacks for boilera，that is，the diameter and height forso much grate surface or whichever the best way to
put it？A．There is an old rule of thumb for chimneys， patif．A．There is an old rule of thumb for chimeys，
asigning one square foot of grate per horse power of the assigning one square foot of grate per horse power of the
boiler，and from one－tenth to one－eighth the area of the grate for the area of the chimney，varying the beight to make up for required draught．A use by engineers，by which the quantity of coal to be consamed on the grate per hour and per square foot，with an allowance for the friction of the gases in the chimney，form the basis of the formulas for size and height of a chimney．A formul foot of grate per hour is much used，in which the horse power required and an assumed height of chimney are factors．Then

## $\frac{\text { Horse power }}{3: 33 \times \sqrt{\text { height }}}=$ effective ares

which must be increased by its square root $\times 8$ for the actual area to allow for friction．In this way valuabl
tables of sizes and heights of chimneys for any hors power and for both brick and iron chimneys of round and square form have been made．See Kent＇s＂Me chanical Engineer＇s Pocket Book，＂＂for valuable informa tion and tables relative to chimneys，$\$ 5$ by mail
（6692）C．H．L．asks：Can you give me any information as to what causes a chimney to creosote or what is a sure preventive？I have a chimney 40 fee
long， 20 inches by 20 inches，but about two years ago I long， 20 inches by 20 inches，but about two years ago
ran a wood furnace，and it is so bad now that $I$ have got ran a wood furnace，and it is so bad now that I have got
to stop my furnace．They told me to put a hood on the to stop my furnace．They told me to put a hood on the
top of the chimney，and I did so，but I think it made it top of the chimney，and I did so，but I think it made worse，if possinhe．I have tried all ways hat of and my last hope is hat you will be able to tell heard of，and my hast hope is hat you will be able to tell it very much to run my fire to heat my house．The
chimney is in a good locality and has a good draught chimney is in a good locality and has a good draught．
It foaks through the roof and drops down in my attic．I It noaks through the roof and drops down in my attic．I
have been told that a chimney lined with tile would not have been told that a chimney lined with
creosote．Will it ？If not，why？A．Some chimney condense the creosote and smoke from wood fires． out，it can be fired by building a sharp fire at the bottom Otherwise it should be swept with a splint brush lowered rom the top．The tile chimney is probably heated to
（6693）W．S．P．writes：1．A week or two ago you spoke of there being no practical way to
store up wind energy，suggeating that water might be store up wind energy，suggesting that water might be pumped into a storage tank and a motor run from that
Why couldn＇t a weight be lifted by the wind and tht why couldn＇t a weight be lifted by the wind and to used to run a light machine like a dental en ine or amall polishing lathe same as a tower clock is ru by weights ？A．The storage of wind power by pumpin water into reservoirs，by lifting a large weight or by com－ pressing air is practicable only on a small scale．Th torage of electrical power is also feasible and in prac tice in a few places by wind power operating a sma generator to charge a storage battery from which mo
tors may be driven．This is probably the more economi cal method．2．Which is the better for a hot water heat ing system，to leave the water in during the summer or draw it of \＆A．The water should be left in a hot
dater heating apparatus during the entire season when water heati
not in use．
（6694）J．C．writes：I have a fine bell weighing about two thousand pounds，which is cracked． I have been told by filing or sawing out the crack，the bell will have its original tone or nearly so．A．The
tone of the bell can be restored on a lower pitch by drill

