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hiñts to Correspondenty.
mes and $A d d r e s s$ must accompany all letters
or no attention will be paid thereto. This is for out
or






$\begin{gathered}\text { price. } \\ \text { Miner } \\ \text { marked sent for for labeled. }\end{gathered}$
examination should be distinctly
(5714) G. G. D. asks: In the simple Gramme ring, if made the same size? Would the motor run a 12 foot canvas canoe? Which would be the tor run a 12 foot canvas canoe? batteries, or by storage
cheapest way to run it, by plunge batries
batteries charged with gravity batteries? How long will batteries charged with gravity batteries ? How long will
four cells of storage batteries run the motor until becoming exhausted. A. The H armature is very seldom used now, and will not give you good resulte in place named The motor will hardly run your canoe. Storage batteries
are much the cheapest. They should have at least one square foot of positive plate, and will ran the motor te
(5715) F. W. D. writes: We have a room 25 feet by 20 feet by 15 feet high with four large
windows, all on one of the longest sides. Through the windows, all on one of the longest sides. Through the
center, longest way, runs a 20 inch belt ten feet from floor, and boxed in. At all times during winter, and at most times in summer, the electrical attraction is suffl-
cient to raise the hair and mustache of a person standing cient to raise the hair and mustache of a person standing
within six feet of the belt. It has become a nuisance. within six feet of the belt. It has become a nuisance.
Can you suggest a remedy without disturbing the belt A. You might try covering or lining the box with tin o wire gauze and connecting this to a water pipe by a
thick copper band or wire. Poesibly if the lower side of thick copper band or wire. Possibly if the lower side of
the box is thus treated it will stop the trouble. A slight injection of steam into the box would tend to ameliorate the condition, but might injure the belt.
(5716) L. C. G. asks: Will you please 16 candle power light? What kind of a dry battery will 16 candle power light? What kind of a dry battery will
make a 2 candle power light ? A. For 16 candle power
you will need 20 volts and 18 amperes battery to give this must have 80 cells and be of $11 \cdot$ ohms resistance. A plunge battery of 80 couple with
plates 6 inches square should answer. For dry batteries address any of our advertisers who deal in electrical sup plies. See our Supplement, No. 157, 767, 792, and Sol
entific American, No. 20, vol. 61,and No. 2, vol. 67 , for entific American,No. 20, vo
batteries of classes asked for.
(5717) A. F. K. asks : Is there any virtue in the prism lens in spectacles ? A. Prismatic lenses
are used in spectacles, often in combination with cylin drical surfaces. Their doe is determined by the condi tion of the eye
the dictionary.
(5718) J. A. C. asks if a telegraph instrument (relay) wound to 300 ohms would be sufficien resistance to discharge small storage cells through, also
if one wound to or 10 ohms would do F A. These ques

| tions cannot be adequately answered without a know- |
| :--- |
| ledge of the size of the wire and the number of storage | ledge of the size of the

(5719) J. E. H. asks : 1. What is the resistance required for a voltmeter measuring potentials
varying between 5 and 120 volts $\%$ I have figured in the varying between 5 and 120 volts ? I have figured in the
neighborhood of 1235 . Is that correct ? If right, what neighborhood of 1 1z35. Is that correct ? If right, what
eize wire is convenient for winding to obtain the desired resistance? $\mathbf{A}$. There is no specific resistance in the case named. The size of wire is determined by its resistance. The resistance must be bigh enough to prevent heating. 2. An ammeter has been constructed so as to measure currents varying between 10 and 50 amperes, and it is desired, without altering anything but the gauge of wire ased, to wind to measure currents varying between 5 and 25 amperes. What should the resistance and gauge of wire bep A. The conditions are not very fully ex-
pressed. As we understand it, twice as many turs phossed. As we understand it, twice as many turns
shen the coil for the lower currente. The less the resistance, the better. The new wire might be of half the cross sectional area. 3. I would like to make a magnet, the core being $52 / 9$ inches long, $41 / 2$ inches wide and $2 \gamma /$ inches thick. What would be the diameter of magnet when wound with 11 pounds of No. 22 single wound wires Or what would be the thiclmess of the
wire from core to last layer of wire? wire from core to last layer of wire 9 A. Almost exactly $1 / 2$ inch thickness of wire, giving for magnet a cross sec-
tion $51 / 2 \times 31 / \mathrm{inches}$. 4. I have a one horse power shunt motor which I made myself. How could $I$ attach it to a 500 volt street car circuit? I would like to try the motor if I could connect it up in some manner so I may obtain the desired resistance. We have the Westinghouse alternate circuit here, and I see no other place to try it but on the street car circuit. A. Iron wire makes a good
material for resistance. If you make good end connecmaterial for resistance. If you make good end connec-
tions, electric light carbons will answer; 5/8 carbons have a resistance of about 0.06 ohm per foot. Put in plenty of burning your armature. You should properly calculate just what resistance is needed.
(5720) F. T. L. asks: 1. Can an alternating current be used to run a common motor or one
especially constructed for that purpose ? A. A special motor is required. See our Supplement, Nos. 692 and 717. 2. Can an alternating current be used for magnet izing purposes a Would the resulting poles be the sameo as if a continuous current were sent through the coil
about the steel bar? A. It will magnetize with some uncertainty as to strength of magnet produced and utter uncertainty as to polarity. 3. Can a 500 or 600 volt and 10 ampere crodrented by 600 volt potential. There is no such thing as a 600 volt current: volts are not an attribute of currents. 4. Can the position of a ship at sea be determined (by those on board) at any time of day, or must all observations be taken at noon? A. Yes; by equal alti-
tude azimuth observations before and after noon. 5. tude azimuth observations before and after noon. 5. I
have heard three different pronunciations of Yosemite have heard three different pronunciations of Yosemite
Valley. Will you please give me the correct pronunciation 9 A. Yosem -1 -te. 6. Are the words news and oate riably treated as in the singular; oata ia plural.
(5721) H. S. L. says : A question was Why in an latitudes south of the pupils of the high school : tudes are latitudes south colder than corresponding latitodes north ? A. The southern hemisphere has a pre to a much larger extent than the land. The northern hemisphere, having a much larger proportion of land, retains the solar heat at ite surfaceduring the day and radiates it at night. The great ice-covered Antarctic continent has also a cooling influence over the southern hem-
isphere, while the Arctic region has a large area of water isphere, while the Arctic region has a large area of water
into which the warm gulf stream is constantly pouring the warm waters of the equatorial region, thus carrying equator, with a corresponding difference of temperatures in the two hemispheres.
(5722) B. M. asks: Which rail do the cars of a passenger train throw the most strain upon oing round a curve, also which rail does the last car of a
long freight train throw the most strain upon rounding a curve $\%$ A. The pressure of a train against the rails on a anrve depends upon the conditions of speed and pull or push of the engine. If a train runs around a curve by
its own momentum, the pressure is against the outer rail. If it is pulled around by the engine the pressureisagainst he inside rail. The last car always, under ordinary peed, presses against the outer rail. The raising of the of the cars to crowd against the outer rail at the assigned eed for rounding curves.
(5723) V. A. W. writes: 1. In the book ntitled "Electric Toy Making," by Sloane, under in duction coils, on page 94 , it is stated that the secondary board half an inch from the end, winding this section ull, shifting the paper up one-half inch, winding this section, and so on for the entire length of the coil. Would it not be better to use vulcanite in place of the cardboard, and leave the vulcanite in? A. Cardboard
will answer every purpose. It is only requisite to hold will answer every purpose. It is only requisite to hold
the wire while winding. 2. Is it essential or better to the wire while winding. 2. Is it essential or wire is silk covered 9 A. It is better to ehellac it, or to paraffin it
thoroughly. 3. Cannot the secondary coil be separated from the primary coil by a vulcanite tubing $?$ A. Yes 4. Is the platinum at the contact breaker essential or 4. Is the platinum at the con ased to prevent oxidation
better A . The
of the contact points. It should be used. of the contact points. It should be used.
(5724) F. A. L. asks if there is a solution that will make rope fireproof or partially so, and that will
not impair thestrength. If there is such a solution that ou know, of what is it composed 9 A. There are sev eral chemicals for fireproofing cordage to an extent that they will not burst into flame by a momentary contact. They may be applied by drawing the rope slowly through a trongh containing the warm mixture and drying. Borax 6 pounds, sulphate of magnesia 4 pounds, 6 gallons warm
water. Abo alum 6 pounds, borax 2 pounds, tungstate of ooda 1 poond, destrine dissolved in soap lye 1 pound with 8 gallons of water, used as above.
(5725) H. J. P. asks: 1. Is it known how
it move on the surface, or among the atoms of metal? A.The most acceptable theory is perhaps that the electric
wave front has a path opened for it through the ether by the wire, and hence moves forward without oscillation or ether straining. The impulses are often assumed to be given through the ether surrounding the wire, and
to be given at all points along its length. 2. Can there to be given at all points along ite length. 2. Can there be such a condition as motion without something moves ?
A. No. 3. How many years will the best luminous A. No. 3. How many years will the best luminous
paint or preparation act effectively if inclosed in an airtight glass bulb and exposed to sunlight every day 9 A. quality for a very long period.

## (5726) W. C. W. asks

(5726) W. C. W. asks : 1. What per cent of the power of electricity will be lost in transmitting it with. A. The loss of power in the transmission of elec tric energy is great or small as desired. A compromise between extreme sizes of conductors and extrem ranges of voltage is adopted, giving the most economi-
cal results as regards capitalization, etc. For a smal
. loss the conductor required may be too large or voltag too high. 2. Say for instance, if a well 40 feet deep will
fornish 2,000 gallons water per minute, and this water be piped to a distance of 10 miles, attaining a fall of 140 wheel, to generate enough electricity, whith a good water wheel, to generate enough electricity, when transmitted
back to well 10 miles, to raise the 2,000 gallons per minute to the top, 40 feet9 A. Probably yee 3 Wha horse power will the 2,000 gallons of water, with the 140 feet fall, distance 10 miles, produce ? A. 45 horse power
net. 4. What size pipe should be used ? A. Twents four inches diameter. 5. What size wheel ? A. Fiv
? foot Pelton wheel. A full plan of ground and more elab-
orate study would be required before undertaking to orate study w
erect a plant.
(5727) W. A. M. asks : 1. Will common soft machinery casting do as well tor fields of eight light dynamo as the soft gray iron named in Supplement,
No. $600 \%$ A. Yes. 2. Also how are ampere turns calculated, or what is an ampere turn $?$ A. An ampere turn is a current of one ampere passing in one complete turn.
Thus a current of ten amperes, carried ten times around a magnet core, representa one hundred ampere turns. Cal culations are given in Sloane's "Arithmetic of Elec ricity," $\$ 1$ by mail.
(5728) G. B. B. asks : 1. Will a Leclanche battery light an incandescent lamp? If so, ho Five or six Leclanche cells would maintain it for a shor time only. 2. How long will a bichromate plunge bat tery last 9 Dimensions of a cell being 4 inches high, 2 3 nches diameter. A. For a one candle lamp three or four
(5729) J. F. asks: I have one-sixth horse power motor made by the Taylor Battery Company, 39 Dey Stret, New York. Will you please tell me
if I can change it into a dynamo without much trouble ? if I can change it into a dynamo without much trouble ?
A. No change is needed, except to vary the winding, if A. No change is needed, except to vary the winding, if
the voltage does not suit. Try rapid rotation, to see what current it gives. Small motors are apt not to be pro erly proportioned to form good dynamos.
$(5730)$ H. L. W. asks if there is any paint that will stand the solution used in the plunge batgutta percha, a little boiled linseed oil. Melt together apply hot.
(5731) J. H. L. asks how permanent magnets are magnetized. A. $a$. By stroking with anothermagnet under proper restrictions. The methods
are given in works on physics. b. By surrounding with coil of wire and passing a strong current of electricity through it. There are many modifications of both
(5732) V. G. A. asks whether lead can be plated on aluminum. Also please let me know whe ican find informate of lead.
A. Use
017 oz.
0.17 "

Acetic acid.
Water......
${ }^{0.17} 1$ quari.
(5733) A. E. McC. asks how many layers each of Nos. 14, 16, and 18 double cotton-covered copper
magnet wire go to the inch. A. 16,20 and 25 layers re spectively of bare wire laid close.
(5734) A. S.-We know of no manufacturer making automatic-cut oute for windmills, but proone made to order for you.
(5735) A. S. asks for a liquid which will remove oil and grease from brass, and which is not
so inflammable as benzine. A. A weak solution of soda in water at boiling heat is the quickest me.hod of removing oil and grease from brass work. If the oil and grease is dirty, as from the polishing
should boil to clean the brass quickly
(5736) H. K. asks: 1. In a description of the Edison-Lalande battery, one of the elements is referred to as oxide plates. What is the meaning of that !
A. Consolidated or compressed oxide of copper. 2 . "Type K" has 300 ampere hours capacity. What is the any of our advertisers dealing in electrical goods.
(5737) W. J. S., W. S. H., W. P. J. D. and others say : Will you kindly send me a receipt for tanning skins for fur rugs and mata, such as coon, fox, sheep, deer, etc. A. To prepare sheepskins for mats:
Make a strong lather with hot water and let it stand Make a strong lather win wash the skin in it, carefully squeezing out all the dirt from the wool, wash it in cold water until all the alum in 2 eallons tub sufficient to cover it, letit soak for twelve hours, and bang it over a pole to drain. When well drained stretch it carefully on a board to dry, and stretch several times while dryng. Before it is quite dry, sprinkle on flesh side 1 ounce each of finely pulverized alum and saltpeter, rubbing it in well. Try ff the wool be firm on the skin. If not, let it remain a day or two, then rub again with alum, fold the flesh sides together and bang in the shade
for two or three days, turning them over each day tull
quitedry. Scrape the flesh side with a blunt knife and (5738) pumice or rotten stone.
(5738) J. M. D. asks: What is the theory and what has been determined by experiment regarding the practicability of keeping a body submerged raising or lowering it at will, independently of any force cept what may be contal $\begin{array}{ll}\text { ddmission or discharge of water? } & \text { A. The practicability }\end{array}$ of floating a hollow body containing air as a counterbalance is a very difficult one. The difference in the ensity of water at various depths, owiig to its almost on-compressibility, that any body just fioating under
he surface needs but a very small addition to ite weight the surface needs but a very small addition to its weight to sink it to the bottom. The operation of adjusting the
depth of the body by pumping water into and out of the floating body is a delicate one, and has been a serious drawback to submarine navigation.

## Replies to Enquirles.

The following replies relate to enquiries published in numbers therein. (5598) In answers to correspondents No. 598, you recommend the soaking of a camera film in lycerine mixture, to obviate tendency to curl. The fol-
owing is quite as effective, and less troublesome: Put a ood number of films in a printing frame, and put on the top, making it fiatten a them well. Then expose frame ostrong sunlight, or put in a hot place, until it is as hot as the hand can bear, after cooling still in the frame, the egatives will be found to have very little tendency to curl. Of course, care must be taken that they shall not (5598) I would suggest to A. L. W uery No. 5598, that if he would varnish his film nega-
ives, he would have no trouble from curling. This ves, he would have no trouble from curling. This
method has been very satisfactory to me.-H. H. W.

## TO INVENTORS.

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more than one hundred thousand applications for pamore than one hundred thousand applications for pa-
tents at home and abroad, enable us to understand the aws and practice on both continents, and to possess unynopsis of the patent laws of the United States and all foreign countries may be had on a pplication, and persons contemplating the securing of patents, either at home or
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January 16, 1894,









 Corset frise Moceie










Collins........ device for transferring.. $\mathfrak{G}$
 Electric sachines, automatic reguilator for aynaElectric search ingt, C. E. Ongley.










































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