

a dynamo be changed into a motor? A. As a rule, any good dynamo for generating a direct current can be used without change as a motor. 8. How long will 100 gravity (telegraph) cells run a 16 candle power incandescent light (50 volts)? A. It is impracticable to run a 16 candle power 50 volt lamp with 100 gravity cells. 9. How long will 200 cells do it? A. It is impracticable to run incandescent lamps with any number of gravity cells. 10. How many gravity cells would be necessary to charge a storage cell of dimensions 12x12x12, and how long to do it? A. For charging a storage battery cell, four cells of gravity battery are required. It takes from 7 to 8 hours to charge a storage battery.

(3213) C. E. N. and H. W. McC. ask a recipe for fastening paper to the face of an iron pulley and how to make a good belt glue. A. Scratch the face of the pulley with a rough file thoroughly, so that there are no bright or smooth places. Then swab the surface with a solution of nitric acid 1 part, water 4 parts, for 15 minutes, then wash with boiling hot water. Have prepared a pot of the best tough glue that you can get; stir into the glue a half ounce of a strong solution tannic acid, oak bark, or gall nuts, as convenient to obtain, to a quart of thick glue; stir quickly while hot and apply to the paper or pulley as convenient, and draw the paper as tightly as possible to the pulley, overlapping as many folds as may be required. By a little management and moistening of the paper it will bind very hard on the pulley when dry, and will not come off or get loose until it is worn out. Use strong hardware wrapping paper.

(3214) W. R. asks: 1. How many sulphate of copper batteries would be needed to charge a storage battery for running an 8 candle power electric lamp? A. You will require 4 cells of gravity battery to each cell of storage battery. 2. Should the storage cells be arranged in multiple arc during charging process? A. It is probably best to make the storage and gravity cells up separately, as above suggested. 3. How long will they run above lamp before running out, if used 6 hours daily? A. Storage batteries will not run large lamps for much more than six hours daily. 4. In what time can they be charged after the first thorough charge? A. It requires from seven to eight hours to charge a storage battery. 5. What is the best arrangement for the sulphate of copper cells? Is the Edison-Lalande battery a suitable cell for running an electric lamp? How many of these cells would it take to run an 8 candle power Edison lamp? Where can I find a full and extensive treatise on this last type of electric battery? A. Write the Edison Manufacturing Company, Orange, N. J., with reference to the Edison-Lalande battery.

(3215) E. L. asks if there is a school, preferably in the eastern part of the country, where a young man can take a short special course in electrical engineering without being required to pass the examination in the languages and higher mathematics which the regular colleges require? A. A special course in electrical engineering such as you specify would be best obtained in an electric manufactory or works of some kind. A college could not give a good course to the exclusion of mathematics. You might address Columbia College, of this city, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., and the Stevens Institute of Technology, Hoboken, N. J., for information as to any special or elective courses they may have in electricity.

(3216) C. W. writes: 1. Have you a paper or book on watch finishing? A. We can supply you with the following books on the subject you mention. The "Watch Maker's Hand Book," by Sannier, price \$3.50. "A Treatise on Watch Work," by Nelthropp, \$2.50. "The Watch and How to Repair It," \$1. See page 53 of catalogue, which we send by mail. 2. Would it hurt a person to take brucine internally? A. It is a deadly poison, one of the worst known to man. 3. Is there any difference between brucine and brucin? A. No; it is only a question of spelling.

(3217) E. B. asks for a cement or composition. Kindly favor with a cement and how to apply it to join a close-grained, hard, white marble slab, 8 inches deep by 2 inches thick, 4 feet long, rough-broken into two pieces about the middle of its length, forming a side piece for cradle of a grave, and being always exposed to the inclemency of the weather. A. You might try a cement formed of oxide of zinc mixed with a strong solution of chloride of zinc. It will have to be applied quickly to each half of the stone, and the pieces joined before the cement sets. It will probably be well to experiment on a small piece of stone before applying the cement to the marble.

(3218) J. S. M. asks, What size of wire is suitable for winding field and armature of dynamo described in SUPPLEMENT, No. 161, made size of cuts? A. It depends entirely upon what you intend to do with the machine. For general purposes, however, we think No. 20 on the armature and No. 18 on the field magnet would do for a series machine. 2. What can be put in whitewash for outdoor to increase its adhesive qualities? A. Try skimmed milk. 3. Has there been a genuine history of Stanley's travels in Africa published, and by whom? A. Scribner & Co. of this city publish Stanley's books.

(3219) N. J. asks: 1. Could you give me the recipe for a glue that will withstand water as well as oil and alcohol? A. Marine glue is made by softening pure India rubber (unvulcanized) in benzole or naphtha. To one part of rubber originally used add ten to twenty parts of pulverized shellac, mixing it with the benzole. Rub the mixture well in a mortar, transfer to a cup, and warm upon a water bath (or use a glue pot for this); apply by melting with a warm iron or wire on the surfaces to be united. Do not use a flame. Common glue may be melted with water and one-tenth its weight of bichromate of potash. Exposure to light makes it insoluble. 2. Could you tell me whether such a glue is in the market? A. Marine glue is sold by dealers in microscopic supplies.

(3220) F. C. writes: There is a preparation that when put on the glass of a cheap microscope shows animalcules, bacteria, etc. I think it is some highly fermentive substance like yeast, but have experimented without any success. If you can give me any information about it I will be exceedingly grateful.

A. Try old flour paste allowed to stand for several days. Infusorians are quickly developed in an infusion of hay and water.

(3221) T. W. J. asks (1) for directions for softening stone, so that it can be moulded into any desired shape, and again become hard as before. A. Stone cannot be softened as you describe. 2. What liquids (or chemicals) will produce the most intense heat? A. Sulphuric acid and water produce heat far above the boiling point. The acid should be added slowly to the water. There is always danger in doing it.

(3222) J. H. R. asks: How can I detect adulteration in bone meal, or whether it is pure or adulterated? A. The only reliable way is by analysis. It should dissolve without effervescence in nitric acid, but this is a very imperfect test.

(3223) T. L. P. writes: In my daughter's house, being built from plans furnished by your architectural bureau, the floors, which are of white oak, have become disfigured by black stains, probably where damp iron in some way has been in contact with them. I suppose it is tannate of iron. Can you suggest some means of removing this discoloration? A. Try hydrochloric acid diluted with ten volumes of water. If this is not strong enough, try weak solution of oxalic acid. The idea is to use any remedy as weak as possible.

(3224) O. C. K. asks: What advantages and disadvantages are connected with the use of balanced valves on steam engines as compared with the ordinary slide valve actuated by an eccentric attached to crank shaft? A. The advantages are comparative freedom from wear and ease of movement. There being but little friction on the steam chest face, the perfect fit of both faces is maintained, saving leakage, which is a source of economy in running and repair. The gain in power is very small. The disadvantages are only found in their complicated construction and liability to become deranged by inattention to adjustment, the balancing requiring steam tight yet free moving joints. Both kinds being moved by eccentric and rod, there is no difference outside of the steam chest.

(3225) M. E.—New York, Brooklyn, and Berlin are we believe the only cities that have general systems of elevated street railways. In other cities there are spurs of elevated tracks, or viaducts, on which trains pass to depots, etc.

(3226) D. W. S. asks: 1. Will you please tell me how the lights should be connected in circuit of eight light dynamo (SUPPLEMENT, No. 600) so I can use one or more at a time? A. The lamps should be connected up in multiple arc; the field magnet of the dynamo should have about four more layers of wire, and the machine should be connected up as a shunt dynamo. 2. If I should build a machine after the same pattern for 16 lights, and connect lights in multiple, could I burn one singly, the machine running normally? A. Yes; if connected as a shunt machine, with the field magnet winding properly proportioned. 3. Also, can I sell this machine when finished, without infringement of any patent rights? A. This machine when built with a wire armature core does not infringe any patent.

(3227) A. F. F. asks: 1. What sized wires are used in the induction coil of the Blake transmitter? What is the length and width of the core, and of what is it made? Are both coils copper? Is the primary coil insulated? Is there anything placed between the two coils? A. Use No. 36 wire for the secondary and No. 20 for the primary. Use two layers in the primary and 10 or 12 in the secondary. Make the core of the coil of a bundle of fine annealed wire  $\frac{1}{2}$  of an inch in diameter and 3 inches long. The primary and secondary wires are insulated, and the two coils are separated by three or four thicknesses of writing paper wound around the primary. 2. What is an auxiliary magneto bell? Will it work on a line  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles long without using the regular magneto? A. An auxiliary magneto bell is an additional bell put into a telephone circuit. It requires a magneto to operate it.

(3228) F. W. S. writes: A recent fire destroyed our entire stock; our safe preserved our books very nicely. Being enabled to unlock it readily by the combination, we now wish to know from a source of good authority if this safe would still preserve our books through a like fire, and if not, why? A. The preservative qualities of a safe depend chiefly upon the amount of water contained in the filling. Hence for this purpose plaster of Paris, alum, and other salts that hold a high percentage of water are used. If a safe is exposed to a high heat for a considerable time, a portion of the water will be driven out of the filling, and consequently the safe will be impaired.

#### NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

MESSAGE, THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL. By Douglas Graham, M.D. Pp. 342. New York: J. H. Vail & Co. 1890.

This is the second edition of a book first published in 1884. It has been revised and enlarged, and the present volume is designed to cover a full description of the best mode of applying massage and its physiological effects as a remedial agent for a far greater number of ailments than it has commonly been supposed to be available for. The effects of massage upon the internal organs, upon complaints peculiar to women, and upon affections of the nervous system, are treated with especial particularity, while rheumatism and joint affections and many other complaints are shown to be beneficially subjected to this treatment, the general comfort and satisfaction derived therefrom making this method of cure, wherever it can be employed, a really enjoyable one.

#### TO INVENTORS.

An experience of forty years, and the preparation of more than one hundred thousand applications for patents at home and abroad, enable us to understand the laws and practice on both continents, and to possess unequalled facilities for procuring patents everywhere. A synopsis of the patent laws of the United States and all foreign countries may be had on application, and persons contemplating the securing of patents, either at home or abroad, are invited to write to this office for prices, which are low, in accordance with the times and our extensive facilities for conducting the business. Address MUNN & CO., OFFICE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 361 Broadway, New York.

## INDEX OF INVENTIONS

For which Letters Patent of the United States were Granted

July 28, 1891.

AND EACH BEARING THAT DATE.

[See note at end of list about copies of these patents.]

Adjustable bracket, G. H. Christensen, 456,614  
Air for producing motive energy, utilizing compressed, V. Popp, 456,595  
Air for the production of mechanical power, means for utilizing compressed, V. Popp, 456,594  
Alarm lock, J. Swarth, 456,783  
Alloy, anti-friction, C. B. Miller, 456,898  
Animals, horn tip for, T. Cummins, 456,887  
Annunciator, W. C. Dillman, 456,803  
Annunciator, pneumatic, W. H. Hunt, 456,824  
Armatures for motors and generators, N. C. Bassett, 456,925  
Ax handle fastening, J. M. Didero, 456,802  
Axle, vehicle, A. Johnson, 456,796  
Axles, dust cap for vehicle, J. P. Cutler, 456,536  
Axles, mill for rolling fan-tail, L. D. Hill, 456,570  
Baling press, W. R. Moseley, 456,647  
Baling presses, device for operating, D. Lostutter, 456,834  
Ball, F. F. Atkinson, 456,703  
Ballot box, E. C. Reiche, 456,920  
Bar straightening machine, round, L. H. Brightman, 456,847  
Bars into helices, machine for forming, J. Laidlaw, 456,829  
Barrels upstairs, device for carrying, S. G. Francis, 456,559  
Battery, See Hollow bar.  
Bearing ball, A. L. Teator, 456,604  
Bed, folding, F. E. Stevens, 456,915  
Bending machine, J. H. Peters, 456,774  
Bicycle, A. N. Thompson, 456,004  
Bicycle wheel, C. A. Hartman, 456,815  
Briard, F. A. Eichler, 456,693  
Bin, See Flour bin.  
Bisulphites, apparatus for making, N. H. Brokaw, 456,791  
Blowing engine, S. P. Watt, 456,643  
Boats, paddle attachment for, Reim & Marx, 456,846  
Boiler, See Steam boiler.  
Boiler cleaner, T. E. Jones, 456,894  
Boiler making apparatus, J. Tetlow, 456,918  
Boilers, sediment trap for, Abrams & McGahan, 456,711  
Boilers, steam loop connection for steam, W. C. Kerr, 456,672  
Bolt, See Expansion bolt.  
Book, C. R. Brodie, 456,717  
Book, receipt, C. O. Tangeman, 456,862  
Boot or shoe heel, F. P. McIntyre, 456,677  
Bottle filling machine, G. Rehuss et al, 456,907  
Bouquet holder, R. A. Tyrrel, 456,745  
Box, See Hollow bar.  
Tooth powder box. File box. Ribbon box.  
Brace, See Extensible brace.  
Bracket, See Adjustable bracket.  
Brake, See Car brake. Vehicle brake.  
Brush, blacking, W. J. Scott, 456,911  
Burner, See Hydrocarbon burner. Lamp burner.  
Buttons to materials, securing shank, W. E. Bennett, 456,926  
Cake press, F. M. Leavitt, 456,656  
Camera, See Photographic camera.  
Can, See Oil can. Paint can.  
Cannon, A. R. Davis, 456,808  
Car body, J. Turner, 456,864  
Car brake, F. Meyer, 456,674  
Car brake, M. A. Yeakley, 456,750  
Car brake mechanism, A. J. Wright, 456,608  
Car coupling, E. P. Caldwell, 456,552  
Car coupling, J. T. Friend, 456,809  
Car coupling, L. Groff, 456,562  
Car coupling, C. E. Seabury, 456,858  
Car mileage register, C. C. Gale et al, 456,650  
Car replacer, D. E. Sherman, 456,780  
Car seat or cushion, H. S. Hale, 456,764  
Car spring, E. Peckham, 456,582  
Car starter, P. Flood, 456,762  
Car stock, J. F. Elder, 456,637  
Car ventilating window, F. D. Glover, 456,561  
Car wheel, W. F. Farmer, 456,835  
Cars, baggage slide for railway, G. D. Sherwin, 456,801  
Cars, mechanism for automatically operating end gates of, J. Parker, 456,904  
Cardboard boxes, apparatus for the manufacture of, A. F. Bird, 456,878  
Cart, See Cart.  
Cart, road, J. F. Mercereau, 456,581  
Case, See Tobacco case. Upright case.  
Cash register and indicator, D. W. Schiek, 456,912  
Cattle debarking implement, H. N. Joslyn, 456,575  
Ceiling plate, W. H. Stochman, 456,682  
Ceilinging machine, C. J. Jeppesen, 456,854  
Chocolate, preparing sterilized, G. H. Neuhaus et al, 456, 89  
Chucks, extension jaw for, W. J. C. Rowe, 456,854  
Churn, J. S. Oster, 456,839  
Churn power, hand and foot, A. F. & A. G. Bonham, 456,790  
Cigar bunching machine, C. Browning, 456,691  
Cigar bunching machine, J. Connell, 456,798  
Cigarette machine, J. V. Bohannan, 456,644  
Clamp, See Jeweler's work clamp. Knitting machine clamp. Pipe clamp.  
Clamp, B. J. Quinn, 456,834  
Clasp for curtains and the like, E. L. Perry, 456,836  
Cleaner, See Boiler cleaner.  
Cleva, A. D. Bruton, 456,793  
Clip, C. E. Soule, 456,743  
Clothes, See Laundry.  
Cloth folding machine, W. A. Richardson, 456,851  
Clutch, W. H. Johnson, 456,827  
Clutch and speed governor, friction, S. G. Henkel, 456,652  
Clutch, friction, W. B. Hosford, 456,571  
Clutch, friction, A. C. Rice, 456,642  
Coin, See Coin.  
Coin counter, W. P. Huffman, 456,701  
Concentrator and amalgamator, J. Rodermond, 456,852  
Condenser, R. P. Barnstead, 456,923  
Condenser regulator, electric, J. McBride, 456,835  
Condenser, water jet, E. Korting, 456,828  
Cooling, See Car cooling. Hose coupling.  
Crate, folding, S. W. Hurlburt, 456,653  
Cuffs and collar blanks, machine for infolding the edges of, J. K. P. Pine, 456,906  
Cultivator, sulky, J. L. Butler, 456,551  
Current motor, alternating, M. Von Dolivo-Dobrowolsky, 456,804  
Cuspidors, swing attachment for, S. Horseman, 456,620  
Cutter, See Twine cutter.  
Decorating fibrous plants, etc., machine for, J. H. Lorimer, 456,730  
Denture, artificial, W. H. Marshall, 456,626  
Derrick, windmill, T. O. Perry (r), 456,699  
Digger, See Post hole digger.  
Distilling apparatus, water, R. P. Barnstead, 456,922  
Door check, A. A. Page, 456,707  
Door check, G. W. Wright, 456,745  
Door track and hanger, C. O. Parsons, 456,841  
Draw bars, manufacture of, J. Green, 456,699  
Drawing instruments, magnetized head for, R. S. Carr, 456,553  
Drier, See Grain drier.  
Drill, J. Muirhead, 456,770  
Drill press, H. H. Fuller, 456,540  
Drying apparatus, V. F. J. Smith, 456,742  
Dust collector, J. J. Gerard, 456,810  
Dye, azo, C. A. Martius, 456,897  
Dyes, making azo, C. A. Martius, 456,627  
Dynamo driven by compressed air, regulation of, S. Popp, 456,593  
Eaves trough hanger, M. Bingham, 456,877  
Educational purposes, frame for holding blocks for, F. W. Preston, 456,708  
Electric circuit breaker for secondary generators, M. Feilbogen, 456,880  
Electric circuit, alternating system, H. V. Hayes, 456,817  
Electric light crane, C. H. Shirk, 456,859  
Electric wires, attachment for poles for, E. Verstraete, 456,683  
Electric wires, cable head for, U. H. Balsley, 456,611  
Electrical apparatus, coin-controlled, T. L. Brooks, 456,718  
Electrical distribution system, M. Feilbogen, 456,888  
Electro-motive force regulator, E. M. Bentley, 456,612  
Electrode for secondary batteries, O. C. Flick, 456,548  
Elevator guard, H. D. Swift, 456,641  
Embossing machine, E. Jaek, 456,724  
Engraving, See Engraving.  
Engine, See Blowing engine. Gas or vapor engine. Pumping engine. Steam engine.  
Engine bearing, Babbitt & Bailey, 456,921  
Expansion bolt, R. McGrath, 456,588

Extensible brace for excavations, W. J. Dunn, 456,849  
Fabric turning implement, V. Fernandez, 456,805  
Fare register, cab, W. Pigott, 456,945  
Feed rack, D. G. Hagenbaugh, 456,563  
Feed water heater, J. Baird, 456,712  
Feed water heater, locomotive, F. L. McGowan, 456,676  
Fence, H. C. Pratt, 456,637  
File box, Osborn & Foster, 456,591  
Filter, oil, Campbell & Flower, 456,797  
Firearm lock, F. D. Granger, 456,813  
Firearm's smoke protector, W. Bader, 456,687  
Fish hook, J. T. Prior, 456,76  
Fishing boat attachment, P. Costa, 456,720  
Flour bin and sifter, J. D. Field, 456,806  
Flour bolt, O. M. Morse, 456,584  
Food compound, G. F. Ordway, 456,943  
Footrest, T. N. Derby, 456,537  
Forking car coupling hooks, die for, J. Green, 456,832  
Fork, See Hay fork.  
Fruit and vegetable scoop and knife, E. O. Varel, 456,754  
Furnace, See Reverberatory furnace.  
Gauge, See Micrometer gauge. Water gauge.  
Gas lighter, automatic electric, A. Wunderlich, 456,685  
Gas lighter, electric, A. Wunderlich, 456,884  
Gas or vapor engine, Rollason & Hamilton, 456,563  
Gas retort charger, A. Hickenlooper, 456,659  
Gate, See Railway crossing gate.  
Gearing, chain, E. G. Latta, 456,729  
Gearing, toothed, M. P. Campbell, 456,790  
Generator, See Alternator.  
Gold chlorinating process, J. H. Pollok, 456,844  
Governor, steam engine, R. E. Olds, 456,837  
Grain bins, spout alarm for, W. G. Adams, 456,867  
Grain drier, F. H. C. Mey, 456,732  
Grain o, O. H. Peterson, 456,730  
Grinding and amalgamating mill, M. Crawford (r), 11,180  
Guard, See Elevator guard.  
Guns, reservoir for pneumatic, H. Eichbaum, 456,617  
Hair curler, L. E. Hervey, 456,819  
Hame and horse collar, combined, N. B. Riley, 456,650  
Hammer, power, C. M. Collins, 456,814  
Hanger, See Eaves trough hanger.  
Harvester, corn, McClure & Frie, 456,657  
Harvesters, sheaf carrier and dumper for, G. H. Howe, 456,825  
Hat clipping apparatus, S. T. Newman, 456,706  
Hat sweat band, J. Webb, 456,785  
Hay fork or grapple, C. Lardner, 456,628  
Hay press, C. D. McNeill, 456,633  
Hay rake and tedder, F. M. Quick, 456,545  
Hay rake, horse, A. H. Colby (r), 11,182  
Heat into mechanical energy, transforming, H. Munner, 456,831  
Heater, See Feed water heater. Water heater.  
Hoisting and conveying apparatus, C. L. Saunders, 456,640  
Hoisting apparatus, J. Gibbins, 456,763  
Hoisting machine, electric, H. Reynolds, 456,586  
Holder, See Bottle holder. Must holder. Nipple holder. Punching machine work holder.  
Hollow bar, E. L. Clark, 456,646  
Hook, See Fish hook.  
Hook, W. S. Whiting, 456,786  
Horse boot, M. B. Humes, 456,688  
Horse catcher, E. Hays, 456,816  
Horse cleaver and brake, A. H. Chilton, 456,618  
Hose coupling, C. L. Bastian, 456,756  
Hot water heater or boiler, E. B. Weston, 456,747  
Hydrocarbon burner, Blasdel & Morse, 456,815  
Ice cream freezer, Rube & Bartholomew, 456,810  
Ice shaving machine, F. O. Opitz, 456,838  
Incrustation preventive, J. E. Erem, 456,790  
Incubator, A. H. Burr, 456,794  
Indicator, See Speed indicator.  
Inking pad, A. Woodruff, 456,607  
Ink pads, machine for making, J. W. Bird, 456,544  
Insecticide, D. W. Staples, 456,832  
Insulator, span wire, W. S. Jarboe et al, 456,574  
Insulator, span wire, W. P. Seibert, 456,600  
Interchangeable switch and signal stand, automobile, N. Boyer, 456,658  
Ironing machine, M. McKay, 456,891  
Jeweler's work clamp, W. B. Fish, 456,582  
Kettle tilter, C. Sheffer, 456,682  
Knife, See Pocket knife.  
Knife and scissors sharpener, A. Fritschl, 456,618  
Knitting machine, S. Thurstensen, 456,807  
Knob attachment, C. L. Fitch, 456,814  
Knockdown table, E. G. Asmus, 456,752  
Ladder, extension, J. E. Gillespie, 456,651  
Lamp burner, J. E. Bohner, 456,881  
Lamp, electric, F. L. Sauter, 456,588  
Lamp, electric, F. B. Greenhalgh, 456,814  
Lamp fixture, J. E. Bohner, 456,880  
Lamp, oil, F. E. & S. Townsend, 456,642  
Lamps, letter displaying device for, Barringer & Johnston, 456,755  
Lands, means for reclaiming overflowed, T. F. Wirth, 456,749  
Lantern, A. L. Baron, 456,924  
Lantern, A. H. Crawford, 456,721  
Life preserver, C. A. L. Kopcke, 456,821  
Lock, See Alarm lock. Firearm lock. Seal lock.  
Lock, W. H. Taylor, 456,917  
Loom shuttle box operating mechanism, J. D. Butler, 456,550  
Loom shuttle raceway, G. C. Moore, 456,675  
Loom temple, E. S. Stimpson, 456,916  
Lubricator, M. B. Bangs, 456,714  
Machine, See Sewing machine.  
Machine, separating, D. E. Lain, 456,622  
Mail bag catcher, S. Wampler, 456,665  
Malt, manufacturing, F. W. Wiesbrock, 456,872  
Mast, jury, A. McDougall, 456,687  
Meat tenderizer, J. L. Fugate, 456,670  
Medical induction coil, H. C. Voelker, 456,748  
Micrometer gauge, S. H. Bellows, 456,875  
Mill, See Grinding and amalgamating mill.  
Quartz mill.  
Mirror, adjustable, J. & M. B. Elbert, 456,695  
Money order, safety, H. W. Campbell, 456,777  
Mop wringer, C. P. Reuter, 456,676  
Mop wringer, C. A. White, 456,666  
Motor, See Current motor.  
Mower, J. F. Steward, 456,782  
Music holder, C. H. Reynolds, 456,638  
Nail puller, 456,603  
Newspapers, machine for folding and mailing, J. E. Sawn, 456,599  
Nipple holder, H. B. Spencer, 456,840  
Nozzle for street sprinklers, W. H. Miller, 456,767  
Numbering machine, E. G. Bates, 456,774  
Oil and making the same, W. H. Miller, 456,590  
Oil and regulating the action of hydrostatic presses, process of and apparatus for expressing, J. H. Vaile, 456,606  
Oil can and siphon pump, T. Bumann, 456,758  
Organ, combination stop action for, L. D. Morris, 456,748  
Padlock, W. E. Sparks, 456,633  
Paint can, C. F. & C. F. Stites, 456,681  
Paint, vulcanized, L. W. Osborn, 456,659  
Paper, coin-operated machine for furnishing toilet, B. B. Babbitt, 456,788  
Pasteboard articles, manufacturing, F. T. Reim, 456,597  
Pasteboard boxes, machine for connecting the corners of, Saltzborn & Nicolai, 456,639  
Photograph apparatus, coin-controlled, F. Martin, 456,673  
Photographer's retouching and marking apparatus, C. Cutler, 456,842  
Photograph, apparatus, W. Perry, Jr., 456,842  
Photographic exposures, instrument for calculating, A. Watkins, 456,869  
Pipe clamp, J. Muirhead, 456,769  
Pipe connection, N. E. Smith, 456,781  
Pipe covering, steam, C. J. W. Shearer, 456,661  
Pipe, manufacture of, lead lined iron, G. W. Harrington, 456,927  
Planing machines, rotary cylinder and cutting knife for, S. Erb, 456,761  
Planter, corn, C. J. Brown, 456,548  
Pocket knife, C. Gerlach, 456,811  
Post hole digger, F. E. Kohler, 456,655  
Power, See Churn power.  
Press, See Baling press. Cake press. Drill press. Hay press. Printing press.  
Printers' rollers, apparatus for making, L. K. Bingham, 456,876  
Printing press, oscillating cylinder, W. Scott, 456,741  
Printing press sheet delivery apparatus, C. B. Cottrell, 456,680  
Protector, See Fireman's smoke protector. Wall protector.  
Pulley, See Nail puller.  
Pulley, V. H. Dodge, 456,722  
Pulley, Mershon & Richters, 456,731  
Pumping engine, duplex, R. Barnes, 456,753  
Punching machine, J. M. Long, 456,579  
Punching machine work holder, J. M. Long, 456,578  
Puzzle, M. L. Coire of lead lined iron, G. W. Harrington, 456,826  
Quartz mill, roller, C. C. Lane, 456,623  
Quitting machine, M. Koch, 456,726  
Quitting machine, L. Schultz, 456,734  
Rack, See Feed rack.  
Railway, steam or hot water, T. C. Joy, 456,895  
Railway, W. S. Herrington, 456,818  
Railway carriage, elevated, J. N. Valley, 456,867  
Railway carriages, brake for elevated, J. N. Valley, 456,867  
Railway crossing gate, T. Stebbins, 456,914  
Rake, See Hay rake.  
Ranges, hot water apparatus for cooking, G. T. Brewer, 456,757  
Rawhide and making the same, fullod, C. L. Royer, 456,850



