BECENTLY PATENTED INVENTIONS. Engineering.

STEAM ACTUATED VALVE. - Ila N. Moore, Battle Creek, Mich. By this invention the piston is provided with steam ports leading to the ends of the cylinder, and a valve is fitted to slide on the piston and control the ports and the steam inlet ports, the invention covering also certain parts and details designed to form an improved valve more specially adapted for use as motive power for steam pumps. The construction is simple and durable, and no steam chest is necessary for the operation of the device.

INSULATOR FOR MARINE CONDEN-SERS.- Peter Decker, Norwalk, Conn. A complete nonconductor of electricity is, by this invention, interposed between the adjacent portions of the exhaust steam pipe and the copper condensing tube, to prevent the rapid oxidation of the exposed iron portions of the propeller shaft, wheel and fittings, due largely to galvanic action from exposure to salt water of the copper tube forming the condenser and the iron parts. The invention covers a novel construction and combination of parts to make effective the introduction of an insulating joint by which the pipes may be connected in various ways, as may be desired in different engines.

Railway Appliances.

CAR COUPLING.-William Bentley, Lethbridge, Canada. This invention provides for a vibratory drawbar having a draught pin on its lower side that enters a slot in the drawhead, a transverse rocking lever loosely connected to the drawbar, a sliding latch bar moved by the drawhead, and a rock shaft which may be manipulated from the side of the car and is adapted to move the latch bar from below the rocking lever, with other novel features. It is a coupling of simple construction, and adapted to automatically couple cars of varying height, while the uncoupling may be effected from the sides or roof.

CAR COUPLING.-Edward P. Eastwick, Jr., New York City. Three patents have been granted this inventor, all relating to car couplers of thevertical plane type, and being improvements on two former patented inventions of the same inventor. The drawhead is provided with a virtually integral buffing plate or pin adapted to sustain the buffing strain of the knuckle, and which, if desired, may be made of harder metal than that of the drawhead. The pin or plate is also so located that a space will intervene between its side edges and the opposed faces of the drawhead shank, whereby the buffing plate or pin may be inserted when the drawhead is cast, and the head and shank be continuously and conveniently cored. The improved construction also provides for the ready removal of worn surfaces and injured bearings, and their renewal with perfect parts readily inserted in place, there being convenient means for uniting the tail bolt with and securing it in the shank of the drawhead. The line of draught and connections with the draught rigging of the car are also so arranged that when the knuckles of opposed drawbars are coupled they will be maintained in close engagement and subjected to a minimum of friction.

Mechanical Appliances.

VISE. - David F. Tallman, Lyme, N. H. This is a simple, strong and shapely device for wood or metal workers' use, and affords means to grip and hold a piece of work inclined forwardly at any desired angle, the vise and bench being also so made that the vise may be orbitally moved to throw the plane of the jaw faces at any desired angle to the front edge of the bench top, and be detachably secured when so swung, the alteration with regard to forward inclination of the jaws being permitted at any point of orbital ad justment.

VISE.-Charles Wies, Faulkton, South Dakota. This is an improvement in that class of vises in which a cam or eccentric is employed for clamping the sliding jaw, and the construction is such that when the lever is turned to a position over and in line with the tooth bar of the jaw, the jaw will be free to be moved by the hand forward or back. After the jaw has been adjusted to proper position the lever may be turned to either the right or left to tighten and clamp the jaws upon the object held. This vise is adapted for use as a right or left hand vise, and when any of the parts become worn or are broken they can be conveniently replaced at small cost.

ORE ROASTING DISH. - William F. Oden, Butte City, Montana. This invention relates to dishes such as used in an assayer's muffle, for roasting small quantities in assaying. The dish consists of a bowl with an annular inner rim, and bridges connecting this inner rim with an outer rim of the bowl, while the cover is formed like an inverted bowl and adapted to exposure through the openings in the main section. The chart affords convenience for a wide range of drill,

Miscellaneous,

FAN MOTOR. - Isidor Silverstein and Morris Savelson, New York City. This is an attachment for a rocking chair, to be actuated by the rocking of the chair and move one or more fans conveniently located to fan the occupant of the chair, the device admitting of a close folding adjustment of its parts when not in service.

COLORING SHINGLES. - Joseph D. Horton and Frank S. Lee, Chicago, Ill. This is a device for coloring flat articles, and adapted to be located over a receptacle, consisting of two cover sections connected by adjustable hinges, with brushes secured to the cover sections, the working surfaces of the brushes extending beyond the edges of the cover sections practically to an engagement, providing a simple means whereby shingles, etc., may be conveniently and expeditiously treated without waste of coloring material.

FILTER. - Jacob A. Fulton, Astoria. Oregon. Combined with a casing having an inlet and outlet is a bag of wire gauze containing the filtering material, a canvas covering being arranged around the wire gauze shell, in the lower end of which is secured a ring, while a cover and bottom are arranged on the ends of the shell and each provided with a coarse wire netting and layers of fine wire gauze. The filter is economical of construction and easily cleaned, hot water being preferably used in washing out the impurities lodged in the bag.

LETTER BOX.-William Shempp, Wiliamsport, Pa. Combined with the letter opening of a door and a letter-receiving bag secured over such opening, is a box or frame in which a name holder is pivoted in bearings, a spring holder being arranged to actuate the name plate and secure the holder in bearings, while the upper side of the mouth of the bag is provided with a spring whereby it is held normally closed and may be expanded for the insertion of the hand. The device forms a combined door plate and letter receiver.

EXHIBITION RACK. - Henry A. Buchholz, New York City. This is a device for supporting a number of articles for display, as hats, etc., and capable of being folded up in a small space for storage in a sample trunk or other receptacle. It is designed as an improved article of manufacture consisting of end posts or uprights provided with apertured blocks and end and side rods pivotally connecting the blocks.

SHOE LACE FASTENER.-William Wellock, Salt Lake City, Utah. This is a simple and inexpensive device for securing the ends of shoe laces, the invention consisting in the peculiar construction and arrangement of the parts of a button or clasp made all in one piece and designed to be set in the leather of the shoe after the manner of an eyelet. The edge or periphery of the head of the fastener is designed to slightly bury in the lace at the point where the wraps cross forming a detent that holds the lace against becoming unwrapped.

NECKTIE FASTENER.—Joseph Walter New York City. This invention provides an improved button and clasp, the clasp being adapted for spring engagement with the head of a stud, such as a collar button, means being also provided whereby such buttons and clasps to be used in conjunction with them may be employed as fastening devices for articles of apparel.

BROOM. - Philip C. Newbaker, Danville, Pa. In this brush a broad elastic metal plate or spring is interposed between the brush or broom head and the handle to give elasticity to the broom, which may have splints of wire, fiber, or other suitable material. This plate is attached to the handle through a socket, the plate spreading out to a width at the bottom equal to that of the broom head, to which it is attached by opposite side flanges, being fastened to the wooden block or head by screws.

BUCKLE.-Ernest J. Neuville, London, England. This invention relates to buckles mainly used for fastening the back straps of garments, but also applicable to other straps presenting independent ends It is adapted to lie flat, presenting no objectionable projections, and may be readily entirely detached. No button is needed on the strap, and the buckle has no prongs to puncture or tear the strap, the fastening being effected principally by movable pivoted gripping or clamping end limbs.

TEACHER'S CHART.-Arthur L. Gillis, Mount Pleasant, Iowa. This is a chart for teaching addition, the invention being an improvement on former patented invention of the same inventor. It has a casing with upper and lower shutters, a main section with openings and intermediate dead spaces, the latter provided with numerals, and a series of vertically adjustable strips, provided with numbers of greater value in double rows, alternated by numbers of less value, for

the boiler, and affords the means of holding up the apparatus by hand when a burner instead of a stove is employed in the distilling.

COATING FOR PILES, ETC.-Frederick E. Lampert, San Francisco, Cal. This is a compound to be applied to timber that is to be submerged, to preboring by the teredo and other worms, and to preserve the timber against water rot or decay. The compound consists of a mixture of coal tar, asphalt, oxide of copper, fl h oil, oxalic acid, and salt, in certain proportions, and prepared and applied after a prescribed manner.

SCREEN.-William S. Pollitt, Walsenburg. Col. A simple and durable device, especially adapted for screening coal and delivering it to cars or other vehicles, is provided by this invention. The construction is such that the coal will pass slowly over the screens and be screened by laterally reciprocating the sieves, means being provided whereby any one of the screens or sieves may be removed and one of finer or coarser mesh be substituted.

ROPE HOLDER AND FASTENER. Robert Osborne, Homestead, Pa. This invention provides a rope clamp consisting of a casting or stock having a rope passage through it and a pivoted cam or tongue, the lower end of which crosses the rope passage, while there is a rope guide in the form of a hook on the back of the cam or tongue, above its lower end. The plate or socket piece is designed to be fixedly secured by screws or otherwise to a post or building, the device forming a convenient means for holding and fastening awnings, clothes lines, etc.

PIANO PEDAL ATTACHMENT.-George C. A. Class, Philadelphia, Pa. This is an improve-ment on a former patented invention of the same inventor. The attachment is simple and durable in construction, and can be readily applied and adjusted to any desired height to accommodate persons of different stature in playing upon the instrument. The device also forms a foot rest for the performer to rest the feet upon while not using the pedals.

Note.-Copies of any of the above patents will be furnished by Munn & Co., for 25 cents each. Please end name of the patentee, title of invention, and date of this paper.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN BUILDING EDITION. JULY NUMBER.-(No. 69.)

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 1. Elegant plate in colors and floor plans showing a colonial cottage at Brookline, Mass. An admira ble design. Cost \$4,500 complete.
- Colored plate illustrating a row of dwellings with 2. ornamental fronts, erected at Philadelphia. Perspective and floor plans. Cost from \$7,500 to \$5,800 complete. Architects G. U. & U. D. Hewitt, Phila.
- A residence at Longwood, near Boston, Mass. An excellent design. Floor plans, perspective elevation, etc. Cost \$8,700 complete. Brigham & Spofford, architects, Boston,
- View of the new building for the Hibernia Savings and Loan Society at San Francisco, Cal,
- 5. A stone residence at Germantown, Pa. Cost \$10,245 complete. Perspective and floor plans.
- Perspective and plans of the country residence of Mr. Walter E. Rex, at Chestnut Hill, Pa. Cost \$14,000 complete.
- A very attractive and convenient cottage, of colonial 7. style, erected at Longwood, Mass. Cost \$4,500 complete. Messrs. Rand & Taylor, of Boston. architects.
- Perspective view of the new and substantial residence of E. A. Merrill, Esq., at Minneapolis, Minn.
- Nine double houses of Queen Anne style erected at Syracuse, N. Y., by Mr. E. E. Price, at a cost of \$75,000. Plans and perspective.
- coach house and stable erected for Mr. Walter Rex at Chestnut Hill, Pa. Plan and perspective view. Cost \$1,000 complete,
- 11. A suburban cottage at Brookline, Mass., of colonial architecture. Cost \$3,600 complete.
- 12. Design for a two story summer residence. R. A. Briggs, architect.
- A picturesque design for a gardener's lodge 14. Cottage at Narberth Park, Pa. Cost \$4,500 com-
- plete. Perspective view and floor plans. 15. A farm house for \$1,000. Floor plans and perspective elevation.

Business and Personal.

The charge for Insertion under this head is One Dollar a line for each insertion : about eight words to a line. Advertisements must be received at publication office as early as

Thursday morning to appear in the following week's issue. I wish to buy second hand lathes, planers, drills, shapboilers, and machinery. Must be in order. Will pay cash. W. P. Davis, Rochester, N. Y.

Acme engine, 1 to 5 H. P. See adv. next issue.

Presses & Dies. Ferracute Mach. Co., Bridgeton, N. J. Best Ice and Refrigerating Machines made by David Boyle, Chicago, Ill. 170 machines in satisfactory use.

Steam Hammers, Improved Hydraulic Jacks, and Tube Expanders. R. Dudgeon, 24 Columbia St., New York. Screw machines, milling machines, and drill presses.

The Garvin Mach. Co., Laight and Canal Sts., New York. Drop Forgings. Bronze Forgings. Upward of 3,000 different articles. Billings & Spencer Co., Hartford, Conn. Tight and Slack Barrel Machinery a specialty. John Greenwood & Co., Rochester, N. Y. See illus. adv., p. 300. For the original Bogardus Universal Eccentric Mill. Foot and Power Presses, Drills, Shears, etc., address J. S. & G. F. Simpson, 26 to 36 Rodney St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The best book for electricians and beginners in electricity is "Experimental Science," by Geo. M. Hopkins. By mail, \$4: Munn & Co., publishers, 361 Broadway, N.Y.

Wanted-An intelligent foundryman as foreman of a good sized foundry. Must thoroughly understand moulding, and handling of men, be strictly temperate, and honest. Only those who can give the best of references will be considered. This proposition is from a responsible firm. Address " L.," 21 Park Place, New York City.

Send for new and complete catalogue of Scientific nd other Books for sale by Munn & Co., 361 Broadway, New York. Free on application.



HINTS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

- HINTS TO CORRESPONDENTS. Names and Address must accompany all letters, or no attention wilb be paid thereto. This is for our information and not for publication. References to former articles or answers should give dateof paper and page or number of question. Inquiries not answered in reasonable time should be repeated; correspondents will bear in mind that some answers require not a little research, and, though we endeavorto reply to all either by letter or in this department, each must take his turn. Special Written Information on matters of personal rather than general interest cannot be expected without remuneration. Scientific American Supplements referred to may be had at the office. Price 10 cents each. Books referred to promptly supplied on receipt of I

Minerals sent for examination should be distinctly marked or labeled.

(3130) W. R. asks: What is the cause or the stain in the inclosed print? By 'holding it up to the light and looking through it, you will see that it has the appearance of an oil spot. I have had considerable trouble of this kind recently, and am at a loss to know how to avoid it. Have tried to be careful with my hypo. Is it the fault of silvering or carelessness in handling and due to hypo? How can I remedy the fault? The paper is "N. P. A. Dresden," silver bath, hydrometer test about 45. A. The trouble appears to be due to insufficient fixing of the print at the spots, caused probably by the face of one print coming in close contact and sticking to the print either above or below it. Try constantly moving the prints while fixing.

(3131) J. H. J. asks: 1. When receipts are given including parts both of liquids and solids, if not specified, should the liquids be weighed or measured ? For instance, in answer to question 2673, it says 1 part nitrate of ammonia and 2 parts of water. A. By weight always, unless otherwise specified. 2. Can calcium chloride (CaCl₂) be used over and over again in drying gases, and what is the best way to fuse it? A. Yes. Heatit in an iron pan with frequent stirring. The heat need not be pushed to fusion. It may be used in the loosely granular condition in which it is left by stirring. 3. I have tried several times the experiment of showing the composition of water by synthesis, passing H over heated CuO, but have never been able to get exactly the result of 1:8 as it should be. What is the best way of doing it in order to get the true result ? A. We can give no specific instructions beyond suggesting that the operation has to be conducted with great care and that a full degree of chemical skill or manipulation is requisite to obtain quantitative results.

(3132) E. E. K. asks for a receipt or preparation for frosting windows so they will look as they do just after a hard freeze, something that will crystallize and not come off by washing with water. A. A very simple preparation is to place a piece of putty in a rag, wrapping it tightly therein, and to " dab" the glass therewith. After the application has dried it may be varnished. A strong solution in water of sulphate of soda or of alum is often applied. This will not be waterproof unless varnished, and the latter will interfere with the effect. Photographer's ground glass varnish will give a flat, opaque surface. (3133) F. J. F. asks: Please give me a receipt for hardening wood pulp, what chemicals are used, and how pickled for use, before being put in a mould to be pressed in different shapes and so that it will not stick to the mould when cold. A. Various substances can be used to harden the pulp, such as glue, starch and gum arabic, tragacanth, etc. The dry pulp should be mixed with as thin mucilage as is possible to make it stick together when pressed. White clay or kaolin can be also mixed with the pulp to make it like a putty. The moulds should be slightly oiled to keep from sticking.

designed to prevent loss of ore in use, at the same time giving free access of air to the contents of the dish.

SEWING MACHINE. -Jerome T. Bowyer, Winfield, West Va. This invention relates to attachments readily applicable to various makes of sewing machines which have a lower shuttle, and which make a lock stitch, whereby the stitch may be changed to chain stitch when desired. The attachments are arranged in connection with operative parts of the machine, and are adapted to be quickly thrown into or out of operative position, thereby permitting either style of stitch to be made by the machine.

MEAT CHOPPING MACHINE.-William H. Ashton, Seward, Neb. The chopping block on which the meat is placed is caused to revolve by the operating of a shaft by a crank arm, the shaft at the same time operating a frame carrying a series of knives with curved cutting edges to give a rocking motion to the knife blades over the block, the rocking motion being controlled by friction rollers. The knife blades are thus made to rock over the revolving meat on the block, coming continually in contact with new portions until every part has been acted upon and the meat is thoroughly chopped.

the teacher closing the upper shutters for primary drill.

ADJUSTABLE HEARTH, - Joseph H Bennett, St. Joseph, Mo. A vertically movable heat effluent box is adapted to discharge heat when elevated through a floor, and provide a hearth when its top is aligned with or is near the floor, there being mechanism for the vertical ad justment of the box, the preferred use being to distribute heat in rooms directly above a cellar or basement. The improvement is designed to serve the double purpose of a heat effluent in cold weather and afford a chimney hearth when the heat is not needed.

DISTILLING APPARATUS.-William P. Swartz, Telluride, Col. This is a simple apparatus, designed mainly for the use of druggists and chemists. for distilling water and other liquids. The boiler is preferably conical, and has a filling tube, while a stand pipe rising from the center of the boiler is surmounted by a water tank, in the center of which is a conical chamber with which the stand pipe communicates. As the vapor condenses in this conical chamber it flows off through a spout in its bottom. A flange or collar on the stand pipe protects the water tank from the heat of

16. Miscellaneous contents: Decorative treatment and materials .- Wall paper .- The hall .- The Bexley system of emptying cesspools. - Decorative don'ts .- Heat from the moon .- An improved hot water heater, illustrated .- Improved steel ceiling, illustrated .- Foundations under water. - Staircase and balaster designs, illustrated .- Enrichments for mouldings, friezes, etc., illustrated .-Concrete .- The Richardson & Boynton heater, illustrated

The Scientific American Architects and Builders Edition is issued monthly. \$2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Forty large quarto pages, equal to about wo hundred ordinary book pages; forming, practically, a large and splendid MAGAZINE OF ARCHITEC-TURE, richly adorned with elegant plates in colors and with fine engravings, illustrating the most interesting examples of Modern Architectural Construction and allied subjects.

The Fullness, Richness, Cheapness, and Convenience of this work have won for it the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any Architectural publication in the world. Sold by all newsdealers.

> MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, \$61 Broadway, New York.

(3134) F. H. writes: 1. I am thinking of making a collection of birds' eggs. What is the best mode for keeping them from spoiling ? Can they be kept indefinitely after this mode has been used without