rado granite, the balance of Colorado brick. The interior will be constructed with steel beams and fireproof tile arches. The building, together with the plot ( $125 \times 200$ feet), will cost $\$ 1,880,000$.
Messrs. Andrews, Jaques \& Rantoul, of Boston and Denver, are the architects. The erection of the building is in charge of William M. Scanlon, wanager of construction, and John S. Brisbrie, superintendent.

## The Work of the Cooper Union.*

The Cooper Union of Science and Art was not ounded for science or for art, but forman. And it has been steadily directed with that purpose in view. While, on the one hand, there has always been a regular course, through which students might pass, obtaining what we all desire, if we are so fortunate as to have the necessary time and opportunity-a systematic preparatory training, such as the graduates of to-night have enjoyed-the facilities of special departments of the Cooper Union have been enlarged from time to time, to suit the needs of the workingmen and workingwomen of New York, not as those needs are conceived according to some profound theory of what they ought to be, but as experience has proved what they actually are.
The great mathematician and wit, Professor De Morgan, of Oxford, praised in one of his essays (reprinted after his death in that quaint and charming book "A Budget of Paradoxes") the practical common sense and individuality of a rheumatic old gentleman, who, finding no ready-made chairs that fitted him, just spread on a board a mass of shoemaker's wax, then sat upon it until it had exactly adjusted itself to his anatomy, and then took the wax mould to a cabinet waker, saying, "There ! make me a seat like that !"
The illustration is a homely one ; but it precisely represents the manner in which the operations of the Cooper Union, wisely adjusted to the public pressure have been fitted to the public need. The relative usefulness of every department has been tested by its results. Everybody connected with the management knows how Peter Cooper used to welcome, year after year, the practical proof of this point-the evidence that so many men or women had gained, in the classes here, the power to earn increased wages; how this or that student in the Cooper Union had made himself more useful in the world by reason of the knowledge here obtained. These were the statistics he loved.
Another generous man, Ezra Cornell, gave to the institution he founded a motto, declaring in substance
 anything." A noble charter, indeed, embracing at once all branches of human knowledge and all seekers after knowledge, without distinction of color, class, condition or sex. And Cornell University is a noble expression of this ideal-though necessarily imperfect still, because the idealitself demands for its full realization yet vaster endowments in money, and, beyond that, the ripe results of time in the maturing of great scholars, and the appreciation of them. Money alone will not accomplish everything. If I am not mistaken, the richest university in the world to-day is the State University of Texas, the endowment of which is estiwated, as I am informed, to be worth $\$ 50,000,000$. That is a grand provision for the future; and the future is never far off in the United States of America. But meanwhile, even for the sake of the future, we have to deal with the present, and the prime purpose of the Cooper Union was not to establish a su perfluons rival to Columbia, or the University of New York, but to aid the working people of New York-the class which will always exist, no matter what great univer sities may hold above its head the culture to which only a small part of the community may aspire. Thus this institution stands to-day, a University of the People, the type and model of many others of its class; and wy old friend and sch oolmate, the President of Columbia, never occupied a more dignified or consistent position than when he stood upon this platform last February to praise the character of Peter Cooper and the institution which Peter Cooper created.
The proof that the Cooper Union supplies a great want with a great relief is over whelming. One branch of it-and one branch only-is seen in such gathering as that which our alumni organized in February last to celebrate the centennial of Peter Cooper's birth. How the testimony of that meeting would have rejoiced his heart. What could be more glorious and grateful to any man, either before the tribunal of history or at the higher tribunal of the judgment day than the glad witness of thousands who have received from him the one gift that neither impoverishes the giver nor pauperizes the recipient-the gift of knowledge, which is power!

## The Speed of Electricity.

It requires about three seconds to transmit an elec trical signal through the Atlantic cable. The speed at which electricity travels amounts to several thousand miles per second, but the electrostatic resistance of the cable reduces this speed to about 1,000 miles per second * A bstract from the addreas of Dr. R. W. Raymond at the commencement of the Cooper Union, May 28, 1891

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WAY-An interesting paper on the great river and its work and
history I. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.-How to Find the Crack.




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## INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF GEOLOGISTS

Official notice has been given of the approaching sessions of the Fifth Geological Congress in time to enable foreign delegates to arrange for their attend ance. It has been wisely planned to have severa important scientitic bodies meet successively in the rooms of the Columbian University, Washington D. C. From August 19th to 22d, there will be meet ings of the sections and various allied societies of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, of which the foreign delegates will be honorary members. The Geological Society of America will be con vened August 24 th and 25 th, in whose discussions for eign guests may also participate. The International Congress will be in session from August 26 th to September 2d. The daily hours will be for the council, $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$., and for the congress $11 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. and 2.30 P . M., with lectures, receptions, etc., in the evening. Be sides the consideration of reports and other routin business, the following subjects will be made specia topics for consideration

1. Time correlation of the Clastic rocks by structura data, e. g., stratigraphical, lithological, and physio graphical : and correlation by paleontological data $e . g$., by fossil plants, and animals, marine and terrestrial.
2. General geological color schemes and other graphic conventions.
3. Genetic classification of the Pleistocene rocks.

Reduced rates on the Inman, Red Star, N. German Lloyd, and Netherlands-American lines of ocean steaners have been arranged for with Thos. Cook \& Son, varying with location of stateroom and numbe of occupants, the range being, for return tickets, frow $\$ 85$ to $\$ 122$ and upward. Return tickets will be good for six months from date of sailing. The principal United States railroads will make a reduction of one third on regular rates. Hotel rates at Washington will also be reduced one-third to delegates and members. A number of delightful excursions will be made after the congress adjourns, through the Appalachian coal fields, the copper and iron regions of Lake Superior, the Southern iron region, the Devonian beds of New Yorks, stc. A graña Western excureion, sovening more than 6,000 miles in length, and traversing 39 degrees of longitude, and crossing twenty States and Territories of the United States, and a portion of Canada, will be taken from September 2d to 26 th, at a cost of $\$ 265$, including transportation, lodging, meals, and coaches in Yellowstone Park. Branch excursions will be made to Shoshone Falls and to the Grand Cañon of the Colorado-the latter under guidance of Major J. W. Powell; while competent geologists will likewise accompany all the various excursion parties. Inquiries as to details of final arrangements should be addressed to Prof. S. F. Emmons, Secretary of the Committee of Organization 1330 F Street, Washington, D. C.

## STEAMSHIP IMPROVEMENTS.

The latest plan to improve the draught of the fur aaces of ocean steamers is to increase the height of the smoke pipes. The new steamer Scot, of the Cape Mail Line, is provided with smoke stacks 120 feet high above the grates, being the loftiest pipes ever put into a steamer. A draught of $3 / 4$ inch water pressure is thu obtained, all the steam needed is easily secured, and the use of fans is dispensed with. Her speed is 19 knots.

The Scot is 502 ft . long over all, 460 ft . on the water line, 54 ft .6 in . beam, 37 ft .6 in . deep. Tonnage 7,000. Built of steel. Fourteen watertight compartments. Draws 23 ft . with 2,800 tons of coal on board. Twin screws, $8,000 \mathrm{~h}$. p. engines, two sets of triple expansion engines, $341 / 2 \mathrm{in}$., $57 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$., 92 in . by 60 inch. Six double euded boilers, pressure 170 lb .; 36 furnàces. The suc cess of the tall chimneys of the Scot will probably lead to the trial of even higher pipes. The above vesse could clear the floor of our Brooklyn bridge, which is 119 ft . above high water. If our great war steamer should be piped in accordance with the latest and best engineering practice, they will be debarred from the Brooklyn navy yard, unless they approach from the Hell Gate side of the great bridge. It was an error on the part of the Secretary of War to allow so low a floor for the bridge. At present, all the larger ships are obliged to dismantle and lower their topmasts in order to pass under the Brooklyn bridge.

## Pleuro-Pneumonia in England.

The outbreak of this disease in the herds of the Eas Riding and the action taken by the Agricultural De partment have caused quite a stir among the agricul turists of Yorkshire. The number of animals ordered to be slaughtered is 170 . The slaughter is expected to occupy ten days in all, and the value of the beasts de stroyed and to be destroyed is estimated at fully $\$ 15,000$, which will be paid by the Agricultural De partment of the Privy Council. The outbreak of the malady, which is on a scale unprecedented in so smal an area, will probably affert the cattle

