# RECENTLY PATENTED INVENTIONS. Engineering.

ROTARY ENGINE.-Willis and Lyman Carter, Spokane Falls, Washington. In this engine the main shaft has central bores extending from each end to an opening in a central crank portion of the shaft, upon which a compound cylinder is mounted, in connection with various novel features, whereby it is designed the engine may be run at high speed, will be evenly balanced, and very durable, while generating power with a small amount of steam.

#### Railway Appliances.

CAR AXLE BOX. - William Cross, Winnipeg, Canada. By this invention the bearing block has a pendent tapered front end forming side passages for the lubricant, while the tallow box has a bottom outlet in front of the block and directly over the cross bar, being an improvement in that class of boxes in which the journals rotate in contact with a liquid lubricant held in the bottom of the boxes.

TRAIN ORDER ANNUNCIATOR. Leonard T. Crabtree, Oconto, Wis. This invention provides a device designed to prevent the operator from receiving train orders on a telegraph instrument until he has set a train order signaling device for display on the track, and to insure the exhibition of the signaling device while the operator has an order for an approach ing train, the registration being such that each train conductor will be enabled to ascertain without inquiry if one or more orders are awaiting his arrival.

#### Mechanica),

CUTTING TOOL.-Richard Gabel, Dresden, Germany. This tool has an internally threaded open rear end and a centrally apertured front, with centrally apertured cutting and centering plates held spaced apart at its front, and is adapted for use as a mandrel or spindle head upon turning lathes, drill making machines, etc., or as a hand implement for cutting or shaping material under rotation.

COP SPINDLE FOR REELS. - I saac Walker, Philadelphia, Pa. This is an improvement in spindles used in a reel to hold the cop while the yarn is drawn off to form a skein, and provides means whereby the cop tube will be held in firm engagement with the spindle until all the varn has been reeled off, thus preventing waste.

CAN CAPPING MACHINE. - Mathias Jensen, Astoria, Oregon. A conveyer is mounted to swing vertically and longitudinally to carry the can body forward to a stationary bed mould, while a clamping mould actuated from the arm is adapted to clamp the can body on the stationary bed mould while the caps are forced on to it sends, thus automatically applying the caps on a certain class of can bodies.

#### Electrical.

ELECTRIC DOOR OPENER. - Louis Bates, Jersey City, N. J. This invention is designed to improve door openers where a pivoted latch is employed, which is held in closed position by a pawl that is pressed forward by a spring and adapted to be forced out of engagement with the pivoted latch by an armature-controlled electro-magnet.

CORNSTALK HARVESTER. - Peter S. Lundgren, Marysville, Kansas. This is a machine to be operated by two men and a horse drawing the machine between the rows, the stalks being cut from two rows at the same time, the machine being simple in construction and effective for its purpose.

DRAUGHT EQUALIZER. - Thomas Thompson, Townsend, Montana. This is a device especially adapted for use in connection with mowing machines, and is designed to lighten the work for the team, being so constructed that as the machine is moved forward the draught bar will exert sufficient forward pressure on the rear edge of the finger bar to overcome any tendency toward a side movement, thereby holding the finger bar always at a right angle to the tongue and the tongue straight with the team.

### Miscellaneous,

THERMOMETER FOR SAD IRONS. -August Nicolaus, New York City. A thermostat bar. formed of two parallel strips of metal expanding unequally, is attached to the sad iron, and one section is connected to a movable pointer, which is operated by the flexing of the bar to indicate by means of a dial whether the iron is sufficiently heated, or cold, or too hot to do proper work.

HYDRANT. - William R. Thropp,

and a grate to receive the garbage, the grate being about as high as the grate bars of one fire box and extending partly over the grate bars of the other fire box the furnace effectively burning wet or dry garbage

GLOBE HOLDER. - Howard R. Burk. New York City. A series of springs is secured on a frame and adapted to press on the globe, arms extending from the springs to form convenient handles, the device being readily applicable to a gas or other fixture to permit of conveniently attaching or detaching the globe and securely holding it in place.

STARCH TABLE.-John A. Ostenberg, Des Moines, Iowa. This is a continuous automatic device for use in the manufacture of starch to recover the starch from the water or alkaline solutions, a tube supplying the starch liquid to an annular table with raised edges, a scoop lifting the starch from the table, a conveyer removing the starch, and a discharge pipe carrying off the water, thus saving manual labor and avoiding the difficulties of the old system.

EDUCATIONAL APPLIANCE. - Adolph F. C. Garben, Hoboken, N. J. This is a readily manipulated game board or chart in which examples in arithmetic may be performed with precision and ease the board having vertical channels whose lower ends are connected by a transverse channel, an outer storage channel, and numeral buttons sliding in the channels.

TREATING SEWAGE. - Charles W. Chancellor, Baltimore, Md. This invention covers an improvement on a formerly patented process and apparatus of the same inventor for discharging solid and liquid matters from the soil pipe under a column or bed of water, separating continuously the solid matters in a sealed receptacle, and filling the supernatant fluids, putrefactive fermentation of the solids being prevented by exclusion of air, and the formation of deleterious gases avoided.

TYPEWRITING MACHINE.-Audley E. Harnsberger, Staunton, Va. This machine has two type wheels, a letter and a character wheel, and a shifter, whereby three kinds of letters or characters may be operated by one set of key levers, with other novel features, the machine being compact in form and designed to be easily manipulated, while it is less expensive than the machines most commonly used, and presents a key board that is simple in arrangement and easily comprehended.

DRAUGHTING INSTRUMENT. - Robert L. Barnhart, Pittsburg, Pa. This is an instrument designed for use in the offices of architects, civil engineers, etc., for drawing machines and elevations and plotting contours of ground, the instrument having different scales and being readily adjustable for a considerable

variety of work. CARDBOARD MACHINE. - John Mc-Coy, York, Pa. As cards are ordinarily made by pasting two or more layers of paper together, this invention provides a machine for easily and effectively perform ing such work, comprising paper supports, pressure rolls, tension devices, and driers, the machine being designed to unite linen, cotton, or other cloth with the paper when so desired.

HORSESHOEING RACK. - Samuel M. Martin, Sidney, Ohio. This is an adjustable device adapted to fit all sized animals, to hold any part of the animal in any desired position, as may be most convenient for the operator, while relieving the animal of all strain, a supporting rack being suspended from a scaffold, in connection with a transverse shifting bar and rope and pulley attachments.

CUSPIDOR. - Charles L. Beers, Scranton, Pa. This invention provides a reversible bowl beneath which is arranged a discharge trough, a source of water supply being arranged to wash against the bowl when inverted, in connection with devices for reversing the bowl and turning on the water supply.

Note.-Copies of any of the above patents will be furnished by Munn & Co., for 25 cents each. Please send name of the patentee, title of invention, and date of this paper.

## NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

WEDDING'S BASIC BESSEMER PROCESS Translated from the German by Wil-liam B. Phillips and Ernst Prochaska. New York : Scientific Publishing Company. 1891. Pp. v, 224. Price \$3.50.

This excellent work goes into the details of the Be emer steel process from a largely Continental standpoint. Its numerous plates and illustrations elucidate the text, and it contains large numbers of analyses and physical tests, and various formulas and tables of dimensions. Thoroughness is everywhere conspicuous The utilization of the slag is treated of in a short chapter, and among the results of the process dephosphorization in the open hearth process, the natura

concluding the series. It is beautifully printed and very fully illustrated. Prof. Egleston's standing in Columbia College and his many years' familiarity with the work done in different parts of America give his work a peculiar value. Of course, it is impossible to review so extensive a work in the space allotted it in this column. So we can do no more than to recommend it to all progressive metallurgists.

SPINNING TOPS. With numerous illus-trations. By Professor John Perry. L on d on: Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge. New York: J. B. Young & Co. 1890. Pp. 136. Price \$1 Price \$1.

A very pleasing addition to the well known "Romance of Science Series" is presented in this book. The subject of top spinning is of fascinating interest to two classes of observers, the boy and the advanced scien-tist. Prof. Perry treats his subject in a very popular way and shows its applicability to explaining some of the most recondite laws of nature, notably those of polarized light.

SOAP BUBBLES AND THE FORCES WHICH MOULD THEM. By C. V. Boys. Illus-trated. (Publishers as above.) 1890. Pp. 178. Price \$1.

Mr. Boys has won a world-wide reputation by his exquisite skill in handling and operating with the minute forces of nature. His lectures on soap bubbles have met with great appreciation, and it seems none too soon to have them presented in book form. The numerous illustrations and the elaborate explanations of manipulations give the work interest for young and old. We feel that it deserves special recommendation to our readers.

DYNAMOS AND ELECTRIC MOTORS, AND ALL ABOUT THEM. By Edward Trevert. Illustrated. 1891. Bubier Pp. 96. Publishing Co., Lynn, Mass. Price 50 cents.

The subject of dynamo and motor construction for mateurs is treated of in this little work. The descriptions are entirely practical, little or nothing in the way of calculations being given. One of the cleverest things in the book is the motor with field magnets made out of gas pipe.

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# SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN BUILDING EDITION. MARCH NUMBER.-(No. 65.)

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 1. Plate in colors showing the residence of P. H. Hodges, at Stratford, Conn. Perspective view. floor plans, etc. Cost complete \$8,000.
- Handsome colored plate of an elegant residence in Riverside Park, New York City. Floor plans, perspective elevation, etc. Cost \$30,000.
- 3. Residence at Bridgeport, Conn. Perspective view floor plans, etc. Cost about \$7,000. 4. Handsome residence of Mr. F. Chamberlain, at Hart
- ford, Conn. Francis H. Kimball, of New York City, architect. Floor plans, perspective elevation. etc. Cost \$60,000 complete. 5. Illustrations of two attractive semi-detached houses
- erected for Mr. A. L. Pennock, at Philadelphia Pa. Floor plans and perspective. Approximate cost \$15,000 each. F. U. Beal, New York. architect.
- 6. Floor plans and photographic view of a residence a Edgecombe Court, Chicago, Ill. Estimated cost \$5,400.
- 7. A pillar cottage erected for Mr. G. W. Childs, at Wayne, Pa. Cost \$6,000 complete. Perspective and floor plans.
- 8. Handsome residence at Hartford. Conn., W. B. Tubbey, architect, New York. Cost \$19,000 complete. Floor plans and perspective.
- 9. Two floor plans and photographic view of an attractive residence at Austin, Chicago, Ill. Estimated cost \$7,000.
- 10. A very convenient and attractive suburban cottage of modern design, erected for Mr. E. W. Given, at Mont Rose, Orange, N. J. Cost \$5,500 complete. Messrs. Rossiter & Wright, architects, New York. Floor plans and perspective.
- 11. Residence at Alexander Avenue, Buena Park, Chicago. Estimated cost \$5,000 complete. Plans and photographic view.
- 12. Photographic perspective view of the residence of Mr. Frank Crowell, Minneapolis, Minn. F. E.

# Business and Personal.

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- Minerals sent for examination should be distinctly marked or labeled.

(2903) H. K. G. asks: 1. What is the omposition of the cement used to repair rubbers? A.

- a. Masticated caoutchouc..... 10 parts.
- b. Masticated caoutchouc. ..... 10 66
  - Resin.4Venice turpentine.2
  - Oil of turpentine..... 40

Melt the cut-up caoutchouc and resin together before solution b, add the Venice turpentine and then dissolve. Mix both solutions. Dip a piece of cloth in thesolution and apply to surface, previously brushed over with cement. 2. Please give also a receipt for a leather cement. A. Bisulphide of carbon solution of gutta percha. See "Rubber Hand Stamps and the Manipulation of India Rubber," \$1 by mail.

(2904) H. C. O. sends photos. of a fine optical lantern made from suggestions obtained from 'Experimental Science,'' also a successful home-made cycloidotrope constructed at a small expense. He also sends a photo. of a lantern experiment representing a volcanic eruption in full blast. The apparatus consists of a glass tank with a crater projecting down into it. In the crater are inserted two drop tubes, one containing aniline red, the other black. By dexterous manipulation the jets of red and black are ejected with fine effects.

(2905) R. S. F. and A. E. S.-The following is an excellent hair tonic:

Any of the above books may be purchased through

Trenton, N. J. This is an improvement for a hydrant such as ordinarily used by the fire department of towns and cities, the vertically movable valve stem having a collar loosely mounted on its lower end, and a socket aligning with the valve stem to hold the collar from turning, the valve being easily controlled and there being no danger of the hydrant being frozen up and be coming inoperative.

DENTAL SERVICE STAND.-Walter E. Warner, Brooklyn, N. Y. This is an improvement in stands adapted for use by a dentist, and is designed to hold a drinking glass and spittoon in convenient position for use, the invention covering various novel features.

SASH HOLDER. - Albert Avers. Rahway, N. J. Combined with a spring-pressed plug is a rod having at its outer end a rack received by a slotted plate, there being pivoted in the plate a handle having teeth to fit the rod rack, with other novel features, the device being easily applied to a window, and designed to firmly hold it in any desired position.

GARBAGE FURNACE. - Alexander Brownlee, Dallas, Texas. This furnace has a chamber with feed openings in its top, a fire box at each end and in different planes, a sand box between the fire hoxes,

sequence of the Bessemer process, is spoken of.

MAXIMUM STRESSES UNDER CONCEN TRATED LOADS, TREATED GRAPHI-CALLY. By Henry T. Eddy. Illus-trated by twenty-one figures in text and one folding plate. Reprinted from the Transactions of the American Society of Civil Engineers. May, 1890. New York: D. Van Nostrand Company. 1890. Pp. vi, 100.

This useful work introduces a new graphical method for determining what position loads upon bridges must have in order to produce the greatest stress. A class of polygons or curves, which the author has named reaction polygans, is utilized for the method.

THE METALLURGY OF SILVER, GOLD, AND MERCURY IN THE UNIT STATES. By Thomas Egleston. two volumes. Vol. II. Gold a IN THE UNITED In Gold and Mercury. John Wiley & Sons, New York. Offices of *Engineering*, Lon-don. 1890. Pp. xv, 920. Price \$7.50.

This is the second volume of Prof. Egleston's great work, and is devoted to gold and mercury, thereby Joralemon, architect.

13. Miscellaneous contents : Preserving smoke pipes from rust .- Door hanging, illustrated with 6 figures .- Safe construction of buildings, illustrated with 5 figures .- Improved blind slat planing machine. illustrated. - Seamless copper house boiler, illustrated, -Best quality of roofing tin plate-Blower engines of the Galena.-An efficient sandpapering machine, illustrated. - The "Hero" spring hinge, illustrated .- The Duplex joist hanger.

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(2906) W. L. S. asks how a circular opening three inches in diameter may be made in the center of a plate of glass ten by ten. A. With a good diamond make a circular cut in the glass of the diameter of the hole, then within it make a number of circular cuts By dexterously hammering the glass at the center of the circle, the break may be started. After this the removal of the remainder is comparatively easy.

(2907) C. P. R. asks: A leather bellows is closed and placed 10 feet under surface of water; bellows is of proper size to displace 1 cubic foot of water when opened 8 inches wide; a 1/2 inch tube runs from surface into bellows. What force will be required to open bellows, it taking air through the 1/2 inch tube ? A. The area of the bellows will be 1728=216 square inches. The pressure due to a column of water ten feet high is about 4.35 pounds.  $4.35 \times 216 = 939.6$ pounds. As it opens the pressure will diminish about 7.83 pounds per inch of opening.