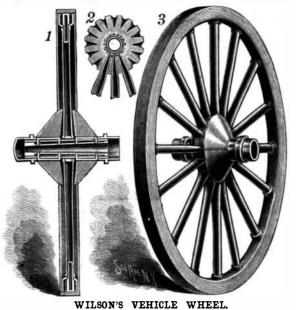
AN IMPROVED BAG FILLER AND HOLDER.

The accompanying illustration represents a device movable from place to place on wheels, to be used for bag as shoveled. It has been patented by Mr.

D. G. Stone, of Negaunee, Mich. The engraving shows the device in upright and in inclined position, the latter position facilitating the filling of the bag, an inclined face of the hopper constituting a shovel in contact with the ground or the floor on which the grain is placed. The foot portions of the rear standards are adapted to be utilized as handles, while the forward part of the frame is supported upon small wheels. Upon the standards is a table, with an opening at one side of its center surrounded by a hopper having an inclined front, a slideway within the hopper leading from the point where the inclination commences to the frontside of the central opening of the hopper. There is a slide damper for closing this opening when desired. To the under side of the table, around the opening, is secured a band having downwardly projecting teeth, and beneath this band is hinged another having recesses adapted to receive the teeth, the edge of the bag being held between these bands, which are clamped in locked position by a latch. Upon the lower cross bars of the frame is pivoted a tilting platform, at or near the rear edge of which is a hook to which the

lower end of the bag is attached when placed in position to be filled. Thus the bag may be filled through the hopper in the usual way when held in the upright position, or it may be held horizontally so that the hopper can be pushed forward into the grain, the

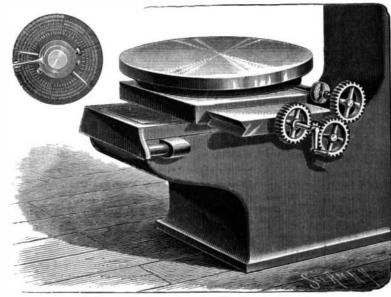


shovel mouth of the hopper facilitating the inflow of the grain, and the device being tilted backward occasionally till the small wheels strike the floor with a jar, to throw the contents back from the mouth of the bag. This is repeated until sufficient grain has been taken up, when the frame is readily brought to upright position, through the operator bearing with his foot against the axle of the small wheels and taking hold of the rear standards midway of their length, and the bag released by lifting the spring latch, the tilting platform facilitating the ready removal of the bag. Upon an axle centrally on the front standards are large wheels, the construction being such that the filled bag may be easily conveyed at will from place to place.

For further information relative to this invention address the inventor as above.

AN INDEX PLATE FOR GEAR-CUTTING MACHINES.

An indicator attachment designed to be readily applied to an ordinary gear-cutting machine, to show the in cross section, and the outer end of each spoke is



number of equal subdivisions into which the periphery of a disk is to be divided in cutting a gear wheel of any desired number of teeth, is illustrated herewith, and filling bags with grain, etc., and of such construction has been patented in the United States and Canada by



STONE'S BAG FILLER.

larger view showing the device applied to a slotting machine. The plate is in the form of a disk adapted for rigid connection with the stationary parts of the frame of the machine. Centrally through the disk passes the turning shaft, surrounding which, and attached to the disk by a screw thread, is a flanged hub, in which the shaft freely revolves, there being adjustably carried on this hub a swiveling base-ring to which are adjustably secured radial markers. A sleeve, rigidly attached to the turning shaft by a set screw, carries a radial arm having on its outer end an adjustable pointer blade extending to the plane of the indicator plate. On the face of this plate are marked circular series of graduations, the graduations of the same length not continuing around the entire periphery of the plate, which is divided into six aliquot parts, forming sectors of the circle, the aliquot parts of one sector showing spacings for one size of tooth or number of teeth to a wheel, while those of the next sector are adapted for another size of tooth or number of teeth to a wheel. In this way a large number of graduations can be placed upon a single indicator plate, which is adapted to a wide range of use. To facilitate the work and avoid mistakes, a scale is provided showing the space to be left between the two markers for each set of graduations on the plate. The device is inexpensive to manufacture, wears little with use, and can be easily applied to a variety of machines, so as to be a convenience in even a small shop.

AN IMPROVED VEHICLE WHEEL.

The illustration represents a wheel constructed entirely of metal, with provision for an interior fluid circulation, whereby the expanding or contracting of the tire will be prevented. It is a patented invention of Mr. William S. Wilson, of Tombstone, Arizona. Fig. 1 is a vertical section through the wheel, its hub and box, and Fig. 2 is a transverse section through the box, illustrating the attachment thereto of the spokes. The hub box consists of an inner tapering section with a ring at each end, there being between the rings a longitudinal slot and apertures. The tapering section fits into a casing section, upon which is fitted a spoke sleeve, with a series of studs to receive the spokes. which are tubular, and preferably round at their outer and flattened at their inner ends. The felly is made of a single piece of metal bent upon itself to be U-shaped

> dished to fit the cylindrical inner or bottom wall of the felly, the inner end being flattened to fit the studs of the spoke sleeve. The spokes are held in position at the top by tubular tie rods, and in one side of the felly, at any convenient point, is an opening, ordinarily closed by a screw cap, into which sufficient oil and water are introduced to essentially fill the space within the felly and the tubular tie rods of the spoke. In winter, alcohol is substituted for the oil and water, and the liquid is designed to act as a heat distributer, preventing the expansion of the tire section by heat generated by the friction of a brake or the locking of the wheel while going down long mountain grades, the improvement being especially adapted for very heavy wagons.

New Home of the Mechanical Engineers, New York.

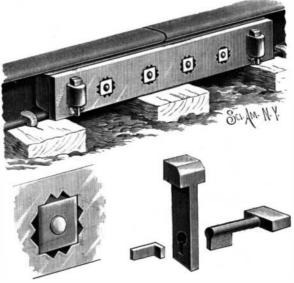
The American Society of Mechanical Engineers has purchased for \$60,000 the building hitherto owned by the New York Academy of Medicine, No. 12 West 31st that the grain may be shoveled up and loaded in the Mr. Michael Schirk, of Plattsmouth, Neb. The small Street. It is a fine four story building, 28 feet in width,

with basement and cellar and an extension in the rear. A gallery around the hall is fitted with shelves for a library. As the building is larger than is needed at present by the Mechanical Engineers' Society for its own purposes, a portion of it has been leased to the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, and another portion to the Society of Amateur Photographers. It is the intention that the libraries of the Mechanical Engineers and of the Electrical Engineers will be placed together, so that each may be conveniently used by the members of both societies.

AN IMPROVED NUT LOCK.

The invention illustrated herewith is designed to provide against all possible accidental displacement of the burrs or nuts employed in connection with a rail joint. It has been patented by Mr. Thomas C. Harris, of Rochester, Minn. The shanks of the bolts are passed through an inner fish-plate, and upon the outer side of the rails is a strip with outwardly extending tenons and apertures to receive the shanks of the bolts. To prevent the turning of the bolts on the outer ends of the nuts a locking plate is provided, in

figure represents the face of the indicator plate, the which the inner portions of the bolt apertures are circular, and their outer portions of star form, the ends of the locking plate being also apertured to receive the tenons of the strip which lies against the web of the

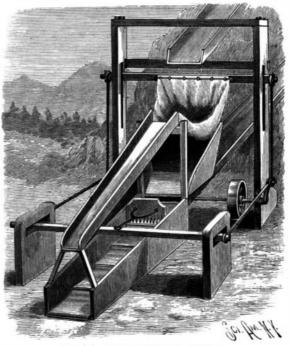


HARRIS' NUT LOCK.

rail. After the nuts have been turned approximately home, the locking plate is adjusted to position upon the tenons and the nuts further turned, and so that they will be brought into register with any set or series of recesses of the outer sections of the locking plate. To hold the locking plate in place, main keys are passed through apertures in the ends of the tenons, these keys being held from displacement by auxiliary keys, both shown in the small views, the latter keys being also held in place by a keeper.

AN IMPROVED ORE CONCENTRATOR.

A machine for working pulverized ore-bearing rock, earth or sand, or tailings and similar material, is shown in the accompanying illustration, and has been patented by Mr. Edward Z. Kidd. The concentrating table consists of a series of sections of a pane of glass each, the upper surfaces being concaved, and the panes being



SCHIRK'S INDEX PLATE FOR GEAR-CUTTING MACHINES.

THE law compels no one to do impossibilities.

KIDD'S ORE CONCENTRATOR.