## recently patented inventions.

## Engineering.

Exiaust Nozzle.- John H. McIndoe and William Meredith, Mount Pleasant, Pa. This is a nozzele adapted for the emoke box of a locomotive en
gine, with sliding block for controlling the capacity and top opening, which does not, when fully adjusted nward, lap over the opening below it to baffle the harge from the channel through the noze

## Rallway Appliances.

Dumping Car.-Ferdinand E. Cancla, New York City. This car is of the kind having one or oore discharge apertures in its floor, closed by sliding the sills are kept intact, and serve to carry the door and wnereby great strength and thorough eftciency are

Single Rail Railway. - Rufus H. Brown, Peabody, Mass. This invention provide peans and mechanism whereby the car is not only supmount of play vertically and laterally, that it may ride ver obstacles and inequalities, springs being arranged in different positions to effect such object.

## Mechanical.

Cotton Compress.-George Taylor,
 platen with the frame, the duphtcate sets of toggles being each united to the stud of the piston by single links, making a simple and efficient device, securing conomy in power and in construction.
Conveting Belt.-Daniel Brennan, Jr.. Saltersville, N. J. This belt is made of a pair of throughout, by narrow metallic bars or wires looped over and upon them, and is capable of being driven by ordinary machine pulleys, the cross bars and attachments being of shapes to form sides, filights, buckets,
etc., upon the belt, to adapt it to work horizontally etc., upon the belt, to adapt it to work horizontally
vertically, or at any required angle, to convey materials vertically, or at any r.
and transmit power.
Motion Converting Mechanism. John De Monnin, Corvallis, Oregon. This mechanism is specially designed for application to a steam engine
to convert rectilinear into rotary motion and comprise swiveled or pivoted cam or lever combined with and engaging in opposite directions spiral grooves in cylinder applied to a shaft, with stationary or fixed cams for shifting or switching the pivoted cam.
Bush Hammer.-Luther H. Rowell, South Thomuston, Me. This is a hammer for dresBng,
stone, in which two pole plates are used, with integral shank sections, united by a sleeve, which forms a socket for the handle, the cuts being made in the form of long blades, each in one piece, extending between and
beyond the pole plates, the plates and cuts being held beyond the pole plates, the
together by transerese bolts.

Seamless Pulp Tubes. - Horace J Medbery, Baiston, N. Y. This invention covers pecailiar construction and arrangement of parts in
machine adapted to form straight sections of seamles tubes, pipes, or other analogous articles of a uniform diameter throughont, of paper or wood pulp.
Elevator 1ndicator.-Oliver C. Hay ard, New York City. Within the elevator shaft, or i pivoted, and adapted for engapeement with the car, the
invention providing a simple and economical attach. invention providing a simple and economical attach
ment whereby the approach of the elevator from above ment whereby the approach of the elevator from
or below will be indicated and its position shown.

## Agricultural

Plow.-Jeremiah R. White, Raymond, Miss. This plow has a reversible scraper blade, made of oblong diamond form and cylindrical in curve, 80 that all the corners will tonch a nat surface, and having central bolt hole and indentacionsor gashes on eithe to trim off the row between the bar of the plow and the

Feed Trough.-Martin V. B. Steven son, Jesup, Iova. The main feed receptacle has lateraly swinging U-sbaped agitator, which is operated to the bottom of the feed trough, whereby the grain or feed is fed to the trough in limited quantities, and the feed is fed to the trough in limited que
animal will be compelled to feed slowly.
Harvester and Thrasher.-Lester A. Gillett, Leonardville, Kansas. The cutter bar is and lower or lock in position, according to the depth to which the grainis to be cut, the grain beung fed into the front open end of the thrashing machine by a belt the estraw, after thrashing, passing out of the rear of the casing, while the kernels are passed through a chute
into bagg.
Corn Cutter.-George W. Gibson Kinbolton, Ohio. The frame of the machine has side
extensions forming horizontal tables on which the cornstalks cut by knives fitted at the front edge of the maches fall as the cutter is drawn forward, while the machine has an antachment by which shocks are readily
formed after enough stalks have been cut for the pur pose.
Hand Planter.-Wilber S. Wikle Union, West Va. Thie planter has two vertical arme hinged at their lower ende by plates, the arms having
at their sides metal casings adapted to project downward to form a chute or mouth which is opened as the arms are bronght together and closed as they are drawn benns may be planted at the same time and fertilize simultuiceonsly distributed.

## Miscellaneous.

Cartrider Loader. - James V. , powder and a shot magazine and a wad box, and the amount of charge as desired, while it is durabs in construction and may be expeditiously and conve niently manipulated without danger of exploding the primer.
Attaching Eyeglasses.-William H. Brownlow, Brockville, Ontario, Canada, and Joel S. Warner, Ogdensburg, N. Y. A plate is secured to the
nder front surface of the visor or brim of a hat, and eyeglass frame and lazy tongs connected therewith, in such way that the glasses may be easily drawn down-
ward and' adjusted, or will be held out of the way, gainst the hat brim, when moved apward.
Chalk Holder.-Fannie Chambers, New York City. Within the holder is an operating screw rod, on which is mounted a traveling nut, and a chall-holoding clamp, to frmly hold the chalk as it is projected out of and withdrawn into the casing by the
operation of the screw rod, the device being for use with operation of the screw rod, the deviee being for use with ailer's becomes worn.
Heat Radiator. - Asa C. Edwards, Westield, Mass. It consists of a heating drum having transverse rotary tubes with open ends, the apparatus
being provided with means by which the dampers of being provided with means by which the dampers of
the radiator may be automatically opened and closed and the radiator tubes be cleansed from soot.
Gate.-Joseph Albers, Wells, Oregon. Combined with a pair of pivoted gates are pivoted
opering levers and a rod connected to the pivots of the pening levers and a rod connected to the pivots of the gates, with other novel features, whereby the gates may be opened for the passage of teams, and closed, with-
out the dismounting of the driver, or the gutes may be held in open position.
Gate.-Hiram S. Harris, Cincinnati, hio. This invention relates to sliding gates operated by levers actuated by persons passing, and provides
simple and positively acting devices by which the gate may be slid open or shut easily, and without derangeent of the levers, pull cords and drum.
Vehicle Shaft.-William B. Farrar, Greensborough, N. C . This shaft has a peculiar joint
in its length that permits its position to in its length that permits its position to be changed to increase or diminish the space between the shafts, to dapt them to larger or smaller horses.
Hame Tug.-George W. Moliere, Ocean View, cal. It has a hollow leather casing for the clip with shanks extending along the inside of the casing, with space for the tug and a set screw, the ex ended shanks and the trace, so that there is no projectng end of the trace, the latter being neatly housed.
End Gate.-Frank S. Sears, Atkinsón, Ill. This is a wapon end gate, resting on a projecting crip or ledge at the rear enc of the wagon body, an that the gate can be readily opened and held in horizontal position, or swung beneath the body, or so that part only of the end gate may be opened.
Whip Socket. - Herbert Elder, Harrisburg, Pa. Combined with the whip socket are attaching plates, between which an arm is pivoted having a projection on its inner side, and a vertically sliding
hook or catch, whereby a whip may be securely held hook or catch, whereby a whip may be securely hela and locked, the w
wall of the socket.
Millstone Dress.-Joseph H. Brown, Social Circle, Ga. This invention providesa millstone
dress with auxiliary transerese furrows to check reess with augiiiary traneverse furrows to check or
retard the progress of the partially ground material and retard the progress of the partially ground material and
prevent it from pasiing too rapially from the eye outward, making a combination dress for use with wheat nd corn, middlinge, and
Ash Sifter.-Edward E. Swith, New York City. The stove, bel its grate and base flange is made a little deeper than usual, to accommodate
the sifter devices and give room for the ashes and indifter devices and give are discharged into two separate com-
cone partments at opposite sides of a partition across the tom plate, and the invention covers novel featur of co
place.

Sash Fastener.-John G. Erickson, Hadley, Minn. This is a sash fastener and holder, consisting in a casing having an inclined locking bolt,
 pen at any desired.height, the device being automatic

Steering Device-Charles D Wooley, Walden, ausiliary stering device to be readily arranged for use in case of acident to the mann steering gear, the vessel
being made with a downwardly opening rudder recees, being made with a downwardly opening rudder recess, at the rear part of the keel, in which is secured a verti-
cally adjustable rudder post carrying a rudder, the concally adjustable rudder post carrying a rucder, the con wholly within its recess or projected completely below he bottom of the vessel.
Lamp Covering.-George H. Dean, St. Louns, Mo. This covering is for inclosing the glass siobes of incandescent lamps while out of use, and con hinge connecting the lower ends of the halves with a spring bearing on the halves at their hinged ends and holding them normally closed.
Head Protector. - George H. Chap ell, William Brown, and John Brown, Brewnton,
Minn. This protector consists of a ring with sliding ribs, sapports, shonlder pieces, web and covering, over the head, to protect the face and neck of the wearer
in inclement weather.

Fire Escape. - John D. Rullmann San Antonio, गexas. This escape consists of an ex lifting toggle levers arranged in pairs as lazy tongs a the four corners, with a series of bracing toggle lever arranged to work reversely to the lifting toggles, the construction being also adapted for use as

Horse Boot.-Thomas B. Mason, Tren-
Hon, N.J. This boot is preferably made of a divided on, N.J. This boot is preferably made of a divided
soft rubber ring, to te fastened around the horse's leg with a hasp, the inner edge of the ring having flanges over which is stitched a padded cushion covered with enameled leather or analogous material, making a boo
which will not absorb moisture, will retuin its form which will not absorb moisture, will re
and may be readily put on and taken off.

Dress Steel.-Mary E. Whalen, New York City. This steel has a bow having metallic strap cured to it and forming a bow with double ends, that to give the desired set, without the front of the dres being drawn too tightly, while retaining the fullness of

Truss.-James A. Tigner, Rome, Ga This invention relates to trusses having a vertical spring carrying the abdominal and hernial pads, and
transverse spring to the ends of which the strap or band is secured, the invention covering a special constructio

Gate.-Harvey C. Riley, Perryville Mo. This is a swinging gate with novel mechanism for operating it, so constructed and arranged that the gate may be readily opened by a person in a vehicle ap-
proaching the gate in either direction, and closed after proaching the gate in either direction, and closed after
the vehicle has passed through, without alighting from the vehicle.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN
buILDING EDITION

## JANUARY NUMBER.-(No. 39.)

## table of contents.

Elegant plate, in colors, showing perspective view of a one story Southern house, costing two th
sand two hundred dollars. Floor plans, etc.
2. Plate, in colors, showing a block of economic brick dwelli
etc.
3. The Washington Building, New York City. Full page engraving.
Design for the new post office and revenue offic Sacramento, Cal.
5. The new government building at Binghamton, N. Y. Plans and elevations
dred dollar cottage.
The Tacoma Building, Chicago. Half page el graving.
seaside summer house. Cost, about flve thouand dollars. Plans and perspective.
9. Church of St. Paul, Laton. Half page engraving.
10. A dwelling near Newark, N. J., recently erected a Plans and perspective.
View of the main entrance to Melrose Park, near New York.
house for five thousand five hundred dollar and perspective.
A residence recently erected at East Orange, N. J a cost of five thousand four hundred dollars Perspective and floor plans.
14. A Queen Anne cottage at Flatbush, Long Island Cost,
tive.
A cottage lately built at Flatbush, near Brooklyn N. Y. Cost, six thousand dollars. Floor plan N. Y. Cost, six
and perspective.

Design for an Englit cottase
17. Construction of mills. Section of mill showing construction of two floors and roof.
18. Engravings and plans of some conomical houses, ranging in co
sand dollars.
19. Miscellaneous Contents: Construction and finis of house flues-Iron roofs.-Restricting heights. Traction over different pavements. - Dry ro timber. - The ancient cataract of the Huc on.- Wanl plastering. - Mineral wool as a Natural gas lighting.-Lane patent door hanger.Automatic temperature regulators, illustrated. The Prindle metallic wire packed unions, illus rated.-Architectural wood turning, illustrated. Filling the hollow spaces in walls and floors The Scientific American Architects and Builders Edition is issued monthly. $\$ 2.50$ a year. Single copies 5 cents. Forty large quarto pages, equal to about
two hundred ordinary book pages; forming, practi cally, a large and splendid Magazine of Archite cally, a large and splendid Magazine of Architro
ture, richly adorned with elegant plates in colors and with fine engravings, illustrating the most interesting examples of Modern Architectural Construction and allied subjects.
The Fullness, Richness, Cheapness, and Convenience of this work have won for it the Largest Circulation of any Architectural publication in the world. Sold by

MUNN \& CO.. PUB́LIBHERs,
301 Broadway, New York.

Pusiness and Pexsonal.
The charge for Insertion under thes head is One vollar a line for each insertion; about eight words to a line. Advertisements must be received at pullication office

Screw machines, milling machines, and drill presses. E. E. Garvin \& Co., $339-143$ Center St., New York.

All books, app., etc., cheap. School of Electricity, N.Y.
Dies, moulds, patterns, models, engraving, etc., to
order. Chas, A. Bailey, designer, Middletown, Conn.
Pratt \& Letchworth, Buffalo, N. Y., olicit correspondence relative to manufacturing specialties
ings.

For the latest improved diamond prospecting drills, For the best Hoisting Engine for all kinds of work, daress J. S. Mundy, Newark, N. J.
Presses \& Dies. Ferracute Mach. Co., Bridgeton, N. J. Perforated metals of all kinds for all purposes. The Atchison Perforated Metal Co., Chicako, The Holly Manufacturing Co., of Lockport, N. Y., will send their pamphlet, describing water works ma-
hinery, and containing reports of tests, on ap plication. Steam Hammers, Improved Hydraulic Jacks, and Tube xpanders. R. Dudgeon, 24 Columbia St.. New York. Friction Clutch Pulleys. The D. Frisbie Co., N.Y. city. "How to Keep Boilers Clean." Send your address . Hehkiss, youberty st. The best Coffe roasters, coolers, stoners, separators, polishers, sccurers, glossing apparatus, milling and eaberry machines : also rice and macaroni machinery
Pays Well on Small Investment.-Stereopticons, aagic Lanterns, and Viewsillustrating every subject for and home amusements. 152 page illustrated catalogue Lathes for cutting irregular forms. Handle and spok Lathes for cutting irregular forms. Ha
thes. I. E. Merritt Co., Lockport, N. Y.

For best quality, order your steel
Buffalo Steel Foundry. Buffalo, N. Y.
Split Pulleys at low prices, an ppearance as Whole Pulleys. Yocom \& Son's Shafting Works, Drinker St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Double boring machines. Double spindle shaping . Rolistone Machine Co., Fitchburg, Mass. Duplex S
alo, N. $\mathbf{Y}$.
Send for new and complete catalogue of Scientific and other Books for sale by Munn \& Co., 361 Broadway

## 

HINTS TO CORRESPONDENTS.
James and Address must accompany all letters,
or no attention will be paid thereto. Thie is for our
information, and not for publication.
References to former articles or answers should
give date of paper and pare or number of quiries not answered in reasonable time should
be repeated; correspondents will bear in mind that se repeated; correspondents willitear inearcha hand
omoune ane require not a ittle research, and
though we endeavor to reply to all either by leter
pecial Written Iuformation on matters of
personal rather than general interest zannot he personal rather than general in
expected withont remuneration.
cientille American Supplements referrid
to may be had at the oftice. Price 10 cents each. Books
price
price.
Minerals sent for examination should be distinctly
marked or labeled
(242) F. V. H. asks : 1. I have a large picture frame to gild; what shade of gold leaf is usedlight, medium, or deep? A. It is all a matter of taste.
The deep color perhaps is most used. 2. How can I The deep color perhaps is most used. 2. How can I make a good sizing, so that the leaf will adhere to the
frame evenly? A. Buy burnish-gold size ready mixed, and apply six or eight coats to the frame; polish the mat parts, before the size io quite dry, with a woolen The frame is moistened and the gold leaf is liid on. 3 . want to get a high polish on the smooth parts of the frame; how is it done? A. The bright parts are bur ess; flint oragate burnishers are employed, of differen hapes. 4. I suppose it (the frame) will need varnish ing after the gilding is done. What varnish is used: A Use white hard spirit varnish, such as gum sandara frame requires much skill, and we advise you to consult Spons' Workshop Receipts, first series, for an elaborate description of it. We can send the book free by mail or $\$ 2.00$.
(243) J. C. W. asks : Does Germany own and control the rallroad and telegraph systems within her domain? If so, how did she gain possession of
hem-by purchase? And how do the rates of portation compare with the rates charged here i America, and is the revenue therefrom in excess of the expenditure? If Germany owns the railroad and tele raph, what influence, if any, does it make in politice, nd are the masses of the people benefted, apparently, re they managed-by a government bureau? A. Th railroads in Germany are comprised in three classes iz., owned and controlled by the several state povern ments, 32,174 kilometers; private companies with roads under state control, 674 kilometers; private companies
controlling their own roaūs, 4,286 kilometers. The tate governments buitt some of the railroads, and pur state governments buitt some of the railroads, and pnr
chased others from private companies. The revenue

