## ENGLNEERING INVENTIONS.

A feed water heater has been patented by Mr. George Green, of Coppus Christi, Tex. It is composed of a series of pipes attached to half cylindrical heads, placed diagonally in the fire box of the boiler, and connected with its water space, being designed
also to serve as a spark arrester and increase the fire also to se
surface.

A method of heating water in steam generators has been patented by Mr. Froderick ( t . Wheeler, of New York city. This invention covers an
improvement on a former patented invention of the same improvement on a former patentec invention of the eame with water at ordinary temperature, and then obtaining with water at ordinary temperature, and then obtaining
the intial heating by injecting superheated steam.
A spark arrester has been patented by Mr. Orlando T.Owings, of Le Mars, Towa. The smoke stack projects into a cap, a ceece being supportec
from the upper end of the smoke stack, and having central aperture, with a lid or cover, and other novel features, the device being simple in construction, and calculated to
smoke stack.

A reversing gear for engines has been patented by Messrs. Robert Rutherford, of Reutchler,
and Thomas Moore, of 0 'Fallon, Ill. An eccentric with a forked pin is adjustable on a disk attached to the crank shaft, a cam plate sliding in the disk, with the crank shaft, a cam plate sliding in the disk, with
diagonal grooves which engage with the forked pin, and othernovel features, whereby a positive motion is
given to theslide evalve at all times, and the link com. * An automatic danger signal has been patented by Mr. Errett E. Phillips, of New Castle, Pa.
Combined with a signal operated by a slide is a chain mounted on sheaves and carrying a bar, a spring, and lever, with stem, and means for operating the slide approaching train will trip the parts and cause the aig nal to be displayed, the invention being more particularly applicable to points upon the track not visible from each other.

## AGRICOLTURAL INVENTIONS.

A harrow has been patented by Mr . Mathias C. Theisen, of Diana, Dakota Ter. This invention covers a novel construction of a harrow designed to
be readily adjusted for use as a rigid or a flexible harrow, or as ?a smoothing harrow, or a straight toothed harro
A combined drill and planter has been patented by Mr. William H. Halfaker, of Acton, Ind.
This invention covers a novel construction and This invention covers a novel construction and comjusted to drill or plant the seed, and todrill the seed at a greater or less distance apart, and which can be readi-
ly controlled and will be reliable in operation, however adjusted.

A corn and cotton planter combined ville, Texas, This y Mr. Joseph G. Davis, of Hunts tion, in which the various parts are so arranged that th number of grains planted in a hill may be regulated as desired, while the depth of the furrow may likewise be
regulated as desired, the planter being calculated for regulated as desired, the planter being calculated fo
plantiing cotton or other small seeds.

## MISCELLANEOUS INVENTIONS.

A rein holder has been patented by $\mathbf{M r}$ Frank J. Gibbs, of Philipsburg, Pa. It consists of novel construction of buckle adapted to be clamped on hand hold or rein holder.

A fabric turfing or rug making implement has been patented by Mr. Damas M. Chamberland of Duluth, Minn. It in a simble whicu for wale body of a rug, the device being one which can
ly held in tbe hands in making the rug.

A barrel vent has been patented by Mr . Frederick Hopkins, of Chicago, Ill. It is especially for nse on beer barrels and similar vessels, and is so made as the top, and yet prevent the passage of gases from the barroi.
A laundering machine has been patented by Mr. Robert H. Cornett, of fivingston, Kan. It is so fixed in a tub that by turning a crank the clothes ar passed between a main roller and bed rollers, some with is held in convenient attachment to the tub by brackets
A process of extracting tannin from wood has been patented by Mr. Edouard Tavernier, of
Paris, France. The process involves the use of a specially devised centrifugal machine, by the use of which from the lighter and purer portion, the latter liquid be ing drawn off from a point near the center of rotation.
Wall paper forms the subject of a patent issued to Mr. William Campbell, of New York city It has a design or figure, with a continuous surface of
flock of a single color, through which the design ap pears, the design being first printed, the paper then en tirely coated with glue, and the flock applied to the en tire glue coated surface.
A method of blasting earth has been It consists in boring a hole of proper depth, inserting tube, and exploding a small cartridge at the bottom of the tube, then filling the chamber caused by this explo-
sion with the desired explosive, withdrawing the tube, and firing the larger charge.
A vehicle has been patented by Mr . Charles Dinsmoor, of Warren, Pa. It is made with a
series of wheels journaled in connecting links, with a
track consisting of hinged links, to make endless tracks, is designed to have a smooth and easy motion, without jott, strain, or friction.
A half sole for boots has been patented by Mr. Darius Banks, of Morrisville, Pa. It is formed fastening plate is inserted, with apertures for nails or other fastening devices, for securing the half sole to the instep sole, the main body of the half sole being secur-
ed to the boot or shoe by nails in the ordinary way.

A sewing machine improvement has ity. It is for machines that sew with a single thread ased for making a cross or binding stitch, and has its throat plate made movable with the other parts, the invention being an improvemen
invention of the same inventor.
A conveyer has been patented by Messrs. ob C. Conger and George W. Henderson Mo. It is designed to convey grain, flour, sand, etc., in such way that the material will notbeinjured in han he fight is held in a positive vertical position or alwed to slant as desired.
A chin rest for violins has been patentd by Mr. William V. Arthur, of Oakland, Cal It made of hard wood or other suitable material. and has its top surface hollowed out to adapt it to receive that in place being above the belly of the violin, and not in ontact with any of the wibuting parts
A picture hanger has been patented by Dora Mitchell, of Ottumwa, Iowa. It consists of a pole made in sections hinged together and provided with a fised to one end and a spring clamp fixed to the other end, making a light, strong, and efficient tool for hans. ng and taking down pictures.
A spark arrester has been patented by Mr. John H. Optenberg, of Oshkosh, Wis. This inventvention of the same inventor, in a novel arrangement whereby the main deflector may be raised from its nor mal iposition to one that will allow a free draught
through the smoke stack, with other novel features.
A hand mirror and brush has been pat nted by Mr. William Booth, of Leominster, Mass. This invention covers an improved frame, with a back plate, plate, and a grooved band frame surrounding the whole, in such way that these articles can be made at less ex pense and with greater facility than when made in the

A stock car has been patented by Mr . Benjamin F. Williams, of Springville, N. Y. The car
is divided by four partitions, which are pivoted so their is divided by four partitions, which are pivoted so their ing the heads of the stock betweenbars, and othernovel features, whereby the stock may be kept, fed, and wa-

A hydrocarbon burner has been patent. d by Mr. William Barraclough, of Balmain, near Sydey, New south Wales. It consists of a reservoir and with glass, and there being heaters and mixing tubes, whereby heated air can be mixed with kerosene vapor,
with other novel features, for burning the vapor without the aid of a wick.
An opera chair has been patented by knob or button on the top of the chair back, a hook or support pivoted to the side of the chair back, and a hook or support pivoted to the chair near its lower end, a drip cup being fastened to one of the rear legs for receiving the lower end of an umbrella stick of
A combined lulackbound und mappory
port has been patented by Mr. Henry E. Hayes, of Brooklyn, N. Y. It consists of rods, three in a set, of
which two sets are used, the upper ends of each three which two sets are used, the upper ends of each three
rods being inserted in the angles of a triangular case, with other novel features, making a readily adjustable opport for maps, charts, etc.,
An apparatus for cutting circular woodn plates has been patented by Mr. Isaac M. Rhodes, of Hancock, Mich. In the base plate is a screw, to secure an upwardly extending hub, which forms a central bearing for an operating handle that carries adjustable cutters, which can be readily arranged to cut in a circle, as

A tricycle has been patented by Mr . William N. Smith, of Bad Axe, Mich. The invention otating the driving wheels, and operated by treadles, with a steering device and an ad justable seat, making as required for racing, traveling on rough roads, or in hilly country.
A wheeled vehicle has been patented by Mr. William B. Kelly, of St. Louis, Mo. It has a series of independent whecls arranged between oppo-
site sides of the platform, springs sustaining the load on the wheels, and wheel guards so arranged as to strike any obstruction and lift the wheels successively over ground.
A gate has been patented by Messrs. ough, Texas. Its and Henry P. Cayce, of Jonesboropened automatically by the depression of a platform in the gateway or by the pulling of cords pendentfrom cially for a farm nate which shall be simple, inexpensive, and self-closing.
A shutter for photographic cameras has

A pair of apertured shutters are pivoted in a case intersecting the camera tube, and arranged to swing past
each other, to open and close the camera tube, a spring actuated lever operating both shutters simultaneously, the device being
time exposures.
A vegetable and root cutter has been The frame has two hoppers divided by a partition, screen, troughs, a reciprocating cutter frame provided
with horizontal and vertical knives, with horizontal and vertical knives, and other novel
features, the whole so arranged as to work efficiently features, the whole so arranged as to work efficiently
and rapidly without danger of the machine becoming clogged.
A lock-up for printers' forms has been patented by Mr. Walter Lloyd, of Chicago, Ill. It con
sists of two bars slotted lengthwise, and two cross bar fitted thereto, all fitting into a tongue on the inner edg of the chase, the bars having ratchet teeth on thei outer faces, and there being corner blocks to engag they may be closed up on the type forms.
A former for sheet metal vessels has been patented by Mr. Charles A. Wilbraham, of Poquo hock, Conn. It has a bed plate to which a forme block is held, one or more gauge bands fitting over the
block and over each other, and a clamp adapted to hold the blank to the band or bands prior to bending the blank, with other novel features, whereby the bodies of sheet metal vessels can be bent or shaped truly with economy of time and labor.
A valve attachment for hydrants has been patented by Mr. Lyman G. Keyes, of Armstrong Kansas. The chamber or case.of the valve is connected exterior thread of which is a left hand thread, and the valve and its chamber are so sraseted that they may b disconuected from and liftcd out of the hydrant case,
saving the digging down around the hydrants for re. saving the digging down
pairs from freezing, etc.

A middlings purifier has been patent ed by Mr. Ora L. Anderson, of Pleasantville, Ind series of sieves mounted therein, intermediate conveyor troughs, a feed spout for one series, and an elevator landing from the conveyors below this series to the designed to thoroughly purify and grade middling passed through it.
A stem winding device for watches forms the subject of two patents issued to Mr. Olof Johanson, of New York city. The invention consists bent three times at right angles laterally, to adapt it to receive and engage with the crown of a stem winding watch, the construction also being such that the guard
ring is attached to the rotary crown of the stem, to ring is attached to the rotary crown of the stem, to
facilitate the easy and quick winding of stem winding watches
A take-up and let-off mechanism for ooms for weaving broad silk has been patented by Mr James Nightingale, Jr., of New York city. Its construction is such that the tension on the fabrics and warps is obtained from weighted levers, and not direct ment of the fabric to the reed being entirely independ ent of the cloth beam, the only function of which is to carry the completed fabric, ibut not to give the sam any tension.
An incased pile has been patented by Mr. John W. Crary, of Bluff Springs, Fla. The pile is driven in the usual way, and around it is built a platpile. Upon the platform and around the pile is built brick casing, leaving a small space next the pile to be filled in with cement, the platform and its casing being sunk, as the casing is built, to or below the genera filled with cement.

## NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS

Microscopic Fungi. By M. C. Cooke, figures by J. E. Sowerby. London
W. H. Allen \& Co. 1886. Pp. 262 . This workis of much interest at the present day, when parent. The first impulse of the possessor of a micro scope is to apply it to all objects, using it really as sclentific toy. In Mr. Cooke's manual there is pre sented a special field for its use; and it is by following precisely such lines of work as here suggested that the
best discipline is secured and most real work is to be done with the instrument. The subjects of rust, smut, mildew, and mould are treated and, as is evident even from the title page, are most liberally illustrated one quite ignorant of the subject would be guided along the road to a full knowledge of it as far as it has been developed. The recent origin of the study is animad
verted on by the anthor, and the great relative impor tance of the cryptngams is insisted on relative impor of the work is in popular language, but an appendix of some fifty pages gives the botanical classification and descriptions of the fungi treated of in the book. An in
dex closes the work. The Gas Engine. By Dugald Clerk
New York: John Wiley \& Sons. The differthor has in this work endeavored to represent a comparatively insignificant use in 1860 , obtained the large employment it now has wherever small powers are required. The book also explains the science and prac tice of the gas engine, treating of the different types and the chemical and physical phenomena of combustion
and explosion exhibited in the leading examples of these and explosion exhibited in the leading examples of these
machines. The author, although himself the builder of a very successful gas engine, generously adds of a very successful gas engine, generously adds,
while "many inventors have contributed to fita pro-
gress, its present position is in the main due to the gress, its present position is in the main due to the
patience, energy, and commanding ability of one man, Mr. Otto." The conclusion is that a yet greater eff
ciency of the gas engine will probably be attained, and in utilizing the pressure now lost at the exhaust.
Ma nual of Assaying Gold, Silver,
Copper, and Lead Ores. By Wal. Copper, and Lead Ores. By Wal-
ter Lee Brown. Chicago: E. H. Sargent \& Co.
This is a second edition, revised and enlarged, of a hand-hook especially designed for the use of those
who have not had previous technical experience or sci. who have not had previous technical experience or sci-
entific training. It is simple and practical throughout, all the methods and apparatus employed being expla 1 ned in great detail, in what might be styled such a common sense way that beginners can readily follow he directions without the need of a teacher.

## Special.

the experience of an eminent JURIST.
The attention of social scientists has long been called ors. danders. their souls stir within them an ardent desire
for help and relief. The tendency ofttimes is to grasp for help and relief. The tendency ofttimes is to grasp
t anythnng that promises restoration, and a thousand at anythng that promises restoration, and a thousand
and one things are offered, but all seemed doomed to nd one ihngs are off ered, but all seemed doomed to
disappoint. for medicine can offer no cure. A change of life and habits oft affords nature opportunity to recupe-
rate, and the individual may go on for a time; but with the aid of a true restorer to the nervous system, if there be a good foundation. it may be agaln built up, some-
times even where habits and life appear against them. The following is peculiarly aiccase in point:

## Revitalized."

June 8, 1886.
"I am not only" pleased, I am delighted with the Treat-
ment. The thirr day after bexinning to nse it, to my nach. and a week later that win curse, the dull pain above the eyes, both of which onstituted the burden of my complaint when I consulted you, had disappeared, and I have
troubled with either since. It is wonderful!
"I experienced no particular sensation in using the reatment, made some blunders, was somewhat irregular, and since I began have been severely taxed both
nentally and physically, notably in the trial of a $\$ 200000$ mentally and physically, notably in the trial of a $\$ 200,000$
will case, which lasted eight days, and yet with it all I will case, which lasted eight days, and yet with it all I
feel like a new man. Nor have I changed my habits in the least. I have smoked the usual number or cigars
and punished the usual amount of tobacco, besides inalging incoffee in the morning and tea in the evening. nd eating IWhat I liked. I repeat it, it is is wonderful! dred times their cost. I.feel' 'revitalized;' indeed, I can
hardlyrealize.Ithe change has been so sudden, that I who mow writing in this cheerful strain am the same misrble creature who called upon you less than a month
go." "July 19, 1886.-It is now $t$ wo months since I began the
e of your Home Treatment. I still have on hand a mall quantity of the oxyen aqua. and the blue bottle is about one-eighth full, which shows probably that I have
 "A recent writer in the Independent says $: `$ There is a
"rong tendency with the weak-minded to maknify their strong tendency with the weak-minded to magnify their own diseases and cures.' I may belong to this class, but
fear of being so labeled will not deter me from giving this of being so labeled will not deter me from civing
thisolicited testimonial. I am sincerely grateful for what you have done for me, and take this method of hat you have done
estify ing my gratitude.
" When two
" When two months. ago I called at your office, an en-
ire stranger, I was suffering from two causes-a dul. tire stranger, $I$ was suffering from two causes-a dull.
heavy feeling over and about the eyes, and a sinking heavy feeling over and about the eyes, and a sinking
sensation in the pit of the stomach. I had suffered from
these causes, it is safe to say. for twenty years, and they erethe $t w i n$ curses of my existence. It is impossibleto convery to any one who has never been thus afflicted the
slightest conception of what 1 suffered. 1 do not refer singhtest conception of what 1 suffered. I do not refer
to the physical pain, for that was very slight. but to the mental agony. You did not tell me that I was the victim of dyspepsia, but $\mathbf{l}$ suspect 1 was. At least, what
Henry Ward Beecher says.of dyspepsia is equally applicable to a person suffering as 1 did, to wit. that it is uterly impossible for such a person to be a true Christian.
"It may be that my suffering was purely imaginary, if there can be such a thing as distinguished from the real
article;' but if it was. then $m y$ mind was diseased, and all the m
dition
dis
dition.
"As before reported, the 'trouble about the eyes in my
case disappeared the third day. Ithidk, after I began the case disappeared the third day. Ithidk, after I began the
use of your Treatment, and the stomach trouble not peedy results.and I was as much surprised as delighted when they came. Indeed, it was with considerable difculty that I brought myself to a full realization of the facts. I have only to add that since the first disappear-
ance of $m \mathrm{~m}$ troubles they have not reappeared. What he effect of a discontinuance of the Treatment may be remains to be seen, but 1 have the utmost faith in your printed statements that the res
" August 25,1886 . -It Is now more than a month since $I$ that I have had no return of my old trouble. It is won-derful-I had almost said miraculous. Scientiffc chemists and professors of colleges may talk as they please
bout Compound Oxygen being a ${ }^{\text {a }}$ perfectly inert about Compound Oxygen being a ' perfe
stance,' but they never will convince me.
"You ask about the constipation and the nervous
reruulousness. Well, I think they are both somewhat better, although they are by no means cured. It would be strange if they were. In the first place, they were not think the constipation is inherited; and as for the nervusness, that is no doubt due to the use of tobacco, tea.
and cofiee, and to past indiscretions. Indeed, the most and coffiee, and to past indiscretions. Indeed, the most it was effected without the slightest change in habits or
Any person desiring to know more of thia Jurists ex-
perience will be cheerfully gratified by him, and his ame a If Ifs Starkey \& Palen.
If you are suffering from any chronic disease, about
which you are growing discouraged. such as Pulmonary which you are growing discouraged, such as Pulmonary
trouble, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Neuralgia. Rheumatism, Nervous Prostration, etc., send a statement of your con-
dition to Drs. STARKEY \& PALEN, 1529 Arch Street, dition to Drs. Starkey \& Palen, 1529 Arch Street,
Philadelphia, and get their opinion as to Compound oxygen in your case. It will cost you noth-

