## Business and Personal.

The charge for Insertion under this head is One Dollar a line for each insertion; about eight words to a line. Advertisements must be received at publication office as early as Thursday morning to appear in next issue.

Pattern Letters (metallic) to put on patterns of cast ings. H. W. Knight, Seneca Falls, N. Y

Wanted .- A Hardware and Malleable Iron Salesman familiar with the Western trade. State experiences, references, and terms. St. Louis Malleable Iron Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Wanted.—To correspond with New York and Eastern parties who make a specialty of manufacturing small tin articles, in regard to the manufacturing of a small, patented, staple article in tin. Everything ready to go to work. Experimental stage passed. Address Dew & Robertson, Charleston, Ill.

Hull Vapor Cook Stoves.—Best in the world: sell everywhere. Agents wanted. Send for catalogue and terms. Hull Vapor Stove Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

A Handbook on the Teeth of Gears, \$1. Circular free. Gear Wheels and Gear Cutting. Send for Catalogue S. Geo. B. Grant, 66 Beverly Street, Boston, Mass. All Scientific Books and App. cheap. School Electri city, N. Y.

Revolving Head Screw Machines. Three sizes on hand. Prices, F.O.B., \$300, \$350, and \$450. Brown & Sharpe Mfg. Co., Box 469, Providence, R. I.

Patent Combination Gauge, Handy tool. Send for catalogue. J. Stevens & Co., Box 28, Chicopee Falls,

Double Cutting-off and Centering Machine to eight inches in diameter. Pond Machine Tool Co., Worcester,

-All varieties and sizes on one machine, Lamb Knitting Machine Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass.

Iron and Steel Drop Forgings of every description, Billings & Spencer Co., Hartford, Conn.

Several large Paper Mills have adopted Volney W. Mason & Co.'s Friction Pulleys for driving their ma

chines. Providence, R. I. Useful articles for both sexes are offered among the bargains advertised in this issue by J. A. Ross & Co., Boston, Mass. This firm warrants all goods, and makes bona fide offers.

The most complete catalogue of Scientific and Me chanical Books ever published will be sent free on application to Munn & Co., 361 Broadway, N. Y.

Wanted.—A good second-hand 50 horse power engine. Address, with description, the Brumby Chair Co.

Write to Munn & Co., 361 Broadway, N. Y., for cata logue of Scientific Books for sale by them

Patent Cases reported in short-hand or on type writer. Stenographers, with machines, supplied. Copying. 22 type writers in constant use. M. F. Seymour 239 Broadway, N. Y.

Bevel Gears cut theoretically correct.—Full particulars and estimates. Brehmer Bros., 438 N. 12th St. Phila

Send for catalogue of Scientific Books for sale by Munn & Co., 361 Broadway, N. Y. Free on application Wood Working Machinery. Full line. Williamsport Machine Co., 110 W. 3d St., Williamsport, Pa., U. S. A.

Oars to face your course with speed and ease. At Alex, Beckers, Hoboken, N. J.

Shafting, Couplings, Hangers, Pulleys, Edison Shaft ing Mfg. Co., 86 Goerck St., N.Y. Catalogue and prices free Air Compressors, Rock Drills. Jas. Clayton, B'klyn, N.Y.

The Best Upright Hammers run by belt are made by W. P. Duncan & Co., Bellefonte, Penna.

Iron Planer, Lathe, Drill, and other machine tools of modern design, New Haven Mfg. Co., New Haven, Conn

The leading Non-conducting Covering for Boilers, Pipes, etc., is Wm. Berkefeld's Fossil Meal Composition X inch thickness radiates less heat than any other covering does with two inches. Sold in dry state by the pound. Fossil Meal Co., 48 Cedar St., N. Y.

Try our Corundum and Emery Wheels for rapid cutting. Vitrified Wheel Co., 38 Elm St., Westfield, Mass. The Providence Steam Engine Co., of Providence, R. I., are the sole builders of "The Improved Greene En-

Every variety of Rubber Belting, Hose, Packing, Gaskets, Springs, Tubing, Rubber Covered Rollers, Deckle Straps, Printers' Blankets, manufactured by Boston Belting Co., 226 Devonshire St., Boston, and 70 Reade St. New York.

Experimental Machinery Perfected, Machinery Patterns, Light Forgings, etc. Tolhurst Machine Works, Troy, N. Y.

Brush Electric Arc Lights and Storage Batteries. Twenty thousand Arc Lightsalready sold. Our largest machine gives 65 Arc Lights with 45 horse power. Our Storage Battery is the only practical one in the market Brush Electric Co., Cleveland, O.

The Cyclone Steam Flue Cleaner on 30 days' trial to reliable parties. Crescent Mfg. Co. Cleveland, O.

Wanted.—Patented articles or machinery to manufacture and introduce. Lexington Mfg. Co., Lexington, Ky. "How to Keep Boilers Clean," Book sent f

James F. Hotchkiss, 86 John St., New York. Mills, Engines, and Boilers for all purposes and of Send for circulars. Newell Universal

Mill Co., 10 Barclay Street, N. Y. Presses & Dies. Ferracute Mach. Co., Bridgeton, N. J. For Power & Economy, Alcott's Turbine, Mt. Holly, N.J.

Send for Monthly Machinery List

to the George Place Machinery Company. 121 Chambers and 103 Reade Streets, New York.

If an invention has not been patented in the United States for more than one year, it may still be patented in Canada. Cost for Canadian patent, \$40. Various other foreign patents may also be obtained. For instructions Munn & Co., Scientific American patent agency, 361 Broadway, New York.

Supplement Catalogue.—Persons in pursuit of inforof any special engineering, mechanical, or scientific subject, can have catalogue of contents of the Sci-ENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT sont to them from The SUPPLEMENT contains lengthy articles embracing the whole range of engineering, mechanics, and physical science. Address Munn & Co., Publishers, New York.

Guild & Garrison's Steam Pump Works, Brooklyn, N. Y. Steam Pumping Machinery of every description

Machinery for Light Manufacturing, on hand and built to order. E. E. Garvin & Co., 139 Center St., N. Y.

Nickel Plating.—Sole manufacturers cast nickel anodes, pure nickel salts, polishing compositions, etc. Comoutfit for plating, etc. Hanson, Van Winkle & Co., Newark, N. J., and 92 and 94 Liberty, St., New York.

Curtis Pressure Regulator and Steam Trap. See p. 222.

For Steam and Power Pumping Machinery of Single and Duplex Pattern, embracing boiler feed, fire and low pressure pumps, independent condensing outfits, vacuum, hydraulic, artesian, and deep well pumps, air compressers, address Geo. F. Blake Mfg. Co., 44 Washington, St., Boston; 97 Liberty St., N. Y. Send for catalogue.

Woodwork'g Mach'y, Rollstone Mach. Co. Adv., p. 222. Anti-Friction Bearings for Shafting, Cars, Wagons, etc. Price list free. John G. Avery, Spencer, Mass.

A lot of new Chucks of all sizes, slightly damaged, at half price. A. F. Cushman, Hartford, Ct.

The Improved Hydraulic Jacks, Punches, and Tube Expanders. R. Dudgeon, 24 Columbia St., New York. Friction Clutch Pulleys, D. Frisbie & Co., Phila.

Tight and Slack Barrel Machinery a specialty. John Greenwood & Co., Rochester, N.Y. See illus. adv., p. 254. Experimental Tools and Machinery Perfected; all Interchangeable Tool Co., 313 North 2d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mineral Lands Prospected, Artesian Wells Bored, by Pa. Diamond Drill Co. Box 423, Pottsville, Pa. See p. 254. \$2.50 buys a Keyless Drawer Lock that has not been picked. Miller Lock Works, Philadelphia, Pa.

Shipman Steam Engine.—Small power practical en-gines burning kerosene. Shipman Engine Co., Boston. See page 253.

Catalogue of Books, 128 pages, for Engineers and Electricians, sent free. E. & F. N. Spon, 35 Murray Street, N. Y.

The best Steam Pumps for Boiler Feeding. Valley Machine Works, Easthampton, Mass.



## HINTS TO CORRESPONDEN'I'S.

Names and Address must accompany all letters, or no attention will be paid thereto. This is for our information, and not for publication.

References to former articles or answers should give date of paper and page or number of question.

In quiries not answered in reasonable time should

Inquiries not answered in reasonable time should be repeated; correspondents will bear in mind that some answers require not a little research, and, though we endeavor to reply to all either by letter or in this department, each must take his turn.

Special Information requests on matters of personal rather than general inte est, and requests for Prompt Answers by Letter, should be accompanied with remittance of \$1 to \$5, according to the subject, as we cannot be expected to perform such service without remuneration.

Scientific American Supplements referred to may be had at the office, Price 10 cents each.

Minerals sent for examination should be distinctly marked or labeled.

(1) E. P.—There is no easy way of tinning cast iron. All the processes for tinning on other metals work but indifferently upon cast iron.

(2) C. H. D. asks: How much steam pressure can be carried in a chamber made of cast iron 6 feet diameter by 7 feet high, thickness of iron 1 inch, and if such a chamber can be strengthened, by having braces of cast iron put in, to safely carry 30 pounds pressure? A. As the form of the chamber is indefinite, we cannot answer. If it is a cylinder, with the heads thoroughly stayed by bolts from head to head inside, or a hemispherical head with strong flanges on cylinder and head well bolted, it will stand the pressure. You

must provide for 60 tons pressure on each head. (3) F. E. D. asks if a boiler made out of 10 tubes wrought iron, 11/2 feet high, 2 inches in diameter, would generate enough steam to run an engine 31/2 inch stroke, 13/4 bore. A. The 10 tubes alone would not be more than half enough as a boiler to run your engine. The engine with sufficient steam will run the lathe. You will need 15 feet of fire surface in the boiler. A vertical tubular boiler is the best.

(4) R. H. writes: I have an engine 2x3; what size boat would it run? A. A small Whitehall boat; 4 miles an hour will be good speed.

(5) S. F. McG.—Dry paper is a very good insulator of electricity. If wet, it of course becomes nearly as good a conductor as the fluid with which it is wet. Kept dry it is about as good as gutta percha

(6) T. O. L. asks: How do the American vatches compare with the Swiss watches? A. The American in all the medium and low priced grades take the lead; in the very high-priced hand made watches the Swiss watches are usually counted the best, though

as to which is actually the best there are many doubters. (7) L. H. C.—It is impossible to charge iar directly from You might do it by employing an induction coil, and charging the Leyden jar from the secondary discharge

(8) A Subscriber asks: Is there any liquid or preparation that will take the vellow color out of piano keys? A. Hydrogen peroxide might do it; that is probably the best bleaching agent that we have for any such use, but sunlight is the agent principally used heretofore.

(9) B. B. McC. sks: Is the electricity which produces the electric light a manufactured article, or is it a natural element simply collected and stored, and not manufactured? A. Electricity may be said to be manufactured. It is certainly produced by the expenditure of power in a machine, and the product, whatever it is, is sold like other manufactured things. We do not know that it is a natural element. It is probably a condition or state of natural elements.

(10) T. H. asks if the electric light will fade goods. A. We think not to any appreciable ex-

(11) B. C.—Stourbridge loam is a variety of fire clay mined at Stourbridge, in England. It is doubtful if it can be obtained in this country. For general uses it can readily be substituted by the ordinarv fire clav.

(12) Ind.—We think that the direction of the current through a patient's body, when a battery is applied to a person, has very little to do with its effect.

(13) G. T. asks how to fasten the tin foil sections on an electrical machine to the glass disk. A. Varnish both the tinfoil and the glass disk, and when the varnish is nearly dry press the two together Use shellac varnish.

(14) A. F. S.—The special manipulation to obtain flat surfaces on lenses and small mirrors for telescopes has been published in books and but partially described in journals. In Scientific American Sup PLEMENT, Nos. 139, 318, you will find the subject illus-

(15) W. H. T. asks the best way to repair a split in garden hose. A. Wind the hose with canvas, well coated with gutta percha or rubber cement.

(1992. L.—The rain liberates the odors of plants poistening their surface and opening their pores, the evaporation of the moisture carrying the odors with it. We know of no way to collect odors except by distillation from their natural sources.

(17) A. D. E. asks: What is the number of revolutions the dynamo machine described in No. 161 will make, and the number of revolutions the armature should make to give good results? A. About 1,500.

(18) J. L. P. asks: Is ten pounds sufficientpower to register ten pounds on a spring balance, when held in each hand? A. A pull of ten pounds on each end of the spring balance between your hands is ten pounds on the balance and ten pounds for each

(19) J. C. asks: How many horse power ought a boiler, properly set, of the following dimensions to develop: 16 feet long, 38 inches diameter, two 10 inch flues, good engine and about 80 pounds pressure? A. Your boiler is nominally 15 horse power may obtain from 20 to 25 horse power, indicated, at 80 pounds with a good engine.

(20) J. C. F. asks: What size and pitch of propeller is best suited for a yawl boat 18 feet long, 6 feetwide, and 26 inches deep, driven by a 2 horse power engine running 550 revolutions per minute? Weight of machinery, 700 pounds. How fast could such a boat go? A. A 20 inch wheel with 31/2 foot pitch may give you a speed of 8 miles per hour.

(21) J. H. writes: I wish to construct an elevated tank to supply my house with water. I have thought I would build it of cypress; is there any preparation that I can use that is harmless, to prevent the vater penetrating the wood, and that is tasteless? A. boiled linseed oil, or paint it with Prince's metallic oughly dry before using.

manufacture of vinegar is essentially comprised in the exposure to the air, causing the loxidation of the cider at a temperature of from 75° to 85° Fah. The pro-PLEMENT, No. 392

(23) J. D.—Wire like the sample is unfit for a field magnet, as its very thick covering separates the different layers, so that much of the effect of the current is lost. It is probable that the trouble with your dynamo is in the adjustment of the commutator. Have you connected the wires of your field magnets, so as to render their poles dissimilar?

(24) B. B. H. writes: 1. I wish to prepare some electropoion fluid for use in carbon batteries. Can I use tin vessels to mix my acids in without injury to the fluid? If not, what kind of vessels should I use? A. The acid will destroy a metal vessel; use porcelain or earthenware, 2. What does electropoion fluid weigh per gallon? A. It depends upon the amount of bichromate of potash and sulphuric acid contained in the solution. 3. How long can this fluid be kept without spoiling? A. Indefinitely.

(25) H. U. writes: I have made a dynamo similar to that in Supplement, No. 161, fields wound with No. 16 wire, armature with No. 24; by exciting the fields with a pint bichromate battery, I can bring an eight candle Edison lamp to incandescence. Now what I would like to know is, could I do any better by winding the armature with No. 18, as Sur-PLEMENT No. 161 directs? Also, how wide should the slots on the commutator be? A. We do not think you could improve your dynamo by changing the armature, if you do not object to use a battery for charging the field magnet. The slots in the commutator should be about one-sixteenth of an inch wide.

(26) F. O. H.—Some electric bodies can be charged by stroking with a cat's skin or piece of silk, so that in a dry atmosphere they will retain their charge for some time. It has not been determined when the Eads ship railway will be commenced; probably as soon as the capital to build it is assured.

(27) L. R. asks the correct meaning of the tonnage of a vessel. A. The law defines very carefully how the tonnage of different vessels shall be calculated. An approximate rule for finding the gross tonnage is to multiply the length of keel between perpendiculars by the breadth of vessel and depth of hold, all in feet, and dividing the product by 100. It is generally assumed that 40 cubic feet shall constitute a ton, and the tonnage of a vessel is considered to be the multiple of this ton which most closely corresponds with the internal capacity of the vessel.

(28) J. H. R. asks how to keep a leather

one of 4 inches, both of iron, A. A little good beeswax, rubbed on the inside while running, is sometimes a help for such difficulty, but a band of proper size to do the work should not slip if correctly put up.

(29) S. S. W.—The dominical letter denotes the Sabbath, or dies Domini, the Lord's day. The first seven letters of the alphabet are used for this purpose, the same letter standing for Sunday during a whole year, and after twenty-eight years the same letters returning in the same order. The golden number is a number showing the year of the lunar or Metonic cycle. It is reckoned from one to nineteen, and is so called from having formerly been written in the calendar in gold. Full information in regard to the methods of determining these letters can be found in the prayer book of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

(30) R. D. D. writes: In order to decide wager, will ask the following question: If a cat and a half can kill a rat and a half in a minute and a half, how many cats will be required to kill 100 rats in 50 minutes? A prominent sporting paper has answered "Two cats," which we do not accept. A. According to the terms of this question, it requires one cat and a half to kill rats at the rate of one a minute, or three cats will kill two eats in a minute; therefore it would take three cats to kill one hundred rats in fifty minutes,

(31) L. Y. writes: 1. While coal-tarring fishing nets, the coal tar is slightly heated, and the gas that rises burns the faces and hands of those employed in handling the nets. What solution or wash could be used on the hands and face to prevent this burning, or what would be a remedy for it? Could anything be added to coal tar in tarring fishing nets to make them less adhesive while handling? If so, what is it? The same not being injurious to the twine. A. We would recommend you to use the so-called "paraffine varnish" specially prepared for covering nets by the New York Coal Tar Company. It is entirely without the objectionable qualities found by you. 2. What size machinery, viz., boiler, engine, and wheel, would be suitable for a boat 40 feet long, 8 feet beam, 5 feet in the hold, and drawing 4 feet aft? A. 16 horse power engine and boiler, 3 foot wheel. 3. How large a wheel would be suitable for an engine with a cylinder 61/2 inches by 8 inches, carrying 75 pounds steam? A. A 26 inch wheel.

(32) R. G. A. asks: Does the bulk (or displacement) of a boat in locking make any difference in the quantity of water drawn from the upper to lower level? Or is the same quantity required without regard to displacement, and what is the difference, if any, in quantity required in locking the same boat up or down? A. It takes the same volume of water to lock a boat either way. The displacement is equalized by the water leaving the lock when the boat enters, and entering the lock when the boat leaves, the lock age water being the area of the lock multiplied by the height. There is an excessive loss, proportioned to the displacement of each boat, when the lockage is all one

(33) J. G. T. & S. write: We have a Do not know of anything that will be an improvement steam boiler in our basement, with the engine and feed upon the clean cypress. You may oil the wood with | pump on the floor above; and wish to arrange some kind steam boiler in our basement, with the engine and feed of water indicator with float to give us the depth of paint (oxide of iron) and boiled linseed oil. Let it thor- water in the boiler from the floor above. We have our steam gauge on the floor above at an elevation of eleven (22) W. W. asks how to make and feet above boiler. What would be the variation with clarify vinegar from cider in the shortest time. A. The this distance from the ordinary distance? A. There is no system of water gauge indicator above the boiler that has as yet proved reliable, atlhough there are several patents for such contrivances. A steam gauge may be cess of clarifying is given in Scientific American Sup- arranged in connection with a pipe directly from the steam space to the height of the gauge, arranged so that the water of condensation can drip back to the boiler, thus, making the pressure the same at the top of the tube as it is in the boiler. Attach the gauge to the top of the tube with a small siphon, the same as if the tube was the boiler. This will give the correct indication of the pressure in the boiler. If your present gauge connection pipe is filled with water, the gauge should be 5 pounds less than the pressure in the boiler.

> (34) J. F. A. writes: I have a detached house with brick foundation walls, in soil of a clayey nature. The cellar is well concreted, but I find that after a heavy rain there is water in the cellar. How can this be effectually remedied? A. Possibly your yard is low next to the house and drains into the cellar; this you should be able to see by inspection in stormy weather. Every yard should be graded so that the storm water runs from the house, toward cesspools or a sewer connection. A cemented bottom will not resist the coming in of water when there is any head, as when the soil is saturated for some feet above the cellar bottom.

> (35) L. J. S. writes We have built severalice houses, and in some of them we built the walls with air spaces, and would like to knowwhich is the best-to have the walls closed on top, so there is no circulation whatever in the air space, or is it just as good if the air space is open on the top of the wall? A. If the top of the air space opens inside the ice house, there is no need of closing it. If the open top is exposed to wind, it should be closed, as the wind blowing cross it will produce a circulation.

> (36) R. S. asks: If a flume 10 feet wide by 3 feet deep has to be replaced by two iron pipes. how large would the pipes have to be to contain as many square feet as the wooden flume? A. The tubes would require to be leach 416 feet diameter to be equal to the flume 3 feet by 10 feet.

(37) S. L. W.—Mercury flasks hold about Kgallon, and weigh about 12 pounds; they are good for one thousand lb, pressure. You could not compress more than 16 gallons of gas into a flask with any economy. This will give you 240 pounds pressure. W think that copper cylinders that are amply strong would be enough lighter and of more capacity for size than the mercury flasks. Any good coppersmith can make these cylinders.

(38) D. H. G. asks how to change back the poles of a 25 light dynamo that changed its poles from an unknown cause. There are other dynamos handy if they would be needed. A. You should reband from slipping. The band is 2 inches wide, and verse the polarity of your field magnets by the tempoconnects a driving wheel 21 inches in diameter with rary application of a current from another dynamo.