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HINIS TO CORRESPUNDENTS.

No attention will be paid t.0 commumcations unless accompanied with the full name and addiress of the writer.
given to inquirers.
We renew our request that correspondents, in referring to former answers or aricles, will be kind enough of the guestion.
Correspondents whose inquiries do not appear after a raasonable time siould repeat them. If not then pur lished, they may conclude that, for good reasons, the Editor declines them.
Persons desiring spe
Persons desiring special informatiou which is purel of a personal character, and not of geueral interes shoukd remit from $\$ 1$ to $\$ 5$, according to the
abtain such infor
Any numbers of
MENT referredto in these columns may be had at the office. Price 10 cents each.
Correspondents sending samples of minerals, etc.,
for examination, siould be careful to distinctly mark or label tueir specimens so as to avoid error in their indent fication.
(1) M. G. M. asks how peanut oil is purified and deodorized? A. In European mills the nuts are the kernels are left perfectly clean. These are crushed like any other oil seed, and put into bass which are
introduced into cold presses; the expressed oil is refinintroduced into cold presses; the expressed oil is refinground very fine and pressed under three tons to the inch in the presence of steam heat; this affords a sec ond quality of oil inferior to the cold pressed. The usual product is one gallon of oil from one bushel of
nuts by the cold process, besides the extra yield by the hot pressing. In France, where theoil is most largely hot pressing. In France, where theoilis most largely about eighteen per cent of superfine oil, fit for alimentary purposes; the second, after moistening with cold
water, affords sixper cent of a fine oil suitable for light ing and for woolen dressing; the third, after treatin with hot water, yields six per cent of oil applicable only to soap making. 'The cold pressed oil is almost color
less, of agreeable odor, and bland olive-like flavor. On less, of agreeable odor, and bland olive-like flavor.
the European market large quantities of it are passed
off as olive oil.
(2) J.-H. M. asks: 1. How to render a piece of muslin non-combustible? A. See article on "Incom No. 245. 2. How is sherry wine made? A. The juice is deposited in butts of 108 gallons each, and after the first fermentation is racked from the lees, each butt re ceiving from two to ten gallons of spirit, according to the quality of the wine, the inferior sortsrequiring most re-enforcement. The wine is subsequently flavored with a liqueur called ducce, made from the nust of over-ripe the addition of overproof spirit, and colored by an mixture of vins de color which a until it is reduced to one fifth of its bulk and has ac quired the consistency of treacle. It is deep reddish brown, and has a harsh and bitter flavor. By mean of the sherry.
(3) D. R. P. asks for a receipt for bluing revolvers and gun barrels, also the mode of employing
same? A. The bluing of revolvers is done by frst finishing every part to an even polish, and then heating in a muffer till the desired color is obtained. For a blue finish, clean every part to an even color finish, and apply nitric acid, 1 part, diluted with 10 parts water
until a blue film is produced upon the surface. Then until a blue film is produced upon the surface. The (4) W. H. L. asks for the quickest way to dry large oak hubs and avoid cracking. Does steam
ing affect the solidity of the wood? How soon afte ing affect the solidity of the wood how soon afte A. To dry oak hubs, pile them in a drying oven so tha there will be room for circulation of steam and air be tween the blocks. Turn steam into the oven so as to moisten the surface of the blocks, and also steam into coil for heating. Close the oven tight, keep it closed antil the blocksare heated thoroughly, so as to boil the water out from the interior, which will take four to
six hours. Continue the steam in the six hours. Continue the steam in the heating coil, and
shut off the steam from the wood shut off the steam from the wood for a few hours mor
with a little ventilation, when they will be found thor ougbly dry without cracking or checking.
(5) R. H. B. asks: What material to use to make a hone surface on wood, such as is put on razo stepared putty powder, 1 oz .; powdered oxalic acid,
pres oz; ; powdered gum, 20 grains; make into a stiff paste
with water, and evenly and thinly spread it over the strop. This is said to give a fine edge to the razor. If it cannot be usedas it is,we recommend that it be mixed
(6) W. J. P. asks: Does the beight of a balance wheel affect its running, as regards the atmo spheric obstructions it may meet? A. Practically, no
2. Or will a wheel run as easily uuder a machine clos to the floor, as above it? A. Yes; as easily, if the a toosphere around the wheel be not confined.
(7) H. C. A. asks: 1. How to make a good mitation of snow? A. Thie depends upou your object spattered so as to produce this effect. Salt is likewise used by photographers. 2. I bave a large lithograph and would like to pat a gloss to it-will it do to varnieh it (8) S He linograph in varnish
(8) S. H. J. writes: I have a piece of apparatus used to register the number of vibrations per second of a wire by means of an electric current. The
current is broken and closed by the wire. What solution is there if in which paper is soaked and then rawn between the ends of the conducting wires, but the mark made is not instantaneous, which is neces but th
sary.
Bromide
$.2 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$.
Dextrine or starch
Distilled water ...
You might also try:
Nitrate ammonia... ........................ 2 lb.
Muriate
Muriate
.1 oz.
1 gal .
(9) J. A. S. asks: 1. Could I generate enough steam in a boiler 4 in . square by 12 in . high to propel a machine at the rate of 50 revolutions per mi nute that requires the foot pow er of on eman to propel
$\begin{array}{ll}\text {. We think not. } & \text { 2. Also, wo uld plates one-eighth in }\end{array}$ thick be thick enough to withhold the pressure? A One-eighth inchthick is suffleient for wrought iron plates if the boiler is cylindrical, but not if square, whether it be wrought or cast iron. 3. What kind of oil would
be best to heat with? A. Your question is rather inbe best to heat with? A. Your question is rather in-
definite, but for a stove heated with oil we think you ill find good as anything.
(10) I. P. S. asks: 1. How to prepare a ce ment to mend broken alabaster ornaments? A. Use
glue sold by druggists for cementing china and glays rnaments. 2. Why are not steam engines with oscillal ing cylinders more generally used. A. The oscillatin building cannot compare with other forms of engine.
(11) T. H. R. asks: What is the best method of getting rid of the quality of stickiness in boiled linseed oils? How can such stickiness in canvas or calico
cloth dressed with such oil be overcome? tickiluess of linseed oil is one of the properties of the il in question, and cannot be got rid of unless de. composition takes place. For your special purpose we would recommend that the articles coated be thorough ly exposed to the air, and the oil oxidized. By this
means it will harden, and the condition sought for means it will harden, and the condition sought for
will be to a great extent accomplished (12) E. F. writes: I bave a large sheep skin mat on my floor which has troubled me for some time back by seemingly sweating. The carpet on which it
lies is perfectly dry and distant from any damp spot The skin becomes very wet, necessitating drying every ewdays. Please explain the cause of this and any emedy 1 may apply to prevencit. A. The sheep skin mhen the air is moist, these ingredients absorb the moisture from the air. The remedy is to wash and reress with borax water
(13) W. B.-For information on English railroad building you had better refer to some work on he subject. Speed of ordinary trains about the eame class trains, 40 to 60 miles per hour. The humming noise along the telegraph lines is caused by the wind lowing across the wire, setting the line into vibration sounding board. Do not know of the poles acting as preventing the noise than to use covered wire near the offices. Do not anchor the main line to the offle or cuilaing-come into the office with
(14) L. L. writes: 1. Two steam boilers are xactly the same in thickness, soth made of material meter of the sacond boiler is say one hundred times reater thau that of the first. Both boilers and their conents are deprived of all weight. No flues are supposed to be used. A pressure of one hundren pounds of steam
to the square inch is all the first boiler will stand. Will he secoud boiler stand the same steam pressure (viz. trength of the boiler will be in versely as the diameter 2. Two circular iron water tanks are presumed to be in vacuum, and are also made of material the same in thickness and strengtb. The diameter of the second tank is say one thousand times greater than that of the drst. The depth of both tanks is exactly the same. We eprive both tanks of the weight of the material
which tbey are made. Both tanks are full of water in tate of perfect tranquillity. The pressure against the in the second tank burst the side of the tank? In the above questions only pressure is to be considered . Yes.
(15) O. C. writes: 1. I am using a projector what little I use it I lamp, but I desire a better light. or what little I use it I cannot afford the oxyhydro bers of the Scient. In looking over the back num No. 25, a description of Dr. Regnard's incandescen hamp, and would like to ask a few questions about it. 1 . practical and safe. 3. Is the A. and 2. We think boik tus in the market, and if so, where can it be ortaina ? A. It is notfor sale in this market. 4. If not, will you please give full directions so that I can make one. alpublished all the information we have on the subject. 5. If this is not practical, can you suggest any improvemeat on the common oil lamp for intensity of light? A. Although the light referred to would probably anwer your purpose, we would suggest tbat you use a
lamp with a wide wick turned edgewise toward the ob ject. Place a concave reflector behind it, and between the lamp and the slide, place a good condenser com
posed of two or three plano convex lenses. A lantern
arranged in this way ought to give good results. An oxyhydrogen light would not be very expeusive, and (16) W. K. writes: 1 Ing else.
nce book that whe in your referduetors of electricity; would like to know if they are conductors or not? A. They are both conductors of
tlectricity. 2. A: what distance will an electro magnet attract iron, causing it to move, provided the iron too large for the magnet to move? A. The attraction of a magnet for its armature is inversely as the square the distance. The greatest distance depends on the sirength of the magnet, but in any case it is not very treat. 3. Is chemically pure zinc better to make a voltaic pile with than ordinary sheet zinc? A. Yes.
(17) W. A. asks: 1. If perpetual motion has ever been invented? $\cdot$ A. No. 2. What is the exact
meaning of such a machinep A. A machine to promeaning of such a machine ${ }^{\text {d. A. A machine to pro- }}$ durce out of nothing. 3. Was there ever a premium, or is there still one offered for its invention? A. No.
(18) G. W. M.-Scotch pig iron as given by Thurston is as follows:


## (19) J. G. T. asks if there is a powder mad

 for removing ink blots, etc., from paper, and if so, ofwhat is it composed? Also if there is a liquid for the same use, and what it is composed of? A. We know of no powderthat is really effective in removing ink; ide of lime and acetic acid is often used. Oxalic and citric acids are employed for this purpose. See article citric acids are employed for this purpose. See artic
on inks, Scientifio American Supplement, No. 157.
(20) C. S. writes: In a planer to dress staves, which is the best velocity to give to the cutter,
also to the speed, and how do I determine, or what is the proportion of the speed of feed to that of the cutters. . The question in regard to speed of stave machines is very indefinite. The kind of staves, hard or soft wood, and the condition of the lumber, whether there is much or litlle to come off, should regulate the speed of tb The cutters The cutters may have from 1,000 to 1,500 turns per minute. A trial with good judgment is worthmore to you
than the advice of those that are not acquainted with your machine or lumber
(21) S. C. T. asks: How can I remove greas from painted machinery (a Campbell printing press) keep the polished steel and castings from rusting? Als what will loosen the parts, when gummed with oil? A. Benzine or naphtha will remove grease without remov-
ing the paint if used quickly and carefully. A slight ing the paint if used quickly and carefully. A slight
film of good sperm or lard oil is as good as anything film of good sperm or lard oil is as good as anything
for preventing rust. Kerosene oil injected into a gum med joint will loosen it. Use good oil, and you will not be troubled with gumming.
(22) W. B. asks if there are any patent ovens used in baking japanned work, or how to con-
struct a good one, and what are the materials used in struct a good one, and what are the materials used in
japanning and how to prepare them, or is there any work published on japanning! A. There are no patent ovens required to bake japan varnish. Any room suita ble for the quantity of work required to be baked at on time, so arranged as to be safe from fire, and to be heat ed $10250^{\circ}$, will do the work. We would not recommend you to attempt to make the varnish; it is a peculiar
business. Buy the varnishes of the colors that you rebusiness. Buy the varnishes of the colors that you re-
quire. You have varnish agencies in St. Louis. We know of no work treating especially upon this sub ject.
(23) C. J. H. asks how sugar is made from Indian corn, also if it is possible to make sirup from old or glucose from corn, see a full account in the ScibNTI Fic American Supplement, Nos. 98, 259, and 260. but this system has not usurped the public favor ov the old.
(24) T. J. M. asks : 1. Can the ink used by copper plate printers be bought ready for use, and where? A. Yes. Write dealers in princing ink who platep A. It is rubbed into the lines, and the surplus wiped off with a cloth and a little whiting. 3. How many impressions will each application of ink be likely to give? A. One. 4. Can I get a book of instruction
on "copper plate" apd "relief" printing? A. Write of our industrial book pubishers.
(25) C. E. B. asks: 1 . How to make a cheap and easily made vulcanizer to vulcapize rubber for hand cle on "The India Rubber and Gutta-percha Industries, Scientifio American Supplement, Nos. 249 and 251 especially the latter, where valcanizers are described on page sof. 2. Whe for the first Polyglot Bible and that o other type setting A. The setting of the type for
Polyglot Bible is different and more complex than othe type setting, because of the text being represente type seting, because of the text being represented
in several languages. The Complutensian or frst was priuted in four languages; Hutter's Polyglot in twelve languages. Some of the editions contained the Hebrew Syriac, Chaldse, and Samaritan texts,with their Latin versions.

Minerals, etc.-Specimens have been re ceived from the following correspondents, and examined, with the results stated:
. M. G.-The mineral is pyrite (iron sulphide), and may carry gold. An assay costing $\$ 5.00$ would dete are small plates of mica. We do not think the mineral
contains gold. An assay costing $\$ 5.00$ would determine
the presence of precious metals.-J. A.R -The mineral is one of the varieties of feldspar, and ma' carry a little zinc with it. In order to ascertain this it would b necessary to have it assayed. The expense of thi
would be $\$ 5.00$. would be $\$ 5.00$.
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