ENGINEERING INVENTIONS.

A combined feed pump and condensing apparatus for engines has been patented by Mr. John Houpt, of Springtown, Penn. This invention relates o features of two former patents issued to the same patentee, and the combined apparatus covers a primary condenser, by which the exhaust steam is cooled to a temperature a little below that of boiling water, under a partial vacuum, a secondary condenser, operating to produce a good vacuum in front of the piston, and to keep a higher temperature in the cylinder than in ordi-Dary condensing engines.

MECHANICAL INVENTIONS.

A slide rest, for use on turning lathes, to guide the tool in forming the work, has been patented by Mr. Jacob Fitz, of Hanover. Pa. 'The invention tonsists in a sliding block and a guiding form interposed between the usual longitudinally sliding carriage and the tool rest carried thereby.

An automatic felt guide for paper machines has been patented by Mr. Benjamin A. Schubiger, of Montoursville, Pa. The guide roll and cone guides are mounted on a supporting bar with a center pivot, and there are carrying rolls on the opposite ends of the bar for supporting the ends, so that the felts may be automatically corrected when tending to run sidewise or out of line, from the tension of the web varying by the stretching of some parts more than others.

MISCELLANEOUS INVENTIONS.

A flower pot has been patented by Mr. Daniel O. Martin, of Marshall, Ill. It is so constructed that a quantity of water will be retained in the lower part of the pot and at the same time air will have access to and can circulate around the roots of the plant, thereby promoting rapid growth,

A wire crimper has been patented by Mr. Matthew M. Jones, of Kokomo, Ind. A box with its front end closed and perforated for the free passage of wire has a transverse bar in combination with a hinged or pivoted lever handle, combined with other devices, for crimping wire in constructing picket and other

Improved barbed metallic fencing forms the subject of a patent issued to Mr. Albert Potts, of Philadelphia, Pa. The metallic fencing strip, notched upon its edges, is combined with pointed wire staples, the staples being fixed in place in the notches by twisting their pointed ends together so barbs are formed upon the strips.

A sample trunk or case has been patented by Mr. Henry W. Mattoni, of New York city. It is made with stop springs interposed between the ends and sides and the ends and sides of its travs, so the latter will be kept in place and protected against sudden jars, arched metal springs and re-enforcing rubber aprings being used.

A pump has been patented by Mr. Orlin W. Hammond, of Belmont, N. Y. It is an improved lift and force pump for adaptation to small bored wells, and has an air chamber attachment to the rod for working the piston, the rod being hollow and forming the water conductor for the delivery of the water from the pump.

A coal dumper has been patented by Mr. Thomas Wallwork, of Litchfield, Ill. The invention tonsists in the combination, with a frame, of a box hinged therein at one end, the frame being provided at one end with gates hinged to the top and bottom, the gates so connected that they open and close together automatically.

A caster wheel and die for making it have been patented by Mr. Walter S. Ravenscroft, of Parkers burg. W. Va. The caster wheel is made of woody fiber or wood or paper pulp, and has its central portion additionally compressed, for which purpose the dies have plungers operated by eccentrics, so rotated as to give any desired pressure,

A washer for vehicle wheels has been patented by Mr. Bartholomew Masterson, of Milford, Mass. The washer is jointed or hinged, so it can be secured on a spoke very easily and rapidly, without the felly being removed, it being passed around the spoke above the shoulder, where it will prevent any longitudinal movement of the spoke.

A door cbeck has been patented by Mr. Frank M. Sears, of East Saginaw, Mich. Combined with a stud projecting from the door is a block with a transverse and a vertical aperture, a pin or bolt being held in the latter, and resting on a spring adjustable by a screw, making a convenient device for holding a door open, and preventing it from being opened too far.

An improved sleeve for coats and other like garments has been patented by Mr. Charles F. Butterworth, of Troy, N.Y. The object is to make an elastic, warm fit about the wrist, for which purpose is provided a hollow annular fur band, and a spring within it, and a securing strip, with one edge secured to the wristlet and its other edge interposed between the turned in portion of the sleeve and its lining.

A ball trap, for throwing targets, has been patented by Mr. Charles F. Stock, of Peoria, Ill. This invention relates to certain improvements formerly patented by the same inventor, and covers an improved clamp for holding the target, while a rear weight with a lip or projection is substituted for the rear extension of the arm and stud for suddenly stopping the swing of

A baling press has been patented by Mr. Andrew Johnson, of Greensborough, Ala. It has slot ted ends, with ratchet bars at the sides of the slots and fulcrum bars suspended near the ends, the press box being provided with a follower strengthened by a truss, and carrying spring-held catch bars to engage with the ratchet bars, with other details of special device, to facilitate the baling of cotton, hay, etc.

An improved sewing machine has been patented by Mr. George A. Annett, of Sutherlands Corners, Hose. 75 per cent off belting. John W. Buckley, 156 Ontario, Canada. The invention relates especially to South Street, New York.

the needle and take-up mechanism, which is so combined as to accomplish by one movement the work of Removable Pipe and Boiler Coverings. We make pure two essential parts, and they are so arranged that the thread will be slackened as the eye of the needle enters the goods, whether they be thick or thin.

A folding box has been patented by Mr. Henry Krog, Sr., of Washington, Mo. In combination with the bottom section and cover are removable sides and euds, a chain, screw bolt, and nut for pressing the bottom and cover against the bottom and top, edges of the sides and ends, and a fastening device in the end pieces of the bottom section, for holding the lower end

A traveling brick machine has been patented by Mr. Henry Stelzmann, of Leech Lake, Minn. A locomotive machine is contrived to feed the clay from a tank it carries into a device for working preparatory to pressing, when it is passed through a press, and delivered in properly formed brick upon the surface of the drying yard, all by the automatic action of the machinery geared with the propelling engine, the only hand labor being that of substituting full for empty clay

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If an invention has not been patented in the United States for more than one year, it may still be patented in Canada. Cost for Canadian patent, \$40. Various other foreign patents may also be obtained. For instructions address Munn & Co., SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN Patent Agency, 261 Broadway, New York.

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BERLY'S UNIVERSAL ELECTRICAL DIREC-TORY. A reference book for industries connected with Electricity and Magnetism. Wm. Dawson & Sons, London: Cumming & Brinkerhoff, New York.

This book is a comprehensive directory for the use of all engaged, experimentally or practically, in any of the numerous applications of electricity to the arts and sciences. With much valuable information as to the present state of our knowledge in this department, it gives classified lists of manufacturers and dealers in articles required for every use to which electricity has thus far been put, in America, in Great Britain, and on the Continent of Europe. The mere, enumeration of the articles now called for in this line would make an extended catalogue. The kinds of wire alone afford an immense variety of brass, copper, iron, galvanized iron, German silver, phosphor-bronze, steel, insulated in various ways, or with different coverings; then there are all kinds of telegraph and telephone materials, electric light and dynamo machine appliances, chemicals for use in batteries, etc., and this book gives the buyer the means of reaching first hands through all this field. It also gives the officers and 1,111 members of the London Society of Telegraph Engineers and Electricians, with statistics about the telegraph, telephone, cable, and electric light companies of the world.

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We renew our request that correspondents, in referring to former answers or articles, will be kind enough to name the date of the paper and the page, or the number

of the question. Correspondents a reasonable time should repeat them. If not then published, they may conclude that, for good reasons, the Editor declines them.

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Correspondents sending samples of minerals, etc. for examination, should be careful to distinctly mark or label their specimens so as to avoid error in their identi-

(1) M. D. D. asks: Is there any difference in the manufacturing of silver steel and ordinary cast steel? Are circular and cross cut saws made of silver steel better than those made of the ordinary cast steel? A. Alloys of steel with less than one five-hundredth of silver have been made in England for fine cutting instruments, but not known to have come into trade use. Cutlery has been imported from England, and ble.

probably made here, under the name of silver steel. The silver part had more relation to the high luster of its finish than to its composition. There are quite a number of grades of cast steel suitable for the various kinds of tool making. Saws are not made of the highest grade, as they require to be tough and elastic.

(2) W. M. asks: Can the bone of an ox be softened to such a degree by boiling with steam of high pressure that it may be crumbled by the thumb and finger like a bolled mealy potato? If so, please state how great the pressure must be, what the temperature must be, and how long must it be used. Please inform me of the best cement for cementing a patch on a rubber boot? A. By using superheated steam at a temperature at which the bones will not become charred or burnt, you can accomplish your purpose. See article on page 71 of Scientific American for Feb. 2, 1884, on "Two New Processes for Making Artificial Ivory." For cement see rubber cements, on p. 2510 of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT, No 158.

(3) J. S. writes: An expert in this city claims that a copper ball perfectly air tight, used as a float in hot water, will in time fill with water and sink, and still be air tight or not leak. Some of us can't see it; won't you give us light? A. Floats that are called air tight are not always tight, especially if there is any pressure upon them. Thus floats have been used in steam boilers, and are now occasionally used in France for low water detecters. They are not reliable. They may be absolutely tight when first put in, but do not stay so. The hot water and steam has a disintegrating effect upon the joints, and the pressure in time fills the float with water. If there is no pressure, as in a hot water tank, the heat of the water expands the air upon the inside of the float, producing pressure, which will let out the air through a leak that does not otherwise show. When the water is cold, there is a corresponding pressure inward which carries in a little water. Repetition of this process soou fills the ball,

(4) C. L. B. writes: 1. I wish a power for a small mill, and I would ask if it is advisable to run it by sand power? A. We do not think that sand storage power is as yet practicable. 2. Which is the bestthe vertical or horizontal flouring mills? A. The horizontal mills are considered best. 3. Which is the best an upper or under running stone (I mean portable mills)? A. The under running stone is considered the best. 4. Should cogged gearing be greased or run dry, such as a thrashing machine horse power? A. All quick running gearing runs better and lasts longer if

(5) D. R. W. & Co. write: Can you furnish us with information for building oven for japauning iron castings? If there is any work in print treating on the subject, please let us know, and we will send price. A. We know of no practical work devoted to the subject of japanning. For japanning you will require from 240° to 260° temperature. The ovens are usually made of brick for safety, and heated by an iron flue or stove pipe passing around the room, the fire being upon the outside. Some place a heater (such as is used for dwellings or stores) in a chamber below the drying room, arranged to let the hot air pass up into the drying room. There should be no communication between the hot air chamber and the open fire that could possibly admit the vapor of the varnish to the fire. Steam is also used in coils of iron pipe laid around the room. It needs a pressure of from 60 to 80 pounds in the coils to make a useful temperature.

(6) L. F. writes: I bave been trying to make butter color, according to the receipts you give in SUPPLEMENT, No. 316. After carefully following your direction I have been able to impart but a slight tinge to the olive oil I have been using. Can you suggest any improvement in the process, and thus help me out? A. We are unable to assist you in your difficulty. Both the annatto and turmeric are substances capable of imparting their color to oils and butter, when treated in the manner as described, and we fail to comprehend why they do not act in your hands. Perhaps, by using a larger quantity, the desired result will be accomplished, or it may be that the heat is not continued for a sufficient length of time,

(7) H. G. K. writes: I have bought two lenses, with which I wish to make a telescope. They are a double convex lens for object glass, about one and three-eighths inch diameter with focus of about 72 inches, and a plano concave lens for an eye piece about five-eighths inch diameter and 11 inch focus. 1. How far should farrange the lenses from each other? A. Place the concave lens the distance of its own focus within the focal point of the convex or object lens. 2. What will be the magnifying power? A. The power will be the focal length of the object lens in inches divided by the focal length of the eye lens in inches, or 65 times. 3. Does not the concave eye piece make the object smaller, and as I have a double convex eve piece yet of about one inch focus, would it not be better to use that? A. You can use the double convex eye piece by placing it its own focal length beyond the focal point of the object glass. 4. What would be the magnifying power then? A. Power as above, or 72 times. 5 When it is said that a telescope magnifies 100 times, does it mean that it makes the object ten times higher and ten times wider? A The magnifying power means diameters, or 100 times wider and 100 times higher.

(8) C. S. H. writes: 1. We have a phrenological bust that has become much soiled from dust, etc.; the faculties are all labeled. How can I cleanse it? A Of stearine and Venetian soap, each two parts; pearlash, one part; the stearine and soap cut small and mixed with 30 parts of solution of caustic potash, boiled for half an hour, stirring continually. Add the pearlash dissolved in a little rain water and boil a few minutes; stir until cold and mix with more lye until it is quite liquid; keep well covered up. Remove all dust and stains from the plaster, and apply the wash as long as it s absorbed. 2. Some old putty has discolored my new nickel plated irons. How can I remove the color? A. Polishthenickel with a little rouge; firsthowever apply alcoholor ether to remove the oil contained in the putty stain. 3. Can cider be kept in glass cans or jars. if put in when cider is new, and kept well sealed? A. If hermetically sealed, cider will keep. The addition of pepper seed and other spices is sometimes desira-