## ENGINEERING INVENTIONS

An improvement in car platforms bas been patented by Messrs. Wm. F. Brown and Charles L. Haight, of Pougbkelpsie, N. Y. A hook secured th the bottom of the platiorm projects upward and on the
top of the next pla tform. There are other special devices,
but the idea is that cars in collision will be prevented but the idea is that cars in collision will be prevented
A car coupling has been patented by Mr . John Cochran, Jr., of Millwood, Mo. It consists of
a rock shaft crossing the end of the car from side to a rock shaft crossing the end of the car from side to
side, from whence the coupling pin is suspended by an arm; a link lifter is also suspended from the shaft, so
thail by cranks at the sides of the car, or a rod and that by cranks at the sides of the car, or a rod and
chain extending to the top, the pin and link can be handled without going between the cars.
An improvement in operating valves of eam engines has been patented by Mr. Charles A Gayne, of Ashland, Pa. It is intended to increase the
regularity of pumping, and by it the pump cylnder is completely filled arter each stroke. When used with two large pumps, this valve system will stop the pump
automatically as soon as the reservoir is emptied of automatically as soon as the reservoir is emptied of
water, whereas other pumps move off rapidly as soon as water, whereas other pum
they begin to take on air.
A safety switch guard has been patented by Mr. Henry Harmer, of Southampton, Ontario, Canada The switch operating mechanism is contained within a
house or structure, into which the switchman mustenter house or structure, into which the switchman must,enter
to ad just the switch, but which he cannot leave until, after connecting a switch with a siding, he has recon vides special means for accomplishing this end.
An improved boiler feeder bas been pateuted by Mr. John H. Phillips, of New York city. It is a pump connected with a vessel for receiving water, the
latter having a float to throw a lever connected witb he slide valve, so the pump will be started as soon as the water in the receiver reaches a certain height. The
feeder may be placed at a distance from the boiler, and feeder may be placed at a distance from the boiler, and
An improved steam boiler has been paten ed by Mr. Willey J. P. Kingsley, of Rome, N. Y. The tubes which enter the fire box conduct the heat pro-
ducts to the top of the boiler as usual, but there are re turn tubes between the inner ones and the boiler shell, which extend down through a water les, and thence lead between the shell and the inclosing, wall to the smoke stack, thus greatly increasing the run of the
heat along the boiler, and more than doubling the heating surface.
A car coupling has been patented by Messrs. Joseph K. Nyce and Irwin C. Hunsicker, of Skippack,
Pa. It provides for a drawhead with longitudinal Pa. It provides for a drawhend with longitudinal
slots in the sides and bottom, in which side slots a cross bar sifdes, which bas a bottom guide projection into the bottom slot. The ends of the cross piece are shaped frames pivoted on the drawhead and throw them over hooks on the opposite drawheads, thus automatically coupling them.
An improved automatic car coupling has been patented by Mr. Adonirum J. Chapel, of Arkan-
sas City, Kas. Upon one side of the forward end of each drawhead is formed a projection, the forward end of which is beveled to cause it to enter a recess formed
in the other side of each drawhead. The recess is rectangular, and so also is the coupling pin and the hole In which it slides, the upper part thereof being in such
position that one-half will be over the recess and the other half in the solid body of the drawhead. The de-

A patent for an improved steam boiler has been issued to Mr. Albert C. Blatchley, as administratorfor Mr.Albert P. Blatciley,deceased, of Deposit, N.Y. a special construction of the deflecting plates for effecta special construction of the deflecting plates for effectsame in the end chambers of the boiler, which are con-
nected by longitudinally arranged steam pipesor tubes. There is also a special construction of the side casings
to allow of convenient access for cleaning the tabes.

## mechanical inventions.

An improved treadle power has been patented by Mr. Arthur W. Bush, of Bonlder, Cal. A double connecting rod are so arranged that the dead centers of the crank are avoided, and the stroke of the treadle may be.varied at.the will of the operator.
A coal and rock drilling machine bas been patented by Mr. Thomas Aitken, of Pittston, Pa. The invention consists in an improved means for securing
the bar or post which carries the swivel and drill rod and such construction saves the necessity of a set screw which is liable to be lost or mislaid.
An improved screw machine has been patented by Mr. Georg Heyne, of Offenbach-on-the-Main of devices The invention covers various combinations of devices for holding, feeding, and cutting the rods or makes an apparently complicated piece of niechanism but works simply and almost aumatically
A tire tightener has been patented by Mr. Harvey B. May, of Oregon City, Ore. The wheel rim
is stretched by a screw jack device between the hub and the rim, and there are attachments to hold the spokes in the hub, preventing them from being drawn
out of their sockets when the rim is stretched, they may be thereafter as frmly fixed as ever
An improvement in water wheels has been patented by Mr. Lorerzo B. Swartwout, of Three Rivers, Mich. The buckets are not cylindrical, but
have an inverted bell shape, and the lower ends of the partition walls are concaved, or inclined in the reverse direction or that is beveled at the outer end so the rovele. Each of the bucket walls are at right angles to the fired wings in the throat in the curb of the wheel.

A machine for curling hat brims bas been the box, thus holding the cover 9rmly on and the jar in Atented by Mr. John Wilsoin, of Newark, N. J. This place in the box.
machine presents a new combination of parts in an apparatus for turning over the edges or curling the brims
of hard felt hats betore shaping them. of hard felt hats betore shaping them. By its use the any injurious effect of the escaping steam, and there is no necessity for any adjustable interior hub clamping device, the brim of the hat being held down to its place on the steam by a hollow weight, cover, or shield.
An improved machine for shelling green New York cit placed in a hopper, and the machine is operated b turaing a crank handle, when the top, or cover, of the machine, to the underside of which is afflxed a ring or
disk, pressed down by spiral springs, is turned in one direction, and a suitable screen is revolved in an oppo site direction. There are special devices for conveying their size, the pods being discharged from the machine, and a current of air from a blower carries off the fine particles.

A cartridge loading machine has been patented by Mr. Frederick A. Winter, of Thomson, Qa An intermittingly rotating disk has cells for holding the cartridge shells combined with a novel feeding device Porshiftingit around as the cartridges are chargei,
also a device for pressing in the wads and bullets, with attachments for crimping when paper cartridges are one for holding the powder and shot anka in conne one for holding the powder and shot
tion with the cartridge holding disk.

## AGRICÓLTURAL INVENTIONS,

An improved check row corn planter bas been patented by Mr. Walter W. Church, of Carthage, Mo. The check marker shaft is made to revolve con-
tinuously; it has arms with crotched ends sufficiently long and deepin the crotch crotched ends sumfe the shaft to be turned a quarter revolution by one arm, so that con tinuous rotation will be had with four arms, one arm
being engaged while another is disengaged. By this contrivance also the motion for the dropper slide may be had from the check marker shaft.
A combined barrow and cultivator has been patented by Mr. Lewis A. John, of Dunlap, Kas. The object is to make an implement that will be simple,
strong, durable, and easily handled, for use in tilling the soil around corn, cotton, and other standing crop. The plows may be swuug freely, by the handles, to
either side, or closer together or farther apart, as the either side, or closer together or farther apart, as the
crop may require, or be lowered or raised vertically for different conditions of crop or soil, enabling the work man toheap up about the plants just the right quantity

A grain header has been patented by Mr.
 for running on a drum, with gluides to tale up the slack,
means fer operating, and an extension carrier for dcmeans for operating, and an extension carrier for dc-
livering the graic from the elevator to a wagun alongside of the header. The continuous movement of th sickle in one direction is calculated to make
ter and easier than the reciprocating sickles.
An improvement in steam plows, to increase the traction and facilitate the steering, has been patented by Mr. Francis Pidgeon, of Saugerties, N. Y
The plow frame can be propelled forward or backward. There are sets of plows at each end of the frame, and the plows at the forward end are lifted from the ground as the plow advances; the wheels on either side are opp-
rated independeutly of the wheels on the other side by rated independeutly of the wheels on the other side by
separate pistons and cylinders. Bars on the sides separate pistons and cylinders. Bars on the sides
worked by a chain around an upright ehaft, allow worked by a chain around an upright ehaft, allow
of one side or the other of the frame to be readily advanced to facilitate tarning.

## MISCELLANEOUS INVENTIONS.

A fire escape has been patented by $\mathbf{M r}$ William Wightman, of Denver, Col., which prescribes the construction of vertical chambers within the build-
ing walls, each chamber connecting with a separate ing walls, each chamber connecting with a separate
story' and at the bottom with the outside of the building.

An improved wrench has been patented by Mr. James Davidson, of Central City, Colo. It is a
socket wrench provided with expansion jaws, and a
loose sleeve to contract the jaws upon the nut or articie, so as not to wear the angles of a nut or cock when pplied, the clamps being made to gripe tightly.
A music holder has been patented by Mr. a combination, with opening and cloginge muice hold ers, made to sbut and keep cosed by a spring aipplec
to a clamping and pivoted section or clamp, of an atto a clamping and pivoted section or clamp, of an at-
tached catch for holding the holder open, whereby
great faciity is afforded for putting in and taking out great facilit
the music.

An improved twine holder and lifter bas been patented by Mr. A. B. Tomlin. of Fort Collins, ring with one part weighted, and a rod or wire projecting from the part opposite the weighted part, this rod or wire being provided with a lool, or eye for lifting or raising the free end of the twine, so it will be out of the way when not in use, but can be easily reached.
A tobacco cutter, or pocket tobacco receptacle and cutter, has been patented by Mr. Joseph W. Cooel, of Rockland, Me. It is for cutting plug tobnce box of size adapted to hold an ordinary plag and then a box of size adapted to hold an ordinary plug, and then, y turning a cap,one set of cutters shaves off the tobacco,
while other catters working in a cross difection divide while other catters working in a cross difection divide A glass butter jar, box, and cover has been patented by Mr. Will ham W. Weston, of Honesdale, $\mathbf{P a}$. grass jar is placed in a box with suitable packing, the crossplece rests, through the ends of which screw-

An improvement in fireproof floors and ceilings has been patented by Mr. Andrew J. Campbell, of New York city. A joggle arch is used in which are three pieces, the floor beams, struts, and joggle pieces, the struts preferably hollow to save weight, and
all of freproof material. The floor is inexpensive, as the pieces can readily be moulded, and plat
centering are not necessary in their erection.
An improved inside window shutter or blind has been patented by Mr. William Teuteberg, of Omaha, Neb. This invention relates to inside window means of cords. It is a simple and cheap arrangement whereby slats, as provided, may be raised or lowered
to any desired position, or the angle of the slats be to any desired posit
An improvement in watch bows has been patented by Mr. Rome B. Richmond, of Macon, Ill. It consists of a watch case or locket pendant wilh a hook
above or below the bow aperture on each side, combined with a bow having a semicircular or eccentric transrerse ridge a short distance from each end. No screw tion is simple and durable.
An improved rag joining knife bas been patented by Mr. James A. Fulwiler. of Lexingion, Fll. The blade is sharpened at one end, and has an inclined notch passing toward the point of the knife from the through the other in forming the loop or joint, the slot being so arranged in relation to the shary point and edge as to join the rags firmly and smoothly, with
but short ends.
A combined copy holder and book rest bas A patented by Mr. Gustave Weinschenk, of Cam bridge, Mass. The device includes a clamp with proper it.will hold books or manuscripts open for perusal; it is so arranged as to accommodate a greater or less thickness of a book or manuscript, and has a line bar, or ompositor's copy in type setting.
An improved flood fence has been patented by Mr. Henry D. Merrill, of Springfield, Ill. It is con-
tructed with mud sills staked to the bottom of the structed with mud sills staked to the bottom of the
stream, and connected at their down stream ends by pairs of and connected at their down stream ends by
powardly inclined down stream ends of break bars, the fence to turn down into a horipass over, and the fence to return to an erect position

## r subsides.

An improved bag holder, for keeping a bag open while it is being fllled, has been patented by Mr. rangement of standards in connection with a platform, levers, and cross bars, the bag is supported and held when the.bag is filled the free ends thereof arc drawn ogetier and the bag will be released.
Mr. Washington I. Lee, of Peekskill, N. Y. has patented an improved baking pan, for baking bread, meats, etc., in a more perfect manner. The pan is of
sheet iron in the usual shape, and to the bottom and ends a sheet iron strip or chin cast iron plate is riveted, to support the pan so that the botom will not come in pan will not be burned. A apecially contrived and sup ported hinged cover is also provided for.
A yellow coloring matter which dyes a very bright yellow, has been patented by Mr. Ivan Levof nitric acid upon the mono and disulpho acids of ni-troso-alpha-naphthol, or upon a mixture of the same, wherehy, according to a speciflc process, a yellow precipitate is formed resembling earthy lumps; it can be and has distinguishing acid properties.
An improved butter tub has been patented by Mr. Henry F. Coombs, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Can. The staves are tbicker at one evd han the other, and narrower at the thin end than at the thick on one face; and wider at the thin end than at the
thick on the orher face, the tub is smaller at the top than at the bottom outside, and larger at the top than by their dropping off at the bottom, and the buiter may be removed in bulk in the usual way.
A cutter and holder for fruits and flowers has been patented by Mr. Peter McDonald, of Yonkers, N. Y. To the upper end of a pole of desired length is
fixed a concaved sharp edged blade; to the shank of
 blades are brought together to cut the stems of fruit or
flowers, the rubber blocks will grasp and hold the same flowers, the ru
until lowered.
An improved water heater has been patent ed by Mr. John B. Webster, of Los Angeles, Cal. It is intended to be - principally an oil burner, and around taining the utmost heat. The reservoir is suitably con nected with, but removed from the burner. The whole apparatus is constructed of sheet metal, with tight joints, and is intended to furnish a portable heater
which can be readily used for heating water out of which can be readily used
An improvement in transplanting implements, designed to facilitate the handling and resetting of plants, has been patented by Mr. Frederick Visscher, of Mount Sterling, Ky. A half conical bowl or vesse,
that may be opened across ite center by two handles or levers, is designed to bold the plants; at the bottom in a downwardly tapering root receptacle, forming a pintle The plant, placed in the bowl, with its roots thns surrounded, the implement can readily be enred into the
 of the handles.

A transplanting implement has been patented by Mr. Frederick Visscher, of Mount Sterling, Ky. This invention is desigued to facilitate packing
he earth arcund plants that have been transplanted, and where the earth lies loosely around the roots. Two handles are so pivoted as to form levers, at the lower ends of which are semicircular frames lolding teeth; these, when opened, are to be forced into the ground
around the plant, and as the bandles are drawn toaround the plant, and as the handles are drawn to-
gether they pack the earth around the roots of the

An improved cupelling furnace bas been Upper hy Mr. Beruhard Roesing, of Friedrichshatte, porous material of which these are made for drawing off the inferior metals, the inventor substitutes a firm metallic cupel, to which motion can be readily com-
municated as desired, without interrupting the process municated as desired, without interrupting the process of cupellation, and tbe products of oxiation-litharge, etc.-may be withdrawn, absorption in any degree not
being intended. The cupei is covered with a refractory material, to avoid overheating of the cupel refractory material, to avoid overheating of
or too great cooling off of the molten lead.

## NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS

How to Make Candy, N. P. Fletciner \&
Co., Hartford, Conn. Co., Harlfa,

## $\theta$ more popular forms of confectionery.

## A Prosperous Periodical.

The special illastrated edition of Building for
November is a noteworthy specime tending well directed effort in the newspaper line. Although this journal has only reached Nn. 2, volin., it a frm basis. It is devoted to architecture, as its title. implies, and in its editorial and general culumns trests pertinent snbjects in an instructive manner, aiding its explanations by at ractive illustrations. It is pub-
lished by William T. Comstock, 6. Astor Piace, this lished
city.
Explosive Materials. A series of lectures
before the College de France, at Paris, by M. P. E. Berthelot. " Science Series
D. Van Nostrand $\&$ Co., New York. This little book, the work of translating which from
the French has been done by Marcus Benjamin, Ph.B., F.C.S., notes the constitution, explains the action, and marks the differences between the leading kinds of explosives, more particularly those which have come into
promineuce duriny the past twenty years for industrial prominence during the past twenty years for industrial
purposes. The lecturer comes to his sunject as an act complished chemist, but the language is free from techuicalities, and the explanations cannot fail to be readily understood by any one of ordinary intelligence.
In regard to dynamite, gun corton, nitroglycerine, the results of many experiments are detailed, developing facts concerning their operation which are not
readily susceptible of demonstration in the ordinary uses of these explosives. In addition to the above the
book contains a short historical sketch of gunpowder, translated from the German of Karl Braum, and a valuable bibliography, or list of works relating to the constitution and preparation of explosive substances. chanics of Eng. Engineering and of Ma-
By Dr. Julius Weisbach Revised and enlarged by Gustav Herr:
mann. Translated by J. F.Klein, D.E. Illustrated. Vol. III. John Wiley \&
Sons. Price $\$ 5.00$. Sons. Price $\$ 5.00$.
This book is part 1 , section 1, of volume fii., and treats
of the Mechanics of the Machinery of Transmission. The remaining two parts will treat of the Mechanics of Machinery for lifting and transporting solid and fluid
materials and for changing the form and materials and for changing the form and size of materials. The introduction is a thorough and practical
discussion of kinematics. 'The flrst chapter considers discussion of kinematics. The frst chapler considers
jouruals, slaafting, couplings and bearings, giving the various forme, relacive dimensions, etc., and discussing riction and lubricants and lubricators. The second chapter is on gearing, every form of which is treated, while the remaining chapter considers rods and their guides. It is impossible, in a notice of this kind, to convey any idea of the scope of this work; it would be
diffcult to flnd a problem proverly coming within it difflcult to find a problem proverly coming within its province that is not fully explained. The book has
been a recognized authority for years, and is apecially designed as a text book for technical schools and collieges and for the use of engineers.
Graphic and Analytic Statics in Theory And Comparison. By Robert Hudson

The book ajms to place the theory and relations of graphic and analytic statics in a clear light and to bow their practical application to the treatment of orks. The fundamental principles of graphic statics are treated in Part f ., each proposition being proved, step by step, by the sole aid of geometry. no serious Part II. deals with the left in the demonstrations. bridge structures by graphic and analytic methods. A pecial feature of this part is the treatment of a given roof or bridge by two methods which mutually check ach other. The roof or bridge is taken truss by truss, and the reciprocal diagrams given in separate form, of
the independent trusses. The same framework is the independent trusses. The same framework is
then treated as a whole. One arricle explains the graphic and analytical methods of sections in applicaon to the same example. Part III. shows the graphic stress: resultants and centors of stress; centers of gravily; moments of all kinds and straight bea ms and
mer rders of various forms both in a state of equillbrium
and under loads. At the end of each chapter there is and under loads. At the end of each chapter there is a set of practical problems. The last chapter is devoted to wind pressure, giving the general theory, velocity
ind pressure, aud acion on roofs and braced piers,

