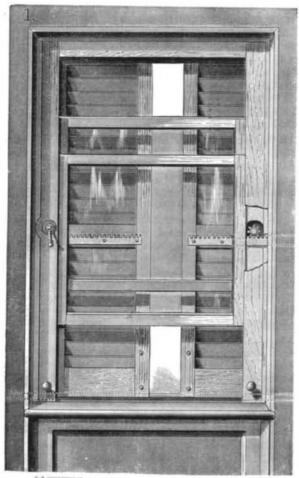
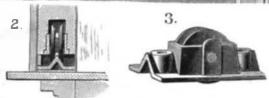
IMPROVED SHUTTER-WORKER.

The engraving shows an improved device for opening or closing outside window blinds or shutters from the inside without the necessity of raising the window sash. The top and bottom of each shutter are provided with grooved rollers that run upon tracks at the top and bottom of the window casing, and these tracks are extended into recesses in the wall, into which the shutters slide.





WAGNER'S SHUTTER-WORKER,

Each shutter is provided with a rack which is attached to the middle rail, and upon each side of the window extending through the casing there is a spindle carrying a pinion, which meshes into the rack and is capable of moving the with a crank by which it may be rotated to open or close the shutters.

The top and bottom rails are provided with stops at their outer ends, and also with central or middle stops, to prevent the blinds from traveling too far in either direction.

The shutters may be placed upon tracks on the outer surface of the wall, and if desired the outside of the house may be provided with cases on both sides of the window, into the top and bottom of which the ends of the top and bottom

In order to lock the blinds firmly in place in any given position—either open, partially open, or closed—and to pre- patentees, Pueblo, Col.

vent rattling, there is a bolt on each side of the window, the screw-threaded inner end of which works in a threaded box sunk into the jamb or casing, while the outer end projects out through the wall in a line with and opposite to or facing the blind bottom rails. Each bolt has an ornamental knobor handle at its inner endfor operating it. These knobs also serve the purposes of holders or hangers for the curtainbands when the curtains are drawn aside. If desired, the bottom rails of the blinds may be provided with two or more recesses in

a line with the projecting outer ends of the bolts, into which the points or ends of the bolts are inserted when the handles are turned, and which will prevent the shutters from being moved to either side. Under ordinary circumstances, however, this will not be found necessary, as the bolts will bind the blinds with sufficient firmness simply by bearing against the blind rails.

This invention was recently patented by Mr. Theodore Wagner, of 2101 Hyde street, San Francisco, Cal.

Automatic Counting of Letters.

Two officials of the London Post Office have invented and patented a method of automatically registering the number of letters stamped. The counting may be done by mechanical or by electrical means. In the first case a small counter, similar to an engine counter, is placed in the head or handle of the hand stamp, and each time the stamper presses it upon a letter it is registered on the counter. At the close of the day the stamp is opened, the number of letters stamped read off and registered, and the counter set ready for the next day's work. In the second case, two methods have been devised for electrically effecting the object. In one the striking of the inking pad causes electrical contact to be made, which transmits a current to a counter similar to that of a gas meter, and so registers every letter stamped. The other method is similar in principle, but a lever stamp is employed.

---IMPROVED FILTER.

This filter is designed to supply the demand for cleansing large volumes of water where the supply is drawn from flowing streams that are subject to roiling to such an extent that ordinary filters are useless, and where hydrant pressure cannot be had. Also where the amount of sediment and suspended matter is so great as to render other filters a source of constant annoyance by becoming clogged, thereby necessitating the frequent removal of the filtering material. The construction of Land's upward water filters is such that by simply raising a gate the backward action of the water frees the bed of filtering material, so that it is as good as new, while at the same instant a flushing reservoir is let go that sluices along the bottom and carries out all sediment or suspended matter into a waste sluice or drain. By closing the gate the filter at once acts as well as when first used.

The filtering material need not be renewed if proper attention is paid to flushing, and this is a matter of only a few minutes' work.

The bottom of the filter box, A, rests upon the slats or scantling, a, which are of sutable size and strength to support the filtering material, and are placed upon their edges, a small distance apart. The filter box is of such size relative to the outside box, B, as to form the reservoir or pen stock, C, at the sides of the filter box. The reservoir, C, has the outside openings, D D, at the bottom, which are closed by the sliding gates, operated by the rods or bars, dd.

The water to be filtered passes from the race, E, into the reservoir or penstock, C. In this reservoir or penstock a water head is maintained which forces the water into the sluiceways formed by the strips or scantling and upward shutter as the spindle is turned. Each spindle is provided through the filtering material. The filtered water flows out through the sluice, F.

> When it is desired to clean the filtering material and the bottom of the filter of the sediment which will collect in them, the gates, D, are to be opened, and the current caused by the flow of water through the gates will carry away and thoroughly remove the sediment.

These filters can be made to deliver any amount of clean water from 100,000 to 100,000,000 gallons in twenty-four hours. They are now in use by the Colorado Coal and Iron rails are extended, so that the cases serve to inclose the Company and by the Grant Smelting Company, also the blinds when open and protect them against the effects of Pueblo Smelting and Refining Company, all of Colorado. The first named company use two millions of gallons daily,

For particulars apply to A. W Geist or Gordon Land,

IMPROVED DOOR LATCH.

The latch improvement shown in the annexed engraving is designed to obviate the difficulties sometimes experienced in closing a door when there is considerable friction between the latch and the catch plate. In the latch shown in the engraving the catch when retracted is retained in that posi tion by means of a detent seen above the latch bar in Fig. 2. This detent is formed on a short rocking spindle, which extends through the lock casing, and is provided at its outer end with a crank arm capable of engaging the face of the catch plate.

The detent is held into engagement with the latch by means of a flat curved spring, and when the latch is retracted by turning the door knob in the act of opening the door the latch is held in that position by the detent until the crank arm strikes the face of the latch plate, when the latch is released and slips behind the face of the plate without friction and without wear.

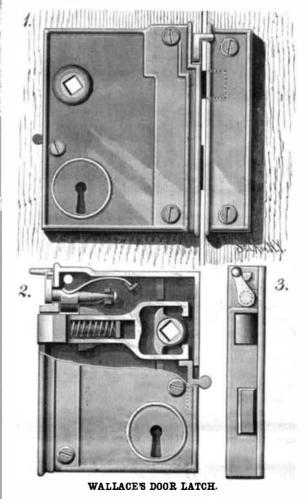


Fig. 1 in the engraving shows the lock in side elevation. In Fig. 2 a portion of the casing is broken away to show internal parts, and Fig. 3 is an end view.

This device removes all necessity for slamming doors and increases the durability of the latch manyfold.

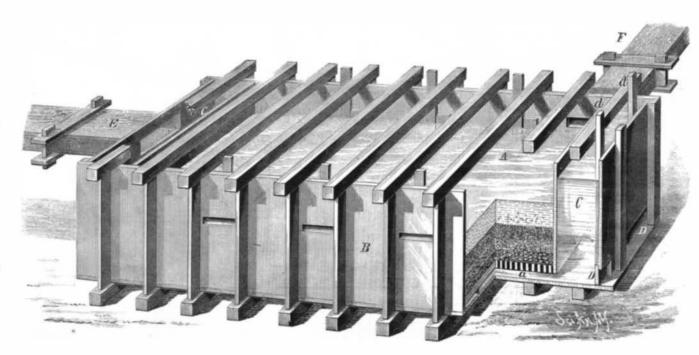
Further information in regard to this useful invention may be obtained by addressing the patentee, Mr. Lorenzo Wallace, of Leavenworth, Kan.

MECHANICAL INVENTIONS.

An improved ice-delivering machine has been patented by Mr. Jeremiah M. Jones, of Lucas, Ohio. It consists in constructing an ice-delivering machine with an endless carrier to receive blocks of ice from an ice house and lower them to a chute, down which they slide to a receiver, sashes that carry the carrier and slide in ways in the main frame, the sashes being adjusted and held in place by a jack screw and set screws connected with the main frame, a tapered friction wheel, friction clamps, and a clamp lever for controlling

the descent of the ice, and a bar and suspended weights for balancing the descending blocks of ice, whereby the ice will be delivered hy its own weight and the rapidity of descent of the ice blocks can be easily controlled

An improved circular sawing machine has been patented by Mr. Chas. S. Beath, of Escanaba, Mich. This invention consists of a circular saw mountedona swinging gate, of a frame provided with a roller table for the log or poles to be cut, and with an adjustable gauge. The swinging gate is provided with



LAND'S UPWARD WATER FILTER.