respect by the circumstance that the supposed invasion had nearly a day or two after. About that time it will be at its already become a fact accomplished?

rather the contrary; for the evil in the latter case would be motion is such that it will rapidly disappear after it passes; London Institute. It is located at South Kensington, and actual, not threatened merely, and the loss or saving of half the earth. The comet is to be looked for near the star Theta is intended to be the central institution of its kind for Enga million lives a year is a matter of the gravest national of the Great Bear, the tail pointing toward the north star. importance. Yet it is a singular fact that while we should be thrown into a panic if half a million lives were threatened. A REMARKABLE INSTANCE OF RETENTION OF HEAT: Chancellor's address relating to the objects of the movement by a new disease, we accept as inevitable, almost with indifference, the certain killing of that number of people every year by an old and familiar malady. And our medical they really do not know positively how consumption is been known to be so protracted as in the case now to be has, on the whole, been found sufficient until recent times. induced and transmitted, or whether it is communicable from the sick to the well or not; and worse yet, they confess withgeneral effort to have such momentous questions critically investigated!

When half a million of discontented natives of Europe transmits a legacy of sickness and too often early death to of other seams are also partially affected. their descendants, we mourn our individual losses, but make conditions of our civilization tend to increase the death rate the Gulf of the St. Lawrence. from this cause. If the disease is infectious, as many believe, the multiplication of cases may sooner or later reach a point impossible. Other races and civilizations have disappeared, place as being visited with the anger of the gods. leaving no explanation of the secret of their decline. Others, something peculiar to their modes of living.

to our race and civilization from the increase of consumption of annual growth; and three feet below the root of this tree ances; microscopes and optical apparatus; apparatus of no one but an alarmist would suppose; still it remains an a large piece of wood was found that had been fashioned by other kinds used in the investigations of disease; appliances impending possibility, more especially if there is any error some sort of ax. in the common belief that the disease is not contagious or infectious.

tion that the virus of consumption is specific and communical action, such as often causes what is called "spontaneous articles, and mineral waters; applications of hygienic princable is presented by Dr. Cogshall, of Michigan. The evi- combustion" in heaps of slack about coal mines; or it may ciples to food and dictaries, clothing, etc.; school furniture; dence is fuller and more cogent than is popularly believed; have followed a stroke of lightning; or the blaze of a camp- and miscellaneous articles for the promotion or maintenance and while it must be admitted that many cases of supposed fire may have been communicated to one of the "springs" of proper sanitary conditions. communication of the disease may be due not to any trans- or 'feeders' of inflammable gas that issue along the out mission of virus but to similarity of unsanitary surroundings crops of the unusually thick seams for which the Pictou and family customs on the part of related victims, there is area is celebrated. still sufficient evidence that the direct communication of tuberculosis is followed by pulmonary consumption to justify the outcrop of the deep seam on this area, in doing which a Jones states that Butler Mine fire, which has been raging not only exceeding care in the intercourse of the healthy bed of hot ashes was reached. I am indebted to Mr. Edwin with consumptive patients and rigorous sanitation in connec. Gilpin, Government Inspector of Mines, for the facts, and, tion with all cases of the disease, but a special reinvestigation to some extent, for the terms in which those facts are preof the natural history of consumption by the medical profes-

measures best calculated to prevent the ravages of consumption, and his remarks with regard to the superior efficiency of hygienic treatment over medication, will be found worthy of thoughtful attention. The position he takes with regard to the curability of consumption, even in advanced cases, through improved nutrition and a judicious hygiene to the exclusion of all nostrums and so-called consumptive cures, is decidedly hopeful; and we believe that the most of our physicians will measurably agree with him. We wish we could be so well assured of their desire to investigate anew and thoroughly the question of the communicability of the virus of the disease.

OPENING OF THE PARIS ELECTRIC EXHIBITION.

The International Exhibition of Electricity at Paris was officially opened August 10. Much work remained to be done to put all the exhibits in proper position. The delinquents were mainly in the British and American sections. The French, German, and Belgian sections were more forward. The electric railway was not completed. The Tissan dier balloon was ready and attracted much attention. President Grévy, the ministers, and a few other privileged persons wires had been placed in communication with the opera, and the voices of the opera chorus were heard with perfect distinctness.

SCHAEBERLE'S COMET.

Schaeberle, July 13 (Scientific American, page 104), is mometer, and was found to be 80° Fah., at a time when the more than fulfilling its early promises. Though dimmed by surface temperature varied from a minimum of 45° to a the light of the full moon it is already visible to the unaided maximum of 65° Fah. Soon after an opening had been eye and is rapidly increasing in apparent size and brilliancy. made through the pit to the workings in the mine the air cost of over \$1,000,000, are the first establishment of the kind It is about fifteen times as bright as it was a month ago, currents caused the temperature to fall rapidly to the nor- in the State. The company expect to be ready to turn out Its bright nucleus, of an estimated diameter of from ten to mal point. August 20, and the comet will approach the earth most although they may be historically ancient.

brightest. Like comet B, now slowly going out of sight, At first thought any one would reply: Not in the least; the new comet remains above the horizon all night, but its of an institute of technology, called the City and Guilds of

BY THE EARTH.

BY H. C. HOVEY.

authorities tell us, without a twinge of professional pride, that i time in a bed of ashes, but it is seldon that the period has they may be called; and this general discipline of the mind described.

out blushing that they do not contemplate any special or manager of the Albion Mines, in Pictou County, Nova; ried on in this kingdom has become very severe. . . . Scotia, to a peculiar area including about two acres of Other nations which did not possess in such abundance ground, where the snow never lies long without melting, as Great Britain, coal the source of power, and iron the and the frost never penetrates far, even in severe winters, essence of strength, compensated for the want of raw mathrong to our shores in a single year we do not fail to appre- All over this space are scattered fused masses of clay and terial by the technical education of their industrial classes; ciate the importance of the gain, both immediate and pros- ironstone, resting on the outcrops of what are locally known and this country has therefore seen manufactures spring up pective. When a larger number of our own citizens are cut as the "main" and the "deep" seams of bituminous coal, off untimely by a disease which, while it destroys them, which at this point are about 450 feet apart. The outcrops Both in America and in Europe technical colleges for teach-

no adequate effort to put an end to the national loss by urg- left this recrement of scoriæ and ashes, I was told that this all the leading centers of industry. England is now thoring or aiding the scientific determination of its conditions, portion of Nova Scotia was visited early in the seventeenth oughly aware of the necessity of supplementing her educacauses, and remedies. Already one in every five of our pop century by French explorers, and that an account of the tional institutions by colleges of a like nature." ulation dies of consumption, and the indications are that the harbor called Pictou was given in 1672 by the Governor of

The name-Pictou-is derived from a Micmac word, signifying fire; and the traditions of the Indians still point to -if its progress is unchecked-at which a perpetuation of this locality as having been, a long time ago, the scene of a our race and the civilization developed by it will become fierce and long-continued fire, which made them avoid the

The coal measures of Pictou were discovered in 1798, at we have good reasons for believing, have been exterminated the very point now described; and the discoverers represented by plagues peculiar to them, developed in all probability by the spot as covered with ashes over which grew large hemlock trees. Some twenty years ago, while a drain was being | included: Surgical instruments and apparatus; appliances of That there is any imminent danger of so disastrous a result cut in this locality, a tree was felled that showed 230 rings

In Mr. Harrison's opinion, at least 300 years must have ture; ventilation, lighting, and warming; sewerage and passed since the fire at this point was extinguished. How drainage; water supply and filtration; appliances used for In the current issue of the Scientific American Supple-it was caused and how long it burned are wholly matters of the treatment of the sick and wounded during war; street MENT a valuable summary of evidence supporting the posi-conjecture. The ignition may have been effected by chemi-ambulances, etc.; drugs, disinfectants, medical dietetic

sections of the same strata made only a short distance apart, The suggestions which Dr. Cogshall makes touching the the design being to exhibit the changes made by igneous

action. Present	Section.	. ·			Original S	Section.		
		ft.i	n.	Black	, argillaceo	ma shale	ft.i	ın.
Surface of burne	d clay	22	0	with to 2	h bands of in inches thic	ronstone 1 k. Total	واأ	6
Band of hard sco	oriæ	4	0	Brown	kness, 144 f n carbonace oal	ousshale		10
Reddish ashes Hardened shale.		3 2		Good Black	coal shale with	ironstone	3	7
Good coal etc. (being upper			Good	ds and coarse rnate strate	e coal in		2
•			<u>+</u>	`				_
Depth of pit		32	+		thickness n			10

termed the original section is one given by Sir William ing from one mine into another. Logan ("Geological Survey of Canada," 1869, p. 69).

The surface cover consists of clay with bowlders of sandstone and layers of gravel. The small portion of the 144 feet of black argillaceous shale filled with ironstone balls examiner; Marcellus Gardner, New York; John W. Babson, passed through by the shaft has been converted into an Maine, and Schuyler Duryee, New York, to be chief of divialmost continuous mass of scoriæ, very hard and compact, sions. Samuel B. Roane, New York; Reuben S. Parks, and difficult to drill through.

were treated to a telephonic musical entertainment. Four seam, which has been completely burned away, leaving a ant examiners—David Purman, Wisconsin; Marshall B. compact, laminated, reddish ash. And it was in this ancient Cushman, Massachusetts; Edward M. Bentley, Connecticut; bank of ashes, known to be more than 300 years old, that the Albert C. Fowler, District of Columbia; and William retention of heat was observed, which it is my object by Auginbaugh, Ohio. To be third assistant examiners—John this communication to place on record.

The approaching comet (C 1881) discovered by Professor | point 30 feet below the surface, was tested by a reliable there. F. Rogers, Pennsylvania.

twelve thousand miles, is surrounded by a hazy envelope or The consideration of the gradual radiation of the heat of Denver and Rio Grande Railway Company with thirty thoucoma perhaps fifteen times as much in diameter. Its tail is the earth suggests the idea that abnormal increases in the sand steel rails for their extension. This will be about the said to surpass that of the great comet of 1858, the most con-temperature of deep mines may be due in some cases to the capacity of the works for the first year. spicuous comet of the century, when that comet was as far presence, at comparatively short distances, of masses of The company own several mines near Placer and South from perihelion. The perihelion passage will be about heated matter, which are, geologically speaking, modern, Arkansas, to which side tracks will be extended by the rail-

Technological Institutes in England.

The Prince of Wales has lately accepted the presidency land and her provinces. The corner stone of the building was recently laid by the Prince, who in reply to the Lord said: "Hitherto English teaching has chiefly relied on training the intellectual faculties so as to adapt men to Every one knows that heat may be retained for a long apply their intelligence in any occupation of life to which But during the last thirty years the competition of other My attention, a year ago, was called by Mr. Hudson, the nations in manufactures which once were exclusively carelsewhere, guided by the trained intelligence thus created. ing not the practice but the principle of science and art On inquiring as to the probable date of the fire that had involved in particular industries, have been organized in

The Medical Congress and Sanitary Exhibition in London

The Seventh International Medical Congress closed its sessions in London, August 9. In connection with the congress, which called together five or six hundred delegates, there was a sanitary exhibition to which nearly five hundred sanitary engineering firms and manufacturers of surgical instruments and apparatus contributed. This feature was particularly interesting and valuable. The different sections the ward and sick room; electrical instruments and appliused in teaching medicine; domestic and hospital architec-

Mining under Fire and Water.

In his annual report for the Eastern District of Luzerne Last spring it was found necessary to sink a small pit at and Carbon Counties, Pennsylvania, Mine Inspector W. S. at Pittston for nearly five years, is now under control, and he anticipates no further serious consequences from it. The company surrounded the burning area with a wide ditch, sented. Mr. Gilpin prepared for me a comparative view of varying from fifty to one hundred feet in depth, with a view to isolating the fire completely. A peculiar phase of mining is shown in the fact that while the fire raged in the upper vein the miners worked in the vein directly beneath, and at times the water dripping from above was scalding hot. This has been remedied by a costly system of ventila-6 tion. In view of the frequent fires in coal mines, Mr. Jones suggests that a strong continuous pillar of coal be left on the dividing line between collieries to prevent the spread of the flames from one mine to another. He points out a new 2 source of danger in the fact that many collieries are now working under the beds of the Susquehanna and Lackawanna Rivers, and there is every reason to fear that sooner or o later "caves" will occur, in which case the rivers would The present section is taken at the new pit sunk by the rush into the mines beneath with disastrous results, which Albion Mines Company on the burnt area; and what is would be multiplied by the indiscriminate system of work-

Recent Changes at the Patent Office.

Mr. Robert Mason, of Tennessee, promoted to be principal Ohio, and Louis W. Sinsabaugh, Ohio, from second assistant The next layer represents the upper portion of the deep examiners to clerkships of class four. To be second assist-W. Clements, District of Columbia; James B. Littlewood, Immediately on opening the pit the heat of the ashes, at a Illinois; Rufus A. Morrison, Robert G. Read, and Walter

First Steel Works in Colorado.

The South Pueblo Steel Works just being completed at a steel rails in December, and have contracted to furnish the

road company.