## new car coupling.

This invention is the outcome of a long and continued there is a chisctsocket, D, to whin is pived the lever, observation of all appliances and devices used in coupling cars where any ordinary link or pin is used, and an extensive acquaintance with many uufortunate brakesmen and yard men who have been crippled for life by being caught between two meeting drawheads.
This invention consists of a swinging hail, E, which may be pivoted to the sides of the drawhead, or to the longitudi nal sills, D, placed on eitber side of the drawhead.
The bail, E , is bent downward in front to receive and raise the link in proper position for entering the opposing draw head, the ends of the bail being arranged with slots, K K , which allew it to yield to any stroke or pressure it may receive from the opposing drawhead.


## JOHNSON'S SAFETY CAR COUPLER.

The construction and operation of the coupling may be easily understood from the cut, in which $B$ represents a broken off portion of the platform of a car, A an ordinary drawliead, C a link, and $P$ a pin. D D are longitudinal sills, to which the bail, E , is pivoted by means of bolts or screws, I I, a portion of the platform being broken away to show the same. H H are supporters upon which the bail, E, rests when not in use, as shown by dotted lines. The operator takes the bail on either side, raises it up, and with it lifts the link and holds it in posi tion to enter the drawhead of another car. When released from the operator's hand it falls down and out of the way and remains in position for use.
The bail may be easily and cheaply made, as it may be all bent on foros from a single bar of iron. This coupler is very cheap and simple, and can be adjusted to any freigbt car or caboose without changing car or bumpers. It is worked from eitlier side of the car with or without a lever, alleviating the necessity of reaching in betweels the two meeting cars for the purpose of guiding and lifting the link.
The bail itself is a protection to the operator against falling, especially when the cars start unexpectedly, as is often the case.
This invention has been tested in the Wabash car shops of Toledo, and found very satisfaccar s.

For further information address Mr. Ferdinand Johnson, 237 St. Clair street, Toledo, 0.

## IMPROVED MORTISING MACHINE.

The engraving represents an improved mortising macbine recently patented by Mr. J.ohn C. Fiester. of 320 South Eleventh street, Reading, Pa . The object of this invention is to provide means for the automatic removal of the chips from the mortise as they are made by the chisel.
The larger engraving is a front clevation of the machine. The smaller one shows the manher in which the chips are removed from the mortise. The crosshead, B , has a vertical reciprocating motion between housings, and is fitted with lugs at the top and bottom, as guides for the chisel mandrel or carricr. Between the lugs on the chisel mandrel is placed a slotted sleeve, C, fitted at its upper end with a collar having a recess or indent, a curved spring pressing the upper end of the lever, $E$, and a projection or cam capable of engaging the lever. Thesleeve, C., is fitted at its lower end with a stop collar, the sleeve passes through the adjustable trip ength of slot where it slides on a starting pin. The guard, A is made adjustable vertically by wing nuts and might escape, even if it could overcome the obstacles offered slots, the object being to permit of its adjustment to suit by the débris which strews its path. A gentleman who has the respective positions of the sleeve as the crosshead, B, is given careful and scientific attention to the flow, tells us set to suit different thicknesses of timber in mortising, the that he had followed its course for over six miles, and that guard, A, always requiriug to be adjusted relative to the for the whole length of that distance the roof had cavedin, positions of the sleeve in order to assure the actuating of say, every 150 feet or so. Another favorable indication of lever, $\mathbb{E}$, at the proper time. Fitted to the chisel mandrel the cessation of the flow is the dense black smoke which is
now rolling up from the terminal crater This has usually been noticed at the close of former eruptions and flows. As long as the flow continues to advance, as long as the liquid la va pours out, the smoke is of a whitish color, but as soon as it becomes black, the danger, as a rule, may be regarded as at an end."

## IMPROVED CURTAIN-CORD TIGHTENER.

We give an engraving of an improved curtain cord tightener patented by Messrs. F. E. Porter, of Baltimore, Md., and D. A. Bealson, of New York city. This tightener is mechanically correct in principle, simple and cheap in con-


IMPROVED CURTAINCORD TIGHTENER.
struction, and perfectly answers the purpose for which it is intended.
The frame of the device consists of a suilable piece of sheet metal baving a longitudinal slot, and leent tw jce at right angles at either end to form ears, which are perforated for the securing screws or tacks. This portion of the device is conveniently struck up at one operation by mearis of a die. A screw extends from end to cud of the frame, being secured after the manner of a rivet at the upper end, but being free to turn. At the lower end the screw is furnished with a milied head. A threaded block is monnted upon the screw, and to it is secured a roller This roller receives the curtain-cord, whose tension may be readily regulated by turning the screw by means of the milled head
Further information in regard to this invention may be obtained by addressing Mr. F. E. Porter, 33 South Chi.rles street, Baltimore, Md.

## INVENTIONS

Mr. Theodore D. Lockling, of San Mateo, Ccsta Rica, Central America, has patented an improved method of securing covers to umbrella frames, so that they can easily be changed at will. The invention consists of the combination with the handle and notcbed and perforated ribs of an umbrella, of elastic rings, clamps, clips, and loops.
An improved watering pot has been patented by Mr. George F. McIntosh, of Hallowell, Me. The object of this invention is to facilitate the convenient changing of the delivery nozzles of the pot and prevent waste of water in supplying potted plants. The watering pot is provided with closed top, upper and lower orifices to receive changeable nozzles, and a filliag aperture and funnel on the rear above the handle.
In some of the Southern States there are large tracts of land that are infested by the "cutting ant," which destroys all vegetation, some of these tracts being literally undermined ty them. Mr. Hiram B. Gray, of Columbus, Texas, has patented an improved apparatus for destroying these pests by blowing into their nests sulphurous or other poisonous fumes.
An improved table-leaf support bas been patented by Mr. Horatio J. Locke, of Belfast, Me. The main object of this invention is to improve lable-leaf supports so that the spring will only be allowed to exert its greatest power when supporting the leaf.
Mr. Joseph C. Higgins, of New Brunswick, N. J., has patented a detachable calk for horse calk for herse sboes, which can be attached to or detached from the shoe without removing the shoe from the horse's hoof.
An improved winding roller for looms, etc., bas been patented by Mr. John Connelly of Hallowell. Me. This invention relates to cloth-winding rollers used with looms to receive the cloth, and paper machines for winding the paper, and in winding web of other material, the objec being to allow convenient removal of the material after being wound.

