the boiling point, and the gum and green vitriol added to the miles, larger than the earth would appear at the same dis- conflict, whose final solution, however, only testifies to the filtered decoction in solution.

120 parts water.

An exceedingly fine ink is said to be produced by the following recipe: 11 parts galls, 2 parts green vitriol, one-seventh times noticed at one time. Frequently, however, the sur have many important advances yet to rejoice over. part indigo solution, and 33 parts of water. Here the rela-face is entirely barren. The large spot mentioned above by means of dilute acids, but it may be rendered visible again by chemical means.

There is also an ink in the market in which the galls are sometimes are dissipated in half an hour. replaced by logwood; but the writing is less black and can restored by other means.

first only of a faint greenish, bluish, or reddish color, although it gets darker afterward.

cause the black coloring matter of this ink consists of finely Its high price seldom permits of its use.

For ordinary use only such ink is recommended as consists these are the chief ingredients.

A small quantity of salicylic acid, one-half gramme to the bolic acid, or the very poisonous bichloride of mercury, so ing, fermentation, or mould.

PROPOSED DIGEST OF PATENTS.

In his recent annual report the Commissioner of Patents Mr. Marble, calls the attention of Congress to the necessity of having a digest made for the use of the office and the pub The preparation of such a work, he says, would cost a large reimbursed by its sale. The advantage to the public, espe- sun spots. cially to inventors and manufacturers, would be incalculable, and for these reasons he earnestly recommends Congress to those of Wolf since, show very conclusively the ten year are worthy of mention, because they furnish it at a reason-

to reject new applications for patents.

American patent lists.

compilation we would suggest that the Commissioner of electrical activity on the earth. Through a long course of experiments proved that resorcine has the property of stop-Patents take steps to provide for the convenient access of years it has been shown that the periods of magnetic variathe public to the printed patents that now exist in the Patent' tion coincide with the period of sun spots; not rigidly, but the light, when in a one per cent solution stops the develop-Office. This would seem to be a comparatively simple mat- sufficiently close to prevent the probability of a chance con- ment of fungi and mould. This has been proven not only ter; but somehow or other it is hedged about with insuper- nection. In at least one case, when observers have been lookable difficulties It is a curious fact that although the U. S. ing at the sun through telescopes, and have recorded the cally on the appearance of the symptoms of disease. patents are printed in convenient form, and are public re. exact instant of solar activity, the magnetic needles over the cords, kept in a public building especially designed for the earth were violently affected, rigidly pointing out a new access and information of the people, still it is next to im. meridian. Auroras were noted, even in southern latitudes. possible for an individual to go to the Patent Office and Telegraphic lines refused to work, and shocks were given to refer to any complete part of the printed patents. For example, an inventor having made an improvement in flat irons, calls at the Patent Office and requests the privilege of currents of electricity, auroral display, and magnetic dislooking over the various flat iron patents, with a view to ap.⁺ turbance, but how these are caused by sun spot prevalency, plying for a patent if his supposed invention is new. He is or how a common cause produces all, is a problem which has three or four days, the skin regains its natural appearance. shown sundry portfolios or volumes, purporting to contain not been satisfactorily solved. In the meantime it is well all the previous inventions, finds nothing like his device, to heap up the records; to keep a close watch on the sun and and colors which would otherwise mould very quickly, and files his application, and is rejected. He then ascertains that note the size and character of his dark and bright spots; to not injure the color. some of the drawings or some of the patents, including the look out also for auroras and record their appearance and A one per centsolution will not prevent fermentation, but amined it, and that the set was not complete; so his examina freaks of the magnetic needle. tion was fallacious. He further finds that there is no uniform system followed at the Patent Office whereby the public may enjoy convenient and certain access to all of the printed before the new digest proposed by the Commissioner be commenced, the printed patents should be thoroughly classified, and several complete sets thereof maintained in convenient places for public reference.

gallnuts are crushed to a coarse powder and boiled in water, spot surrounded by a distinct penumbra. The umbra by itself are sharply defined in this well-lighted picture, and time tance. There is also in the northern hemisphere a pretty old and innate conservatism. The following example will serve as ink for ordinary use: group of four spots; and there are several others scattered

Care must be taken not to look at the sun through a tele- of the boudoir. be totally destroyed by treatment with acids and cannot be scope without the intervention of a piece of smoked glass over the eye end of the telescope. Loss of sight may result says Andeer, viz., resorcine. Before we enter into a dis-The so-called alizarin inks flow easily from the pen, but from neglect of this precaution. The best way to view the cussion of how it acts it is advisable to consider more closely they mostly suffer from the fact that the writing appears at surface of the sun is to point the tube through a hole in the its nature. window shutter or other screen, and allow the image to fall on a piece of white paper, the eyepiece being first drawn out and Hlasiwetz. At that time it was obtained as a product of The most permanent writing is done with India ink, be and the paper moved toward and away from it till the true the decomposition of certain gum resins like gum ammoniac, focus is found. This gives a miniature but correct map of galbanum, assafeetida, etc., by fusing them with caustic divided carbon, which is unaffected by chemical reagents. his surface, which can be seen by a number at a time with-potash; also by the dry distillation of Brazil wood. It de: out any risk or difficulty. If some of the readers of the rives its name from resina, resin, and orcin, a substance SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN would keep a regular record of this which it resembles, and which occurs ready formed in all either of pure galls and iron, or of some mixture in which kind, mapping and describing the phenomena observed sys-lichens used for making litmus and archil, and is also obtematically and accurately, they would find themselves ${f much}$ tained by the dry distillation of acids and ethereal bodies interested, and the records might have a scientific value. It obtained from these lichens. liter, will prevent it from moulding even when kept in open is said of Schwabe, to whom we are indebted for more of our Sommer afterward called attention to the fact that mk bottles. This is far preferable to the bad smelling car-knowledge of the sun spot and associated phenomena than to umbelliferone, obtained from the umbellifera resins, when any one else, that "twelve years he spent to satisfy himself; fused with alkalies gave the same substance. This umbellifrequently used both in ink and mucilage to prevent sour- six more years to satisfy, and still thirteen more to convince ferone crystallizes in colorless, odorless, and tasteless prisms, mankind. For thirty years never has the sun exhibited his which are very soluble in boiling water, alcohol, and ether, disk above the horizon of Dessau without being confronted and fluoresce strongly. It can be made from the resin which by Schwabe's imperturbable telescope, and that appears to occurs as a drug in the market, or from the resin obtained by have happened, on an average, about 300 days in a year." extracting angelica root, or levisticus, or imperatoria, with This persistent work of observation, even sometimes with alcohol, and evaporating the alcoholic extract. very limited means, has given us the reliable basis of theory; lic, of the inventions patented in this and foreign countries. and there is nothing to hinder many an American observer derivatives, especially to the dihydrox-benzoles or diphenols. continuing the record and keeping watch for the phenomena, A cheap method of making resorcine from benzole derivasum of money, but he thinks the government would soon be now to be explained, which seems to be associated with these 'tives has been invented, and the dyes derived from it have

These observations of Schwabe's, continued till 1868, and take action looking to an early commencement of the work. period above referred to. This being unquestionably de able price: To prepare such a digest would, indeed, be an immense termined, all kinds of eleven year cycles have been supposed work, but there is no doubt of its value as an assistance to to be discovered on the presumption that whatever affects robenzole in fuming sulphuric acid. Its sodium salt when inventors in determining the probable novelty of their in the sun affects also all terrestrial activities. Herschel en fused with caustic soda forms resorcine. ventions, provided the books were kept up to date and made deavored to show that the price of wheat changed with the readily accessible to the public. To PatentOffice examiners sun spot period, being lower at times of maximum. But metaphenolsulphonic acid is formed, and its sodium salt the work would be of especial convenience in helping them notwithstanding the authority of his great name, his success fused with caustic alkali also yields resorcine. is very doubtful. Equally fruitless is the attempt to find an A beginning of the proposed work might be made with the eleven year cycle coincident with sun spot maxima in the is from the dibenzolsulphonic acid, which is made by ben-American Patents; and when that digest is complete then great financial panics and eras of commercial failures, which zole vapors into warm sulphuric acid. A large quantity of take up the foreign patents, as the latter would neces. some Englishmen of good reputation have been recently in resorcine is formed by fusing its sodiums alt with caustic soda. sarily contain many repetitions of the devices found in the dulging in. But there is one relation in which the observations are so complete that we may believe it to be established (carbolic acid) as to their constitution led Andeer to ask But before anything is done in respect to this proposed -the relation between photospheric activity on the sun and whether their action might not be similar. In fact further

the operators.

one resembling his device, had been temporarily removed, duration; and for those who have opportunity to observe only retard it in favorable cases. To stop it completely reon some excuse or other, from the portfolio when he ex- any especial disturbances in telegraphic currents and any odd quires a comparatively strong solution of 1 to 2 per cent. I. S.

or better, digested for several hours at a temperature near is about 20 seconds in diameter, or in linear units about 9,000 alone, with her flitting and varying forms, conjures up the

The step up which the present has climbed in the recog-12 parts galls, 5 parts green vitriol, 5 parts gum senegal, and about the surface of the sun. This is not very unusual. nition of disinfectants and antiseptics is quite a high one; Spots have been recorded over 100,000 miles in diameter and but glancing back upon leaves of science, covered with glory, visible to the naked eye, and as many as a hundred are some- it is not difficult to predict that in this domain we shall still

At the head of the list of disinfectants which belong to tively larger quantity makes the gum unnecessary, while the may almost be seen through a piece of smoked glass, and a modern times are carbolic and salicylic acids and thymol. indigo solution makes the brilliant black seem still deeper. spyglass of quite low power will render it casily visible. It A definite circle of action was found to belong to each when Writing executed with this ink may, it is true, be removed is now moving off the disk; but in about twelve days it will experience had leveled the way. Carbolic acid is in general probably return on the eastern edge; probably, but not cer- the disinfectant of crude masses of organic substances; satainly, for these large spots sometimes last for months and licylic acid is the disinfectant of the kitchen, the cellar, and the larder, but thymol (most costly of all) is the disinfectant

To the above mentioned must now be added a new one,

Resorcine was discovered about fifteen years ago by Barth

Resorcine belongs to the numerous compounds of benzole justly attracted very extended attention.

Among the methods for making resorcine, the following

The chlorobenzol-sulpho-acid is made by dissolving chlo-

On warming a solution of phenol in sulphuric acid the

The third and best method, it seems, for making resorcine

The relation that exists between resorcine and phenol ping decay. Chemically pure resorcine, which withstands. by artificial experiments in the laboratory, but also chemi-

What seems deserving of special remark is that absolutely pure resorcine, in every degree of concentration, coagulates albumen and precipitates it from solution. On this account the author considers it an excellent caustic to remove unhealthy tissue. In crystals it cauterizes as powerfully as It is not difficult to explain a connection between earth luvar caustic, but, he assures us, without pain, nor does it form metallic albuminates, which are insoluble or difficult of solution, causing a scar. In a comparatively short time, say

In homeopathic doses the pure resorcine will preserve ink

Andeer adds that resorcine is soluble in all liquids except

chloroform and sulphide of carbon, and unites readily with

We are inclined to believe that the Commissioner of Paefficient realization would be of great value to manufacturers, inventors, and all who are concerned in patent affairs. ----

THE SUN SPOT MAXIMUM.

We are now approaching the period when frequent and case, and the evidence is quite conclusive that they return with tolerable regularity at intervals of about ten or eleven

ANOTHER NEW DISINFECTANT.

animal fats and oils, especially in the presence of alkalies, Preserving and disinfecting agents have in recent times and helps to emulsify them. Hence it is an antiseptic, patents in any particular class or branch. We suggest that acquired an importance and scope regarding the methods of caustic, to a certain extent a styptic, and an emulsifying using them that could scarcely have been suspected at a agent. It has one advantage over the other disinfectants relatively recent date. Dr. Koller cites, as examples, the derived from benzole, that it can be used in every form preantiseptic treatment of wounds which has been so exceptiseribed by the pharmacopœia.

> tionally successful in the science of medicine. The discovery and application of true disinfectants and antiseptics The sanitary weal of the individual, of the masses, of cities, and of countries depends upon rational disinfection. The army of contagious diseases cannot be conquered by anything more successfully than by the weapons of disinfection.

MR. WATSON, in his Mechanical News, says that the best The mutability, the changeableness, the self-sufficiency of packing he ever used for faced joints, either steam or water, large sun spots may be expected. In 1870-71 this was the the germs of decomposition and decay are characteristic of is common drawing paper soaked in oil. After a short time everything organic; but also characteristic of no men is that the heat of steam converts it into a substance like parchment, restless striving to lend a longer life, a quiet stability, to so that it is practically indestructible. It has the advantage years. As I write (January 28) there is in the sun's southern changeable nature. This conservative character is a feature of stripping readily from surfaces when it is desired to break hemisphere, near the western border, a dark and conspicuous of everything human; the shadows of the war for existence a joint.

It seems that we are to be enriched by a new disinfectant which shall take a position in the future of unlimited usetents already has authority to establish such a system. Its may be designate as a most important practical question. fulness. Resorcine will be the disinfectant, and in a certain sense the antiseptic of the physician, the drnggist, and the laboratory.

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