sewage in the case just mentioned. Any animal or vege table forms, too, might be classified into harmless and harm ful ones. This would be the basis of a germ analysis.

future, but so far it has not been realized. It is fraught neer, William R. Card, lost his life, and his son, John Card, 'Thus, instead of needing a gas engine or steam engine to with difficulties, among others the dilution in the water, the fireman, was badly scalded. The cause of the cata- be kept at work as long as the light is wanted, with the and the easy destruction in laboratory operations of the strophe is plainly shown in the report of our expert, namely, liability of the light failing at any moment through the substance.

The microscopic examination can, however, he even now i conducted with some intelligibility, and might be made to yield valuable results.

Some authorities claim that a simple determination of oxygen required to oxidize the organic matter is enough. Others say the total organic matter is the essential thing. Some prescribe an analysis by combustion of the organic matter; others a determination of the two nitrogens or ammonias, total and albuminoid, in the wet way. "Where doctors disagree who shall decide ?" says the proverb.

The problem is stated. A real valid method for the analysis of water is the want. The disagreement of experts among themselves proves that all must be dealing in uncertainties. Chemists would like nothing better than to see hardly a more puzzling question than the above.

GEORGE STEPHENSON.

The centenary of the birth of George Stephenson, " the father of railways," was celebrated in England, June 9.

Stephenson was born at Wylam, eight miles from Newcastle-on Type. His father was fireman at the near by colliery engine house. His mother was the daughter of a dyer. At eight years of age Stephenson herded cattle for a neighbor for a shilling a week, part of his duty being to shut the gates of the tramway from the pit, when the wagons passed, to keep the cows from straying. One of his early amusements was the modeling of an engine and winding machine like the one his father tended. At fourteen he was made assistant fireman, earning one shilling a day. Three years after he jumped his father's position and became engine man. At this time he could neither read nor write, but he knew his engine and critically studied its construction and working. About this period an old Scotch schoolmaster helped him to overcome the mystery of letters. At twenty-one he married, and after the birth of his son Robert, a year later, he removed to West Moor Colliery, Killingworth, where his wife soon died. For distraction in his bereavement he went to Montrose, Scotland, to superintend the working of a Boulton and Watts engine. He found the engine out of gear and the works choked, but soon had matters straightened and the machinery in proper working order. : A year later his father was blinded by an accident; he was ondary electrical battery, in which the electrical power of Avenue improvement. The route will be from the outlet of drawn in the militia for the Continental wars, and his prospects looked dark enough. To relieve his father's destitu tion and purchase exemption from army service used up his scanty savings, and he seriously contemplated emigration as his only chance for success in life,

The question of steam transit was becoming prominent ; during the early years of the century, and naturally enlisted nary Bunsen or Daniell cell. During the operation of chargthe attention of Stephenson. The early locomotive makers contemplated engines for hauling wagous over common ide of tead soon showing itself thereou, and the metallic aproads only; but Stephenson-thanks, no doubt, to his early observation of the advantages of rails while gate closer and in appearance, its surface becoming covered with a powdery cattle herder-foresaw that the road of the future must be a railroad, and plauned his first locomotive accordingly.

In the fall of 1822 he constructed for the Hetton Colliery Company a short railroad, upon which, on the 18th of November, his locomotive hauled a load of sixty-four tons at the rate of four miles an hour. This demonstration of painting the lead sheets with red lead. Simple as the im have been made which prove that this body of asbestos is the feasibility of railways led at once to the Darlington and provement is, the resulting effects are quite remarkable, the equal to any yet discovered in America. It may be that Stockton railway project, which won for Stephenson in storing capacity and delivery of the battery being greatly this mineral will not come into immediate use, adds the Parliament and elsewhere the reputation of being a maniac increased. The chemical action that takes place is substanleader of lunatics and fools. In spite of opposition the road tially the same as in the original Planté battery. was opened for traffic September 27, 1825, with Stephenson as engine driver.

His mental capacity rose with every great emergency, while ment and economical in use. his native shrewdness and solid scuse ever kept him from

TWO RECENT BOILER EXPLOSIONS.

leakage and corrosion ensued.

of Messrs. Gaffney & Co., Philadelphia, on the 1st of June, the engine may be kept going all day and stopped at night, or resulting in the death of three persons and the destruction it may be kept going day and night, which undeubtedly will of buildings, has caused considerable comment among be the most economical plan when the electric light comes steam engineers. This boiler was one of a nest of three, into general enough use. was of the ordinary cylindrical type, 30 feet long, 36 inches long prior to the explosion, and pronounced it perfectly safe for the work and pressure required.

From the evidence before the coroner's jury it would seem the safety valves were set to blow off at 60 lb., and electricity will always be ready to feed the Swan or Edison the vexed questions of their profession settled. They do usually did blow at about that pressure, or not exceeding lamps in the engine rooms and cabins, or are lights for the not like uncertainties. They all wish to be positivists in 62 lb. But precisely what the pressure was at the time of must-head, and red and green side lamps, with more cerscience. In all the field of analytical chemistry there is the explosion does not appear. The explosion lifted the tainty and regularity than have yet been achieved in the boiler from its place and sent it like a rocket over into the gas supply for any house on terra firma." next block, where it landed without particular injury to its shell

The front cast iron head was found broken into several pieces, the lines of fracture radiating from the man hole. This seems to indicate that it was the weakness of the cast iron head that caused the mischief.

The testimony of several experts was introduced before the coroner's jury, showing that flat cast iron heads, although extensively used, are necessarily unsafe and dangerous, as they are apt to have hidden flaws; and one of the experts, Mr. Le Van, expressed the opinion that the two remaining boilers, which are of similar construction, are liable to blow up at any moment for the same reason, namely, cast iron heads. On this evidence the jury went the whole figure, and censured the Hartford Inspection Company in the strongest terms, declaring that its agents were negligent and incompetent when they inspected and certified that this boiler was safe

We have in type for our next number a full report of this explosion, with engravings taken from photographs, which will very fully set forth the nature of the catastrophe, and perhaps afford some useful suggestions for the guidance of engineers and inspectors.

CONCENTRATING OR STORING UP ELECTRICITY.

Several years ago M. G. Plante, of France, made a see used when wanted. This battery consisted of two electrodes made of sheetlead, separated by strings of rubber, and placed in dilute sulphuric acid.

To charge this battery its poles were connected with an ordiing, one of the electrodes oxidizes, a brown coating of peroxpearance disappears entirely; the other electrode also changes gray coating. When thus charged the secondary battery was capable of delivering an electric current of very much greater force than an ordinary cell of same size. This secondary battery is capable of charge and discharge indefinitely. M. Faure has lately improved upon the Planté battery, by

It is stated that one of M. Faure's secondary batteries, weighing 165 pounds, is capable of delivering a force equal The subsequent battle of the railway for leave to be, and to one horse power during a period of one hour. If this is of the locomotive for toleration after the railway was grudg- so it would bring the weight of an electromotor and battery ingly accepted, is familiar history. No man over fought a of one horse power within a gross weight of 200 pounds, grander fight against popular and professional prejudice and | and suggests, as one of the possibilities of the new discovery, ignorance, or developed in the fight a manlier character, the production of a carriage propelled by electricity, conve-

a house docs for an inconstant water supply. A little battery We give on another page an illustrated report of the of seven boxes suffices to give the incandescence in the Swan recent explosion in New York harbor of the boiler of the or Edison lights to the extent of one hundred candles for six The first of these suggestions may be carried out in the steam tug Jacob Brandow on the 2d of June. The engi-hours without any perceptible diminution of brilliancy. bad construction of the water leg of the boiler, from which slipping of the belt or any other breakdown or stoppage of the machinery, and instead of the wasteful inactivity during The boiler explosion which took place at the dyc works | the hours of the day or night when the light is not needed,

> " Another very important application of the accumulator is diameter, with flat cast iron heads, having a large central for the electric lighting of steamships. A dynamo-electric man hole in the front head. The Hartford Boiler Inspec- machine of very moderate magnitude and expense, driven tion and Insurance Company had examined the boiler not, by a belt from a drum on the main shaft, working through the twenty-four hours, will keep a Faure accumulator full, and thus, notwithstanding the irregularities of the speed of the engine at sea, or the occasional stoppages, the supply of

American Science Association.

The Thirtieth Annual Meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science will be held in Cincinnati, beginning August 17. It is expected that the changes in the constitution proposed at Boston last year will be ratified, and the association reorganized in eight sections of equal standing, each having its own presiding officer, secretary, and committee. The proposed divisions are:

Section A-Physics; Section B-Astronomy and Pure Mathematics; Section C-Chemistry, including its applications to Agriculture and the Arts; Section D-Mechanical Science; Section E-Geology and Geography; Section F-Biology; Section G-Anthropology; Section H-Economic Science and Statistics. Also, I-A Permanent Subsection of Microscopy.

Arrangements are to be made for excursions of the anthropological section to some of the prehistoric mounds and relies in Ohio, including Fort Ancient, at Madisonville. The headquarters of the association and the offices of the local committee will be at Music Hall,

Through Railway Connection Under New York.

A company has been organized to connect by a tunnel railway the Hudson River Tunnel and the railroads which enter the city from the north and east by way of the Fourth several ordinary cells could be concentrated or stored up the Hudson River Tunnel, under Wooster Street and Uniwithin one cell, and the electrical force so gathered could be | versity Place, to Fourteenth Street, thence by a curve under that street to Fourth Avenue, under which it will run to Forty-second Street. It is to be a double track road at least eighteen feet below the surface. The object is to carry freight and ultimately passengers under the city to New Jersey, so that cars may run direct from Boston or Montreal to New Orleans, Charleston, and other Southern cities without the aunoyance and delay of a New York transfer.

Asbestos in the Black Hills.

Among the new discoveries made within the past few months is a large body of asbestos. This was discovered by Mr. T. B. Leavenworth, about six miles from Deadwood City. The croppings can be traced for nearly three hundred feet, while a large body of it has already been uncarthed. Tests Pioneer, but the day is not far distant when it will become an article of export from the Hills.

New Remedy for Baldness,

In cases of confirmed baldness the new remedy proposed is to remove the scalp, bit by bit, and substitute, by skin grafting, pieces of healthy scalp, taken from the heads of young persons. The success which has heretofore attended operations of this nature in cases of scalp wounds gives a promising outlook for this new mode of curing baldness; For the benefit of those who desire to try this interesting and perhaps the day is not far distant when the shining pates

electrical contrivance, we give on another page an illustra. of our venerable fathers will bloom with the flowing locks undertaking the really impossible or impracticable, however extravagant or absurd his projects may have seemed to men tion in explanation of some recent impromptu experiments of youth.

of smaller capacity. What he knew he knew by personal on the subject lately made in our office. Any intelligent person who has at hand a few sheets of lead may readily mastery, not by hearsay; and without presumption or arroconstruct the new battery. gance he was able by sterling intellectual power and sure-

sightedness, backed by the hardest of hard work, to demon-Professor Sir William Thomson, of Glasgow University, strate the correctness of his ideas and to accomplish underwho has lately experimented with these new batteries, mentakings which involved the severest problems of railway engineering.

The moral of his life is clear, and should be pondered by and successfully employed in removing a tumor from a every young mechanic. There is no condition in life, howchild's tongue by heating a platinum wire. To haveaccomever hard or humble, which may not furnish the stepping plished the same effect by the ordinary electrical means number of separate fireproof stores. stones to the most successful career. Had Stephenson been would have required the setting up of several voltaic cells, surrounded by wealth and educational privileges in early and involved much inconvenience. Professor Thomson life, he might still have become a great man; but lacking anticipates that this method of storing electricity will have week, in the 91st year of his age, was one of the oldest his special experience as tramway gate tender, and engine many practical uses. He speaks as follows: tender, dreary and discouraging as it may have seemed at

the time, it is hardly possible that he would ever have been the Faure battery, and I hope that a very minimum time country in 1820. Two of Mr. Clark's sons are engaged in the pioneer of one of the most important and influential will be allowed to pass until the hattery supplied for this the mathematical department of the Coast Survey Office at application is to do for electric light what a water cistern in Washington. social and industrial movements of the race.

The Largest Grain Elevator.

The new elevator just completed near South Ferry, Brooklyn, is described as the largest in the country. It

has been over a year in building, and has cost nearly \$2,000,000. It has a storage capacity of 2,500,000 bushels, tions the use of one of the cells, weighing 18 pounds, which besides superior transfer facilities and dockage for half a Professor George Buchanan took with him in his carriage dozen vessels, which can load at one time. The machinery is contained in an independent engine house and three enormous towers. The warehouse proper consists of a large

MR. WILLIAM CLARK, who died at Philadelphia last manufacturers of mathematical and nautical instruments in "The largest useful application is waiting just now for the country. He was born in England, and came to this