## ENGINEERING INVENTIONS.

Mr. Charles H. Kuhne, of Butler, Pa., has patented an apparatus for regulating the supply of water to steam boilers, by which the water is prevented from falling too low and rising too high in the boiler, thereby avoiding the danger and damage incurred by an excess or scarcity of water. The invention consists in a chamber connected with the boiler, and containing a float that moves a steam cock, combined with a feed water chamber, and a steam cylinder containing a piston, connected with the valve in the water chamber in such manner that the rise and fall of the float permits or cuts off the flow of water to the boiler as required.

Mr. Horace Harding, of Tuscaloosa, Ala., has patented an automatic lock that is adapted for use not only upon canals, but also upon rivers, where wide gates are required for pass ing tows, rafts, and large vessels, and where, in case of submergence from freshets, it is desirable that there shall be no levers or other lock fixtures exposed above the walls to damage from drift or floating ice.

Mr. Charles W. Rich, of Whitehall, N. Y., has patented a vibrating propeller. The object of this invention is to facilitate the application of steam power to canal boats and other vessels, and to adapt the propelling apparatus for use in deep water and in shallow water.

An improvement in gas engines has been patented by Mr. Charles J. B. Gaume, of Brooklyn, N. Y. The object of this invention is to simplify the construction of gas engines, and to utilize the power produced by the explosion of the mixture of gas and air to greater advantage.

In the ordinary process of tanning leather the hides are thrown into the vats that contain the tanning liquor, and as the stronger and sour liquor in the vat settles to the bottom the hides have frequently to be handled and moved about, that they may all of them, and all parts of them, be equally exposed to the action of the liquor. Mr. Charles Flohr, of Canisteo, N. Y., has patented a combined tan vat and stirrer, the object of which is to avoid the labor and cost of this customary handling of the hides, and to agitate the liquor and expose the hide to the action thereof in such a manner that the tanning process shall be more speedy and the hides more evenly tanned.

## IMPROVED WIND MOTOR.

We give an engraving of an improved wind motor, lately patented by Manuel de la Torre, of the City of Mexico, rotating on a vertical axis in a cylindrical hood, which is covered with leather or other flexible material to render it closed on two opposite sides and opened on two intervening smooth and easy to handle, and prevents rattling. sides, so that the wind entering the wheel at one side escapes at the other side. The frame is revolved or adjusted to the wind by two vanes fixed on its top, one of which is adjustable and may be moved to regulate the supply of wind to the wheel.

The supporting frame of the device consists of a base, upright post, and horizontal cross pieces, which unite above the center of the base. The vertical shaft turns in a step at the bottom, and is journaled at its upper end in the cross pieces of the main frame.

The turbine wheel is composed of two similar disks secured to the shaft at a suitable distance apart to receive between them four curved vanes. The inner edge of each of these vanes is fixed on a point about half way between the center and circumference of the two disks, and its outer edge reaches to the circumference of the disks. The cylindrical hood, closed on opposite sides by curved quadrantal plates, is supported on a vertical pivot, that is fixed centrally in a step on top of the cross pieces or timbers of the main frame, and it is also supported by means of anti-friction rolls, which run on an annular track attached to the under surface of the top of the cylindrical frame. On the top of the cylindrical hood there are two horizontal vanes, one of which is fixed and the other stationary, while the latter is laterally movable through a quarter of a circle. These vanes, under the influence of the wind, control the movement or adjustment of the cylindrical hood, turning the frame so that the wind is admitted at one side of the wheel and escapes at the opposite side in a greater or lesser degree, according to the pressure or force of the wind.

The cylindrical hood is held perpendicularly and revolves easily on anti-friction rolls fixed on the top of its cross pieces of the main frame, and projecting up against a circular track under the top of the cylindrical frame. Rolls that project laterally from the lower part of the uprights against a ring on the inner surface of the cylindrical frame near the bottom support it against lateral pressure. This motor is compact and effective, and is not so liable to damage from storms as windmills of the usual pattern. M. De la Torre, the inventor and patentee, is for the present at the Continental Hotel, Broadway and 21st street, New York city.

# Growth of Timber.

As the result of observation, and from the testimony of reliable men, the following is about the average growth in twelve years of the leading desirable varieties to timber, when planted in belts or groves and cultivated: White maple, one foot in diameter and 30 feet high; ash, leaf maple or box elder, one foot in diameter and 20 feet high; white starch.

willow, one and a half feet in diameter and 50 feet high; vellow willow, one and a half feet in diameter and 35 feet high; Lombardy poplar, 10 inches in diameter and 40 feet high; blue and white ash, 10 inches in diameter and 25 feet high; black walnut and butternut, 10 inches in diameter and 20 feet high.

### NEW BOOK PROTECTOR.

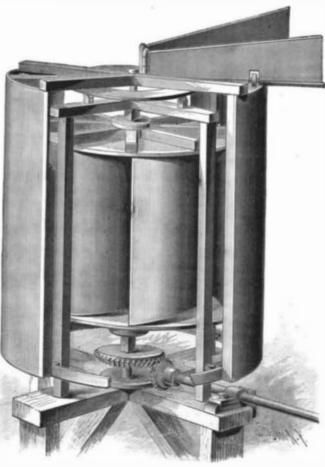
The device shown in the engraving is designed for the protection of books that are continually subjected to wear, and also to prevent valuable books from becoming lost, by



BRUMM'S BOOK PROTECTOR

attaching the protector by a chain to a desk, pew, or other permanent object.

The case or frame inclosing the cover of the book is made of sheet metal, and attached to a curved sheet metal back by hinges. The edge strips of the frame are folded over vided with a longitudinal threaded perforation which receives the edges of the book cover, and are provided with a clasp in front. A short wire loop attached to the back receives Mexico. It consists of a wheel provided with curved vanes the chain by which the book is secured. This chain is by a screw.



DE LA TORRE'S TURBINE WIND MOTOR.

materially to the weight of the book, while it protects it from wear and injury.

This device was lately patented by Mr. George W. Brumm, of Boise City, Idaho Ter.

IMPROVED STARCH POLISH.—Spermaceti, 1 part; gum arabic, 1 part; borax, 1 part; glycerine, 2½ parts; water, 211/2 parts; and a sufficient quantity of perfumed alcohol to produce an emulsion. About three teaspoonfuls of this emulsion are required for about one-quarter of a pound of

#### MISCELLANEOUS INVENTIONS,

Mr. Howard Newlin, of Brooklyn, N. Y., has patented a machine for treating street refuse or sweepings, or for the separation therefrom of materials having value. The machine is also adapted for use in separating garbage and ashes, coal and coal dust, and the cleaning and separation of coffee, rice, and other grains. It consists in a combination of endless traveling belts, screens, blowers, and washing tanks, forming the complete machine, whereby the material is separated and washed, and further separated by specific gravity, if required; also, in separating screens and water tanks of novel construction.

An improved fish-plate for use on railroads, whereby the ends of the rails will be securely held and the transverse strain upon the holding bolts entirely avoided, has been patented by Mr. George H. Waring, of Indiantown, New Brunswick, Canada. The invention consists of a fish-plate having around its bolt holes projecting thimbles or bosses, whose length is equal to half the thickness of a rail web, so that when two plates are applied to opposite sides of a rail the thimbles entering the corresponding holes in the web will meet in the center.

Mr. Isaac W. Norcross, of Red River Iron Works, Ky., has patented an improvement in lumber booms designed to catch and retain logs that are drifted down by the current of the river. The improvement embodies a drift sheer, which is in the nature of a series of logs converging toward each other, to gather the timber and the commingled drift, ice, debris, etc., combined with a shore section having a series of side gaps and a trail boom floating nearly parallel with the shore section, which holds the logs and drift as they pass from the drift sheer close to the side gap; where they are assorted from the drifts and safely placed inside the shore section, which is divided into a series of pockets by shore fastenings with outriggers, so as to avoid the cumulative strain of the whole lot of timber by distributing the timber in lots in the several pockets, and thus avoiding the breaking of the boom and loss of logs, which is liable to occur when the cumulative strain of a great number of logs is brought to bear against the boom.

An improved toe weight, to be attached to horses' hoofs, which is so constructed to fit any style of horseshoe and does not injure the hoof, has been patented by Mr. Charles Drew, of St. Louis, Mo. The invention consists of a weight proa threaded pin that is clamped to the horseshoe by means of clips catching in opposite edges of the shoe and held together

An improvement in snap hooks has been patented by Mr. Edward Davidson, of West Dedham, Mass. The invention consists in making a snap hook with the loop on the same side as the hook, folding the end of the strap

within it and securing said strap by a screw.

An improved fruit drier has been patented by Mr. George S. Grier, of Milford, Del. The invention relates to improvements upon the fruit drier patented by the same inventor, October 28, 1879, in which a vertical series of trays were used, each of which was supported upon pawls attached to four vertically sliding posts, and the whole raised or lowered and sustained one above the other, while heated air passes up through the open bottom of the same.

Mr. Martin A. Howell, Jr., of Chicago, Ill., has patented an improved wire stretcher for either plain or barbed wire, whereby one person with an ordinary lever or wooden handspike is enabled to draw to its proper position any barbed or plain wire, all injury and danger of breakage from kinks, short bends, curls, or abrasions of the wire being avoided.

Mr. Frank W. Mix, of Terryville, Conn., has patented an indicator padlock, in which a change is made in the indicator wheel, and a different set of symbols, figures, or letters made to show through openings in the case, for the purpose of enabling the proper authorities to detect any surreptitious opening of the lock.

Heretofore the machines for making felted yarns have been constructed with a taut cloth or linen sheet, upon which the yarns were felted, but it was impossible to give this sheet the desired tension. The operation was very inconvenient and the yarns were stretched, thereby separating the filaments, which is just the reverse of that which is to be obtained by felting the yarns. Mr. Louis Bourau, of Paris, France, has patented a yarn-felting machine which is simple in construction, will felt the yarns without tension, and complete the felting in a single operation.

An automatic device for centering the blocks from which bobbins and quills are formed, has been patented by Mr. Jerome B. Fellows, of Fryeburg, Me. The invention consists of forked block supporting posts actuated by suitable mechanism to present the block

The light open frame inclosing the book does not add to the lathe centers, and then fall out of the way to permit the turning of the block.

An improved gauge for bracelets has been patented by Mr. Willis H. Howes, of New York city, The object of this invention is to readily ascertain the exact size and form of bracelet required to fit any particular wrist. The invention consists in a gauge for bracelets that can be readily contracted and expanded to fit a wrist, and thus give the exact form and size of bracelet required to fit the wrist.

Mr. Anthony St. Mary, of Decatur, Ill., has patented a trap intended to facilitate catching hogs and other animals and holding them while being ringed or marked,