been found in the vicinity of Crawfordsville by various collectors, among whom should be mentioned Mr. C. Dyer, Mr. F. H. Bradley, and the Coreys. Corey's Bluff is now the property of Prof. D. A. Bassett, whose improved methods, both of quarrying and of cleaning, have gained changed in its position. admirable results. The removal of the incrusted shale is effected by brushes, graded awls, and needles, and requires a degree of skill. Some specimens are so tender as to crum ble under the most careful handling; and others are so hardened by silex as to be refractory. But patient manipulation is usually well recompensed.

Keokuk group at Crawfordsville, was prepared by my father required. By no other means at present known can the of the street, and a rush of policemen to aid the drivers in in the last year of his life, and after due revision was pub- power obtained from steam or water be more convenient- getting their vehicles against the curb; then came a fireman lished in the State Geological Report of Indiana for 1875 ly stored and transmitted for use at long distances, so running for dear life, shouting "clear the road," and right (pp. 376-381), together with valuable observations by Prof as to be readily applicable for all purposes. It was the behind him came the steamer, the horses on the gallop, and John Collett. From this catalogue it appears that twenty- expansive elasticity of air, condensed by the power furnished a cloud of smoke issuing from the smoke stack, a moment, seven genera and fifty-eight species of crinoids from that by a mountain stream, that worked the distant boring ma. and she was gone. Then came a hook and ladder truck, locality have been described by Hall, Meek, Worthen, and chines and removed the rock taken out of the St. Gothard with sounding gong, horses on the jump, and the members others, while several new species yet remain inedited.

time. They became more scarce during the Mesozoic and this enterprise, as without the ventilation thus furnished it ning, and the men urging them as if their lives depended on Tertiary ages, until now they have mainly yielded the seas would have been not only tedious but almost impossible to their speed. It was an exciting event, lasting but a moment, to star-fish, sea-urchins, and other modern echinoderms. It make such an extensive excavation. may be that their luxuriant growth in the period before the eagerly sought for more than a century only twenty speciworld by Sir Wyville Thomson, in the "Voyage of the Challenger" and "The Depths of the Sea."

It is said that in Agassiz's expedition last summer 300 specimens were taken. Possibly somewhere amid "the abyssal province," including 140,000 square miles, the exsquare yard, regions may yet be found where these beauti cylinders are strongly fastened to a long, heavy frame, ful sea-lilies are as abundant as they were when Indiana lay which is bolted to a solid foundation, and two heavy flyat the bottom of the sea, and instead of fields of wheat and corn had only crops of coral and crinoids.

4 4 + 4 NEW INVENTIONS.

An improved attachment for carriages, which furnishes a convenient support for carriages, has been patented by Emma J. Osborne, of Easley, S. C. The invention consists in a slide in the floor of the carriage, at the rear thereof, which slide can be drawn out to carry the baggage, and can be pushed back so as to be out of the way when not in use.

Mr. Martin J. Sunderlin, of Watkins, N. Y., has patented an improved apparatus for cleaning horses. The present of the most important modern improvements. They obinvention is an improvement upon apparatus for which letters patent have been allowed to the same inventor, which important improvements simplifying the mechanism, and apparatus consists, essentially, of a brush for cleaning increasing the efficiency and durability of the pump. horses, carriages, etc., a flexible pipe supplying water to To secure the latter point they obtained a patent for a the brush from an elevated or other source of water supply; changeable cylinder lining, in which the valve seats are of and the object of the present improvement is to simplify and cheapen the construction.

David Stone, of New York city. The object of this inven- nections, and without material stoppage of any of the tion is to furnish rubber bracelets simple and inxpensive in operations for which the steady working of the pump may be construction and neat and ornamental in appearance. The important. The composition lining is an important feature invention consists in constructing rubber bracelets with ex- where a pump is to be used for corrosive liquids, since it tensions upon the opposite side edges of the band to repre- resists corrosion much better than iron, and, the parts being sent buckles; also, in forming slots in the said extensions, interchangeable, it is but a short job at any time to make the and also in the combination, with the slotted extensions, of pump practically "as good as new," and at small cost. At the cross bar placed upon the inner side of the band, with the time the company introduced these improvements they its ends projecting through the slots and resting upon the constructed new patterns throughout, giving their latest side extensions

a novel frame for anodes, the object being to prevent the for boiler feeding, for fire purposes, for steamboats and facfalling apart of the particles or pieces of the anode after it tories, for oils, acids, sugar, liquor, chemicals, etc. Every has become disintegrated by the action of the electric cur-pump is tested before it leaves the establishment. The derent while hanging in the solution without substantially partment devoted to this work is shown in our illustration interfering with the exposure of the surfaces of the anode to the right at the top of the page. of an anode of cast or rolled metal.

the handles are attached, pivoted to a plate on the upper edge of the land side in such a manner that the motion of the plow can be reversed by simply turning the handle and beam around the pivot, the body of the plow not being

AMERICAN INDUSTRIES,-No. 45.

THE MANUFACTURE OF AIR COMPRESSORS, STEAM ENGINES, AND PUMPS .- THE NORWALK IRON WORKS COMPANY.

A great deal of the success of some of the most difficult of modern engineering work has been due to the improved A complete list, so far as known, of the fossils of the methods of applying compressed air to transmit the power

veloped by compression in this way is not so great as when since time was. the whole work is done in one cylinder, the air having time to cool in the intermediate pipes between the cylinders and while in contact with a very large cooling surface in plored portions of which are to be reckoned only by the passing under the water jackets of the two cylinders. The wheels give evenness and steadiness to the motion, a governor regulating the speed. By this arrangement of a compound compressor the power developed in the steam cylin der is so evenly applied in the reciprocating parts that the most economical speed of piston can be obtained. The air valves are placed in the cylinder heads, and the water for cooling the air while being compressed circulates around the cylinders in a jacket.

In the manufacture of steam pumps the Norwalk Iron Works have for many years held a leading position, and were in a measure the pioneers in the introduction of many tained the control of the "Earle" patents, and made many gun metal, fitted to gauges, so they can be quickly removed when worn out and new ones put in their places. This An improved rubber bracelet has been patented by Mr. work can be quickly done without disturbing the pipe constyle the distinguishing title of "the Norwalk steam Mr. Abraham Van Winkle, of Newark, N. J., has patented pump." These pumps are used for every variety of work,

to the solution. The invention consists in combining a i The hoisting engine, shown in the engraving, represents frame of wood or other suitable material, with the edges one of the latest products of the Norwalk Iron Works Company in this department. It is simple in its parts, built Mr. Daniel Dunscomb, of New York city, has patented with exceptional strength, and economical in its conan improved cover designed especially for dredging boxes or sumption of fuel in proportion to the power developed. one bell will ring, and when a subscriber hears it he is sure it for boxes intended to hold powders of any kind. It con-sists in a cover, preferably metallic, having a central aper-eral hundred of their manufacture being in use in different patent is owned by the Signal Telephone Corporation. ture, and of a perforated metallic cap having a downward parts of the country. They have now running in their projecting notched elastic rim. This cap is removably fitted own establishment one of 75 horse power, which they built ten years ago, and which has been running ever since. It is almost noiseless in its operation, and the consumption sweeping by the broom as the carpet is being swept in the the winter time, does not exceed an average of a ton and a broken fragments of rock, for a short distance, it gradually

Going to a Fire.

One of the most exciting sights a stranger can witness in the lower part of New York 1s the fire department responding to an alarm of fire in the daytime. A representative of the Fireman's Journal describes a scene familiar to all our citizens, but one that many of our readers have probably never witnessed. We chanced to be in Broadway a day or two since, says the writer, when the street was crowded with vehicles of all kinds, and the sidewalks with a regular procession of pedestrians. Suddenly the gong of an approaching steamer sounded with its sharp, sudden, and continuous jingle; there was a rush of teams to clear the center tunnel; and compressed air was also said to furnish the of the company clinging to their precarious perches on top. Crinoids were the first of their class to appear in Paleozoic lungs as well as the heart of the force required to prosecute Next came the Salvage Corps, gong sounding, horses run-

but quickening to the pulse of the laziest on-looker. Thou-Probably one of the most economical, compact, and ser- sands of persons had stopped to catch a glimpse of the coal formation was due to water saturated with carbonate viceable of the air compressors introduced within recent passing firemen, and for over a mile Broadway was jammed of lime and resting under pressure of a heavy atmosphere. years is that made by the Norwalk Iron Works Company, at with vehicles and pedestrians, all of whom had turned out That they then grew in shallow water is evident from the South Norwalk, Conn., whose establishment furnishes the to make room for the firemen, on whose speed might derelation of the crinoid banks to the coal beds rich in remains subject of the first page illustrations of this paper. It is a pend the property and lives of some of our citizens. To a of terrestrial vegetation. Only six genera of stalked crinoids steam engine and air compressor combined, the steam cylinder stranger the sight must have been a thrilling one, and imare now known to inhabit the whole ocean, and these are and two air cylinders being in line with each other, each pressed him with the efficiency of our fire department. We found at depths ranging from 2,000 to 15,000 feet! Though stroke of the piston rod condensing air in the cylinders in know that to our soldiers the heavy rumble of the apparaboth its outward and inward motions. One of the air cylin- tus seemed like the movement of artillery to the front and to mens were found, until the number was recently increased ders is larger than the other, and here the air receives its presage an impending battle. And so it was a battle-a fight by deep sea dredging, whose results have been given to the first compression, after which it is forced into the smaller between the trained firemen and an enemy as old as the cylinder to receive the heavier compression. The heat de- earth or the heavens, and one that has scourged mankind

Improved Telephone Call.

The Boston Advertiser describes an improved telephone call signal, which is about to be introduced in that city It is not of application where a subscriber has a private wire, but is for use in the smaller cities where several subscribers are on the same wire, and, when one is called, all hear the bell, and each must have his separate call. It is a device by which only the person desired may be called and so, without any particular style of call, as at present, he knows whenever he hears the bell that it is for him The apparatus is something like this: At the central office is a clock which regulates a clock in the office of each subscriber on the circuit, so that they all run in exactly the same time. This is done by setting the subscribers' clocks, so that what ever variation they have will make them faster than the central clock, and by a current of electricity they are made correct once in every minute. Upon the faces of these clocks and the central one is a dial around the second hand, marked off into as many divisions as there are subscribers on the wire. Whenever the second hand is in the division marked "1," the subscriber who has that number may be called and no other one will hear the bell. The same is true of No. 2 and so on around the circle. Suppose there are eight subscribers on the wire, each would have seven and a half seconds every minute in which he could be called-deducting a brief interval of silence at the beginning, which is given in order that the calls may not be mixed. As two seconds is ample time for calling a person, it will be seen that there is a good margin allowed. The apparatus is simple. A wire extends from each clock to the central clock, and at each clock is an electric call bell. A single cell in the battery is used, which gives enough electricity to call one bell, but not two. The possibility of the invention turns upon the fact that electricity will take the shortest path possible. When the bells are silent the electric current is passing along a direct line of wire, but when the bells sound the current is passing through several hundred feet of wire coiled at the bell, which closes the circuit when the fingers press the key in the central office. This change in the circuit is made by a simple arrangement in the clock, by which a lever is thrown in one position or another, turning the current into the coil or sending it straight on. If there were enough electricity on, the bells would all ring, but only enough is generated to ring one bell, and that bell is the one which, for the time being, is affected by the electricity in its coil. Since only one coil is affected at one time, only

into the aperture of the cover.

Mr. Nathaniel Pyles, of 43 Canal street, Chicago, Ill., has patented an improved carpet and floor dust receiver. of coal for the power required in the machine-shop and The object of this invention is to provide a dust pan or re ceiver that may be pushed along in front of the person usual way, to receive all of the dust and dirt raised or quarter per day. swept up by the broom and carry it along until the entire floor has been swept.

The general view at the center of the page gives a good ducting the water through an artificial canal for a few idea of the extent of the establishment of the Norwalk Iron yards, and so regulating its course and forcing all the water An improved plow has been patented by Messrs Peter S. Works Company. The main building is 300 feet long by that enters to pass in a single stream beneath an undershot Swartz and Alexander Arnot, of Lexington, Mich. The 100 wide, connected with which is an engine and boiler wheel, power enough is obtained in two cases to drive a object of this invention is to provide a double-ended plow house, and at a distance of a foot is the foundry, 150 by 70 mill. Mills have, in fact, been placed there by an enterso arranged that its movement can be easily reversed at the feet. They do business direct with their customers, from prising Englishman, and are constantly at work. The end of the furrow. The invention consists of a double- their place in South Norwalk, Conn., a siding from the New stream, after being utilized, is allowed to take its natural ended plow having the beam head, to which the beam and York and New Haven Railroad running direct to the works. channel, and is lost among the rocks.

patent is owned by the Signal Telephone Corporation.

A Queer Water Power,

In the neighborhood of Argostuli, in the Ionian Islands, a water power is utilized in a peculiar manner. At four points on the coast, the sea, at its ordinary level, enters a foundry, with that furnished for some other manufacturing very narrow creek, or broken rocky channel, and after runoperations on the premises, as well as steam for heating in | ning somewhat rapidly through this channel and among becomes sucked into the earth and disappears. By con-