him in the prosecution of this great undertaking. He de- home. serves the highest honors for his sagacity and perseverance cisms of engineers, and even active opposition of most powerful opponents. It is plain that we have in Mr. Haskin the right man at the head of the work.

On the front page we give views of the interior of the tunthe earth heading being cut in the form of stairs to facilitate tries, 193. the workmen in putting in and bolting the iron shell, no staying being required. The brick lining, and the mode of mixing the excavated silt with water and its discharge from the tunnel through the air pipe, are also shown. In addition to the engravings here given we publish in our showing the sectional view of the river, with tunnel built as ancient Mogul invaders. proposed, with depths of water and distances; also a side advanced, showing the location of the air machinery, and all parts and appliances of the work; also plans and diagrams We shall watch the progress of this great work with pleasure, and keep our readers supplied with all facts of interest thereto relating,

The Franco-Lorillard Expedition.

M. Charnay, in charge of the Franco-Lorillard Explora-Mexico, April 21. On his arrival at the Mexican capital, M. women in jail for each million of the female population." Charnay will engage excavators and proceed at once to the places marked on the plateau of Anahuac during a previous visit, as likely to yield evidences of the extinct civilization he proposes to study. M. Charnay has already sent from if the British view of the case is to be accepted. France to Vera Cruz over four tons of implements and machines for use in his work of exploration, including two tons of elastic hemp paper, for moulding purposes, dredges for British rule at home shows results so poor in comparison the sacred lakes of Yucatan, where he intends to search for the jewels cast into the water in idolatrous worship as offer- those benighted pagans and Mohammedans are naturally inings to the gods, ladders in sections with iron clamps, and clined to lead more wholesome and honest lives than the photograph materials.

and from the statements of other writers, I take it that traces have already been discovered in the province of Yucatan of about forty ancient cities. Further, there are unmistakable indications that this district and these cities were more densely populated than is any known portion of the globe at the present moment. It is a puzzle as to how these people subsisted, as the district is rocky and barren in the extreme save for a prodigious growth of underwood or date given above the court dismissed the bill and gave judgscrub, which presents a formidable obstacle to the rapid ment for the defendant. The points at issue in this case are prosecution of excavations. During my recent explorations on behalf of the French Government in Java, I was much struck with the general resemblance existing between the traces of the ancient inhabitants of that country and those I through rolls. An erroneous impression prevails that the found in Mexico. But a much higher degree of civilization is indicated as having existed in Java. We have at but such is not the case. The patent did not cover the use present in view a two years' sojourn in Mexico and Central of rolls on wheat, bran, or purified middlings, but simply America, but if necessary our stay may be protracted even another year."

Demand for Immigrant Labor.

domestics are for German and Swedish girls. There is also that he will bring suits in other circuits. a large number of applications from silk mills in Paterson, N. J., and in Connecticut, for factory girls and families. ers' National Association from paying the royalty agreed a cross between a wolf and a spaniel. A more savage pack One firm wants thirty families with children old enough to upon in the compromise made last spring by that body in of wolf dogs are now reported in the wilds of Northwestern work, and promises them good homes, steady work, and fair its annual convention. By the terms of that agreement the Nebraska. It is said that about two years ago two bull-dogs wages. The Russell Manufacturing Company, of Middle-members of the association were to pay the Downton Puri | joined a band of wolves near the head of the Birdwood, and town, Conn., recently sent for thirteen families. Neither of fier Manufacturing Company a royalty for the rolls then have remained with them ever since. Within the past year these orders could be filled at once. There are many in- used in members' mills of \$25 per set for the first three sets a species of dog-wolf, supposed to be the offspring of the quiries from firms in this city for girls to work at china of rolls, \$15 per set for the second three, \$10 per set for the escaped bull-dogs, have been committing depredations in

principally for experienced iron workers, miners, brick- be sustained by a decision of a Circuit Court of the United dog, and are consequently much more to be dreaded than makers, and weavers, and the supply is inadequate. In one States. For the time being, therefore, the roller litigation the common prairie wolf, and are far more bold and savage. day 152 men and boys were sent to different parts of the may be regarded as over, and millers using rolls can breathe. The Deadwood Times says that they are becoming numerous country, and the day before 178 more were sent from the easy for awhile,

business facilities of New York city, promotes rapid tran. Castle Garden labor bureau. Of these some were engaged sit, and adds to the wealth and prosperity both of city and to work in coal and iron mines in this State and Pennsyl-State. The legislature of New York should assist the work vania; several Germans were sent to Frary's cutlery works in the retorts when manufacturing water gas has been by promptly granting the most liberal facilities for estab- in East Bridgeport, Conn.; 40 Hungarians were sent to brick- patented by Mr. Henry C. Bowen, of New York city. lishing depots and necessary works on the New York yards in New Jersey; 20 Hungarians were forwarded to the side of the river. Congress has just passed the bill to facili | brickyard at Northport, L. I., and a few farm laborers were tate the organization of a great International Exhibition, to sent to Connecticut. Applications are on file with Mr. Jack be held in New York city in 1883. If the State legislature son from fifty different places for silk weavers, wrappers, will now act promptly in granting the modest requirements and winders, cotton and woolen weavers, spinners, and cardof the tunnel company this great work of tunneling the room hands. One application was received for 200 car-Hudson will be completed before the exhibition opens and penters to work on the new hotel at Rockaway Beach, the in time to bring millions of passengers from the North, wages offered being \$2.25 a day, with an average of two South, and West directly into the limits of the city. The days' overtime each week in good weather. Applications great railway tunnel under the Thames river, at London, were received from the Columbia Stone Company, North 1,600 feet long, is justly regarded as one of the most re- Amherst, Ohio, for 20 or 30 Germans to work in the stone markable engineering works ever undertaken. But this quarries; 100 stonecutters in other places; 10 moulders; erator, to be subsequently carbureted by passage through a Hudson river tunnel, which will be over 5,000 feet long, machinists, pattern-makers, rollers, heaters, puddlers, and puts the Thames work far into the shade. Mr. D. C. Has skilled hands of all kinds employed in iron manufactures. kin, the originator and manager of the Hudson tunnel, is en. Not more than 300 silk weavers have arrived here since Janutitled to every aid which the citizens of New York can give ary 1, and most of them were engaged before they left

The total number of immigrants landed at Castle Garden in pressing forward the enterprise, in the face of the most from January 1 to April 20 was 56,404, a number surpassing the cages of the elevators by the movement of a train of inveterate prejudices, carpings, adverse opinions, and criti-any previous record in the history of emigration to this country.

Of the new arrivals there came from Germany 9.884: Ire land, 7,143; England, 4,537; Sweden, 3,003; Norway, 307; Our various illustrations require but little explanation Denmark, 481; Netherlands, 565; Belgium, 304; Switzerland, 1,479; France, 508; Italy, 1,770; Greece, 138; Russia, nel, showing the manner in which the iron shell is put in, 718; Luxemburg, 161; Bohemia, 300; various other coun-

CRIME IN BENGAL,

Great Britain and Ireland, with about the same number of

In a lecture on what the English have done for the Indian sectional elevation of the tunnel works as far as they have people, delivered to the members of the Philosophical Institution, Edinburgh, Dr. W. W. Hunter, Director General of Statistics to the Government of India, said, according to of the approaches; and a detailed description of the whole the London Times report: "There was now only about onethird of the crime in Bengal that there was in England. While for each million persons in England and Wales there were 870 criminals always in jail, in Bengal, where the police was very completely organized, there were not 300 convicts in fail for each million, and while in England and Wales there were 340 women in jail for each million tions in Mexico and Yucatan, sailed from this port for of the female population, in Bengal there were less than 20

A well paid and highly disciplined police, the doctor said, now deals efficiently with the small amount of crime in Bengal; a happy state of things attributable to British rule,

It would be interesting to know how many of the Bengal criminals are of European parentage; and why it is that with India. Of course it would not do to suspect that masses of Great Britain. Christian civilization would stand In stating his plans to a Herald reporter M. Charnay said: aghast at such a thought. Perhaps the missionaries, who "I do not suppose that I shall reach Central Mexico for tell us so much about the land where every prospect pleases five or six months. From my own observations on the spot; and only man is vile, may be able to make clear the puzzle.

The Milling Roller Suits.

On February 2, Judge Treat, in the United States Circuit first rolled. Court, rendered a decision in the case of R. L. Downton vs. The case came up for hearing on January 10, and on the too well known to need extended expatiation in this connection. Mr. Downton's patent claimed the process of removing the germ from middlings by passing the latter large steam mill erected alongside. claims put forward by Mr. Downton were broader than this. the extraction of the germ by means of rolls. The Yaeger Milling Company purchased a number of Wegmann's Porcelain Rolls of E. P. Allis & Co., of Milwaukee, and it was for the use of these that Mr. Downton brought suit, which on its site. The Secretary of the Board of Emigration reports that the has ended in the courts declaring that Mr. Downton's patent labor bureau of Castle Garden is besieged with applicants lacked novelty. Mr. Downton has appealed the case to the for newly arrived help. The most of the applications for Supreme Court of the United States, and has given notice

The American Miller says that this decision frees the Millnext four, and all over that number (ten sets), \$5 per set, the that section. They are said to possess the cunning of the The demand for men is much greater than for women, payment to be made when the validity of the patent should wolf combined with the ferociousness and pluck of the bull-

NEW INVENTIONS,

A means for determining the action and effect of steam In the manufacture of water gas the method heretofore in general use is to charge a retort or generator with coal, then bring it to a state of incandescence by driving air through it, then to shut off the air and force steam through the incandescent mass of coal. At this high temperature the incandescent carbon decomposes the steam, forming carbonic acid and hydrogen, and the carbonic acid, as it passes farther through the mass, is itself decomposed or robbed of one equivalent of oxygen by the carbon to form carbonic oxide. The commingled carbonic oxide and hydrogen then constitute the base of the water gas, and pass out of the gens hydrocarbon, and then fixed to form a stable gas by being heated in a separate set of retorts. The object of this invention is to provide means for enabling the operator to detect at any time the passage of undecomposed steam along with the carbonic oxide and hydrogen.

A device for operating elevators, so constructed as to raise cars, and which is especially designed for operating passenger elevators at stations upon elevated and underground railways, has been patented by Mr. Nicholas Nolan, of New York City.

A simple and efficient apparatus for cooling liquids and freezing ice cream by means of chemicals, has been patented by Mr. William F. Clapp, of Allemance, N. C. The invention consists of an oscillating or rotary vessel provided with compartments for the cooling mixture and the liquids to be cooled, and a central chamber for the reception of the ice or The area of Bengal under British control is about that of other refrigerant and the vessel containing the cream.

Mr. John De Frain, of Philadelphia, Pa., has patented an inhabitants. The population is made up principally of improved vegetable cutter, which is so constructed that it SUPPLEMENT this week a number of additional engravings, native Hindoos and the Mohammedan descendants of the may be adjusted to cut the vegetables into slices or strips of any desired thickness.

> An improved sash supporter, which is simple in construction and operation, and which holds the sash in any desired position, has been patented by Mr. William W. Sweetland, of Edwardsburg, Mich. The invention consists of an articulated spring latch, through which a rod fastened to the upper part of the window frame passes, and against which the latch is pressed to hold the sash in position. The latch is operated by means of a lever worked by a cord.

The First Rolling Mill in America.

To the Editor of the Scientific American:

I wish to correct a statement in your issue (No. 7) regarding the first rolling mill in America.

Your correspondent is mistaken in stating that his father built the first rolling mill in this country. My great-grandfather, Isaac Pennock, established one in 1798. I have the ledger bearing that date now in my possession.

The mill was called the "Federal Slitting Mill," and was located in East Fallowfield Township, Chester county, on the Buck run. It was used for rolling sheet iron and strips, principally the latter, which were slit up into rods for nails, etc. All nails then were forged out of rods by hand on the anvil. There were no boiler plates made or needed in those

My grandfather, Dr. Charles Lukens, was the first maker of boiler plates in Pennsylvania, and it is to be presumed in America. He was for a time at the Federal Slitting Mill, but in 1816 moved to Coatesville, and operated another mill called "Brandywine Iron Works." There boiler iron was

At the death of Dr. Lukens, in 1825, the business was car-The Yaeger Milling Company, of St. Louis, for the alleged ried on by his wife, Rebecca W. Lukens, who greatly ininfringement of Mr. Downton's process patent No. 162,157. creased it and conducted it successfully for a number of years. As a tribute to her memory the name of the works was, after her death, changed to "Lukens Rolling Mill."

This was the first of the several mills now in this town. and has been operated continuously in the family from 1816 to the present day. It is now used merely as a feeder to a

There were no railroads in this country then, and all iron and fuel had to be teamed, most of it to and from Wilmington and Philadelphia, the former 26, the latter 39 miles distant; some, however, was teamed to Pittsburg (315 miles) and beyond.

The old Federal Slitting Mill has long since been abanloned for manufacturing A. F. HUSTON.

Lukens Rolling Mill, 2d mo. 14th, 1880.

Wild Dogs in the West.

For several years a pack of wild dogs have been known in the Yellowstone Valley. They are described as resembling and quite troublesome.