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Works, Drinker St., Philadelphia, Pa. Works, Drinker St., Philadelphia, Pa.
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stamp for circulars. P.O. Box 205, Jersey City, N. J.
Noise-Quieting Nozzles for Locomotives and Steam boats. 50 different varieties, adapted to every class of
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Sent free oy mail to any part of the world. Send your full address to Emerson, Smith \& Co., Beaver Falls, Pa.
Eclipse Portable Engine $\quad$ See illustrated adv., p. 318.
Cylinders, all sizes, bored out in present positions.
L. B Flanders Machine Works, Philadelphia. Pa. Tight and Slack Barrel machinery a specialty. John
Greenwood \& Co., Rochester, N. Y. See illus'd adv. p. 30. Linen Hose, Rubher Hose Steam Hose, and Hose for

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turing Optician, 49 Nassau St., New York.
Pat. Steam Hoisting Mach'y. See illus. advo, .p 318. Solid and Opening Die Bolt Cutters, Screw Plates, Hydraulic Cylinders, Wheels, and Pinions, Mach
Hydraulic Cylinders, Wheels, and Pinions, Machinery orked. Tensile strength not less than $65,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. to quarein. Pittsburgh steel Casting Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
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Rue Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

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The only economical and practical Gas Engine in the market is the new "Otto" Silent, built by Schletch

Steam Engines, Automatic and Slide Valve; also Boilers. Woodbury, Booth \& Pryor,
illustrated advertisement, page 885

## NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

## An Illustrated Dictionary of Scientific

 Terms. By William Rossiter. NewYork: G. P. Putnam's Sons. 12mo, pp. 352. Price $\$ 1.75$.

## A handy book of reference, containing some 14,000

 sientict terms, many of them not to be found in ordinary dictionaries. The list includes the more important technical and scientific words, and those most comand usually the derivation. There have been added to and usually the derivation. There have bees of weights and measures, and urictly, the nomenclatureof botanci, oological, anthropological, chemical, and geolReports to the St. Lodis Medical Society on Yellow Fever. By Wm. Hutson
Ford, A.M., M.D. St. Louis: Geo. O. Ford, A.M., M.D. St. Loujs
Rumbold $\& \mathrm{Co} . \quad 8 \mathrm{vo}$, pp. 320.
Ewbraces the report of the committee appointed by the St. Louis Medical Society to inquire into the rela-
tions of the epidemic of 1878 to the city of St. Louis, and Dr. Ford's Report on the meteorological conditions and etiology of yellow fever, on the etiology of sunstroke, cholera, and other diseases associated with high temperature, and on the
The Boilding Materials of Otago and
Sodth New Zealand Generally. By
W. N. Blair. Dunedin, New Zealand:
J. Wilkie \& Co. pp. 244.

A volume of great local value and of considerable general interest, describing the building stones and
roofing slates of New Zealand, their geology and outcroppings; the localities of the clay banks suitable for oroppings; the localities of the clay banks suitable for oricks, etc., and the qualities of such clays; New Zea-
and limes, cements, and their aggregates; and a verg interesting review of the numerous timber trees and
woods suitable for builders' use. There is added a section on the metallic products of Otago. The book is well indesed.
Electro Metallurgy, Practically
Treated. By Alexander Watt. New
Treated. By Alexander Watt.
York: D. Van Nostrand. pp. 196.
This is the sisth and enlarged edition of Watt's handbook, from the English plates of 1876. A copious index

A Sketch of Dickinson College. By Chas. F. Himes, Ph.D. Harrisburg:
Lane S. Hart. An interesting history of oneof the oldest college in the United States, neatly printed and illustrated by chapter is that tracing the progress in scientific educaon since the fouming of che colle in 1783
Seeing and Thinking. By William King.

dom Clifford. London: Macmillan \& | dom Clifford. |
| :--- |
| Co. |
| 1. |

This, the satest volume of the Nature Series, includes our lectures by the late professor of applied mathematics and mechanics in Oniversity College, London, on the eye and the brain, the eye and seeing, the brain ad thlnking, and boundaries in general. No one who ever made an acquaintance with Mr. Cliftord as a clear
thinker and lucid expositor, need be told that, as an example of scientific teaching, this is one of the most valuable books of the series. In the eath of Mr Clifford the scientific world lost the most. promising of its rising scholars; for he, more than any other, repreits rising scholars; for he, more than any other, repre-
sented the ideal scientific intellect, at once earnest, fearless, and admirably sincere.
ndex to the Literature of Titanidm.
1783 to 1876 . By Edward J. Hallock,
8vo, paper. pp. 76. Price 25 cents.
A paper read before the New York Lyceum of Natural History in 1876, and reprinted from the annals of the s that of Dr. Bolton's Indices to the Literature of ranium and Manganese.

Horse. By B. Pitcher. Second edition. nago. published for the author.
A short essay on the breeding, oreaking, handling, by one who frankly a declares himself to he no professor
be college graduate, horse doctor, or doctor of any kind;
but a humble mechanic. Mr. Pitcher is a practical but a humble mechanic. Mr. Pitcher is a practical
smith of nearly forty years'experienceand observation:
and he treats his subject wholly from the practical
standpoint. He has added a chapter of advice to mechanics, in which he shows himself the possessor o no little practical wisdom and an abundance of sterling good sense.
First Step in Chemical Principies.
Henry Leffmann, M.D. Philadelphia: Henry Leftmann,
Edward Stern \& Co.
Designed to make clear by explanation and illustration those points in chemical theory, notation, and Leffmann is the lecturer on toxicology at Jefferson Medical College, and his little handbook contains the substance of the lectures to the quiz classes of that in stitution.

## 

HINTS TO CORRESPONDENTS.
No attention will be paid to communications unless accompanied with the full name and address of the writer.

## given to inquirers.

We renew our request that correspondents, in referring to former answers or articles, will be kind enough to of the question.
Correspondents whose inquiries do not appear after a reasonable time should repeat them. If not then pub-
lished, they may conclude that, for good reasons, the Editor declines them.
Persons desiring special information which is purely of a personal character, and not of general interest,
should remit from $\$ 1$ to $\$ 5$, according to the subject, as we cannot be expected to spend time and labor obtain such information without remuneration. Any numbers of the Scientific American Supple-
ment referred to in these columns may be had at this office. Price 10 cents each.
(1) C. M. asks for a preparation to prevent nets from rotting in water. Mynets aremade of Ameri can hemp line, about $1 / 4$ inch in diameter, and therefore expensive. If I knew of some preparation or water proof misture that would prevent the water soaking
into them and rotting them, it would be a great saving tome. A. The following treatment is said to preserve nets for a long time in good condition: Soften one lb. goodglue in cold water, then dissolve it in ten gallons hot soft water with one half lb . curd soap. Wash the nets in soft water, then bo'l them in this for 2 hours, press out excess of the liquid and hang up over
night. The second bath consists of alum 2 lb ., water, gallons; heat nearly to boiling, and immerse the net in this for about three hours, then press and transfer to a strong decoction of oak bark or a solution of sumac
in warm water (water 5 gallons, sumac 8 lb .) and let them remain immersed in this for 48 hours, or longer
(2) R. G. B. asks for a method for electroplatingflowers. A. See pp. 380 ,(39), 47, and 34 , Vol. 35. (3) L. C. P. asks: 1. What is a good wash (ed) for brick pathways? A. Try the following: red cher, 5 lb. ; water glass, $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$.; dissolve the iatter in Apply with a stiff brush, preferably whilehot. 2. What is a good remedy to vestroy ants in pantries, cellars,
(4) S. A. writes: I light my hotel with floor and above it the light is much more brilliant floor and above it the light is much more brillian and combustiou more perfect with the same style
of burners. Please explain the cause. A. In a column of air saturated with vapor of naphtha diffusion is never perfect, the heavier hydrocarbons tending to accumulate points is incomplete in ordinary burners, owing to the
(5) P. B. asks for a receipt for making a cheap imitation of mildew bronze. A. Dissolve equal weights of nitrate of iron and hyposulphite of soda in 8 parts of water; immerse the articles in this
until of the right tint, then well wash with water, dry, and brush; 1 part chloride of iron and 2 parts water im
parts to brass a fine antique green. Brush weil and lacquer with pale gold lacquer, or polish with oil.
(6) G. writes: 1. On page 218 you publish an article on making cloth, etc., fireproof; would either
the first, second, or third composition also tend to render the fabric mildew-proof: and if so, to what extent? A. Under ordinary circumstances the treatment would usage be apt to wash or shake off the.composition? A.
(7) N. C. M. asks for a recipe for making boots waterproof. A. Linseed oil, 1 part; mutton tal
low, $1 / 2 \mathrm{l}$ b.; beeswax $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$; melt and mix thoroughly together, and apply to the warm, dry leather with a brush. A small quantity of ivory black is sometimes added to this misture.
(8) H. K. \& W. M. W. ask (1) for a receipt can a size to mis bronze powder with so that it etc.). A. To one pint of methylated finish add 4 oz . of gum shellac and $1 / 3$ oz. gum benzoin. Put the bottle in a warm place and agitate it occasionally. When the
gums are dissolved, let it stand in a cool place 2 or 3 days to settle, pour off the clear portion and reserve for fincst work, using the sediment, which by addition of more alcohol, may be made workable, when strained
for first coat or coarser work. Add the bronze $(q .8)$ for first coat or coarser work. Add the bronze (q. 8.$)$
to this, and apply to the clean, smooth, warm iron, using a soft brush. Repeat, after drying, if necessary. Thin with alcohol if necessary), to a avoil wrinkles and
orush marks. Varnish over all. 2. How is the glossy black obtained that $I$ have seen on ${ }^{2}$. How is the glossy deliers? A. What you refer to is probably enamel or Japanese work.
(9) W. H. F. asks: 1. What kind of paper process of stereotyping? what is known as the on tissue paper; second, soft unsized printing paper f not too short fiber; backing cartridge paper. What is the paste made of that is used in the paper process of stereotyping? A. Good starch paste answers
very well. 3. Is there such a machine known as an enraving machine, and by whom manufactured? A. Ye ; everal of these have been described and illustrated in he back numbers of the Scientific American. 4. Can terra alba (or white earth) be used in making moulds
of plaster of Paris? A. It is occasionally used for fine astings, but not often.
(10) C. A. R. asks: 1 . What is the value per ton of chromate of iron ore which assays 40 ther Eastern cities? A. About $\$ 30$ per ton. other Eastern cities? A. About $\$ 30$ per ton. It would
not be profitable to ship such an ore East. 2. Is there any cheap mode of estracting the chrome from the ore, which could be set up at the mine, to save transportaion? A. The neutral chromate (yellow) and dichronate (red) of potassium, sodium, or calcium (lime), are the only preparations made direct from the ore. The chrome iron ore, previously pulverized and cleansed, is mised with carbonate and nitrate of potassa, soda, or
lime, as the case may be, and roasted on the hearth of a lime, as the case may be, and roasted on the hearth of a
reverteratory furnace. The sintered mass atter cooleverteratory furnace. The sintered mass after coolnd alumina, precipitated from the solution by addition of wood vinegar (pyroligneous acid),and the clear liquid rawn off and evaporated until a film of saline material begins to form on the surface, when it is left to crysallize. From these crystals (yellow or neutral chromate of potassa or sodium), potassium (or sodium) dichronate is prepared by the addition to their solution of sul phric ortrating and cooling the solution.
(11) E. P. S. asks: Are there southern ghts at the south pole, as there are northern lights at ne north pole? A. Yes; Aurora Australis.
(12) C. J. D. asks (1) for a receipt for violin arnish (the Dest, if you please). A. Coarsely powdered um copal and glass, each 4 oz. a alcohol, 64 o . p, 1 pint; amphor, $1 / 2$ oz.; heat in a water bath with frequent until solution is complete, and when cold decant the lear portion. When oil varnish is used it is made rom artists' vinegar copal. 2. Receipts for stains for violins? A. To darken the wood rub over it nitric acid,
specific gravity 12, and, after standing twelve hours, peciffc gravity 12, and, after standing twelve hours, lowing: First, prepare a groundwork with strong hot queous solution of logwood extract; then apply a solution of 3 oz . potash, 3 oz . red sanders; $21 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. gum shellac, nd 1 gailon water, dissolved over a quick fire. 2. Boil 1 oz . logwood estract in 1 pint water (soft), and add $1-5$ z. cream of tartar. Use the stain hot, and give several coats, if neceessary, drying between each. Use a "saw-
edged " graining brush and asphaltum varnish, suffiently
(13) E. L. writes: We have tried a good many times, but without success, to melt the following metals, namely, 14 oz . brass, 3 oz. pure silver, 1 oz . bisuth, 2 oz . common salt, 1 oz . of arsenic, and 1 oz . of potash. You will please let us know through your ScIatific Americais what kind of crucible to be used, crucible at once, how to melt it, and when melted hether to use plaster of Paris or brass moulds? A You can use a French clay melting pot (crucible). Melt he brass and silver first under a layer of charcoal, then dd your fiuses and finally the bismath and arsenic rapped in paper; after which pour as soon as possie, with care to avoid inhaling the poisonous arsenical fumes. With good management a four ounce charge nay be fused in a good ordinary stove. For larger charges a regular crucible furnace will be required. Youl pondents," above
(14) S. A. F.-The following is a good omposition for blackboards: Shellac, 6 oz.; alcohol, $1 / 2$ pints; warm the latter and digest in it the shellac
ntil solution is effected. Then strain through a cloth lter, and introduce about 5 ounces of a misture of equal arts bone black (floured) and emery four, stirring until uniform distribution of these is secured. The mixture should have the consistency of very thin sirup. Thin with more alcohol, if necessary, and apply two
(15) H. M. Co. ask: How can we in an in xpensive manner get the tin, solder, and dirt off old copper bottoms so as to make them clean? A. Cleanse rist in a boiling solution of 3 parts caustic soda, 1 part niter, and 5 parts water, and then in dilute sulphuric acid; or dip momentarily in warm nitric acid, specific
(16) H. L. W. asks: To what extent is air compressible? Or what is the limit of the compressi-
ility of air? A. We donot know that the limit of combility of air? A. We donot know that the limit of com-
(17) C. K. asks: Which chain has the most strength, one with $3 / 4$ twist links, or one with $3 / 4$
straight links? A. One with straight links, because straight links? A. One with straight links, because the stress is in the direct line of
(18) C. N. K. asks if there is any way of unding the number of pounds of coal that is necessary to run 1 horse power when you have the following
given: 1. The sum of the horse power of each machine. given: 1. The sum of the horse power of each machine.
2. The number of hours that each machine has run. 3. The total number of pounds of coal consumed. Is there any different way of arriving at the same thing? My bject is to find out, after using several kinds of coal, duced by the combustion of 2 lb . of coal per hour; on the other hand, with badly designed engines and boilers, 8 or 9 lb . of coal per hour have been consumed to produce the same result; the quality of the coal affects
the economy. The only way to get at the result you wish, is to weigh the coal consumed in a given time, wish, is to weigh the coal consum
(19) W. H. G. asks how a cord of 4 foot
wood should be piled up. One says that the sticks
should be laid straight, with the bark sidedown, when they have bark only on one side; another, that it should
be laid straight, rather carelessly, the pite to be be laid straight, rather carelessly, the pile to be 4
feet high and 8 feet wide; while a third claims that in New York and Philadelphia the practice is 128 cubic
feet solid timber, arrived atby water displacement. A. feet solid timber, arrived atby water displacement. A.
128 cubic feet as piled is one cord. The seller wishes to pile as open as possible, by so piling as to have the angles come in contact; the buyer, on the contrary
wishes to pile as close as possible, by fitting the angle wistes to pile as
into each other.
(20) W. H. B. asks: Which quality of iron, hard, coarse, and granular, or fine, soft, and close grained, will best stand the heat of anthracite coal
under steam boilers, grate use? A. We think a mottled gray iron with large crystals is the best for the pur
(21) E. S. F. asks if a boiler 16 inches diameter, 4 feet high, with the sides and ends of wrought iron $3-16$ of an inch thick, will hold 50 lb . pressure with perfect safety. A. $3-16$ will do for tbe sides, but the
ends, if made $3-16$, should have a brace tying the two
(22) W. T. writes: 1. I have an upright ngine of six inch bore and 12 inch stroke ( 6 inch by 12 inch), ports $34 / 2$ inch by $1 / 2$ inch, exhaust $31 / 2$ inch by 125 turns per minute. Now with this engine how can $I$ run a boat about 32 feet long, of less than 5 tons measure ment ( 500 cubic feet), with side wheels, stern wheel, or off, at the rate of 10 miles per hour for a several hours trip? A. You can do it by using a propeller, if you have ample boiler. 2. Is there any kind of side wheels tha could be run advantageously at 125 turns per minute? $A$ No 3. Is it practicable to run such a boat, weighing with contents 4 tons, with such an engine, with sid wheels, at ten miles per hour? A. No. 4. Would fric tion pulleys work as well as gearing? A. You need no
(23) W. W. writes: I have a small boiler, 5 feet in length and 13 inches digmeter, with 18 one inch tubes. I have laid it down, and the fire box, of brick, is 9 by 18 inches, and the bridge wall. is 3 inches from the boiler, and is continued that way all the way The space under the grate is 1 foot, and the smoke pipe is 8 inches. The fire goes under the boiler and returns through the tubes. I have put the exhaust into the pipe, but can get no draught. What is the trouble? A The tronble is in the small area of the tubes; set your grate out in front of the boiler, with $21 / 2$ inches depth of flue under the boiler; let the fire pass both througg
tubes and under the boiler direct to the chimney.
(24) F. W. R. asks how to obtain a column of air having a velocity of twenty-five thousand feet perminute ( 25,000 feet); the opening or nozzle to be
one inch. Could I use an air pump, forcing the air into a chest or box, and then use at will, from one iuch openings? A. The only way is to compress the air by an air pump to t velocity.
(25) J. D. R. asks how to make a paint or blacking for a boiler. The biller is in the house, and sible, is desirable. Ase asphaltum varnish ible, is aesirable. A. Use asphal
(26) J. C. asks: On an engine with cylinder 5 inches diameter and 4 inch stroke, running at 200 of 50 lb . per square inch, what size oulley should be used to drive woodworking machinery, said pulley to be used hoth as pulley and balance wheel? A. Proba bly a pulley $41 / 2$ inch face; the diameter must be deter mined by the speed required for your line shaft.

## [OFFICIAL.]

## INDEX OF INVENTIONS

Letters Patent of the United States wer Granted in the Week Ending October 21, 1879,
AND EACH BEARING THAT DATE. [Those marked (r) are reissued patents.] Areator and refrigerator for beer and other Agate and other stones.............................
ornamenting. A. Dreher ......... coloring, and ornamenting, A. Dreher ........
Aluminous cake, making, F. Laur.
Anvil and vise, combined, G. B. St. John
Bale tie, w. H. Roane........
Baling press, Cagle \& Nichols
Baling press. w. L. Morris...
Beehive, D. P. Bower..............................
Beer, apparatus for filing out, J. \& J. Stuber.
Beer, extractiag malt in making,
Boat lowering apparatus, H. Bruns
Boot and shoe button hole, B. L. Newhall.
Boot and shoe former, Walker \& McIntre
Boot and shoe former, Walker \& McInt yre . .
Boot and shoe sole edge finisher, E. Humphre
Boot, rubber, G. Watkinson.
Bootee, J. F. Emerso
Bung and bushing, J. A. Rutschman.
Button, dress. R. E. Brookes
Can cover, J. H. Hettinger
Button, dress, R. E. Brook
Can cover, J. H. Hettinger
Candlestick, A. J. Smith
Candlestick, A. J. Smith ...
Car coupling, Cook \& Leas..
Car coupling, S. Garratt ....
Car coupling, Harlin \& Byram
Car coupling, J. H. Horton.
Car coupling, P. Y. Kepler
Carwarmer, street, I. S.
Car window, W. J. Hall
Carbureter, J. H. Bean.

Carding machine, T. Kershaw ......................
Carriage springs, machine for forming the eye
of, J.Evans .......... arriages, reversible handle for childrens', F rtridge capping and uncapping implement G. L. Bailey . Catriarr remedy, H. E. Bissell Centrifugal machi
Churn, S. Collins..
Clay or cement to make the $j$
fireplaces, fire, J. Hinklein
Clock and watch, J. A. Miller
Clothes line reel, P. E. Bird..
Coffee and rice huller, C. B. Brow
Coffee pot, J. D. Adney.....
Coin holder, L. H. Olmstead.
Collar and hame attachment, A. Carlin..............
concrete pipe, apparatus for mand.
Copper lined bolier. W. L. Brownell.......
Corset, abdominal, J. C. Cook,
Cotton gin, J. F. Means.
Cotton gin, F. E. Smith.
Cradle, platform,
Cupel furnace, s. G. Wight
Curtain fixture, J. W. Core
urtain roller and bracket, Barrett \& Knapp Curtain roller, spring,
Dental engine. J. Heron
Door brace, J. Louprette..
Dredge winder, C. C. Gree
Electric recorder, P. A. Dowd
Elevators, governor and safety appliance for,
Dryden ...............................
tence, brbed wire J. H. Wea
Fence, barbed wire. J. H.
Fence, rail, B. A. Welds.
Fence, wire, L. W. Bosar
Fire alarm telegraph box, non-interfering, A. $\xrightarrow[\text { Firearm }]{\text { Gray }}$
Firearm lock, A. E. Barthel.
Firearm, magazine, Sweeney \& Wetmore.
Fire extinguisher, automatic, E. Leonard.
Fireplace, open, E. A. Jackson..
Fishing reel. S. W. Wardwell, Jr
Fishing reel. s. W. Wardwell, Jr...............
Furnace feeder. automatic, Dillon \& Scully
Fuse for shells, time and distance, $H$. Berdan
Gasburner. O. Tirrill.
Gas lighting device, electric,
Gilder's press, J. T. Shepperd
Glassware, manufacture of. H. Franz
Governor, steam engine, A. Lawrence (r)
Grain meter. J. Nurnberger............
Grater and cutter, vegetable, w. Mild
Grave shield and body protector, S. S. Smick (r)
Harness pad, adjustable, J. Johnso
Harvester pitman, D. S. Blue.
Hat fnishing machine, J. Surerus
Hat pouncing machine, E. B. Taylo
Hat sweat, Baker \& Van Gelder ...
Hitching device, safety, J. A. Fife
Horse litter, C. V. Petteys
Ink well, J. D. Williams....
Ironing machine, J. Reid
Ironing machine, J. Reidy
Kitchen boiler, L. S. White
Kneader, dough. O. W. Robins
Lamp, E. S. Drake .......................................... 220,00 ,
Lamp, J. P. Smithers.
Lamp, C. F. Spencer ..........
Lamp burner, G. K. Osborn.
Lamp, coocter, P. Cudahy..
Lead pigments, making, Lewis \& Bartlett (r)
Letter and character, mica, F. Holthausen .
Letters, making partly transparent, F.H
Lifting jack, A. N. Woodard ...........
Mangle, C. Reese
Match, friction, W. T. Mersereau
Neasure, scale, J. M. Gaskins.
Metal trap, soft, J. McCloskey
Metal trap, soft, J. McCloske
Mining drill, F. B. Parrish
Mirror, folding, N. F. McEvor
Miter box, Rogers \& Goodell..
Miter box, Rogers \&t Goodell.
Mower, F. Bramer.
Mower, W. F. Rundell.........
Mower, lawn edge. T. Hanley.
Ore separator or concentrator, W. L. Imlay Oven, baker's, E. B. Cassidy
Ox shoe blank bar, J. Deeble
Packing, piston, C. $\mathbf{W}$. Bald win
Pantaloons and other garments, E. Spies.
Pantaloons and other garments, P . Spies.
Paper bag machine, W. Cross........ Paper cutting machine, lever, E. L. Mil
Paper folding machine, W. Scott ...... Paper folding machine, W. Scott ...................
Paper stock, reducing wood to, Cornell \& Tollne Pavement, wood, W. W. Stow........... Paving block, Anderson \&
Pea sheller, J. \& S. W. Budd.
Pen, perforating, Baird \& Macy.
Pepsin, preparation of, W. H. Ball................
Photographing embossing press, N. Weston
Photographing embossing press,
Pitman connection, S. Shiflett..
Plaiting machine, C. T. Laur ..
Plaiting machine, C. T. Laur
Plated ware ornamenting tool
Plated ware ornamenting tool, H. W. ............
Plow, riding, A. Belchambe
Plow, sulky, P. L. Case....
Pocket knife, C. L. Butler
Printing machine, chromatic, G. W. Woodside (
Pump, J. \& R. Bean.
Pump, D. C Montgomery..........
Pump, hydraulic air, G. K. Osborn
Pump, hydraulic air, G. K. Osborn...... ..... .
Pumps. safety device for steam, N. W. Dunlap.
Rocking chair, J. Loch .....
Rolling iron, Eyno \& Loy
Rolling pin, P. Cromer.
Root cutting machine. J. W. Weymouth
Sash fastener, J. L. Wayne,
Saw clamp, M. J. Crospy \&
Saw, scroll, C. A. Dearborn..
Scraper, walking, G. J Weber
eed drill, R. B. Sheldon (r).
Sewing machine, hand power attachment for
Sewing machine, needtle guard, A. Wempl
Sewing machine shattle, W. T. Elliot
ewing machine shattle, w. T. Elliot
Shirt, G. Churchill.

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## 220,764 220,843

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## 220,692 220,736 220,704

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Signal box, non-interfering, A. W. Grat
Skiving machine, C. E. Langmaid..
Slate, hinged, R. S. Barnum (r).......
Smoke and cinder conveyer, A. Heine
Smoke and cinder conveyer, A. H.
Snow plow, J. M. Baldwin(r).....
Snow plow, A. Day
Spark arrester, Byram \& Hansford......
speculum and electric light, \&. Huffman

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Steam generator, J. Everding
Steam or water engine, A. G. Waterhous
steamer, feed, H. S. Groves.................
Stove door, illuminated, J. Jewett...
Stove, gas,. Hoftmann...........
Strap
Strap protector and buckle, T. Padgit
stud for boots and shoes, G. H. Ellis
tump extractor, Courtney \& Foster.
Telegraph, underground, C. Linford
Telephone, A. C. Hubbard
Telephone case, G. M. Phelp
Telephone circuit, A. G. Bell. ........... Telephone signal, F. A. Gower.
Telephone switch, H. A. House
Ticket or tag, pin, E. A. G.
Time pieces, escapement for, A. G. Laughlin.
Tin and terne plate, making, E. Morewood...
Tobacco, machine for dressing and finishing fine
cut, T. R. Spence.
Trace carrier, J. D. Hobbs...
Treadle, E. T. Thomas
Trees, roots,
Buchanan .................
Turbine wheel, D. Hubbard
Turbine wheel, D. Hubba
Tuyere, T. McCaffery
Vegetable slicer and grater, co
Washing machine, J. Carroll
Washing machine, M. L. Hawk
Washing machine, A. Walton..
Washing machine, D. Warnock
Watches, removable potance for. F. A. Earl.
Water elevator, A. C. Jackman
Water wheel, J. Todd (r)........
Watering stock, device for, Landreth \& Garnett
Weather strip, M. Herrens..............................
Whiffetree hook, Z. M. Hibbar
Woodwork, mosaic, c. H. Westeott
Wool washing machine,
Zinc furnace, Hegeler \&. Gargent
TRADE MARKS
Batefor tanners' use, W. C.Tiffany ..... ...........
Canned salmon and other fish,W. T. Coleman \& Co
Canned salmon and other fish,w.
Cigars, Steinberg Bros. \& Co.....
Cigars, E. A. Smith
Cigars and cigarettes, Fitzpatrick \& Draper....... .
Cigars, cigarettes, and smoking tobacoo, L. Simons
$\&$ Brother
\& Brother...........................................
bacco. Ed. Aschermann \&
Cigars, cigarettes,
bacco. $\mathbf{H}$. Muller
Cigars, cigarettes, and smoking and chewing to-
bacco. H. R. Kelly.......................7,735,
India-rubber boots
India-rubber boots, shoes, and foo
L. Candee \& Co.............
Medical compound, w. McCurdy.
Oil or dressing for harness, shoes, etc., J. T. Vail \&
Plug and fine cut chewing tobacco, Pace, Talbot
\& Co.............................................. .
ettes, and snuff, Marburg Brothers.............. 7,7,
Whisky, H. W. Smith \& Co....................
DESIGNS.
Font of printing types, Bailes \& Gilbert.
Knit drawers, Swits Conde.............
Lamp brackets, F. P. Seidenstick
Medal batteries, W. M. Elia
Monuments, J. \& J. Pool


FOR THE WEEK ENDING october 14, 1879. TRADE MARKS.
Beverage termed " homeopathic coffee," The Kaoka
Manufacturing Company
and smoking tobacco, w. Dure chewing tobacco, Gloves and suspenders, Fisk. Clark \& Flagg
Illuminating oils refined from petroleum, Sone \&
Fleming Manufacturing Company........7726

Linen thread, Marshall \& C
Clark \& Flagg
smoking tobacco, J. W. Carroll
Snoking and chewing tobacco and cigarettes, L .
Ginter
DESIGNS.
Clock cases, Henry J. Davies
Sad iron stands, U. D. Eddy
Speaking tubes, W. R. Ostrander
carf pin or similar articles of jewelrs, J. L. Rem-

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Churns, E. Rhodes,
Churns, E. Rhodes,
Grain binder, W. A. Wood, M. Mind and R. M. Co., Hoosick
Handkerchief, etc., Mrs. E. W. M. Cameron et al, Brook-
lyn, N. Y.
Indicator for steam engines, G. H. Crosby, —, Mass
Mining machine, F. M. Lechner, Waynesburg, Ohio.
Mining machine, F. M. Lechner, Waynesbu
Nail machinery, D. Armstrong, Chicago, Ill
Nressure regalator, M. G. Wilder, Brooklyn.
Pressure reguator, M. G. Chaer, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Steam generator, C. Ward, Charleston, W. Va.
Tilling apparatus, C. E. Sackett, Matilda Furnace, Pa.




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