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#### FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD FOR THE INVENTION OF A STOCK CAR.

a prize of \$5,000 for an improved stock car capable of carry-rately or in pairs, as may be desired. The bars are raised ing live animals long distances without needless suffering. The great object seems to be to obtain a carin which cattle, sheep, or hogs can be fed and watered while on the road, in condition for returning freight. with room for the animals to lie down without risk of being trampled upon by others.

agents of the association that the practice of frequent stopleads them to resistance, wild rushes and frantic efforts to by keeping the pores of the skin open. escape, in which they seriously injure each other and are; It is claimed by the inventor to be more consistent with brutally punished by the yard men. To obviate all this suf- the laws of health to keep the body thus refreshed than to fering, not to speak of the losses entailed by the killing and allow it to take large draughts of water through the stomach maining of animals in the pens and on the road, the association calls for an improved car.

The resolution in which the prize is offered was introduced by the secretary of the association, Mr. Abraham Firth, of Boston, Mass., and reads as follows:

"Whereas, An urgent need exists of an improved cattle car in which animals can lie down and rest, and in which they can be watered and fed while on their journey, to the rest, at least as often as it is necessary to partake of food and markets, and be saved the suffering attendant upon loading and unloading from the cars, and at a serious loss of time to all having a pecuniary interest in the business; and

"Whereas, Objections are urged by the railroad companies against existing cars made to attain the ends named; would.

"Whereas. We strongly believe that invention may be stimulated in this direction; be it

" Voted, That this association, recognizing its great importance, would urge all persons interested in its work to occasion of an attempt to stir up opposition to the practices pledge themselves to pay a definite sum towards a prize for of our American physicians and boards of health in this con-

ought not to be less than \$5,000, and that six months' time a vast amount of disease through blood contamination, not should be given to all competitors to prepare specifications a little feeling is aroused, especially among the ignorant; and models, and meet whatever requirements the judges of the anti-vaccination spirit prevailing in English and other the prize shall name in their offer.

"Voted, That the Executive Committee of this association be requested to solicit pledges in this behalf from all persons interested in this specific aim, and be authorized to appoint the judges and to determine all the conditions, excepting only two: First, that the invention shall be the unembarrass- ing to radically different methods of obtaining and using the ed property of this association: and secondly, that the car so vaccine virus here and in Europe, no argument based on approved be offered without charge to all railway companies who will use it in all their live stock business."

A little consideration of the practical bearing of the clos ing of the direct saving in the percentage of loss of life and the worst of human scourges, has been so thoroughly brought say that the patent on a car of such a character would be an exceedingly valuable property.

We have no figures at hand to show the exact amount of the live stock traffic of our great railways, but it is obviously enormous. The cattle, hogs, and sheep required to supply The packing-houses of the seaboard States must have added million gallons a year. many hundred thousand to these figures. Nearly two hundred thousand sheep were exported alive last year, and probing traffic in live stock is but in its infancy.

the demand which the Humane Association has brought so prominently before the public, the following description of a patented car examined by a committee of the association will prove of interest. The absence of facilities for feeding and watering the animals in transit, necessitating the fre-Science and the United States Navy. The contributions of the Navy to the advancement of Science.

Facts and Figures. Some curious illustrations of molecular and other magnitudes and motion.

Things that are Misnamed.

Habitual Criminals. Professor Lombroso's studies of the Physical characteristics of the criminal classes.

of movable bars, so arranged that they may be moved up and down at pleasure through slatted standards. After the car At its recent meeting at Chicago, noticed at length in is loaded and the doors closed, the bars are let down from another column, the American Humane Association offered the outside between the animals, partitioning them off sepafrom between the animals to the roof before unloading, when they are driven out in the ordinary way, and the car is left

The car will accommodate sixteen steers, giving each animal a separate stall. Hogs may be partitioned off in like It appears from the investigations made by the manner, with from fifteen to eighteen in each pen, thus preventing them from piling upon each other and smothering. pages to allow transported stock to lie over for rest and re- There is a tank underneath the car, with a capacity of ten freshment, enjoined in many States by law, is largely disre- barrels of water. This is connected with a pump on the garded, and when observed only adds to the sufferings of roof of the car, by means of which the water is forced the animals. The stockyards are rarely furnished with suit-through a perforated tube, which extends through the entire able appliances for feeding or watering stock; too often the length of the car, completely filling it with a fine spray, animals are crowded into filthy and muddy pens in which which, when continued for a few minutes, amounts to a they cannot lie down either with comfort or safety; and the shower bath. This is designed to alky thirst and internal terror of the tortured animals when reloading is attempted heat by being inhaled, and to allay heat-fever and disease

> while in transit, which often results in stiffening and foundering the animal.

> It is claimed further that feed and water troughs may be attached to the car if found to be desirable at the conclusion of the experiments which are now being made. But the inventor is of the opinion that to deprive the animal from being taken from the cars and afforded a reasonable time for water, is inhuman, and a violation of well settled physiological principles: an opinion which would have more weight were it possible to unload and reload the cars without hurting the animals more than a steady and unbroken journey

## ANTI-VACCINATION FOLLY.

The coming of an English gentleman, with a craze against vaccination as a preventive of smallpox, has been made the nection. By parading a portentous array of figures to show "Voted, That in the judgment of this meeting the prize that vaccination does not prevent smallpox and does entail European circles, embracing no inconsiderable body of the more intelligent classes, being urged as a reasonable ground for similar opposition here.

Those who have echoed the anti-vaccination cry, however, do not appear to be familiar with the circumstance that, ow-European results can have any application here. The adverse statistics derived from European experience, or from American experience previous to the adoption by our phying stipulations will probably lead the association to rescind sicians of correct methods and uncontaminated virus, may them. The object of the association being purely one of all be strictly true, and doubtless are substantially humanity, their interest lies in securing the speediest possi-true; yet our confidence in proper vaccination need ble introduction of the reform they seek; and experience not be shaken in the least. Accordingly our European proves that an improvement which some one owns and is friends, instead of trying to propagate their notions here, pecuniarily interested in securing its wide and immediate would do much better to study the methods employed in this use, is far more likely to be speedily and generally adopted country and try them at home. Vaccine virus, not contamithan one which is common property. In any case, whether nated and stripped of its virtue by over-humanization—that the inventor chooses to surrender his patent or not, the sub is, by repeated transmission from man to man—is both free ject is worthy of attention. A car which will satisfy the re- from risks and of certain efficacy. No better proof of this quirements of the association will meet the wants of a vast fact is required than the practical stamping out of smallpox and rapidly growing traffic; and the superior condition in in this great city. In view of the fact that by the general which it will deliver cattle after long journeys, to say noth- adoption of correct vaccination, smallpox, but lately one of in doing away with the loss of time incident to stoppages, under subjection in this great city, that with 1,100,000 inwill compel its adoption by cattle shippers whether they habitants there were last year but fourteen cases of the discare for the humanity of the thing or not. It is needless to ease, it is manifestly as unwise as it is absurd for our newspapers to lend themselves to the propagation of anti-vaccina-

## THE FUTURE WATER SUPPLY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia is now supplied with water chiefly from the the markets of our great cities are to be numbered only by Schuylkill River, a part coming from the Delaware. The millions annually. Even the traffic involved in our export water is pumped to the levels required by steam pumps with trade in animals is extremely large. At our great pork-pack-high lifts. There are seven pumping stations: the Fairing centers in the West there were slaughtered last year mount on the Schuylkill, the Schuylkill, the Spring Garden, about seven and a half million hogs, the larger portion of the Delaware, the Belmont, the Roxborough, and the Frankwhich had made more or less extended journeys by rail. ford, with an aggregate capacity of about fifteen thousand

The rapid growth of the city has resulted in the serious contamination of most of the sources of the city's water supably half as many horned cattle; this in addition to more ply, making a resort to streams draining regions less thickly than fifty million pounds of slaughtered beef, brought alive populated an urgent necessity. The latest project, that of from the far West. And, it will be remembered, this carry- Mr. James F. Smith, C.E., contemplates a gravity supply by aqueduct, to be drawn from the upper portion of the Perkio-As an indication of what has been done toward meeting men Creek and its tributaries. A short distance above the Green Lane station of the Perkiomen Railway, in Montgomery County, there is, Mr. Smith says in the Journal of the Franklin Institute, an admirable site for a dam, at a point where the stream cuts through a ridge of hard rock, making a gap of about 300 feet across, with precipitous sides. At this place the dam may be 90 to 100 feet high, backing the water several miles into a valley, with favorable slopes bounded by hills and ridges. From this point the proposed The size of the car is 8x30 in the clear. It contains a series aqueduct runs southeasterly in a straight line about 271/2