he knows just what he $1 s$ about. Never nse anything but the very first quality of Babbitt-poor Babbitt for planer cylinders is poor stuff. After you have turned up your trouble about your planer heating unless one screv lifts faster than the other and so binds in the box. This it not likely to happen, however. I run a dimension pianer for the B. \& A. R. R. at Springfield, Mass, 21 days, with a Nathan $\&$ Dreyfus No. 9 self-feeding
oiler. No other oiler used. This was a little extra oller. No other oiler used. This was a little extra
run, but from 17 to 20 days was a common run run, but from 17 to 20 days was a common run,
and this planer hardly stopped half an hour in the and this planer hardly stopped half an hour in th
day, and only to sharpen knives. We do not use seif oilers here, using tallow almost entirely, and consider ably raw tallow, eipecially in side cutter spindles. This should be very nice, however, but it gives excellent results. We run two donble surfacing matchers and a 26 nch double surfacer constantly, with a spare surfacer
and matcher when we get in a tight spot. We don't run occaiionally, but constantly, often right through the
noon hour, stopping perhaps five minutes at a time to sharpen once in $1 \nless 6$ or 2 hours.
(18) E. C. R. asks for a preparation that will remove the oxide from the surface of fnished cast
iron after it has been exposed to heat, without hurting the surface of the iron. A. Try sulphuric acid, 1 part
(19) A. F. G. writes: I have for years been sing a Kidder electro-magnetic machine for curativ purposes, run with a sulphuric acid battery, one part
acid to sixteen of water. The glass cell has a capacity of four pints. When the battery plates are immersed they occupy the space of one pint, leaving three pints availablefluid. The two zinc plates are $31 / 2 \times 7$ inches
by $1 / 2$ inch thick, the middle plate of compressed car bon, $31 / 6 \times 6$ inches, all suspended from a yoke running bon, $31 / 6 \times 6$ inches, all suspended from a yoke running
at the top of the cell. My carbon plate becoming im Scientific, as well as some localelectricians,by attempt ing the use of carefully made plates from gas carbon, and have in every instance signally failed of success, the latter giving off but a feeble current, while that from
the artificial carbon plate (half the size) is powerful. These results, while it is known that gas carbon has no superior as a conductor outside the fluid, is to myself
as well as others an unsolved mystery. It has been suggested that possibly the carbon contained traces of iron, but the very process of its formation forbids that idea, as well as tests that have been made with a powIt is possible your carbon is too dense. Try annealing it by heating it to a dark red and allowing it to cool slowly. 2. Give information as to the process of mak
ing the best artificial or compressed ing the best artificial or compressed carbons. A. Re-
duce clean pieces of coke to powder. Mix intimately dwe clean pieces of coke to powder. Mix intimately dered caking coal. Ram the mixture into an iron mould. Close the mould nearly tight. Expose to the ture, then remove it from the furnace and allow the
carbon to cool in the mould. It will be found tooporous or use, but it may berendered more den a ay dipping it in a sirup consisting of angar dissolved in water, and subjecting it again to the heat of the furnacein a closed vessel. This operat
(30) E. M. L. asks for a receipt for a harm less preparation for preventing the hair from turning gray. A. Y. Cologne water, 2 oz.; cantharides tinct.,
2 drms.; oils of rosemary and lavender, each 10 drops. 2. Vinegar of cantharides, $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$.; cologne water, 1 oz .; rose water, 1 oz . See Hygiene of the Hair, by Professor
Erasmus Wilson, Scientific American Supplement, No. 102.
(21) W. S. S. asks for a receipt for annealing steel so that it will be as soft as copper. A. We do
not think steel can be made as soft as copper, but you not think steel can be made as soft as copper, but you
may make it quite soft by heating it to a blood red, then plunging it into powdered charcoal, allowing it to cool there. To avoid accidents from fire. the charcoal
essel should be keptin a safe olace.
(22) J. B. asks for information as to braz ng saw blades. A. File the ends so that they will lap one over the other; paint the ends well with iorax ground irmly together with iron wire; coat some small pieces of silver solder with borax, and place them on and nea the joint; put behind the joint a piece of pumice stone and with a blow pipe fiame heat the joint until the solder melts.
(23) W. S. A. gives the following method of making a call for a string telephone. Suspend the telephones at each end, so that the line string (the string connecting the diaphragms) may be kept tightened, and some resin on the line string at each end; and when you wish to signal the other, rnb along the resined part of the string, and quite a loud noise will be heard in the telephones at each end, sufficient to be heard anywhere
in the room. It is on the principle of the boy's in the room. It is on the principle of the boy's
"rooster"" consisting of a resined string passed through one end of a tin can. Petroleum may be used instead of resin with equally good results. This kind of call does away with electric bells and other contrivances for acoustic lines. If ferrotype plate and fine wire take the place of the parchment diaphragm and strings, the same call may be used by fixing to the wire a piece of
resined string, the call being effected as before by rub bing on the string.
(24) A. B. D. writes: I have been experi menting for more than a year past with electricity, and especially with the Bell telephone, in connection with
Professor Hughes' microphone. One day while Professor Hughes' microphone. One day while experi
meuting I took the diaphragm off one of my telephones meuting I took the diaphragm off one of my telephones
and attached the wires from my battery (consisting of three gravity cells), and I was surprised to find the mag net no stronger; the battery seemingly did not affect it; but, on reversing the poles of the battery it was much
stronger, the poles of the battery having been workin stronger, the poles of the battery having been working in opposition to the poles of the permanent magnet.
On connecting the telephone with the microphone On connecting the telephone with the microphone
found that the sounds from it were much louder whe
connected properly. I have never heard this fact spoken valuable paper
(25) M. L. S. asks what will remove from he hands the stains of a red ink known commercially with water before using. It is used in paper ruling. Where the stain cannot be readily removed by means of soap and water and pumice stone, moisten them with dilute hydrochloric acid, then with solution of bleaching powder (called chloride of lime), and after a few moments rinse in running water. The unpleasant odor left by the bleaching powder may be destroyed by ringing the hands with dilute aqueous sol"
(26) J. 'T. asks: Can you give a recipe for cement that will mend permanently leather belting, by simply shaving off the edges and bringing together as a splice? A. Try the following: Melt together inan
iron vessel gutta percha and pitch in about equal Dry the parts with a hot iron, and while hot apply the Dry the parts wis a
(27) R. C. asks for a process for hardening Mix the plaster with alum water instead table tops. A. This plaster will require a longer time to set, but will eventually become extremely hard.
(28) J. W. L. asks: What is the best spray be used in "firing" crayon drawings? A. A dilute solution of
often used.
(29) D. O. B. asks for a receipt for a paint r varnish for smoke stack. A. Common asphaltum
(30) W. W. A. asks: Is it true that alcohol can be produced from smoke by the addition of an ingredient or two? A. We are not aware that alcohol lic alcohol is obtained by the dood spirit or methywood. It resembles ordinary alcohol in its solvent pro perties, and for some purposes is used as a substitute for it, but in other respects differs widely from that

Minerals, etc.-Specimens have been received from the following correspondents, and examined, with the results stated:
H. W. J. -1 and 2. Fluorspar. 3. Mica schist. 4 yrolusite, manganese oxide. 5. Fassite, a variety of amphibole. 6. Natrolite, not found in Louisiana. White fiuorite. 8. Galena, a valuable ore of lead. slag, silicate of lime, magnesia, and alumina.-C. C. H. -It is menacconite, specular iron ore, called also micaceous hematite.

## COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVED.

On Wells. By S. T. T
On Optical Delusion. By P. H.
Our Globe Hollow. By J. A.
On the Structure of the Moon and Telescope Objecives. By J. H
On Jupiter's Spot. By J. H. E.
On Labor Question
On Fire Escapes. By H. P. C
On Fire Escapes. By H. P.
On Great Fires. By W. L. K.
[OFFICIAL.]
INDEX OF INVENTIONS for which
Letters Patent of the United States wivere Granted in the Week Ending October 7, 1879,
AND EACH BEARING THAT DATE.
[Those marked (r) are reissued patents.]
Anvil and vise, combined, J. w. Cheney......... Asphaltum to a liquia, red.
Axle, car, , sproull \& Faught
Ale, vehicle, C. W. Ball
Axle, vehicle, C. W. Bal
Bag tie, C. T. Wakeley
Bale tie, W. P. Groom ...........
Bark cutter and reducer, W. Chi
Barrel, cask, etc., J. F. Budke
Barrel, cask, etc., J. F. Bu
Bapport, C. Stoll...
Bed and chair, convertible, Godfrey \& Haskel.............
eer, apparatus for charging, purifying, and fill
ing out, C. G. Frash.
ing out, $\mathbf{C}$. G. Frash.
Bending machine, $\mathbf{V}$.
Bird cage, S. B. King........................................
Blinds, roller, rod, or bar for window,
Boiler fres, means for accelerating the draught of,
J. D. Imboden.............
Joiler furnace, steam, $\mathbf{\text { E. Reynolds }}$
Boilers of mud, apparatus for cleaning, L : L .
Toilers, bottom for domestic, w. B. Allen.
Book case, M. P. Wolfe .
Boot hoel attacher and finisher, H. Saloshinsky (r)
Bottle, nursing, S. A. Darrach
Bridge gate, draw, N. Stol
Bridge, truss, W. Irelan .................... Burial safe, metaliic, S. P. McClean................. an opener, J. Hilton
Can seaming machine, R. D. Hume..........
Car wheel, A. F. Coope
Car whell fender, A. T. M.iller
Carpet stretcher, O. v. Wood
Carriage dash frame, Harvey \& Maxtell.
Cartridge box, R. D. Hitchcock,Jr.
Check rower. R. H. \& W: A. McNai
Check rower, R. H. \& W: A.
Child's chair, A. B. Stevens
Chimney coml. F. Plaenker
J.W. Mallet. ... .......................

Churn and washing machine,
Churn motor, J. H. Nichols..
Cider press, T. D. McCormick
220,397
220,47
220.41
20,249
20

Clock striking movement, H. P. Fiske .............
Clock winding mechanism, invisible, E. M. L
Clock winding mechanism, invisible, E. M.
Maxant..............................
Cloth stretching machine, etc. C . A. Luther Clothes pounder, W. T. Howe.........
Cocoanut, desiccated, J. S. Dunham
Cotton and has press, W. Adair
Cotton and hay press, W. Adair.
Cotton gin feeder, I. F. Brown..
Cotton press, J. Brown ...........
cut-off, rain water, J. A. Le Blan
Cutting apparatus, F. Shoemaker
Ditching machine, G. Smith.
Drying floor, D. R. Morse.
Drying floor, D. R. Morse...
Egg beating machine, W.C.
Electric lights, carbon point for, c. H. Manning. Elevators, safety device for, J. H. Culver.. .. Explosive compo
Faucet, J. P. Mern....
Fence, iron, B. C. Lauth
Firearm, breech-doading, J. M. Browning
Firearm, breech-loading, L. L. Hepburn Fire escape, F. Burrows.... Hedges
Flour packer, o. M. Morse ......
For signal, ship's, J. W. Fowle.
For signal, ship's, J. W. Fow
Fruit gatherer, S. s. Myers..
Fuel, artiffcial, E. B. Warren.......
Glove, boxing, C. J. Glove
Grinding and drilling tool
 Gun, spring, R. Wylie.
Hair clipping and cutting onstrument, J. K. Pries
Harrow, wheel, H. F. \& G. F. Shaw
Foye . .......................
Hay rake, horse, W. H. Hall (r)
Heater for dwellings, L .
Heel rand slab, Darozir \& Dion
Hinge, H. C. Lewis...
Hinge, lock, F. Musser
Hinges, tool for settin
Honey extractor, centrifugal, G. W. Williams....
Horse boot, J. C. Burroughs .
Horse detacher, $\mathbf{W}$. R. Kitchen
Horse rake, W. T. Logan...
Horse toe weight, self-faste
Hot air engine, A. K. Rider Hub boring and box se
Hydrant, T. Gibbons..
ce making apparatus, T. I. Rankin
Lamp, C. Geige.
Lamp burner, R. B. Paine
Lamp burner, C. Treptow.
Tathe for dental surgery, G. B. Jones
Lathe, watchmaker's, J. Kesselmeier
Lawn sprinkler, F. N. Forster
Leather, artifcial, J. Harrington........................
materials, machine for manufacturing, Jæke
$\underset{\text { \& Tigges. ........... ........ ....... }}{\text { deat }}$
Life preserving mattress, C. P. Rood
Locomotives, etc., reversing gear for, D. R. Pryo
Lumber drier, P. G. Finn ........... ......
Mantels, making porcelain, S. W. Geery.
Mechanical movement, J. Piftzenmeler ..........
Medical compound for ague. Guyer \& Atherton..
etal cutters, hardening and correcting circular
Sawyer \& Wright.......................
etal pipes, bell joints for coupling, B.L. Wiley.
Middlings separator, M. Dorsey
Millstone dressing machine, diamond, C.S.Hoove
Moulding plastic $m$
Mop, D. Marden ........................................................
Motor and apparatus for utilizing it, w. S. Colwel
Mower, lawn, H. G. Fiske ........................
Musical instrument, mechanical, M. Gally ...
Napkin and analogous articles, E. W. M. Ca
Oakum, manufacture of
Oakum, manufacture of, T. H. Dun
Oatmeal machine, G. H. Cormack..
Ore roasting and smelting furnace, L. Schanti
Outlet pipe for railway tanks, D. Halladay.
Package for powdered articles, S. S. Newton
Package for powdered articles,
Packing for oil wells, rubber or gum, J. Eaton.
Paint from coke, preparing, H. Lempfert.......
Pacint from coke, preparing, H. Le
Pavement or roadway, S. E. Gross
Peanut cleaning and polishing apparatus. B. F
Walters............................

colored, J. Schuhmacher ........................
Pipe joint and coupling, Mixer \& De La Vergne.
Pitchers, stand for ice, T. Leach................... Pitman, B. F. Leslie.
Planing and matching maehine, J. w. Metcal.................... Planter, seed, J. C. Barlow
Plow, A. W. Tucker
Plow, A. W. Tucker .. .................... ....
Plow. ouble-acting reversible gang, w. H. For
Plow, point, Brown \& Pentreath
Plow point, Li. W. Hall .........
Plow, shovel, W. D Davidson.
Plow, wheel, A. C. Rosencranz .... .................
Post hole digger, H. K. Needham.
Printing and recording device, ticket, B. c. C. Pole
Printing and recording device, tic
Privy and other vaults, A. W. J. Mason
Pulley fastener, E. W. Blackhall .
Pump, J. R. Cushier ...............
Rail joint, A. T. Wilson
Railway frog, F. C. weir
Railway rails, roll for reducing, c. Hewitt...................
Railway track gauge, F. S. Prendergast
Razor and knife, N. B. Slayton ...............
Reaper and harvester, Desparois \& Christian
Refrigerator, F. Woif
Refrigerator car, T.
${ }^{20,214}$ Refrigerator car, T. L. Rankin....
$\begin{array}{ll}220,403 & \text { Respirometer, J. P. Marsh. } \\ \text { Rocking chair, C. Brada (r) }\end{array}$

| 220,414 | Rocking chair, C. Brada (r)............................. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rolling machines, reeling mechanis |  |

220,397 Rotary engine, B. E. Letang.

200,227


DESIGNS.

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Carpet, E. Poole.................................11,451 to 11,454
Cases for watch charms, J. C. Aikin ............. 11,457
Monuments, J. \& J. Pool................... 11.50
Pencil cases, Le Roy W. Fairchild..... ......11,455, 11,456

English Patents Issued to Americans.
From September 19 to October 7, inclusive.
air compressing engines, J. F. Allen, Brooklyn, N. Y. Books for holding prints, E. S. Glover, Portland, Oregon.
Boot heels, F. Richardson, Providence, R. 1
Bread baking, R. Adam. Richmond, Va. Bread baking, R. Adam. Richmond, Va.
Car coupling, R. Gamble. Tallahasse, Fla Car coupling, R. Gamble, Tallahasse, Fla.
Coffee pot, C. E. Bolton, Cleveland, Ohio. Electricsignaling apparatus, w. Hadden, New York city.
Globe machinerg, J. Arkell et al,, Canajoharie, N. Y. Motive power, W. W. Colwell, Pittsburg, Pa.
Oil still, E. Weston, Buffalo, N. Y. Oil still, E. Weston, Buffalo, N. Y.
Ramie machinery, A. Angell, East Orange, N. J. Refrigerating and ventilating apparatus, B.F. Teal et al.,
Philadelphia, Pa.
Riveting machine, J. F. Allen, New York cits. Rotary engine, W. N. De Groat et al.. Knoxville, Tenn.
Rowing apparatus, J. M. Caflin, Boston, Mass Rowing apparatus, J. M. Caflin, Boston, Mass.
Sausage machinery, J. G. Baker, Philadelphia, Pa. Sausage machinery, J. G. Baker, Philadelphia, Pa
Sewing machine J. McAlister, Chicago, Ill.
Sewing machine, J. H. Brown, Brooklyn, N. Y. Pelegraph cable, P. Arbogast et al., Pittsburg, Pa. Tvelegraph wires, W. E. Prall et all, New York city
Telephone, T. A. Edison, Menlo Park, N. J. Time register, w. B. Fowle, Newton, Mass. Vise, T. G. Hall, Washington, D. C. Water closet, W. S. Cooper, Philadelphia, Pa.
Water closet, A. Edwards. Philadelphia, Pa Water closet, A. Edwards. Philadelphia, Pa.
Wheelbarrow. A. W. Melville, New Tor, White lead, G. T. Lewis, Philadelphia, Pa. Wire, barbed, manufacture of, F. Billings, Cleveland, $\mathbf{O}$ Writing tablet, H. W. Holly, Brooklyn, N. L.

