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lar uses.

War Manufactures in Woolwich Arsenal, England. The casting of 700 lb. shells. 1 illustration. The finishing of Palliser shells

End of the Age of Brass. The discarding of locomotive ornaments. Economy of plain engines

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1 illustration.
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Newtonian Telescope for Amateurs. How to make a light, cheap, yet powerful and accurate instrument. 1 illustration.

Convalescent Home. The Hunstanton retreat for the sick poor of the Eastern counties, 1 illustration.

Common Defects in House Drains. By ELIOT C. CLARKE, C. E., engineer in charge of sewerage work, Boston, Massachusetts. An exceptionally valuable paper, from the 11th annual report of the State Board of Health, 34 figures, showing a great variety of defects in house drains and sewer connections, and the necessity of thorough and intelligent sanitary supervision of house drainage

V. NATURAL HISTORY.—Plant and Animal Life. By A. R. GROTE,

Polations of life and structure. The develop-A.M., 7 illustrations. Relations of life and structure. The development of life. Protoplasm, bathybius, protomæba. Multiplication of from motion, and motion the result of material relationships.

Insect Powder. Superiority of Dalmatian to Persian powder. Effect of pyrethrum powder upon house flies, aphis, etc.
Chrystalogenesis. Investigations of M. LECOQ DE BOISBAUDRAN.

A New Element. L. F Nilson's discovery of "scandium."

THE TRAJECTORY OF MOLECULES,

In "The Fourth State of Matter," Scientific American, January 25, last, an account was given of the experiments of a fourth state of matter, more ethereal than the gaseous, in which matter take on an entirely new set of properties. At a social meeting of the British Royal Society, April 30, Mr. Crookes exhibited a series of experiments illustrating extremely rare media.

By the improvements made in the Sprengel pump by Mr. C. H. Gimingham it is now possible to produce vacua in run at the speed, of 1000 revolutions, and burst, doing a large which the pressure is measured in millionths of an atmo- amount of damage. A suit to recover was instituted, based sphere. It is with vacua so produced, in the more perfect of on a letter written by the seller of the wheel, in which the which the pressure is as low as one millionth of an atmo-strength of the wheel was rated at 1,600 revolutions. While sphere, that Mr. Crookes' investigations were conducted.

made in the dark space around the negative pole within a used, and he learned by a casual inquiry that the same ink ity similar to that in front of the vanes of a radiometer, by two inks to a chemist, he was able after analysis to secure a which activity the negative pole, when free to move, is set solvent for the one which would not affect the other. in motion.

ments—the phosphorescent effects produced by molecular im- called, and in the presence of the jury applied the solvent. pact, the illumination of lines of pressure, the casting of which removed the interpolated "1," and left the rest of the molecular shadows, the magnetic deflection of molecular writing untouched. The proof of the forgery was sufficient, streams, and the like-were shown anew, and supplemented and the case was dismissed, leaving the dishonest proseby even more beautiful effects, though nothing absolutely cutor to defend himself from a criminal charge. new was developed.

In some of the experiments variously-shaped poles were used, causing the molecular streams to converge to a focus, to diverge, or to move in parallel lines. By one apparatus the four principal phenomena of molecular physics in high $vacua-namely, the \ phosphores cent\ light\ of\ molecular\ impact,$ the projection of molecular shadows, the magnetic deflection of the trajectory of molecules, and the mechanical action of tort yields potassium salts, which are employed as fertilizers. molecules projected from the negative pole—were beautifully Sugar, spirits, and potash have heretofore been the chief pro-

The vacuum tube inclosed a circular concave negative electrode, and at its center of curvature a light wheel was pivoted | beet molasses distillation, a combustible gaseous body, upon a horizontal axis. The wheel was a disk of thin mica, carrying around its periphery a number of equidistant radial vanes of aluminum, making the wheel look like a waterwheel. When the tube was placed in connection with an insulted. But on bending the stream of molecules up or zero, may be maintained, which is far below the freezing down by magnetic action the focus of impact would fall point of mercury. Prof. Huxley says that by this means above or below the axis, and the wheel would be set to spinning at a lively rate.

Very brilliant effects were also produced by causing the root product promises to become of much importance. molecular stream to fall on naturally phosphorescent substances, as, for example, diamonds. At such times different sorts of diamonds were distinguished by different colorsblue, pale blue, orange, red, green, and pale green-African diamonds emitting a blue phosphorescence. Rubies, on the of a fine ruby. Even white precipitated alumina gave under tion. the molecular stream the same ruby color, though normally without a trace of color.

Thus far these researches of Mr. Crookes seem to be brilliant rather than instructive in their results: but it is altogether too early to pronounce upon their possible value.

THE INTERNATIONAL CANAL CONGRESS.

An international canal congress, for discussing projects principal interest naturally centered in the Committee on bodies, between which this attraction acts. Technique.

John Hawkshaw, that the project was abandoned.

Already the choice seems to be narrowed to two projects, the Nicaragua route and the Panama route, and a decision

A Medal for Peter Cooper.

fresh water amæba. Growth of the red snow. Bryopis. Growth of in London, the Bessemer Medal of the institute was pre-engloona agilis. Egg of the dog in different stages. Life inseparable sented to the venerable Peter Cooper as "the father of the hold a light cambric needle at its extremity: but nothing sented to the venerable Peter Cooper as "the father of the hold a light cambric needle at its extremity; but nothing on motion, and motion the result of material relationships.

On the Queen Bee, with Especial Reference to the Fertilization of her iron trade in America." In his presentation speech the middle the fertilization of her iron trade in America." In his presentation speech the middle this is the control of the upon to renew the magnetism of steel when it has been designs. By John Hunter. The nature and development of the queen President spoke of Mr. Cooper's half-century connection upon to renew the magnetism of steel when it has been designs. iron trade in America." In his presentation speech the more. This is the force from the earth which we can count with the iron trade, his Baltimore rolling mill in 1830, his prived of it. building and running the first American locomotive, his extensive iron works at Trenton, and especially the founding magnet by vibrating an armature composed of a thin plate and direction of the great Cooper Institute in this city. In of iron in front of the magnet. An experiment will speedily

view of the fact that it is through the efforts of Mr. Cooper and other leaders in the American iron trade that England's greatest rival in iron production has almost reached supremade by Mr. William Crookes, showing the high probability macy, this recognition of his labors by the English iron and steel producers is particularly handsome.

SCIENCE AS A DETECTIVE.

A correspondent tells at greater length than we have space still further the curious behavior of electrified molecules in for the story of an attempted fraud which was exposed by chemistry.

An emery wheel guaranteed to stand 600 revolutions was in the office of the prosecutor endeavoring to effect a settle-It will be remembered that the discoveries in question were ment, the defendant observed that a certain make of ink was vacuum tube and separating it from the luminous glow. was used exclusively by the prosecutor. The defendant had This dark space was found to be a region of molecular activ- for several years used another ink. Taking samples of the

The case came to trial. Evidence was taken as to the The phenomena exhibited in his first published experi- kind of ink each party employed. Then the chemist was

A NEW REFRIGERATING LIQUID FROM BEETS.

In Europe the principal supply of sugar is derived from beets: the annual production of beet sugar being now seven hundred thousand tons. Besides this a large quantity of beet molasses is produced, a portion of which is distilled and a coarse sort of whisky made; the stuff remaining in the reducts manufactured from beets. But Mr. Vincent has now succeeded in realizing from the refuse that remains after the which is easily condensed into liquid form, and is called chloride of methyl.

This liquid, obtained as stated from beets, is used in the preparation of some of the aniline colors; but it is now found duction coil, the stream of molecules concentrated upon the to be especially valuable as a refrigerating agent. By its wheel fell in line with its axis, in which case no motion re-rapid evaporation a temperature of -55° C., or 67° F. below mercury (which freezes at 39° F. below zero) may be frozen by the pound. For the manufacture of ice this new beet

MAGNETIC MOTORS.

Is there an available source of energy in magnetism? There are very many inventors who believe that there is, and every year many attempts are made to produce economical other hand, whatever their normal tint, all assumed under the magnetic motors. A short comparison between the force of molecular hail the deep "pigeon's blood" red, characteristic magnetism and other natural forces will answer our ques-

An iron steamship plies between New York and Liverpool: it is more or less a magnet under the influence of the earth. Yet the helmsman does not allow for the attraction of the north or south poles of the earth upon this magnetic matter. This attraction is immensely inferior, even if the steamship were made of steel and been magnetized to saturation, to the drift of the tides, or even to the effect of the gentlest breeze. The force of gravitation, however, sinks the heavy vessel for the construction of an interoceanic ship canal across the deep in the water, and is ready to draw it with all on board American isthmus, met in Paris May 15. M. Ferdinand de to the very bottom of the ocean. While the force of magnet-Lesseps was fitly chosen president. Since the main object ism decreases or remains constant when the masses of the atof the convention was to compare routes and decide upon tracting magnetic bodies are increased, the attracting force the one to be recommended as a practical enterprise, the of gravity steadily increases with the masses of the two

It is sometimes proposed to utilize the magnetism of the Up to this writing, May 22, six routes have been under ex- earth in magnetic motors by supplying any waste in the enamination and discussion, namely, the Nicaragua route, ergy of a permanent magnet from the store in the earth. Let the Panama route, the San Blas route, the Tiati-tolo route, us see how much this force of the earth's magnetism is in the Tuyra-Caquirri-Atrato route, and the Atrato-Napipi comparison with the force of gravity, which is our universal route. At first the Tiati-tolo route, known as Lieutenant measuring force, so to speak. Suspend in a vertical position Wyse's lockless canal and tunnel route, seemed to have the from one end a cylindrical bar of iron which is about one brightest prospects, from the strong party and personal in- foot in length. It should be hung by a very short wire or fluence known to be working in its favor. The Sub-Com thread from its north pole. Hang beside it a brass rod of the mittee on Tunnels, however, found that its probable cost same dimensions, and provide it with the same length of sushad been greatly underrated, and that under the most favor-pension. Then set the two rods to swinging, and count the able conditions it would cost \$160,000,000. This discouraginumber of swings which each makes in a given number of IV. ARCHITECTURE AND SANITARY ENGINEERING.—An English ing blow was followed by such an able presentation of the seconds. It will be found that the two rods will accomplish impracticability of the scheme by the English engineer, Sir very nearly the same number of swings in the same time. The rods will differ very little in weight, and their moments of inertia will be very nearly alike. The vertical force of the earth's magnetism, therefore, must be small in comparison with the force of gravitation; for the iron bar is acted upon by both gravity and the earth's magnetism, and yet it vibrates at nearly the same rate as the brass bar. An iron At the late meeting of the British Iron and Steel Institute, bar, such as we have used in the above experiments, will be