Business and Versonal.

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Lubricene.--A Lubricating Material in the form of a Grease. One pound equal to two gallons of sperm oil. R. J. Chard, New York.

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For Sale-One Large Circular Saw Mill; will saw logs 75 feet long. Very Heavy Iron Frame. Sell Cheap. E. P. Bullard, 14Dey street, New York.

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Special Planers for Jointing and Surfacing, Band and Scroll Saws, Universal Wood-workers, etc., manufac-tured by Bentel, Margedant & Co. Hamilton, Ohio. Water Wheels, increased power. O.J.Bollinger,York,Pa.

We make steel castings from 1/4 to 10,000 lbs. weight 3 times as strong as cast iron. 12,000 Crank Shafts of this steel now running and proved superior to wrought iron. Circulars and price list free. Address Chester Steel Castings Co., Evelina St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Diamond Drills, J. Dickinson, 64 Nassau St., N. Y.

Sperm Oil, Pure. Wm. F. Nye, New Bedford, Mass.

Power & Foot Presses, Ferracute Co., Bridgeton, N. J.

North's Lathe Dog. 347 N. 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Friction Clutches for heavy work. Can be run at high upon which rubber is deposited answer? A. Silk is traverse the helix (from + to -) in a direction that speeds, and start gradual. Safety Elevators and Hoisting most suitable, but light fine muslin is often used. 2. Machinerya specialty. D. Frisbie & Co., New Haven, Ct.

Machine Cut Brass Gear Wheels for Models, etc. (new list). Models, experimental work, and machine work generally. D.Gilbert & Son, 212 Chester St., Phila., Pa.

Emery in Bbls. and Cans, all numbers, at lowest rates Greene, Tweed & Co., 18 Park Place, N. Y.

To Steam Users, Engineers, Boiler Makers and Inspectors. Send for book with valuable information. The and clove oil to each pint bottle are usually all that is boilers; safe pressure; grate and heating surface; coal requisite. and waterr equired per horse power. Price 25 cents. Lovegrove & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

The Turbine Wheel made by Risdon & Co., Mt. Holly, A. If we understand you, we know of nothing. N.J., gave the best results at Centennial tets.

kept at 79 Liberty St. Wm. Sellers & Co.

Wm. Sellers & Co., Phila., have introduced a new Injector, worked by a single motion of a lever.

Kreider, Campbell & Co., 1030 Germantown Ave. Phila., Pa., contractors for mills for all kinds of grinding.

The only Engine in the market attached to boiler having cold bearings. F.F.& A.B.Landis, Lancaster, Pa.

Bolt Forging Machine & Power Hammers a specialty. Send for circulars. Forsaith & Co., Manchester, N. H. Best Steam Pipe & Boiler Covering. P.Carey, Dayton, O. Foot Lathes, Fret Saws, 6c., 90 pp. E.Brown, Lowell, Ms.

Punching Presses, Drop Hammers, and Dies for working Metals, etc. The Stiles & Parker Press Co., Middle town, Conn.

"The Best Mill in the World," for White Lead, Dry, Paste, or Mixed Paint, Printing Ink, Chocolate, Paris White, Shoe Blacking, etc., Flour, Meal, Feed, Drugs, Cork, etc. Charles Ross, Jr., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

Improved Wood-working Machinery made by Walker Bros., 73 and 75 Laurel St., Philadelphia, Pa.

For Solid Wrought Iron Beams, etc., see advertisement. Address Union Iron Mills, Pittsburgh, Pa., for lithograph, etc

For Heavy Punches, Shears, Boiler Shop Rolls, Radial Drills, etc., send to Hilles & Jones, Wilmington, Del.

2d hand Planers, 7' x 30'', \$300; 6' x 24'', \$225; 5' x 24", \$200; sc. cutt. b'k g'd Lathe, 9' x 28", \$200; A.C.Steb bins, Worcester, Mass.

Blake's Belt Studs. The best fastening for Leather and Rubber Belting. Greene, Tweed & Co.

J. C. Hoadley, Consulting Engineer and Mechanical and Scientific Expert, Lawrence, Mass.

Solid Emery Vulcanite Wheels-The Solid Original Emery Wheel – other kinds imitations and inferior. Caution.-Our name is stamped in full on all our best Standard Belting, Packing, and Hose. Buy that only. The best is the cheapest. New York Being Company, 37 and 38 Park Row, N. Y. New York Belting and Pack

Hydraulic Pre

Scientific American.

Poles hierles

(1) L. S. S. asks for a recipe for a good sympathetic ink. A. See reply to W. P., No. 25 of last volume of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

(2) W. S. A. asks: 1. Whether the coil for a telephone or an electro-magnet must be wound evenly in parallel layers, or would it do as well if wound haphazard, or in any way approximating to layers? A. The coil should be wound evenly. 2. How to magnetize two steel bars, each 434 inches long x 34 inch diameter? A. See reply to H. R., No. 2 of current volume. 3. What battery power is needed in the form of a gravity battery? A. 8 or 10. 4. Must the batteries be connected for intensity or quantity? A. Quantity. 5. Must the two magnets of a pair of telephones be of Yes. 5. Will it give as much power as thicker zinc as equal strength? A. The results are better when the two magnets are of equal strength.

(3) P. L. C. writes: I wish to know what is the best preparation of paint or solution to put on tin, galvanized iron, or common sheet iron, where it is kept constantly in water, sometimes hot water? A. Several coats of genuine asphaltum varnish, each permitted to thoroughly harden before applying the next, ordinarily suffice.

Will India rubber dissolve and mix in with boiled linseed oil? A. Yes; gently heat the oil, and stir until the caoutchouc is softened and diffused through it,

(4) N. C. L. writes: Twice I have seen a scrap of paper thrown on the ground, after a few moments, catch fire, somewhat mysteriously to me, al- substance yetdiscovered which will produce the effect. though I think the parties who threw it must have put Your second question cannot be answered in these colit to some chemical treatment. A. Saturate the paper umns. with a solution of phosphorus in ethylic ether or carbon disulphide. The solvent on evaporation leaves the phosphorus in a finely divided condition and spontaneously inflammable.

a gas balloon about 4 feet diameter. Would cotton How can I cover cotton with a thin coating of India of the magnet. If the helix is placed on the south pole rubber? A. Digest caoutchouc in 30 parts of benzole of the magnet the helix should be oppositely arranged. in a warm place and in a well closed vessel. Apply with a brush.

(6) C. W. H. asks: What are the best ingredients for preventing ink and mucilage from souring and moulding? A. A few drops of carbolic acid

(7) C. M. K. asks for a composition to cover a pipe with that will make it fireproof at about 3000°.

At what degree of heat will lava melt. such as used For Shafts, Pulleys, or Hangers, call and see stock for tips in gas burners? A. It has not been determined, we think.

> (8) F. C. C. asks: How can I test coal oil? A. Place a small sample of the oil to be tested in a cup partially immersed in a vessel of water, and having placed the bulb of a good thermometer in the oil, heat the water gradually, and as the temperature of the oil rises apply the flame of a burning taper to its surface, and note on the thermometer the degree at which it inflames. This should not occur below 120° Fah. Many of the standard oils inflame onlyat temperatures of 150° or higher.

> (9) N. P. S. writes: 1. I have an emery wheel that has accidentally become saturated with sweet oil. It is as smooth as glass, it does not cut at How can it be cleaned? A. If the emery wheel is made of materials that are insoluble in benzine, you might soak it for a few hours in benzine. 2. In using compressed air as motive power for a small wheel or fan of high speed (say 1,500 revolutions per minute) is there anything gained by inclosing it and employing the air on the same principle as water for a turbine water wheel? A. No. 3. If not, at what angle is the best to let the air strike the fan? A. 70° .

(10) J. W. asks: What is the process for silvering the inside of glass globes or the inside of bottles? A. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT No. 105 describes several processes.

(11) S. G. P. asks if it would lessen the danger of kerosene explosions by filling the lamp partly with water. A. No.

(12) J. C. asks: 1. Is there any simple test by which a layman may ascertain if his well water is injuriously affected by the lead pipe pump connection? from that of manufacturing common cast iron? A A. Evaporate by gentle heat a small sample of the wa- Malleable cast iron is cast iron rendered partly malleter nearly to dryness in a clean porcelain cup, moisten the residue with acetic acid, and add to a portion of it a sired form, and then annealed by being heated in an air saturated with the gas evolved by the action of dilute get malleable casting done? A. Consult our advertising sulphuric acid on iron mono-sulphide: a black precipitate indicates lead. Add to another portion of the dilute acetic acid solution a little pure hydrochloric acid: a white precipitate, which redissolves on diluting with boiling water, indicates lead. To the remainder of the & Hose Carriage, \$350. Forsaith & Co., Manchester, N. H. | solution add a few drops of dilute sulphuric acid and letit stand for a time: a white heavy precipitate indicates lead. 2. It would be difficult to examine the pipe. The well is covered up and cemented airtight. Cheap but Good. The "Roberts Engine," see cut Is that any objection? A. If there is a possibility of

very gentle heat. It explodes by friction or percussion, or when heated above 380° Fah. Sealed in small grains between slips of paper with a little waterproof cement it may be kept for any length of time. This is an exceedingly dangerous substance to handle.

(15) H. J. S. asks for a fine blacking recipe. A. See reply to query No. 10, in No. 1 of current volume

(16) J. G. R. writes: 1. I wish to make the attery described in "Science Record" for 1876, p. 221, called the Coke manganese galvanic cell. Please tell me what size box will I need and what shape for the Coke manganese cylinder described? A. 4 inches square and 6 inches deep. 2. Will common brown straw wrapping paper do to make cylinders in? A.Yes. 3. Are the paper wrappers to be left on when I set up the battery? A. Yes. 4. Can I use common tinman's zinc (that is, thin rolled zinc) for the negative pole? A. long asit lasts? A. Yes. 6. With three such cells will I get more power than from the same size and number of sulphate of copper gravity battery? A. Yes.

(17) J. L. inquires as to the best method of hardening iron links for locomotives. We cannot use the recipe in "Wrinkles and Recipes" of hardening in iron box with bones, owing to not having proper furnace accommodation. Can you advise any other good method? A. Heat the link to redness, and spread upon it pulverized prussiate of potash until the latter fuses, then reheat the link to a blood red, and immerse it in cold water until cooled.

(18) G. M. L. asks: Why is it necessary to use carbonpoints in electric lights? A. It is the only

(19) A. N. C. writes: 1. In connecting telephones with the wrong pole of the battery it spoils the magnets. Will you please tell me how to determine which pole to put them on? A. If the helix is applied (5) C. B. asks (1) for the best material for to the north pole of the magnet the wire should be wound in a left hand direction, and the current should would be left handed when we look at the north pole 2. Is it infringing on the Bell patent to use a plate made of paper? A. Yes. 3. Can a telephone made with a from the Bell telephone? A. It is said to have been done.

> (20) H. W. G. writes: Will you please inform us what is the utmost horse power of a locomotive, with cylinders 16" x 24", drivers 5 feet, running 30 miles per hour, boiler pressure 130 lbs., boiler 40", 144 flues 2'', 11' long, firebox 2' 10'' x 5' 6''? A. Horse power = $(2 \times \text{area of one piston in square inches} \times \text{speed})$ of piston in feet per minute imes mean pressure of steam throughout stroke in lbs. per square inch) + 33,000. You can readily substitute the proper quantities in this formula, and solve.

(21) A. H. G. asks: 1. Which boiler will steam the best, flue or tubular? A. There is not a great deal of difference between well proportioned boilers of the two classes. 2. Where the boiler is quite short, would you advise many tubes and large diameter of moderate size with large diameter of shell? A. The or spatula. former, in general.

(22) S. writes: Mr. Bourne, in his work on the steam engine and cognate subjects, says that the resistance overcome in well shaped vessels going through the water is composed mainly of the friction of the bottom of the vessel against the water, and very little by the moving aside of the water by the vessel' bow. I askwhy should not the friction of the vessel's sides count for something as well as that of the bottom? A. We do not understand that Mr. Bourne attributes all the resistance to skin friction, but that he desires to call attention to its great preponderance, and his remark about best form probably refers to a form in which the requisite displacement is obtained with a minimum of immersed surface.

(23) J. M. K. writes: Will some printer tell me how many lbs. of pica type will print four pages 10 x 15 inches? A. The amount of pica type required for four pages 10 x 15 would be about 200 lbs., as it requires over 46 lbs. for a page, and the cases can never be set entirely clear,

(24) D. L. G. asks: 1. What is the difference in process of manufacturing malleable cast iron, able by annealing. The casting is first made of the decolumns.

in running a certain distance? A. The difference will ordinarily be in favor of the large wheels

(27) J. E. P. asks if three cells about 21/2 gallons each of a gravity battery are sufficient to nickel plate small articles with. A. Yes.

(28) G. S. H. writes: I want to take up an Im tree about 8 inches diameter at the butt, and transplant it (I will have to carry it about 1 mile). Iwant to save all the top. Can I move it any season of the year, and how? How shall I prepare the ground to receive it? A. It is doubtfulif an elm tree of that size can be transplanted without "cutting back" the top somewhat. Unless the top is cut back the tree will never have the vigor it possessed before removal. It is preferable to move early in the spring. The earth to receive it should be a soft rich material, and kept moist until the dry season is over.

How can I get rid of ants and roaches? I mean keep them away. A. See reply to J. H. K., in No. 2 of current volume

(29) W. W. C. writes: Powder being ignited in an airtightvessel which it is not strong enough to burst, how long would it retain its power? A. If combustion occurred, the products would probably retain their pressure until released.

What is the relative height and depth of the waves and trough of the sea, or is the height of the waves measured from the bottom of the trough of the sea? A. It is measured in the last named manner.

Does a short armed man have any advantage over a man with a long arm? A. Other things being equal he probably does.

(30) J. S. writes: There is a contention over a cut gear, between myself and the rest of the boys, and we have come to the conclusion to refer the matter to you for settlement. I claim that a gear 31/61' in diameter, containing 26 teeth on its circumference, is known as 8 teeth to the inch through its diameter, the rest of them claiming that the correct way to determine the pitch is to measure on the pitch line from center to center of tooth, thus a tooth measures $\frac{3}{6}$ " and $\frac{1}{56}$ ", and they say it is 2½ pitch, which I claim is not correct. A. This question is fully explained in the SCIENTIFIC AM-ERICAN of January 19, 1878.

(31) J. M. C. writes: 1. I have an engine, 15 inch cylinder, 48 inches stroke, that has near the back port a frost crack about 31/2 inches long, that when skin and a piece of twine be used to transmit sound running with a heavy pressure of steam leaks very from the Bell telephone? A. It is said to have been badly, and I am afraid will burst the cylinder. Can you tell me of any cement that will close the crack so that it will be steam tight? A. You can secure a patch with tap bolts, and either calk it or drive a rust joint. 2. I have also a Knowles No. 3 pump for supplying boilers. The pump is 230 feet from the pond. I have a clack valve about 6 inches from the strainer, and 8 feet above that I have an upright check valve that hammers very had when the pump is run any faster than 28 strokes per minute. Is it the length of pipe that makes it hammer so, or does the pump draw too hard? The pipe is 21/2 inches. A. It is probably due to length of pipe, and if so, may be remedied by using a larger air vessel or an additional one.

(32) E. B. H. asks: Is there any way of preparing canvas for painting without the use of pumice stone to rub down, and can it be made smooth? A. shell to make up for lack of length, or several flues of Apply thick paint to sized canvas with a palette knife

> (33) G. W. M.-Iron may be very easily deosited from its sulphate; dissolve a little crystalline sulphate of iron in water and add a few drops of sulphuric acid; one pair of Smee's battery may be used to deposit the iron upon copper or brass. The metal in this pure state has a very bright and beautiful silver color.

> (34) W. B. H. asks for the different threads used for different sizes of gas pipes, also the different diameters of pipe, both outside and inside. A.

Bore of	pipe	1/8	27 N C	o. of t	hreads	per inch.
44	14	1/4	18	64	**	54
. •	45	2	18			**
j 44	44	í,	14	66	**	**
41	46	37	14	-1	4.5	**
	44	1 *	1116	"		44
45	45	14	1116	**	16	¥.,
- 54	46	iíð	1112	"	44	
[11	45	2	1112	**	**	**
45	44	216	8 2	44	45	**
	44	3	ă	44	64	4.
	66	31.6	8	44	41	45
-	"	4	8	46	45	••

The bore is the size by which the pipe is designated: the outside diameter varies.

(35) M. A. W. writes: In making a phonograph, what diameter should the diaphragm which records the vibrations be? How fast should the cylinder which carries the tinfoil revolve? What material should few drops of strong hydrosulphuric acid-pure water tight box, and allowed to cool slowly. 2. Where can I the diaphragm be made of? A. In No. 133 of the Sci-ENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT there are full directions for making a phonograph.

59

sses and Jacl s, new a Lathes and Machinery for Polishing and Buffing metals. E. Lyon & Co., 470 Grand St., N. Y.

For Town and Village use, comb'd Hand Fire Engine

Nickel Plating.-A white deposit guaranteed by using our material. Condit.Hanson& Van Winkle.Newark.N.J.

in this paper, June 1st, 1878. Also horizontal and an accumulation of noxious gases in the well it should vertical engines and boilers. E. E. Roberts, 107 Lib-be ventilated. erty St., N. Y.

The Cameron Steam Pump mounted in Phosphor Bronze is an indestructible machine. See ad. back page

1.000 2d hand machines for sale Send stamp for descriptive price list. Forsaith & Co., Manchester, N. H.

Improved Steel Castings; stiff and durable; as soft less than 65,000 lbs. to sq. in. Circulars free. Pittsburgh Steel Casting Company, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Presses, Dies, and Tools for working Sheet Metals, etc. Fruit and other Can Tools. Bliss & Williams, Brooklyn, N. Y., and Paris Exposition, 1878,

(13) A. McN. asks: Are tomatoes injurious when eaten freely? A. No.

producing a spark when struck by steel. A. A minute quantity of the fulminate of mercury will answer.

It is prepared as follows: 1 drachm of mercury is disand easilyworked as wrought iron: tensile strength not solved by aid of gentle heat in 1/2 oz. (measured) of nitric acid, of specific gravity 1.4, and the solution then

poured into $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. of alcohol (specific gravity = 0.83); diameter of thesame weight, and with the same sized action soon ensues with the evolution of copious white journal through the center, and let run down the same inclined plane, both run the same distance, and will fumes and the fulminate is deposited at the bottom. This is carefully washed with cold water and dried at a there be any difference in the speed and force attained

(25) S. L. G. asks: 1. Can we conduct water $\frac{1}{2}$ of a mile through a $\frac{1}{4}$ inch pipe, where a part of the pipe will be higher than the source of supply? A. Yes, but the pipe must be laid with great care, and supplied with air valves. 2. Can two siphons be united where the source of one is higher than the other? A.Yes. 3. Should the junction be made at the highest or lowest point? A. We do not think it is a matter of great importance which point is used. 4. How much power could we get from a stream of water 2 inches square at toughened glass type a hoax? A. We do not know that the source, with a fall of 15 feet in % of a mile? Would they are in use. it be one man power? A. The horse power of the water would be

(14) F. P. B. asks for a mixture capable of the lbs. of water discharged per minute × height of fall 33,000.

(26) D. S. F. asks: Which has the greatest propelling power, a wheel of 3 feet in diameter with a journal through the center and let run on two rails (one on each side) down an inclined plane, or one of 6 feet in

(36) G. D. writes: 1. I have had some type nickel faced, and the nickel on some of it scales or peels off. How can this be guarded against? A. Use a perfectly uniform electrical current, make the zinc surface in the battery and the surface to be coated as nearly equal as possible. The surface of the nickel anode should never be less than the surface to be coated. If the type change their form under pressure, peeling cannot be avoided. 2. Is the recent French invention of

(37) J. B. writes: I have a Smee battery with one cell. Can I nickelplate with it? and if so, please inform me how. A. Use a solution of chloride of nickel and ammonia made by dissolving 4 ozs. of the salt in 1 gallon of water.

The figures in parentheses in the SCIENTIFIC AMERI-CAN index refer to "Notes and Queries."

(38) W. writes: 1. I wish to transmit the power from a 25 horse power turbine to upright shaft 12 feet distantfrom water wheel shaft. How can it best be done? A. As the distance is quite short we would