# Scientistic American.

ESTABLISHED 1845,

MUNN & CO., Editors and Proprietors.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT

NO. 37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

O. D. MUNN.

A. E. BEACH.

#### TERMS FOR THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

One copy one year, postage included \$3 20 One copy, six months, postage included 160 

gratis for every club of five subscribers at \$3.20 each; additional copies at same proportionate rate. Postage prepaid.

Single copies of any desired number of the SUPPLEMENT sent to one address on receipt of 10 cents.

Remit by postal order. Address MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

## The Scientific American Supplement

is a distinct paper from the Scientific American. THE SUPPLEMENT is issued weekly every number contains 16 octavopages, with handsome cover uniform in size with SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. Terms of subscription for Supplement, \$5.00 a year, postage paid, to subscribers. Single copies 10 cents. Sold by all news dealers throughout the country.

Combined Rates. - The Scientific American and Supplement will be sent for one year, postage free, on receipt of seven dollars. Both papers to one address or different addresses, as desired.

The safest way to remit is by draft, postal order, or registered letter Address MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y.

### Scientific American Export Edition.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN Export Edition is a large and splendid per odical, issued once a month. Each number contains about one hundred large quarto pages, profusely illustrated, embracing: (1.) Most of the plates and pages of the four preceding weekly issues of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, with its splendid engravings and valuable information; (2.) Commercial, trade, and manufacturing announcements of leading houses. Terms for Export Edition, \$5.00 a year, sent prepaid to any part of the world. Single copies 50 cents. For Manufacturers and others who desire to secure foreign trade may have large, and handsomely displayed announcements published in this edition at a very moderate cost.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN Export Edition has a large guaranteed circulation in all commercial places throughout the world. Address MUNN &

VOL. XXXIX., No. 26. [New Series.] Thirty-third Year.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1878.

#### Contents.

(Illustrated articles are marked with an asterisk.)

Adhesive material, good 407 ' Lard o	oil, to scent [3]
Alumin baking powders 404 Matte	r, hasis of 402
Anvil, Eagle* 402 Mecha	nics, animal* 403
Astronomical notes 404 Men a	nd machinery 407
	ard, to prepare [5] 409
Banks, protection to	vatory, National, the 401
Blindness, color, remedy for, 408 Oil, ke	erosene, to deodorize [29]. 409
Bolt cutter, improved* 404 Pads i	n P. O., comp. for [37] 409
Bottle stopper, new* 405 Patent	suits
Bottle stopper, new*	hor bronze [30]
Car heating apparatus 406 Photog	graphs, remarkable 399
Cement, insoluble	r of Ports 400
Concentrate your effort 405 Press.	r of Paris 402 cutting and stamping* 406
Cettons, English, trouble with 399 Rainfa	ll in N. Y , average [33] 409
Dials, illuminated	bre to tempor [0] 400
Education, technical 408 Salt de	ers, to temper [8] 409 eposits, remarkable 402
	ooth, inserted, new* 406
End of 1878 400 Scient	ific Am an educator 400
Experience, curious 406 Surve	ys, national, our 405
Factories, Southern 404 Tobac	co smoke
	mark decision 401
Furnace, revolving, Manes' 401   Traini	ng, mechanical 403
Fusel oil, to remove 408 Tunne	ling, accurate
	el under Britishchannel 401
Hog cholera commission 401 Turtle	, taking, mode of* 399
Industrial development 405 Vault,	new, thc
Improvements, iron working 406 Veloc	ipcde, best time [1] 409
Invention, amend to discourage, 401   Wells,	driven408
Inventions, new	mills 405
Inventions, new agricultural 402 Wine	cask, Hungarian, great* 406
Inventions, new mechanical 404	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

## TABLE OF CONTENTS OF

# THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT

## No. 156,

## For the Week ending December 28, 1878

- I. ENGINEERING AND MECHANICS.-Institution of Civil Engineers The Avonmouth dock. The River Lagan and Harbor of Belfast. The Whitehaven Harbor and Dock works.
- II. TECHNOLOGY,—Improvement in Sugar cane Mills, 3 engravings.—Artificial Decortication of Trees by heat, 2 engravings.—Artesian Wells. The Artesian wells of San Francisco. Their depth, strata passed through, quantity and quality of water, etc., with map and two diagrams. Singular abundance of water.—The Niagara Falls Mill. Description of a monster flouring mill, and a site of unlimited and economical power, with 1 illustration

Photography in Natural Colors.-Condensed Milk.

- III. FRENCH INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF 1878.—New Rotary tant in its time, presented no feature or achievement to give and their desire to benefit their employes by presenting the Printing Press for Illustrated Papers, 1 engraving.—A Californian Jewel Casket .- Fowler's Hauling Engine, 1 engraving. ning Mill, Elevator, and Weighing Machine, 1 engraving
- IV. CHEMISTRY AND METALLURGY .- Chas. Adolphe Wurtz. Biographical sketch, with enumeration of his services to chemistry.

The Constitution of Matter in the Gaseous State. Lecture delivered before the Fellows of the Chemical Society, London, by CHAS. ADOLPHE WURTZ, Member de l'Institut, Doyen Honoraire de la Faculte de Medecine de Paris. Explanation of the kinetic theory of gases. Why it is and processes of MM. Cailletet and Raoul Pictet in liquefying oxygen and hydrogen. The law of Avogadro.

- V. ELECTRICITY, LIGHT, HEAT, ETC.-Telephone Improvements. 2 figures.-Trouve's Micro-Telephone, 3 figures,
- S. Biographical sketch, with portrait.—Air Temperature.—The Crater of Vesuvius. The recent eruption, with 1 illustration.
- VII. MISCELLANEOUS.-Remarkable Automata. 1 illustration.-Jardiniere in Silver. 1 engraving

Price 10 cents. For sale by all newsdealers.

#### THE END OF 1878.

With this number we close the thirty-ninth volume of the Scientific American, and with it the record of the year's events.

claims of the year to the respect and memory of the future? on the air chamber are similar deflecting plates, which act

sion, while our more favored land is well advanced toward ing extinguished under an ordinary wind. a solid prosperity greater than we have known before; that looking for the grandest results, will quickly fade into com- can prove this by actual tests. ment is the one that after ages chiefly magnify.

ments have been many and valuable; yet we fail to recall tion of complainant's lantern. one that is radically novel. If the magnetic motor people dispute the assertion, we shall be happy to retract it on the secrets of nature; but with the exception of its use in meas- money among a class of people sadly in want of it. uring the heat of stars and that of the sun's corona, its revela-AMERICAN last week.

to the progress of the electric light presents a notable feature witnesses for the defense, of which, however there are many, of the year's record. Apparently this is at present the field ever knew of such a fence having been made or used, and that of greatest speculative and practical activity. The use of at the best, even if it is admitted that such a fence was made, electric illumination is spreading rapidly, and there are on it could only be considered as an abandoned experiment, or all sides promises of the speedy practical solution of the as a "lost art," like the Connor safe, in the Fitzgerald case. great problem. As yet, however, with the exception of the Sawyer-Man lamp, no device which seriously threatens the supremacy of illuminating gas has been made public.

vinced of the essential oneness of the elements, and is able to the gift. demonstrate that all matter is fundamentally the same, is best known achievement of 1878.

# PATENT SUITS.

tending downward to another air chamber beneath the of its readers' approval. burner, and from thence to the flame to keep up combustion. As an illustration of the advantage which may accrue not

The products of combustion as they rise through the chim ney draw in air from the lower air chamber, which is sup plied mainly as indicated above, and by this means a con stant supply of pure air is kept up to the burner. On Does that record contain anything that will make 1878 a top of the chimney are "deflecting plates," arranged to notable year in the calendar of the century? What are the act as an ejector when a current of air strikes the lamp, and That a war in Europe has ended, and one in Asia begun: as an injector, by which means the equilibrium of the air that Europe is still suffering financial and industrial depres- pressure is kept up, and the flame is thus prevented from be-

In the Buckeye lantern, manufactured at Bellaire, O., the much talked of socialistic uprising in America has ended there is no chamber around the chimney, and no pipes to in talk, while in Europe that conspiracy against civilization carry the air downward; but there are two globes, one withremains a source of national peril; that we have enjoyed in the other, so combined with the framework of the lamp harvests of unrivaled bountifulness, while other regions—in that the air for the support of combustion is taken from the South America, North Africa, India, and China-have been space between the globes, which is open at top to admit smitten with drought and famine. These occurrences, how- fresh air. except for a plate (similar to the reflector in ordiever big with importance to the present dwellers upon earth, nary lanterns) which is set a little above the opening, and will but faintly interest humanity in 1978, and have but which is stated by the counsel for the complainants (Mr. small effect probably upon the world's welfare in future Thacher, of Chicago) to act as an injector to force air into ages. Possibly some obscure inventor, perhaps so poor that the space between the globes, and in this he is borne out by he is troubled to raise money enough to pay his patent fees, the testimony of the complainant's expert. The defendant's may have developed some thought or discovered some princounsel (Col. Dyer, of Washington, D. C.), takes the conciple that will influence the future more than all these great trary ground that the plate referred to is nothing more than events together, which will do more to signalize the year an ordinary reflector, and that even if the space between the just ending than the achievements of all other men com- globes is the equivalent of the annular air chamber in the bined. It may be that discoveries, now well known but complainant's patent, the reflector is in no sense an injector, little esteemed, contain the germs of scientific, social, and in which he is supported by the testimony of the defendant's industrial revolutions. It is quite possible too that those experts, who testify unqualifiedly that the reflector acts recent discoveries and inventions, to which the world is rather as an ejector than as an injector, and claim that they

parative insignificance. Every age is blind to the elements. It will be seen from the above that there is a great differof its own greatness; and, as a rule, the unheralded achieve- ence in the construction of the lanterns, and that this difference causes considerable variation in the mode of operation But, to drop philosophy for fact, what, that is specially of the two, inasmuch as in the "Tubular" lantern the equilinoteworthy from the standpoint of the present, has been brium of pressure is kept up by two columns of air traveldone during the past year? It has been a year of great ac- ing at fast speed through small pipes, while in the "Bucktivity in almost every region of effort. The outposts of eye" the air is taken from the chamber between the globes, every science have been more or less advanced, and the which is of such capacity as to form a column of air counmain army of occupation, pressing into regions of the un-terbalancing that in the flame chamber, by which means an known and the obscurely known, has moved forward per- equilibrium is kept up, which, from the large source of suphaps as steadily as during any year of the past; yet few ply, is not so easily affected by extraneous currents, and events stand out with special prominence, very few promise hence needs no injector to regulate or increase the influx. to open up new lines of research, new fields of industrial From this difference of construction and operation it is enterprise, or new interpretations of the phenomena of argued that the annular air chamber in one and the air reservoir in the other cannot be considered an equivalent for No striking geographical or geological discoveries have each other even if the same end is served by both, and that been made—unless we admit the caverns of Luray—and no as the reflector does not force air into the reservoir, it canextraordinary engineering enterprises have been begun or not be the equivalent for the "deflecting plates" of the finished, with the single exception, perhaps, of the transfer- "Tubular" lantern, which is the main point in controversy, ence of Cleopatra's Needle from the bank of the Nile to that as lanterns having air chambers and tubes, substantially like of the Thames. In mechanics, inventions and improve- those in the "Tubular," were known long before the inver-

The introduction of the lantern in controversy in this suit -the "Buckeye"-shows what can be done with a good submission of proof of their claims. In physics, the micro- invention, even if times are bad and money scarce. The phone has made much noise out of little; but that interest- company owning this patent have only been in operation a ing toy cannot justly be accredited to 1878. Mr. Edison's short time, and yet their sales of this lantern have of late microtasimeter promises to rank among the most powerful averaged about 2,500 dozen per month, giving employment and valuable of scientific instruments for exploring the to about 150 hands, and distributing a large amount of

A number of suits, upwards of thirty, we believe, have tions are prospective. The solar eclipse of July 29, which was been commenced against different manufacturers and dealmade notable by the first public employment of the tasime- ers in "barbed wire fences," by Messrs. Coburn & Thacher. ter, is notable also for the opportunity it afforded for de- acting for the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Commonstrating the existence of one or more intra-Mercurial pany, and I. L. Ellwood, who claim to hold patents coverplanets, first seen by American astronomers. The discovery ing the manufacture of barbed wire fence of any form. of an active crater in the moon by Dr. Hermann Klein seems. The defense set up is previous use, the defendants alleging to prove that volcanic energy is still at work on our satellite; that a barbed wire fence had been used some twenty years an inference very strongly corroborated by the later ob- ago in Texas and Missouri. It would appear, however, that servations of Mr. Hammes, described in the Scientific this point is doubted by the complainants, who bring a large number of witnesses to prove that such a fence had never During the latter part of the year the excitement in regard been used in the places specified, and that no one except the

## THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AS AN EDUCATOR.

It is becoming more and more the custom of manufactur-The fairly successful Exhibition at Paris, however impor- ers to express their approval of the Scientific American, it lasting fame. The duplexing of the Atlantic cable marks latter with annual subscriptions to this paper. We are as but a step, though an important one, in a familiar path of sured that the practice is directly profitable to the givers in progress. The same may be said of the discovery of one or increasing the kindliness of the relations between the emtwo new metals in chemistry, and the successful synthesis ployer and the employed, and also-more materially-in of indigo. The recent claim of Mr. Lockyer that he is con- augmenting the skill and intelligence of the recipients of

We are indeed very frequently in receipt of letters from much more likely to mark an era in the history of science— readers of the Scientific American—both employers and impossible to liquefy certain gases by pressure alone. The apparatus life it turns out to be true; and a century hence it may be the employed—expressing their indebtedness to it for very much of their skill, intelligence, and success in life. Not unfrequently men write saying, "I am foreman of So & So's shop," or, "I am proprietor of such or such an establishment," A patent suit is now in progress between the "Tubular or," I am the patentee of this, that, or the other successful in-Lantern" and the "Buckeye Lantern" Companies, in which vention, and I owe everything to the suggestions, informa-VI. NATURAL HISTORY, GEOLOGY, ETC.—Professor Harkness, F.R. | some interesting questions come up for consideration. The tion, and practical habits of mind acquired in the diligent Tubular Lantern Company own a patent in which air is re-perusal of the Scientific American." We need not say ceived into an annular chamber surrounding the chimney that such letters are extremely gratifying to us, while they above the globe, from whence it passes through two pipes ex- intensify our desire to make the paper more and more worthy