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Park Place, N. $\mathbf{Y}$
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factured by Bentel, Margedant \& Co., Hamilton, Ohio. Wheel Press, Cotton Press, Pipe Line, and Test Mer-
cury Gauges. T. Shaw, 915 Ridge Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. Dead Pulless, that stop the runi Dead Pulleys, that stop the running of Loose Pulleys hine is not in use. Taper Sleeve Pulley Works, Erie, Pa

## NEW BOORS AND PUBLICATIONS.

Essays in Phonetics:

1. Eclectic Short-Hand. A new system adapted to general use and to verbatim
reporting. By J. Geo Cross, A.M. Cbi reporting. By J. Geo. Cross, A.M. Cbi-
cago: S. C. Griggs \& Co. 12mo. pp.
2. $\$ 2$. The Kirographer and Stenographer. A
quarterly magazine devoted to reform in quarterly magazine devoted to reform in
Orthography, Chirography, Stenography, Language, Education, and kindred arts E. G. Smith. Price \$1. honography made Easy, after the French System Stenographie:Duployé.
By J. A. Hanscaus. Montreal: Beauche$\min \& \mathrm{~V}$ alois. 24 mo . pp. 110.
These various efforts to provide for English writers a acceptable substitute for ordinary long hand would eem to imply either a superabundant desire for laborsystems of rapid writing. There can be no question that each and all of the various modifications of Pitman's phonography, and tachygraphy as well, will meet
the requirements of professional stenographers admir the requirements of professional stenographers admir-
ably. But not onc of them comes anywhere near meeting the everyday demands of ordinary writers. They remember; and, as none of them affords a practical method for the complete expression of English speech,
it is not at all surprising that they fail to win any large degree of popularity.
Mr. Crose's new system differs from phonography in
that it makes no pretense of being phonetic that it makes no pretense of being phonetic. He simply transliterates ordinary writing by substituting sim-
ple strokes for the letters in use. He claims another advantage in that he bases his alphabct on straight lines and (for the most part unshaded) portions of the el-
lipse, the easiest possible strokes to make. With short words the writing looks simple and easy; but for ordinary polysyllables a great number of contractions have
to be introduced. As a stenographic systera it appears to be facile and rapid, thoughit does not impress one a
being as legible as it might be. being as legible as it might be.
Mr. Brown's system has
Mr. Brown's system has more of the look of tachygra-
phy. He uses no shaded strokes; phy. He uses no shaded strokes; has a phonetic alpha-
bet; expresses vowcl sounds cursively; and employs bet; expresses vowcl sounds cursively; and employs a
multitudc of stenographic hooks and crooks. Very many of the longer words look like snarls of spiderweb; yet his disciples pronounce the writing easy and
lcgible. With short words the writing appcars graceful logible. W
and fuent.
Mr. Manseau's system is an adaptation to English of a phonctic system used in Francc and other European countries. It is less complicated by stenographic fea-tures-that is, is more alphabetic-than Pitman's phon-
ography, and most of the vowels may be inserted in the order of specch. Its alphabet is formed of light curves and dashes, short and long, plain and crossed, with dia-
critic marks to show vowel differences. Since three motions are required to make a dash,cross it,and return, nearly half of Mr. Manseau's characters take the time of three strokes, making the time and labor of writing
much greater than the writing indicates at first sight. much greater than the writing indicates at first sight.
The writmg looks also as though it would be less easy to execute than any of the short-hand systems now in use in this country

## Matct (Quries

(1) G. A. B. asks: 1. What would be the pressure in lbs. from $1 / 6$ inch jet from a $1 / 6$ inch pipe 10 feet long from a barrel of water9 A. The prescure per
square inch will be about 0.433 lb . for each foot in height. 2. How long would it take for the water torun

## out of 32 gallon barrel from 10 feet head from $2 / 6$ inch holep A. The theoretical velocity of discharge

## ut 60 per

et of the ordinary form
(2) S. H. R.-Carbon is not perceptibly ex panded by the passage of such an electrical current as usually employed with the microphone.
(3) E. S. C. asks: 1. What kind of a water cubic feet per minute? A. A small turbine. 2. Can I get power enough from such a fall and wheel to work a
half barrel churn or a small wood lathe? A. We think half
not.
(4) R. M. T. asks: What is the best work on steam heating by radiation? A. Schumann's "Manual of Heating and Ventilation " is on
cent and reliable works on the subject.
(5) J. G. B. writes: Please give me the weight of a flywheel for same, and the length of the various rods connected therewith, also the size of the boiler for the same, and the number of tubes there should bc in it. A. Stroke, 3 inches; connecting rod,
$7 \%$ inches; flywheel, 30 lbs ; boiler, 15 inches diameter, $7 \%$ inches; flywheel, 30 lbs.; boiler, 15 inches diameter,
30 inches high, 114 inch tubes, at spaces of not less than 30 inches high, 134 inch
(6) T. L. McG.-For experimental purposes we would recommend the Fuller battery or the modified ectro-motive force of the gravity is about half that of rovc's or Bunsen's.
(7) C. J. M. asks how to complete a local We do not thimk it can be done.
Wienit the vibation of tele
(8) C. E. G. asks: Will a boiler $16 \times 30$ nches be large enough to furnish steam for an engine 3 4 inches, and how fast will it drive a boat 20 feet long
with a propeller 20 inches in diameter? The boiler has with a propeller 20 inches in diameter? The boiler has 20 fcet heating surface, and carries 100 lbs . steam to the
square inch. A. You might obtain a speed of 5 or 6
iles an hour in smooth water.
(9) J. E. S. asks: How may cotton fabric be economically rendcred waterproof and strengthened? A. Saturate the goods with a strong hot aqueous so-
lution of good resin soap, and then wring, transfer, rution of good resin soap, and then wring, transfer,
and digest them in a second bath of alum or aluminum -ulphate or acetate dissolved in hot water. Rinse and dry thoroughly at a temperature of about $80^{\circ} \mathrm{Fah}$. Thus treated the fibers do not readily
he goods are not actually waterproof.
(10) Constant Reader asks: 1 . What is the difference between crown and flint glass? Of what is the best glass for optical instruments composcd? A. orown glass is prepared by fusing sand with carbonat
of potash and chalk. Flint glass is a double silicate of potash and oxide of lead. 2. Can the object glass of a
telescope, say 2 or 3 inches in diameter, be formed in a ingle piece, so as to give a good view of a distant ob
ct? A. No. 3. Is there ject A. No. .
ufacture in which the glass used is of a quality finc anough to be used for manufacturing an object glass? A. No. 4. I have a large quantity of broken glass, consisting of chemical retorts, test tubes, lamp chimneys,
atch crystals, etc., and I would like to know if any of hem could be used alone, orby mixing with some other We think not. 5roduce glass of sufflcient quality? A. Wh think not. 5. If I was to usc glass frec from blemishes, could I in moulding it produce an article also frec
from blemishes? A. Probably not. 6. Can a good lens e made by moulding the glass of the form desired and then polish on a lathe? A. No. 7. Can the proper form ens of the dimensions of the one required, so as to forma mould for the glass? How and with what could such an impression be taken of both sides, so as to form
a correct mould? A. This would be impracticable. 8 . a correct mould? A. This would be impracticable. 8.
If a lens cannot be produced in this way and from the glass mentioned above, of a sufficient quality for a telescope,
sibly.
(11) C. B. writes: I have a 10 horse horizontal boiler, which I use sometimes steadily and some-
times only occasionally. It may stand 6 weeks or two menths without being fired up. Will it wuest out two uch circumstances, or should the water be let off whenevcr it is to lie still? A. If you cannot kecp it perfecty dry when not in use, leave it fullof water.
(12) S. B. E. writes: I have made a Ruhmorfi induction coil, and for the size it should give you tell me the trouble? The primary coil is composed of about 400 feet of No. 22 copper wire, and the secondary of about 1800 feet of No. 30, insulated with cot-
ton. Does the battery used make any difference, which kind is the best for operating a coil? The core is about $¥$ inch in diameter. I have made every part careully, and it is a beautiful looking instrument. A. You very necessary to the successful working of the coil. Your primary coil would be better if madc of two layers No. 16 wirc. It is probable that the insulation is decctive. The primary coilshould be separated from the secondary by several thicknesses of paper coated with melted rosin, to which a small quantity of beeswax has been added to render it somewhat flexible. The several layers of the secondary should be separated in the if the layers of the secondary were covcred with the if the layers of the secondary
rosin. Usc a Bunsen battery.
(13) G. F. P. asks: Can a telephone be worked successfully 20 or 30 miles, with instruments at
(14) J. E. S. W. asks how to make an acoustic telephone. A. See p. 75, current volume,
query 28 .
(15) E. K. asks: What size should a blower be for a force blast for a cupola, 5 in . in diameter and 12 in . high, to the top of the brick, and at what speed
should it be driven? A. A small piston blower would
be preferable to a rotary.

Where is Knight's "Mechanical Dictionary" published, where can I get it, and what is the price? $A$.
You can obtain it from any of the booksellere who ad-
(16) J. S. C. writes: I am running a nest of six boilers, size $4 \times 24$ inches; havc painted the breeching and pipes with asphaltum, but it burns off the breeching. What can I paint with that will stand the
heat? A. Black varnish, made from petroleum, will (17) R Four purpose.
(17) R. F. asks: Can you tell us how steam boilers are welded? A. Short lengths are welded at a ne, with a portabe furnace.
(18) F. H. C. asks: At what speed can the piston of a hydraulic engine be run without appreciable pound, with 50 lbs. water pressure? The question supposes a well arranged and proportioned valve motion.
A. In the case supposed, we think it could have piston A. In the case supposed, we think it could h
speed equal to that of a good steam engine.
(19) F. H. S. asks: 1. What is the proper or best length of Pocus for a 6 inch telescopic spcculum, and what should be the length of tubci A. Make
the focal length ten, and the tube eleven times the dithe focal length ten, and the tube eleven times the di
amcter. 2. Where and by whom could I get my speculum silvered, and what would be the approximate cost A. You can find in the Scientific American Supple ment, No. 105, information which will enable you to
silver your of an eyepiece of good power already set with necessa ry length of sliding tubes for adjustment of focus? A.
Address any of the opticians who advertise in ous columns.
(20) F. P. asks if two permanent bar mag nets can be so arranged as to producc currentenough $t$
start a pretty good induction coil upon the closing the circuit, without the aid of any battery, or if thcy could be made to ring a small electric bell. A. If th
bar magnets are very strong you might obtain a curren bar magnets are very strong you might obtain a curreni
from them by rapidly revolving opposite their poles al rom them by rapidly revolving opposite their poles al
electro-magnet wound with fine wire. An induced cur electro-magnet wound with fine wire. An induced car
rent cannot be produced by means of permanent mag rent cannot be produced by means of permanent mag
nets without moving either the magnets or the coils in which the current is generated. 2. Is there any batten which whe current is generated. 2. Is there any batery
that will work good in cold weather and not eat the
zincs too fast (until the connection is made) and yet will zincs too fast (until the connection is made) and yet will operate an electric bell or induction coilp In fact,
cheap battery, not costivg ovcr \$5. A. Yes. A Le cheap battery, not costing ovcr 85 . A. Yes. A Le
clanché or Fuller battery will answer, but they mustnc subjected to a freezing temperature.
(21) D. B. W. writes: We have a telephor line 3 miles long. Conld a telegraph instrument be $\varepsilon$ an
tached and operated for a call bellp $A$. Yes, on a closeil ached and operated for a call bellp A. Ycs, on a closed
circuit. 2. Is chere a call bell in the market that could be bought for $\$ 3$ or $\$ 4$ ? A. Yes.
Would a lightning rod be any advantage to a building where thcre is nothing to connect with but the earth A. Yes; hury a barrel or so tin or iron scrap-or bette ways moist, and connect the rods with them.
(22) J. P. S.-There are many rotary pumps in the market that are quite as durable as pisto
(23) W. A. O. asks how button and com: nakers soften horn so that it is soft and pliable to work boiling water. (24) K. J. D. asks how to make skeleton ferns or lcaves. A. Place them, with a trace of yeast ceed until the membranous portions become soft an easily washed away in a stream of water. They ar bleached by dipping for a few minutes in a strong aqueous solution of sulphurons acid gas, or exposing
them (while moist) in a box filled with the vapor of burning sulphur.
(25) C. R. asks: How can I make a cheap alle to work on a telephone line of 300 feet without he wire if the latter is properly supported. (26) M. T. asks whether a double cylinder engine, cylinders 2 inches stroke, 1 inch bore, would $\mathbf{b}$ large cnough to run a sewing machine. If large enougt, A. The engines are of sufficient size. Make a vertical
boiler 20 inches high, 10 inches diameter, with 18 or 20 boiler 20 inch
1 inch tubes.
(27) A. W. G. asks: By using a brcast wa ter wheel, what number of horse power could I obtain from a stream of 2 feet head and 350 cubic fect pel minutes What size of breast wheel could I obtain best resultsfrom for driving a 30 inch circular saw? A. You
may obtain about 60 per cent of the power of the wa may obtaln about 60 per cent of the p
ter. Diameter of wheel 3 to $3 \Varangle$ feet.
(28) H. E. B. writes: Please tell me how to make a small horizontal toy steam engi..e. A. If you
will look over our flles you will find the information you will look over our flles you will find the information you require about making and managing stcam engines. same.
How
How can I remove India ink from the flesh? A. The knife or cauterization is the only resort.
Will the Great
Will the Great Eastern ever be used again as a pas senger boat? A. We have no means of ascertaining the
(29) C. L. writes: 1. I am about building Can I puse and wish to ask you the following questions Can I put in a box in the end of the house opposite th end where the ice is put in, making it airtight from the
cehouse proper, with a door opening outside, to use as a refrigerator? A. It is not probable that the arrangement suggested would prove very satisfactory. Sec
Nos. $55,99,116$, Scienttific American Supriement. Nos. 55, 99, 116, Scienttric American Suppiement.
Win it be necessary to have a ventilator from the refrigeratoropening outside? A. Yes. 3 . Wrill it be necessary to have the refrigerator lined, it being made of paintedmany years? A. No.
(30) J. K. asks how the mucilage on the U. S. postage stamps is made. A. The mucilage used
by the goverument for pcstage stamps is said to be made as follows: Gum dextrin, 2 parts; water, 5 parts; acetio

