TO INVENTORS.

An experience of more than thirty years, and the pre-paration of not less than one hundred thousand applications for patents at home and abroad, enable us to understand the laws and practice on both continents, and to possess unequaled facilities for procuring patents everywhere. In addition to our facilities for preparing drawings and specifications quickly, the applicant can rest assured that his case will be filed in the Patent Office without delay. Every application, in which the fees have been paid, is sent complete—including the model to the Patent Office the same day the papers are signed at our office, or received by mail, so there is no delay in filing the case, a complaint we often hear from other sources. Another advantage to the inventor in securing his patent through the Scientific American Patent Agency, it insures a special notice of the invention in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, which publication often opens negotiations for the sale of the patent or manufacture of the article. A synopsis of the patent laws in foreign countries may be found on another page, and persons contemplating the securing of patents abroad are invited to write to this office for prices, which have been reduced in accordance with the times, and our perfected facilities for conducting the business. Address MUNN & CO., office Scientific American.

Business and Lersonal.

The Charge for Insertion under this head is One Dollar a line for each insertion; about eight words to a line Advertisements must be received at publication office as early as Thursday morning to appear in next issue. Vertical Engines, 10 to 15 H. P., thoroughly well made. John Hartrick & Co., 47 Gold street, New York.

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Northrop's Sheet Iron Roofing makes most durable freproof roof. Used on all kinds of buildings. Send for circular and prices. Northrop & Co., Pittsburgh, l'a.

Engines, 1/2 to 5 H. P. Geo. F. Shedd, Waltham, Mass. New Hand, Foot, or Steam Band Saws that will cut

7% in. thick; price \$35. G. W. Baker, Wilmington, Del. Giant Car Pusher. Tackle Block Works,Lockport,N.Y.

H. Prentiss & Co., 14 Dey St., N. Y., Manufs. Taps, Dies, Screw Plates, Reamers, etc. Send for list.

Magneto Call Bells for Telephone Lines. The Best. No buttery required. Bunnell, 112 Liberty St., N. Y. Eagle Anvils 9 cents per pound. Fully warranted.

Band Saws, \$100; Scroll Saws, \$75; Planers, \$150; Universal Wood Workers and Hand Plances, \$150, and

upwards. Bentel, Margedant & Co., Hamilton, Ohio. Diamond Planers. J. Dickinson, 64 Nassau St., N. Y. Howard Patent Safety Elevators. Howard Iron Works,

Buffalo, N. Y. Pulverizing Mills for all hard substances and grinding purposes. Walker Bros. & Co., 23d and Wood St., Phila

The Lawrence Engine is the best. See ad. page 302. For the most substantial Wood-Working Tools, address E. & F. Gieason, 52 Canal St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sheet Metal Presses, Ferracute Co., Bridgeton, N. J. Nickel Plating .- A white deposit guaranteed by using our material. Condit, Hanson & Van Winkle, Newark, N.J

English Agency, 18 Caroline St., Birminghum. Punching Presses, Drop Hammers, and Dies for working Metals, etc. The Stiles & Parker Press Co., Middle town, Conn.

Hydraulic Presses and Jacks, new and second hand. Lathes and Machinery for Polishing and Buffing Metals. E. Lyon & Co., 470 Grand St., N. Y.

For Power&Economy, Alcott's Turbine, Mt. Holly, N.J.

Mr. W. B. Adams, one of the most extensive contractors and decorators in this city, says he has used nearly fifty thousand gallons of H. W. Johns' Liquid Paints, and, after an experience of twenty years with white lead and other paints, he considers H. W. Johns' Asbestos Paints not only superior in richness of color and durability, but owing to their wonderful covering properties they are fully twenty per cent more econom ical than any others.

Wanted.-Articles to manuf. D.J.Miller, Mohawk, N.Y. Kreider, Campbell & Co., 1030 Germantown Ave.,

Phila., Pa., contractors for mills for all kinds of grinding. The only Engine in the market attached to boiler having cold bearings. F.F.& A.B.Landis, Lancaster, Pa.

Improved Steel Castings; stiff and durable; as soft and easily worked as wrought iron; tensile strength not less than 65,000 lbs.to sq.in. Circulars free. Pittsburg Steel Casting Company, Pittsburg, Pa.

Fine Gray Iron Castings a specialty, also Wire Workers' Pickets and Rosetts in stock. A. Winterburn's Foundry, 16 De Witt St., Albany, N. Y.

Jarvis Patent Boiler Setting burns wet peat, screenings without blast. A.F. Upton, Agent, 48 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

Best Turbine Water Wheel, Alcott's, Mt, Holly, N. J. Millions of dollars now annually lost by fires could be saved by use of H.W.Johns' Asbestos Concrete Coating, which forms an absolutely fireproof surface like stone on wooden beams, posts, floors, and partitions in basements, lofts, and boiler rooms of warehouses, factories, etc. It is prepared ready for use, and can be easily applied by any one.

The Cameron Steam Pump mounted in Phosphor Bronze is an indestructible machine. See advertisement. speed of an engine will its power be increased at same Baxter Wrenches, Blake's Belt Studs, Soap Stone Packing, Empire Packing. Greene, Tweed & Co., 18 Park Place, N. Y.

Wheel Press, Cotton Press, Pipe Line, and Test Mercury Gauges. T. Shaw, 915 Ridge Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. Makers of Improved Door and Sash Machinery will please send circulars and prices to Traynham & Geise, Atlanta, Ga.

For Telephones, Amateur Photo, Apparatus, etc., address E. Sackmann & Co., 278 Pearl St., N. Y.

For Sale Cheap.-One 50 lb. Hotchkiss Air Spring Hammer, nearly new. D. Frisbie & Co., New Haven. Ct. suitable for it. A Valuable Patent for an Improved Coupling for

round and flat leather belts for sale. A. Sirois, Patentee. 89 Fulton St., New York.

Rubber Hose, Steam Hose, Suction Hose, Linen Hose, Cotton Hose. Greene, Tweed & Co., 18 Park Place. N.Y. Hydraulic Press, Screw Presses, Engines. and Boilers, % to 200 H.P. Send for circulars. Machinery Exchange, 3d and Vine Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Wanted.-A2d-hand Transit, with level on Telescope. Address, stating price, F. J. Knight, Monroe, N. Y.

The Interstate and International Mechanical Exchange. Send for explanatory circular. A. S. Gear, 20 E. 13th St., N. Y.

planing bevel edges of sheets; both suitable for boller and 40 feet long. A. Mr. C. Shuler Smith's rule is as work. Address Boller Maker, 111 Liberty St., N. Y. follows:

NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

METHODICAL TEXT BOOK OF ROUND WRIT-ING. By F. Soennecken. New York: Keuffel & Esser.

The style of writing which Mr. Soennecken calls round is something very different from the "roundhand" of former days. It is instead a system of ornamental writing, done with a broad pointed or double pointed pen, by means of which a bold and peculiar shading is effected without pressure. For distinctness, beauty, and ease of execution it is by all odds the most desirable ornamental hand that we know. And by Mr. Soennecken's method of instruction it would seem that any one, however unskillful as a penman, can, with the use of his pens, easily become expert. The pens numberedfrom 3 to 6 we find excellent for ordinary business writing.

UPLAND GAME BIRDS AND WATER FOWL OF THE UNITED STATES. By A. Pope, Jr. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons.

Part Ninth of Mr. Pope's admirable series of upland game birds and water fowl figures the mountain quail of the Sierras, Orentyxpictus, Baird; and the widg

Mareca Americana, Stephens. Our high opinion of the work has already been expressed.



(1) S. B. M. asks how the "béton concrete," used in the buildings, etc., illustrated in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN SUFFLEMENT, No. 118, is made? A. Consult Gillmore's "CoignetBéton, and other Artificial Stones."

(2) P. W. J.-Send full name and address.

(3) G. B. G. asks: What is the composition of the steel bronze dip used by brass finishers? A. Dip the articles bright indilute nitric acid, pass them immediately through clear water, and place in the following mixture until they turn black: Hydrochloric acid, 1 gallon; ferrous sulphate (copperas), 1 lb.; arsenious acid (pure white arsenic), 1 lb. Then remove, rinse in cold water, and dry in sawdust. It may be polished with black lead and coated with a lacquer made as follows: Spirits of wine or wood naphtha (methylic spirits), 1 covered vessel in a warm place, decant the varnish, digest the residue again with 1/2 gallon of spirit, and add | length of stroke. this tothe rest of the lacquer.

How do printers measure type when set up at so much per thousand ems? A. The unit of measurement in em, because the letterm was at one time a square letter. The number of these squares contained in a line of type

in width, being multiplied by the number of lines, or The best is the cheapest. New York Belting and Pack- the price gives the wages of the compositor; as, say 50 mer, hoping that it may be of service to others who

(6) L. O. R. asks: 1. Can Spanish well be learned without a teacher? A. Not to speak it. 2. What particular textbooks, grammar, dictionary, readers, and the like, are best for an unassisted scholar? A. Con sult publishers' catalogues.

(7) D. H. S. asks: Can a 4 horse power engine be made to exert 8 horse power by increasing speed to double its former rate? In other words, by doubling ratio? A. Yes, providing the same mean cylinder pressure be maintained. The horse power of an engine =

 $\begin{pmatrix} \text{mean pressure} \\ \text{in lbs}, \\ \text{per sq. inch.} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \text{piston speed} \\ \text{in feet} \\ \text{per minute} \end{pmatrix}$ $\times \begin{pmatrix} \text{piston area} \\ \text{in sq.} \\ \text{inches} \end{pmatrix}$ 33,000

the cylinder is 3 inches in diameter and 4 inches stroke. What is the power, how large a boiler will it require, and what kind is the best for me to get? A. Such an engine would rate about 2 horse power. A vertical boiler, 22 inches in diameter and 41/2 feet high, would be

(9) L. S. I. asks how to weld and temper a broken carriage spring. A.To weld, heat in a clean fire to a yellow heat, and use borax as a flux. To temper, heat it evenly to a low red, quench it in oil, and blaze it off two or three times.

(10) C. F. D. asks how to construct a cheap telephone from his room to another, distant about 150 feet. A. See SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT, No. ter engine for a flouring mill, a long stroke and slow 142, which contains full directions for making a tele- motion, or a short stroke and quick motion? A. We

(11) A. O. writes: Please state in the Sci-E. 13th St., N. Y. Wanted.—One Steam Riveter and one Machine for breaking load of a white pine pillar, 12 inches square a boat 15 feet long? A. The engine is rather small.

Breaking load in lbs. per sq. inch of area=

 $1 + \left(\frac{\text{square of square of side in inches}}{\text{square of side in inches}} - \times 0.0014\right)$

(12) Foreman.-Your data are insufficient.

(13) F. S. W. asks: 1. Which of two water wheels of equal size is best, one discharging at the center, the other at the periphery, and why? A. A question of this kind cannot be generalized, as there are other things besides point of discharge that influence the efficiency of a wheel. 2. Which of two pulleys of equal size, one with straight arms, the other with curved, is the strongest, and why? A. For equal cross sections, the straight arms are usually the strongest, for the same reason that a straight beam is ordinarily stronger than a curved one.

(14) O. V. F. asks: Does increasing the size of the arm or axle of a wagon increase or decrease the draught? A. After passing the requisite proportions, the draught is increased.

Would falling through the air from one mile in height cause death before reaching the ground? A. We think 80.

(15) C. R. M. writes: I am building an ice house, 16 x 20, and 20 feet deep in the ground, with logs in the form of a square pen. Ought I to leave an open space between the logs and the earth, or had I better fill in with tan bark, sawdust, leaves, or something of that sort, as is usually done? My opinion is an air chamber or space between the earth and logs would be the best point. Is the hydraulic ram practicable for this height? non-conductor I could have. Am I right? I find ice commences to melt around the sides next to the logs. making an open space of 10 or 12 inches. People mostly fill up the space with ice (which takes a good quantity) and others fill up with leaves, tan bark or sawdust. My opinion is to leave the space open. Am I right? A. Dry air is one of the poorest conductors of heat, but at the same time it offers no impediment to thermal radiationor convection. Walls of loose non-conducting substances, as sawdust, intercept the one and impede the other. See pp. 871, 939, 1570, and 1851 of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT.

(16) W. C. S. asks: What size boiler must I have for a 116 diameter by 216 inch stroke cylinder? Please give thickness of the plates to be made of, and how high the water must stand in such a boiler when in working order. How long should I make the connecting rod? A. You can make a boiler 12 inches in diamegallon; shellac, 5 ozs.; sandarac, 4 ozs.; elimi, 1 oz.; ter and 24 inches high. Carry the water level at about turmeric, 6 ozs.; gamboge, 1 oz. Digest together in a two thirds of the height. Use iron plate about r_{i} thick. The connecting rod should be from 21/2 to 3 times the

(17) X. Y. Z.-You will find in the last edition of Ganot's "Physics" a full description of Helmprinting is the square of the depth of the type, called an holtz's apparatus for the analysis and synthesis of amount of tannin contained is from fifteen to twenty sound. We are unable to give you the cost of the ap- per cent. paratus

(18) G. G. L. writes: Some time ago you single silkor linen thread. Solid Emery Vulcanite Wheele-The Solid Original ber of ems, in the depth of the page or column, gives the num- mentioned in your paper that you would be pleased to (29) S. E. W. asks (1) for some good dur-Emery Wheel - other kinds imitations and inferior. The large type on the reading pages of receive any communications on the practical results of able cement or glue not affected by moisture, that will Caution.-Our name is stamped in full on all our best this journal is brevier, 29 ems wide, 132 lines or ems in small steam yachts. I send you the following descrip-Standard Belting, Packing, and Hose. Buy that only. a column, equal to 3,828 ems. This result multiplied by tion and performance of one that I have built this sumcents a thousand ems, 3,828×50=\$1.91. See Webster's want to build one. The boat is a lap streak, 26 feet long Dictionary, under "Type," for comparison of sizes of over all, and 5 feet beam; the planking is of pine % of an inch in thickness, the ribs are of oak 34 of an inch thick and 11/4 inch wide, steamed and bent in, and placed 6 inches between centers. The boiler is made of steel $\frac{1}{16}$ inch thick in the shell, and the firebox and tube sheets are of iron 1/4 inch thick, and is 34 inches high. 20 inches diameter, with a firebox 17 inches in diameter and 15 inches high; there are 56 inch tubes 19 inches long, the engine is vertical, with cylinder 31/4 inches diameter and 4 inches stroke, and weighs 100 lbs. The wheel is 20 inches diameter with 3 blades, and has a pitch of 34 inches, and is placed 31/2 feet from stern post, thus giving room for the rudder forward of the wheel above the (5) A. Z. M. asks where to get carbon shaft; the shaft is supported by the stern pipe, which points and their probable cost. Also wants an outline of is 8 feet long and is made of 2 inch gas pipe, and extends the Bell telephone, as he is trying to make one. A. You from the stuffing box to the wheel, and has a bearing in can get carbon points from any dealer in electric batter- each end. With 100 lbs, of steam the engine makes , The above results are taken from actual tests, and are to remain for several hours. Then clean off and wash

correct in every particular. The results are excellent. We hope to hear from others who are experimenting in this direction -ED.]

(19) F. B. writes: I am building a lathe. My balance wheel is a 3 part one, namely, 24 inch, 21 inch, and 18 inch diameter. I wish the pulley on the spindle to match the 24 inch part 3 inches in diameter. What shall be the diameter of the other two pulleys to match the 21 inch and 18 'inch parts, so that the belt may be tight on either pulley? A. Having found the length of belt, call R the rad us that is known, S the distance between centers of pulleys, and L the length of the belt (all dimensions in feet). Then if R is the larger of the two radii, the other radins,

(8) G. H. H. writes: I have a steam engine: $r=R-S \times \{1.5708 - (\frac{V_{0.4674} + \frac{L-6.2832 \times R}{S})\}, and$ if R is the smaller of the two radii, the otherradius,

 $r=\mathbf{R}+\mathbf{S}\times\left\{\left(\sqrt[4]{0.4674+\mathbf{L}-6.2882\times\mathbf{R}}\right)-1.5708\right\}$

1. Can I, with a furnace like the one described on p. 404. vol. 38. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. and the blower described on p. 75, vol. 39, SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, obtain heat enough to melt copper in a common sand crucible? If not, what heat can I get? A. Except in very small quantities, no. 2. At what temperature will a mixture by weight of iron $\frac{1}{26}$, copper $\frac{1}{24}$, and zinc $\frac{1}{24}$, melt? A. If the zinc were not all volatilized in the operation the alloy would probably melt at about 1960° Fah.

(20) W. W. MacC. asks: Which is the betthink the latter is preferable.

(21) E. H. C. asks: Will an engine having

(22) A. J. F. asks: How can I do enameling on gold and silver? A. The enamels used consist of a very fusible glass variously colored by metallic ox-ides, reduced to powder and made into a paste with water for use. These are applied to the finished surface of the metal, on which they are fused by means of a blowpipe flame or by the heat of a small furnace.

How can I make hair cosmetic? A. Fuse together 2 parts of lard and 1 part of beef suet, and incorporate by trituration any of the bouquets given on p. 1030, Sci-ENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT.

Please give me a good recipe for making cologne. A. Eau de Cologne-6 quarts 82 per cent alcohol, 2 ozs. essence of orange, 2 ozs. essence of citron, 2 ozs. oil des petits grains, 1 oz. de cedro, 1 oz. de cedron, 1 oz. de Portugallo, 1 oz. neroli, 1/2 oz. rosmarinol, 1/4 oz. thymol.

(23) T. H.-In your first inquiry the data are insufficient. Rosin is sometimes applied to belts to prevent slipping, but there never should be occasion for its use.

(24) A. I. asks: What size propeller wheel is required for an 8¼ by 8 inch engine, and what pitch wanted for towing and running partly, and which is the best make to buy? A. A propeller suitable for such an engine may have a diameter of from 31/2 to 4 feet, and a pitch of from 5 to 6. We do not recommend special manufactures in these columns.

(25) C. C. B. writes: I wish to raise water for domestic use to a perpendicular height of two hundred feet, and deliver six hundred feet from supply A. You can use a ram for the purpose, but it may be necessary to fit pipe of extra strength. A manufac-turer will give you full instructions as to fall, etc.

(26) W. M. E. writes: Which is best for seasoning white oak, open air, kiln or steam? A. Air seasoned timber is generally considered the best, but the difference is not great.

Does a 40 inch circular saw, 26 teeth, gauge 7, sawing a plank 16 inches wide, take more or less power than a 50 inch, 26 teeth, gauge 7, on 16 inch plank, both run on same speed of mandrel? A. Less, as we understand the conditions.

(27) R. H.B.asks: 1. What is sumacused for in chemistry? A. Sumac is used principally in dyeing and tanning. 2. Where is the best quality procured in the United States, and how does it rate in the market with that brought from Italy? A. Virginia. Fine Sicilian powder, \$120; Virginia, \$65 per ton. Poorer quali-ties sell at from \$50 to \$60 per ton. 3. How is it pre-pared for market? A. The leafy tops are broken off and dried in the shade. When dry they may be beaten with sticks or flails. The gathering of the leaves may commence in July and continue till frost. It may be packed in bags preparatory for shipment to market.

(28) F.-In your thread telephone use a

cement moderately hot. 2. How can I make some cheap blue, black or green ink, such as is used by large rubber roller printing machines for marking wood; it is to be applied to a roller covered with felt, which revolves in contact with another roller on which is secured the rubber type? A. See p. 204 (33), current volume

ing Company, 37 and 38 Park Row, N. Y.

For Solid Wrought Iron Beams, etc.. see advertise-Address Union Iron Mills, Pittsburgh, Pa., for types. ment. lithograph, etc.

Doctor Egbert Guernsey says, within the past year they have saved nearly two hundred tons of coal at the Homeopathic Asylum for the Insane at Middletown, N. Y., by use of H. W. Johns' Asbestos Pipe Coverings.

The Scientific American Export Edition is published monthly, about the 15th of each month. Every number comprises most of the plates of the four preced ing weekly numbers of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, with other appropriate contents. business announcements. etc. It forms a large and splendid periodical of nearly one hundred quarto pages, each number illustrated with about one hundred engravings. It is a complete record of American progress in the arts.

Presses, Dies, and Tools for working Sheet Metals, etc. Fruit and other Can Tools. Bliss & Williams, Brooklyn, N. Y., and Paris Exposition, 1878.

North's Lathe Dog. 347 N. 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Vertical & Yacht Engines. N.W. Twiss, New Haven, Ct. ENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT, No. 142.

(4) Quandary writes: I have a telephone with which I want to connect my store and house. I also have two sounders (common telegraph style). The telephones have many more ohms resistance than the sounders, which have only two ohms. How shall I connect, so that I can attract attention with the sounders? I have used 2 cells of the usual style battery, and cannot get it to work. A. Do not place the telephones in the telegraph circuit. Connect one binding post of each telephone with the line wire, and ground the other.

making a working telephone may be found in the Sci-

(30) W. T. M. asks: What oil or oils will make a photograph, or other pictures. transparent on glass and not spot in a short time after? A. Cover the face of the moistened print with good starch paste containing a drop or two of clove oil, press the picture face downward on the clean glass, press out the excess of paste, and dry. Then saturate the paper with castor oil, wipe off excess, cover with a thin glass plate for protection, and bind the edges with cloth or paper and paste.

(31) H. A. P. asks: What will remove the smoky discoloration of 10 years' standing on an Italian ies, or you can make them by following directions given 825 revolutions per minute, and drives the boat 8 miles marble mantel, occasioned by being over a heater in on p. 171 (1) of current volume, Full directions for per hour in still water. The pump is 3 of an inch in parlor? A. Moisten quicklime with a strong cold aqueous diameter and 1¼ inch stroke, and gives plenty of water. solution of sal soda, and rub this paste over the marble