tual progress was met with opposition and often with derisive laughter. Yet by perseverance and tact a public sentiment part of intelligent and earnest American women, and the women of Turkey have been largely raised to a higher level

In conclusion, after speaking of the very limited financial aid which the people of England have contributed to this British Government; and he adds: "We are sure that in the are valuable than eggs themselves." futureas heretofore our American brethren in their beneficent labors may count on the countenance and support of our Griffin would not have spent his money on it in patent fees. minions. The world at large, and especially thoughtful or for personal expostulation with an offensive public speakstudents of social and political as well as of moral and re- er. It is not clear how it could ever be made as fragrant and ligious questions, will watch with deep interest for the ulti- explosive as Mr. Stempel's eggs, for instance (Mr. Omar A. mate results of the efforts which the Americans are making Stempel is the gentleman who patented the pinhole), or for the regeneration of Turkey, and which have the hearty make so handy a missile to throw. Still you cannot expect sympathy and best wishes of the people of England and of everything from an invention. Protestant Europe."

Asiatic Turkey was publicly thought of. We are confident cheaper than real eggs, is composed of cream tartar, tartaric that the changed political relations between England and acid, alum, soda bicarbonate, sugar, curcuma, gum arabic, Turkey will not change in the least the attitude of English sulphur, and starch, in proportions specified. Seeing that feeling toward what is specifically our American work in realeggs contain only albumen, mucus, water, and a little the East. And if England succeeds in her designs for the saline matter, the superiority of the substitute will be readcommercial and political renewal of Asia Minor, the good ily appreciated. seed already planted there by American zeal and philanthropy will be not the least of the factors of the new order of things.

SOME EGGSTRAORDINARY INVENTIONS.

cratic. Its clientage includes nothing less than the whole being discovered. people. The richest inventor seeks its certificates, and the poorest is not refused a hearing; no man so learned that form a safe and legitimate channel for the outflow of long ent Office routine; none so ignorant that, if he thinks he combined with improved processes and machinery, now ashas a novel idea, the office will fail to give it due attention. sure good returns where formerly, for lack of these, a gen-Whether grand or simple, each new idea is courteously en- eral bankruptcy overwhelmed everything. however intelligent he may be.

In view of the broad streak of foolishness that runs

Be that as it may, it never fails to strike one as consumedly funny to be advised, under official seal and signature, that the United States have granted letters patent to A., B.,

which patent No. 205,313 was granted. The patentee it. calls it "a new and useful improvement in processes of treat- | In Arizona the lack of sufficient and cheap water and fuel the room they may desire. The managers are exceedingly ing eggs," the object of the improvement being to provide a appears to be the chief obstacle, in many instances, to very anxious to have the exhibition in good shape upon opening means for preventing the bursting of pickled eggs when successful mining; but as the work progresses water from day (September 11), and will do so if the exhibitors will only boiled; said means consisting in the piercing of a small hole the shafts will be available for many of the purposes, while | be as prompt as they should be in placing their exhibits in in the egg shell over the air blister. The hole is too small to simpler methods of working or the transportation of the ores be observable, yet "sufficient to allow of the expansion that from various mines to one central, favorably located reducensues when the egg is immersed in boiling water, and thus tion establishment will solve, as well, the question of fuel. the liability of such eggs to burst their shells in boiling is Some of these ores are said to yield, on an average, from obviated." By this ingenious process old eggs, the patentee avers, are made as good as new-laid eggs, and they are much silver weighing over a hundred pounds has just been taken. cheaper. What he wants to do with his old eggs after they are boiled, he does not say. Possibly that, like the suitable instrument for piercing the shells, may constitute "the sub- machinery. ject matter of another application now before the Patent have some one man monopolize the use of stale eggs, and has given, inspire them with confidence. so keep them from the breakfast tables of hotels and boarding houses

No fear that the normal, or abnormal, food supply would been opened, and never, apparently, has there been such a be seriously diminished by this diversion of pickled eggs to in favor of the education of women has been widely establother than breakfast table uses. The ubiquitous inventor lished. Several thousands of adult women have been taught has provided against that in patent No. 170,670; Mr. Joseph are, of course, to be found, and many are the victims who to read, and the husbands and relations of these female A. Griffin is his name. His invention relates to "that class readers are proud of them. And the new public sentiment of compounds used to facilitate and improve the processes is beyond question that never before have there been such further shows itself in the interest taken in the American carried on in the preparation of food, and also to improve opportunities as there now are for intelligent and profitable schools for girls. Pashas, civil and military officers of high the quality of cakes, pies, puddings, bread, biscuit, and investments in mining properties there rank, ecclesiastics, and wealthy men of all the different na- other articles of food," in which his compound, "a substitionalities attend the examinations, and express their hearty tute for eggs," is used as an ingredient. This compound, approval of the work. The aid of the press has also been the patentee declares, is a perfect substitute for eggs in all successfully invoked in aid of more direct efforts on the culinary and other uses to which eggs have been commonly applied, is cheaper, and will produce better results than eggs themselves. We have diligently inquired in the markets for chickens hatched from this superior egg compound, but failing to find any we cannot furnish the reader with any particulars with regard to their appearance or quality. The sub- also a renewal of interest in gold mining, and reason to bework, the reviewer remarks that the real aid which the stitute, the specification further states, will keep longer lieve that safe investments may be made there. Americans have received from Great Britain has been in the without decomposition than fowls' eggs, and "contains in strong moral support which has been given them by the equal amounts more of the essential qualities for which eggs

This is most remarkable; and it must be true, or else Mr. our consular agents in different parts of the Turkish do- of the substitute for all egg uses, say for political purposes

As a matter of purely scientific interest we will add that All this was written before England's protectorate of Mr. Griffin's egg compound, which is so much better and

THE MINING OUTLOOK.

Recent accounts from our Western and Southern gold and silver mines are indicative of renewed and increasing activity and excitement; abandoned mines are being reworked at Unlike the Patent Offices of all other countries, the Amer- a profit, at others the forces of labor and machinery are beican Patent Office is in spirit and action essentially demo-ing increased, and new ones of great richness are almost daily

It would seem, too, from the reports, that these enterprises his brightest thoughts may not fall within the scope of Pat- stagnant capital, and that more intelligent administration,

tertained, the ruling principle being that it is better that! The mining fever which attacked our people just after the ninety and nine profitless ideas be patented than that one close of the war is still a sad recollection to many; absolute genuine and fruitful novelty should be refused its proper rec-prostration alone seemed to restore them to their senses; they ognition. Some of the most important inventions have paid no attention to disinterested advice and warnings, none been exceedingly minute in size and insignificant in appear- to the teachings of knowledge or experience, but threw themance; accordingly the rule very properly is to err, if at all, selvesand their fortunes prone at the feet of every adventurer on the side of liberality to inventors. If an inventor's idea who had been, or said he had been, in the El Dorados of the be good, he ought to have the benefit of it; if worthless, it West, and had a nugget of gold or silver to exhibit. His diccertainly harms no one to let him have the exclusive control tum on all points connected with mines, mining and reducof it. And whether useful or useless must be determined in tion processes and machinery was received with reverence, knows) for the preservation of organic specimens. the great majority of cases by actual trial in competition and the results were what might have been expected—an unwith other ideas, not by any examiner's a priori judgment, reasoning suspicion and abhorrence almost of all mining projects.

A healthier feeling has gradually obtained, and these imthrough humanity as a whole, it is not at all surprising that portant interests are now in a fair way to secure the attention out of the hundreds of applications for patents received by they merit; but still one caution must be observed if we the Patent Office every week there should be a sprinkling would guard against a return of the fever: the popular false of those open to criticism on the score of practical useless- impression that a gold or silver mine necessarily brings ness. Nor is it strange that among the applications granted wealth to its owners must be corrected; it must never be lost a few should strike the uninterested observer as-funny, to sight of that the rules and conditions that govern other say the least. The wonder is, rather, that they are so few. businesses must be applied even more stringently in these Possibly they seem all the more ridiculous by contrast with cases, where the management is rarely under the direct superthe high average worth and gravity of the general work of vision of those who supply the sinews of war. Common sense is quite as necessary for the successful working of a rich bonanza as for an ore yielding but \$20 to the ton, and economical machinery and processes just as desirable.

These late mining reports, after making due allowances or C. for-well, say a pinhole in the big end of a pickled for high coloring, we esteem to possess much interest to all concerned in the development of our riches or the increase Seriously, that is just the point of the specification upon of industries that will afford employment to those lacking

\$400 to \$1,200 per ton, and from one mine anugget of native

Idaho's and Montana's prospects are brightened by further development of their mines and a good increase of milling

Utah miners very generally appear to be satisfied with Office." If so, we trust the application will be promptly their condition and outlook; the largely increasing invest-mended by an Italian physician, for the relief of cracked granted; it would be such a blessed relief to travelers to ments there, as well as the better results which experience nipple, is to powder it repeatedly with pulverized gum ara-

ver mining States, many rich deposits of ore have recently from the air.

healthy condition of mining matters there as at present.

In all these places many of the old confidence operators learn the danger of hasting to get rich; but with all this it

We are not unmindful of the fact that just now there are great excitement and speculation in certain mining stocks that are manipulated in San Francisco, and that naturally enough, in many instances, the reports from mining regions are colored with the view of taking advantage of these conditions; but of speculative stocks we are not speaking; we write of the real, substantial wealth of the mines.

On our Atlantic coast, from Virginia to Georgia, there is

In every direction investments of English capital in our mines are reported and welcomed, and undoubtedly these investments are the strongest possible expressions of faith in their values, but they are no guarantees of them. We should prefer to rely on the opinions of our own experts, who have government, as of our ambassador at Constantinople and Still we must confess we have our doubts of the availability for fifteen years or more been combining theory and practice with careful observation of our special mineral deposits.

No Hard Times in "Temperance" Villages.

Mr. William E. Dodge, the well known manufacturer and merchant of this city, when recently before the Congressional Labor Committee as a witness, said that his firm, employing some 2,000 persons, made it a rule that persons engaged in their manufacturing villages should not use intoxicating drinks. As a consequence there was no complaint of hard times among them. The villages named by him were: Ansonia, Conn.; Dodge Mills, near Williamsport, Penn.; Tobyhanna Mills, Warren County, Penn.; St. Simon's Mills, Ga.; Wabasheen Mills and Magnattiwan Mills, Ontario, Canada, and Collingswood Mills, Canada. "Many of our employés," Mr. Dodge continued, "are property owners. They own their dwellings and have reared large families. Some of them have been with us ten, twenty, and twentyfive years. Our men have not suffered during this depression. They have accepted wages which we could pay, and there has, therefore, been no special distress among them. Crime is practically unknown among them."

The Use of Salt for Museum Purposes.

At a recent meeting of the Geneva Society of Physics and Natural History, Professor Alph. de Candolle exhibited a glass jar containing fruits of the coffee plant, collected before maturity, in Mexico, preserved in a liquid which chemical analysis proved to be salt water. It is fifty years since the jar thus filled was hermetically scaled, under the eyes of Aug. Pyr. de Candolle, and to-day the coffee beans which it contains are in a thoroughly satisfactory state of preservation. The water contains a solution of common salt, and very small quantities of other chlorides or salts. No gas was found in solution, showing that the water must have been boiled, and introduced while hot into the jar. This experiment may prove a valuable hint to curators of natural history and medical museums as to the substitution of salt water for alcohol (the inconvenience of which every one

Pre-eminence of the American Exhibits.

The London Times of August 24, in an editorial comment on a two column description of the mechanical display of the United States at Paris, which it prints, remarks that the preëminence of the mechanical genius of the citizens of the United States may be admitted, and is illustrated, not for the first time, in the Exhibition at Paris."

The Times, without pretending to exhaust the whole secret of the phenomenon of inventive genius on this side the Atlantic, finds reasons therefor in the greater efficiency of labor here, and the increased cost and difficulty of hiring it. The conditions of the Union as an economic society, it holds, drive our inhabitants toward invention, and here, as elsewhere, necessity may be said to be the mother of it.

American Institute Exhibition.

Persons intending to exhibit this fall should at once forward their applications for space to the General Superintenlent. New York, otherwise they will not be able to secure

Decision in the Crusher Case.

The decision of Judge Blatchford, United States Circuit Court, in the case of the Blake Crusher Company versus Copeland & Dodge, owners of the Alden Crusher, was rendered August 8. The Alden patent was held to infringe the Blake crusher, and a preliminary injunction was granted.

---ACACIA IN CRACKED NIPPLE.—A simple means recombic. Immediately after the child has sucked it should be In Colorado, Nevada, and California, the older gold and sil- thoroughly dusted over the surface, and the nipple protected