the bars firmly in place, wipe them clean, and test them lengthways with the spirit level to ascertain if they are parallel with the bore of the cylinder. Place the level across where further adjustment is necessary. Put marking upon the bars and move the crosshead up and down to ascertain how much the respective liners require reducing. After filing all the liners it is better before putting them in for the next adjustment to give them a light coat of marking, to 'show where they bear. At each trial of the bars the spirit level and the straight edge should be applied. The cross head should be moved up and down the bars to ascertain by the bearing marks upon the surfaces how the crosshead guides fit. The fitting marks are a finer test than the spirit level, hence the last part of the fitting should be performed with strict reference to the bearing marks, both upon the bars and the crosshead as well as upon the liners; the crosshead flanges being adjusted and fitted at the same time as the face fitting
The adjustment is correct when the gland is equally free and has an equal amount of play in the stuffing box a whatever part of the stroke the piston rod may be. In bolt ing up the bottom bars during the last part of the adjusting process, it is necessary to screw up the bolts to the same de gree of tightness, for a little extra tightening in some of the bolts may cause the bars to spring out of true, if the end of the bars or the seating for the liners is not practically true. To set the top bars place the crosshead in the middle of its stroke and lay the bars upon the crosshead guides, Then, with the wedges applied as before, ascertain the required thickness of the liners, one at a time, leaving them as previnusly a trifle thick, testing them on both the flat and the edge faces by marking placed on the surfaces, and mov ing the crosshead up and down, dispensing with the use of the spirit level and straight edge, and working entirely by the bearing marks.

To renew manuscripts, take a hair pencil and wash the part that has been effaced with a solution of prussiate of potash in water, and the writing will again appear, if the paper has not been destroyed.

## NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATION

## Fret Sawivg for Pleastre and Profin.". H. T. Wil- liams, Publisher. New York: Illustrated.

 cents.This is a complete handbook of fret sawing, valuable alike to the amaIt describes the various kinds of woods with their uses, and treats of eac mechanical and artistic detail in the most minute manner. It is printed ne paper ana profusely inustrated throg
Monex and Legal Tender in the United States. By
H. R. Linderman, Director of the Mint. G. P. Putnam's Sons. New York.
This volume contains in a brief and convenient form a complete histor regard to it, of the establishment of the mint. of the variations of the money standard, and the change from the double standard of gold and silver to the gold standard. Foreign coins, the paper currency, national
currency, and the re-nonetization of silver are all considered. As Mr. currency, and the re-monenetization of silver are all considered. As Mr Linderman says, "until recently, the subject of bringing this currency
from a credit to a specie basis has not received the attention which it from a credir to a specie basis has not received the attention w
great importance demands." The work will be found very timely
ful to the public in the examination of these financial questions.

## Getent ampricam and fortign zatents.

## Notice to Patenters

Inventors who are desirous of disposing of their patents would find it reatly to their advantage to have them illustrated in the SCIENTIFIC Amer tions of merit, and publish them in the Scientific American on very reasonable terms.
We shall be pleased to make estimates as to cost of engravings on receip of photographs, sketches, or copies of patents. After publication, the cuts become the property of the person ordering them, and will be foun value for circulars and for publication in other paper

## NEW AGRICULTURAL INVENTIONS.

improved fence.
Franklin Fulkerson, Frankfort, Ind.-This is a new and ingenious
ence, so constructed as to prevent cattle fromputting their heads betwee is strong and substantial
improved cotton planter.
Daniel W. Reed, Allenton, Ala.-The object of this invention is to provide for use in planting cotton a simple but highly efficient machine in which the whole quantity of seed in the hopper will be agitated, and portion thereof also rubbed between opposing surfaces for the purpose of
separating its interlacing fibres and enabling it to discharge, in the de eparating its internace manner, at the bottom of the hopper into the ovenfurrow. The in vention consists in employing vertically and reversely reciprocating seedrubbers and dischargers. the same being arranged on opposite sides of the hopper and working in suitable guides. The invention also consists in providing the sides of the hopper with adjustable pieces or sections for regulating the quantity of seed discharged within a given time.

## improved plant and tree protector.

Julius $\mathbf{O}$. Antisdale, Lake Harbor, Mich.-Ordinarily tubes of sheet metal, paper, and other opaque substances are used for protecting plants
against the ravages of worms. The present inventor suggests an excellent against the ravages of worms. The present inventor suggests an excellen tions, which are forced a few inches into the soil, so as to surround the plant. The earth is pressed closely about the cylinder to keep the tw ections together without the use of a band.

IMPROVED FRUIT DRYER
William S. Plummer, Portland, Oregon.-This invention consists in a case provided in its lower part with a lining set at a little distance from it walls, the large door, the small door, the cleats or sides to receive thefrut ladenair to escape, to adapt it for use in drying fruit It dries the fruit rapidly and evenly, and is so constructed that it may be readily take down, set up, and moved from place to place.

IMPROVED DROPPING ATTACHMENT FOR CORN PLANTERS. Jacob W. Oberholtzer and Charles E. Wilcox, Hiawatha, Kan.-This is
an attachment to corn planters thatwill mark the rows and drop the corn n attachment to corn planters thatwill mark the rows and drop the corn multaneously. The apparatus is used by making a mark across the end of the feld and starting the dropping in the mark ac each end of the fiel. Uniformity in the
improved ditching and tile-lating machine Robert E. Nevin, Enon Valley. Pa.-This is an improved machine fo or digging lopen ditches and making other excavations. A numer excellent improvements are embodied.
improved seeder and planter.
Uriah Baldwin, Isaac T. Shumard, and William K. Shumard, Stewar ly adjusted to plant the seed in drills or rows. A number of useful rovements are embodied, all of simple and ingenious construction.
improved ventilating glass shade and cover for plants.
Semon J. Pardessus, New York city.-This is an ordinary glass shad aving an opening in the top closed by a hinged plate in which are open gs which can be open or shut at will. Its object is to protect plan IMPROVED ROAD SCRAPER.
James H. Edmondson, Valparaiso, Ind.-This road scraper is of the sulk ype, and is so constructed that it may be easily operated by the drive fom his seat to load and unload it. When loaded it may be swung beneat er axle and carried to any desired distance. It is an excellent machin
upo roads in parks and country places.

## NEW MISCELLANEOUS INVENTIONS.

improved fireplace grate.
Robert L. Mitchell, Huntsville, Ala.-This invention relates to certain mprovements in open fireplace grates, and it consists in the particula ner back of double back and sides, and in the combination with the ates toy to lock and hold the other parts in proper position.

## IMPROVED STOPPING MECHANISM FOR LOOMS.

John Megson, South Adams, Mass.-Theobjecthere is to stopthemotion of a loom in the event of the weft or filling running out or breaking, if ach motion of the loom is permitted by the fork being operated by the nd of the thread which has been left by the shuttle. Such weft or thread ermits the motion of the loom to continue in two ways, namely, by ge ing entangled on the fork and also by lying in the box in such a positio was filling in the shuttle and if more cases the loom will run as if ther an imperfect pattern will be produced, or it will be necessary to adjus the pattern chain. The new attachment breaks the thread off, and whe it lies in the box it slackens it, taking away its resistance to the fork.
improved machine for gumming labels.
Lazarus Morgenthau, New York city.-This consists essentially of an enlless feed belt that conducts the labels to begummed to an endless sup-
ply belt, to which the adhesive substance is fed from a suitable receptacle below by distributing rollers. A circular brush exposes all parts of the label to the action of the supply belt. A second revolving brush clears the labels from the pressure brush, and conducts them to an inclined clearing plate, and from the same to the place of use. These machines are excel ently suited for applying paste to wall paper, stamps, la bels, etc. One operation at the fair of the American Institute, and its working well

## NEW MECHANICAL AND ENGINEERING INVENTIONS

## improved car coupling

William Harrison, Linneus, Mo.-This invention relates to an improve ment in the class of safety car couplings, that is to say, couplings which are so constructed that the device for locking the link may be raised o lowered without requiring the operator to enter between the cars. The
invention consists chiefly in providing a sliding case for dion consists chiefly in providing a sliding case for each drawhea and constructing it with inclined shoulders and notches, whereby it is adapted to raise
gages the link.

## improved machine for making barrels.

William K. Hoback, Bentonville, Ark.-The staves are set at each end a ring, or annular guide, and an iron band is lowered to surround an nclose the hoops about the madle of their length. The said band is ad nnular anvil or heavy iron ring is lowered inside the barrel or hogesea to a point nearly opposite the outer adjustable band, and it serves to hold the staves in position, while a central hoop is being nailed and the points of the nails that secure the hoop are turned and clinched on the nnular anvil.

MPROVED Re-SAWING MACHINE.
John Lamb, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.-This is a new resawing machine for splitting slabs, boards, or plank. It embodies an ingenious arrangement of adjustable feed works. The lumber is carried against a circular saw by rotation of rollers which follow
imposing any $r$ due strain on the feed

## NEW HOUSEHOLD INVENTIONS.

improved extension bed lounge.
William E. Buser, Chillicothe, O-This manufacturer has devised a in view is to render the hea of lounges having a sliding top. The object lounge is extended; to attach the false bottom to the true bottom, an support it by such means and in such manner as will enable it (when raised) to extend over the foot of the body of the lounge; to provide in proved stops for preventing the top being detached from the body of the ded off the same to allow the false bottom to be raised.
mproved washing machine.
Aaron M. Cornelius, Oregon City, Oregon.-This machine has a corruated roll that revolves over a bed consisting of two or more smaller corruated rolls. There is a new arrangement of spring followers for carrying supports, and a device for fastening the machine irs the tub. The principal advantages claimed are durability, the various parts adjusting themselve

MPROV
Jesse Failing, Umatilla, Oregon.-This consists of an ordinary candletick, but split centrally at its cylindrical part, so as to form two halves that clasp the handle. The split stick is held together by a spring placed immediately below the rim, and retained there by suitable rests. The
spring-acted top rim of the stick holds the candle frmly in place until it spring-acted top rim of the stick holds the candle firmly in place until it
burns down to the stick, when, by the gradual heating pressure is relaxed, and thereby the interior spring forces the candle gradually until entirely consumed.

