splendid and expanding markets are entirely lost to the manufacturers and merchants of the old country.

articles for the production of which the Americans enjoy nat-; which is awaiting them. Their principal organs of speech ural advantages, such as wood work, but extend to leather are doubtless the antennæ; with these, when seeking to goods, tinware, machinery, every description of implement | communicate intelligence, they touch each other in a variety and edge tool, carriage axles, force pumps, spades, shovels, of ways. There is a possibility that they may have a THE SPORTSMAN'S NOTE BOOK. By Wakeman Holberton, axes, forks, files, locks, scales, tacks, rivets, pulleys, sewing language of odors, for the various scents given off by them 102 Nassau street, New York. axes, forks, files, locks, scales, tacks, rivets, pulleys, sewing language of odors, for the various scents given off by them machines, stove grates, guns, pistols, and other products too are easily perceptible. Under the influence of anger it be numerous to mention. In all these branches of manufacture comes very intense. In battles how, save by scent, can they numerous to mention. In all these branches of manufacture comes very intense. In battles how, save by scent, can they scores, and valuable advice in regard to guns, fishing tackle, camp cookery, the Americans are rapidly increasing their Australian busi- distinguish friend from foe? After a lapse of several months receipts for accidental wounds, and a condensed record of game laws and ness, whilst the English makers are losing ground. Aus- a former companion will be received kindly into the nest, tralian commerce, as a whole, is certainly expanding, yet the but a stranger is killed. returns of many well known English firms who supply the markets of Sveney and Melbourne are not now one tenth of tion. If separate they would be helpless, and probably soon what they were a few years ago. If we ask for an explana become extinct. Mr. Belt observed a marching column of tion of this extraordinary falling off, from those who are in *ecitons* in the primeval forests of Nicaragua. A dense body a position to answer us, we are told that it is due to the suc- of ants, four yards wide, moved rapidly in one direction, excessful competition of the Americans, who beat our manu- amining every cranny and fallen leaf. At intervals larger facturers sometimes in price, always in quality, and not un- and lighter colored individuals would often stop and run a frequently in both. English manufacturers are slow to adopt little backward, apparently giving orders. On the flanks and new patterns or to accommodate themselves to the wants of in advance of the main body, smaller columns would push their customers, but their American competitors spare them- out, which pursued the cockroaches, grasshoppers, and spiselves no pains or expense in this way. They are constantly ders in the neighborhood. A grasshopper seeking to escape on the look-out for novelty and improvement, and by good would often leap into the midst of the ants. After a few trade organization and close intercommunication they are ineffectual jumps, with ants clinging to its body, it would always kept well posted up in what is being done by their soon be torn to pieces. Spiders and bugs which climbed to rivals in other parts of the world. Their illustrated pattern the tops of trees were followe dand shared a like fate. In books, which are distributed with lavish hand among their | Nicaragua the vegetarian ants eat up trees and carry off the | customers, are marvels of engraving and typography, and no leaves, to use as a manure, in which grows a minute species amount of canvassing or advertising is spared to bring the of fungus, on which they feed. They evince a mutual symmerits of their productions before the world. Above all, pathy and helpfulness, which to an equal extent can be the Americans take care that their goods shall correspond to traced in man alone. Mr. Belt placed a little stone on one sample, and be turned out in a finished and workmanlike to secure it. The next ant that approached ran back in an manner, unlike those of many English makers, who never trouble themselves to inspect the work they send away."

## Are Ants Civilized?

The October number of the Quarterly Journal of Science free. contains an article on "Our Six-footed Rivals," the ants, which may well cause us to believe that we are not the only rational and civilized beings on this globe.

Let us suppose that we were suddenly informed, on good authority, that there existed a race of beings who lived in in by a fellow citizen, handed over in a very rough manner domed habitations, aggregated together so as to form vast to the guards, who carry off the offenders into the underand populous cities, that they exercised jurisdiction over the ground passages. adjoining territory, laid out regular roads, executed tunnels underneath the beds of river, stationed guards at the en- occur in several species, but not to the same degree. The machine for crocheting or overstitching the top or edge of hosiery or knit trance of their towns, carefully removed any offensive mat ter, maintained a rural police, organized extensive hunting would rather die than work. Formica sanguinea, on the expeditions, at times even waged war upon neighboring com- other hand, has much fewer slaves, being itself capable of munities, took prisoners and reduced them to a state of working as well as fighting. No less variation may be from above the fabric and a loop from below the fabric, of two adjacent slavery; that they not merely stored up provisions with due traced in the habits of the cattle-keeping ants. Of the stitches having drawn through them a loop from the next stitch in order, care, but that they kept cattle and even cultivated the soil honey-secreting aphides and cocci that serve them as milch is peculiar to this machine, and forms an elastic and ornamental finish for and gathered in the harvest. We should unquestionably re- kine, some have large herds, whilst others have none at all, gard these creatures as human beings who had made no small and if they encounter an aphis straightway kill and eat it. the goods in which it is made. progress in civilization, and should ascribe their actions to These aphides are extremely destructive to fruits and trees, reason.

Among the hymenoptera the lead is undoubtedly taken by 'wonderful care, and defend them from all enemies. the ants, which, like man, have a brain much more highly developed than that of the neighboring inferior groups. Perhaps the most elevated of the formicide family is the agricultural ant of western Texas. This species is, save man, the only creature which does not depend for its sustenance on yearly. Each century marks an advance. Who knows but the products of the chase or the spontaneous fruits of the that perhaps in the dim future they may assert rights which earth. A colony of these ants will clear a tract of ground, some four feet in width, around their city, and remove all plants, stone, and rubbish. A species of minute grain, resembling rice, is sown therein and the field is carefully tended, kept free from weeds, and guarded against marauding insects. When mature, the crop is reaped and the seeds layer as it is put in with a little salt; the next day stir them dried and carried into the nest. If this is done near a larger city the latter regard it as an intrusion, and a fierce warfare the third day strain off the liquor, measure, and boil for ten results, which ends in the total destruction of one or the minutes, and then to every pint bottle of the liquor add  $\frac{1}{2}$ other side. The queens are treated with great attention and installed in royal apartments.

is no trace of private property; the territory, the buildings, and set aside until quite cold; pass through a strainer and provide an improved signal to indicate the position of the movable rails of the stores, the booty, exist equally for the benefit of bottle, cork well, and dip the ends in resin. A very little a switch in the night time for the purpose of informing the engineer of an union of the male and female extended beyond the actual port wine or a glass of strong ale to every bottle. Care differently colored glass panes, and provided with a swinging lamp whose intercourse, all provision for the future young devolving should be taken that the spice is not added so abundantly position in front of one or another of the colored panes indicates the posi-

and not merely general signals, such as those of alarm. It OUTLINES OF MODERN ORGANIC CHEMISTRY. By Professor has been found that ants fetched by a messenger seem, when "The competition is not confined, as formerly, to those they arrive at the spot, to have some knowledge of the task

> More wonderful than their intelligence is their organizaagitated manner and communicated the intelligence to and tried to move it, others seized the prisoners by the legs and pulled. They persevered until they got the captive

In Australia they have been known to bury their dead with some degree of formality. The Texan ant removes any offensive matter placed near its city and carries it away. Ants of value for circulars and for publication in other papers. who refuse to work are put to death. Prisoners are brought

The slave-making propensity and the reliance upon slaves polyergus rufescens is absolutely dependent on its slaves, and as they live by sucking the sap. The ants watch them with

Instances of sagacity and design might be easily multiplied. Careful observation has shown that the ants are evoluting as fast as their short terms of life will permit them. They are becoming more wise and more civilized human beings shall be bound to respect?

#### ----Mushroom Ketchup.

Place agarics of as large a size as you can procure (not worm eaten), layer by layer in a deep pan, sprinkling each up several times so as to mash and extract their juice. On oz. of black pepper, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> oz. of bruised ginger root, a blade of mace, a clove or two, and a teaspoonful of mustard seed; The ant government is communistic. In a formicary there boil again for half an hour, put in two or three bay leaves,

C. Gilbert Wheeler, of the University of Chic S. Barnes & Co., New York city and Chicago. Chicago. Α.

A simple treatise on the science, partially based on Riches Manuel de Chimie, and especially adapted to the uses of colleges and schools, where extended study of the subject is not included in the course. It is in har-mony with the most recent advances, and is concisely and clearly written.

This a convenient little book bound in soft covers for use by sportsmen. It contains blank pages for a diary, blank scores for rifle matches, game seasons in all the States.

THE TELEPHONE. An account of the Phenomena of Electricity, Magnetism, and Sound, as involved in its action; with directions for making a speaking telephone. Pro-fessor A. E. Dolbear, Tuft's College. Lee & Shepard Boston. Illustrated.

Professor Dolbear has written this small book to meet the public want for a clear and concise explanation of the telephone. He makes plain the phenomenaof electricity, magnetism and sound, and the numerous cuts inserted render the mechanical conditions mtelligible. As the inventor of the magneto-electric speaking telephone, he describes at length his first instrument and gives directions to make an improved pattern. The book contains a great deal of useful information.

The Country is the title of a new weekly journal devoted to the dog. the gun, yachting, fishing, etc., and published by "the Country" Publish-ing Association, No. 38 Murray street, this city. The first number before us has a capital table of contents. There are practical articles on training dogs, which abound in valuable suggestions: the correspondents columns are well filled with letters evidently prepared by men who know how to write as well as they understand handling gun and rod, and in a word the entire paper is bright, lively, and thoroughly interesting. Its aim is to deal with everything relating to the country, and with outdoor sports of all kinds. It is handsomely gotten up, and is well illustrated. We can bid the new comer a cordial welcome, and can commend it to our readers who are interested in outdoor sports. The subscription price is but 3 dollars a year.

# Recent American and Loreign Latents.

### Notice to Patentees,

Inventors who are desirous of disposing of their patents would find it others. They rushed to the rescue: some bit at the stone, greatly to their advantage to have them illustrated in the SCIENTIFIC AMER-ICAN. We are prepared to get up first-class wood ENGRAVINGS of inventions of merit, and publish them in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN on very reasonable terms.

We shall be pleased to make estimates as to cost of engravings on receipt of photographs, sketches, or copies of patents. After publication, the cuts become the property of the person ordering them, and will be found

### NEW MECHANICAL AND ENGINEERING INVENTIONS.

### IMPROVED MACHINE FOR CROCHETING THE TOPS OF HOSIERY GOODS.

Joseph M. Merrow, Merrow Station, Conn.-This invention relates to a goods, and it consists in certain improvements upon that type of machine in which a reciprocating needle carries the yarn or thread through the goods as advanced by a feed, while a hook forms a stitch by looping the thread above and below the work plate. The stitch, consisting of a loop the edge of the work. This stitch is also adapted to joining or overseaming the edges of work, forming a strong seam, which is fully as elastic as

### IMPROVED PISTON PACKING.

J. H. Ferdinand Otto, Reedsville, Wis .- This invention relates to improvements in metallic piston packing, by which the packing rings are readily adjusted to the required degree of tightness by a simple mechanism. The inner and outer split packing rings of the piston are guided between the end plates and expanded by three or more interior band springs. These springs are operated upon by sliding nuts that are moved forward or back by means of radial screws, which are operated by a worm gear. The shafts of the intermeshing pinions pass parallel to the piston rod into inner sockets of the face plate, which is attached by screw bolts to the body of the piston. The sliding nut is guided between lugs on the inside faces of piston head and follower. The socket openings of the face plate are closed by short cap screws, which admit, when removed, the engaging of the key with the nicked ends of the pinion shaft, so as to turn the same , and sets the springs and rings to the required degree of expansion.

#### IMPROVED TOOL POST FOR LATHES.

Robert Neasham, Mount Washington (Pittsburgh), Pa.-This relates to tool posts for engine lathes and similar tools, and it consists of a suppor for the tool which is made in two parts, the upper part being screwed into the lower part, and capable of being raised or lowered by turning the said lower part. The tool post passes through the support, and is mortised to receive the tool, which is clamped by a set screw in the usual way.

# IMPROVED RAILWAY SWITCH SIGNAL

George W. Anders, Woodsboro, Md.-The object of this invention is to The family among them scarcely exists. Rarely is the Chili vinegar is an improvement, and some add a glass of approaching train that the switch is open or closed, as the case may be.

upon the latter alone, the former being speedily killed, as he as to overpower the true flavor of the mushrooms.

is no longer of any use. The females are the larger, stronger, and more long lived. The workers and fighters are sexless: to them belongs the real government of the ant-hill, and they provide for its enlargement, well being. and defence.

Ants are sometimes very stupid in regard to small things, but in many instances they display remarkable sagacity. Mr. Belt, in his "Naturalist in Nicaragua," tells of a column ing paper. of ants who were crossing a watercourse by a small branch not thicker than a goose quill. They widened this natural bridge to three times its width by a number of ants clinging to it and to each other on each side, over which the column passed four deep, thus effecting a great saving of time. Again, the eciton legionis, when attacking the hill of another appeared in the American Naturalist, from 1867 to 871. Mr. Packard has appeared in the American Naturalist, from 1867 to 871. Mr. Packard has appeared considerable attention to popularize entomological knowledge. species, digs mines and passes the pellets of earth from ant to ant until placed at a sufficient distance outside to prevent of the various insects treated in the present volume are very full, notably it rolling back into the hole. Their errors and stupidity are free from technicalities and are abundantly illustrated. The chapter on not more conspicuous, however, than among the human beings.

These tiny creatures have a language by which they can impart to each other information of a very definite character, value to the farmer.

### Asparagus Paper.

According to the British Mercantile Gazette, an excellent IMPROVED COMBINED CRANK AND TREADLE POWER FOR paper can be made out of the white ends of asparagus, which consist entirely of tough vegetable fibers. The ma-

# NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

OUR COMMON INSECTS. By A. S. Packard, Jr. Illustrated. Estes & Lauriat, Publishers, 301 Washington street, Boston.

and has already published several works similar to this. The descriptions the ancestry of insects wherein the strong genetic bond uniting the worms the ancestry of insects wherein the strong genetic bond unling the works crustacea and insects is traced, and the various steps of the evolution of the articulate division of the insect kingdom pointed out, will be read with especial interest by all naturalists, while the insect calendar wherein the times of the appearance of injurious insects are noticed will be of much

tion of the lever, and thereby the position of the switch rails also. The invention further consists in the particular construction of the lanternand swinging lamp.

DRIVING SAWS AND OTHER LIGHT MACHINERY.

Henry Shear, Arcola, Ill., assignor to himself and Edward Cornthwait, terial is adapted to the production of the finer kinds of writ- of same place.-The ends of the shaft, which revolves in bearings attached to the upper rear part of the frame, project at the sides of the frame, and to them are attached the cranks, which are made with an offset, forming a second crank. To the inner and shorter cranks are pivoted the ends of the connecting rods, the lower ends of which are pivoted to the ends of the treadles. The treadles are pivoted at their centers to pins attached to the lower part of the frame. To the driving shaft is attached a pulley, which is made large and heavy to adapt it to serve also as a flywheel, and

This is mainly a reprint of a series of popular papers on insects which around which is passed a band. The band also passes around a pulleyattached to another shaft, which revolves in bearings attached to the upper part of the frame. In using the machine a man stands upon each treadle with a foot near each end, and grasps the crankwith his hands. Then, by the natural motion of turning the crank his weight will be thrown alternately upon the opposite ends of the treadle.

### IMPROVED SPARK ARRESTER.

John A. Blair and William C. Bush, Fair Hill, Md .- The object of this invention is to provide an improved spark and cinder catcher for locomotives and other engines which will catch the cinders and conduct them to