usual manner, and separated by single sheets of varnished paper. The break piece is Foucault's automatic, in which the rupture of the current occurs at the surface of mercury covered by a layer of absolute alcohol. It is operated by a separate electro-magnet, which, however, is in connection with the primary wire of the coil. The instrument is provided with a communicator by which the primary current is started, stopped, or reversed at pleasure.

The performance of this coil is quite extraordinary for an instrument of such small size. When operated with two cells of Bunsen's battery, it gives sparks three and a half inches in length; and with one large cell of the Grenet battery, three inch sparks are obtained. The sparks are very dense, and are attended with numerous and brilliant ramifications.

-----DECISIONS OF THE COURTS.

United States Circuit Court .--- Eastern District of Michigan.

PATENT HOTEL REGISTER.-CHARLES L. HAWES US, WILLIAM W. ANTISDEL [In equity.-Before Longyear, J.-February, 1875.]

Linequity.—Before Longyear, J.—February, 1875.] In order to defeat a patent on the ground of want of novely, the proof of prior use or previous knowledge must be such as to establish the fact clearly and satisfactorily, and beyond a reasonable doubt. Where the proofs are contradictory, mere preponderance is not sufficient to sustain the allegalon. The preponderance in such case must be such as toremove all reasonable doubt. * * * To doubt in such a case is to solve the question in the negative. Letters patent No. 65.889, for a new and useful hotel Register, granted to Charles L. Hawes, April 16, 1867, sustained. Longyear, J.: The invention in question is what is commonly known as the time.

Longyear, J.: The invention in question is what is commonly known as the "advertis-ing notel register," the book being constructed so as to have inserted as ver-tisements at the top and bottom and on the margin of each page, with a blank space for the registering of names of guests, or on each alternate page, leaving the opposite page blank for registering of such names, or on both pages of each alternate leaf, such leaf being some times made of bibulous or

ing note: register," the book being constructed so actonave inserted at vertisements at the top and bottom and on the margin of each page, with a blank pages of the registering of names of guests, or on each alternate page, the pages of teach alternate leaf, such leaf being sometimes made or browns or obtine the cach alternate leaf, such leaf being sometimes made or browns or obtine the cach alternate leaf, such leaf being sometimes made or browns or obtine the pages of teach alternate leaf, such leaf being sometimes made or browns or obtine to practical use as early as in May, 1866, and it was to that date the proofs as to prior use and previous knowledge related.
No advertusing hote: register book purporting to antedate complainant's brown the previous knowledge related.
No advertusing hote: register book purporting to satedate complainant's use of the date of its use. The case is leif to stand exclusively upon the recoilections of wirnesses, and at a distance in time from eight to twenty years, and unaided in any single instance by any contemporaneous memorandum or writing whatever. Ishail recur to this peculiar aspect of the case is leif to stand exclusively upon the recoilections with a priors.
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The wirnesses on how the order in which they were alleged in the another any structure of the case intervely and the dave of a davertising registers in the actual wirnesses on how the order in which they were alleged to the asset of the case intervely and the davertising registers were useed in the actual wirns. The wreater and the davere alle

at the time specified disso is thereforesatisfactorily accounted for. 3. Prior use in the Bentley House, at Dexter, in the State of Michigan, by Nelson J. alport. Alport, with eight others, testify to the use of advertising hotel registers in the place named prior to 1866, namely, in 1863, 1864, and 1865, and eight witnesses testify to the contrary. As in the instance of the alleged use at Tecumseh, so here, the hotel was destroyed by fire after the alleged use at the place in the place in the stander of the alleged use at the stander to the vesses at the testing to the test of the alleged use at the stander of the stander of the stander of the alleged prior use, and the two register books claimed to h we been so used there are rep-presented to have been descroyed with the hotel. So thathere, as in both the preceding instances, the case is left to stand exclusively upon the recollec-tions of witnesses as to both the fact and the dates, and in this instance at ten and eleven years distance of time. The conflict of restimony is not whether there was orwas not a register or book or some kind used at each of the hotels in question during the periods of time covered by defer dan's testimony. For the witnesses on both sides are all arreed that there was or was not an advertising register used at some time by the person named in a hotel kept by him, for as to this the wit-nesses are also all agreed that there was a. The conflict is slipply as to the description or kind of register so in use at such prior periods of time, and, in respect to Sturg is and Dexter, as to the time when they saw and vertising register in use there in a hotel kept by the persons named—whether in 1867 or from one to three years earlier. One set of witnesses testify in the one case that the register so used was an advertising register, and in the other case that the carlier date the advertising register, and in the other case that the register so used was an advertising register, and in the other case that the at

IMPROVED CORN HUSKER.

William Allen Dick, Cleves, Ohio.-This is a kind of pod angershaped tool, with a pointed top a little in advance of the cutting lip arranged on a horizontal revolving axle, in combination with a sliding table to feed the corn ears up to the tool. The object is to remove the shucks without the loss attending the old methods, and to leave them prepared for use without the stubs.

NEW CHEMICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS INVENTIONS.

IMPROVED CIGAR BOX.

Charles S. Brown, Baltimore, Md.-The object of this invention is to provide a cigar box better adapted to preserve the cigars from dampness, and so constructed as to allow the quality and brand of the cigars to be inspected without opening the box or breaking the revenue stamp. It consists in a tight sheet metal box, having its end walls slightly elevated and formed into beads, in combination with a glass cover contained into a suitable frame, which, when the box is to be shut, closes in between the said beads, which clasp and firmly secure the cover so as to render any other form of fastening unnecessary.

IMPROVED OPERA CHAIR.

Ira Chase, New York, and George M. Ball, Green Point, N. Y. The new feature in this device consists in telescopic braces attached to the lower part of the support and to the edge or the seat. These fold back out of the way when the seat is turned up, and at the same time form a strong and durable support.

IMPROVED HUNTING JACKET.

Henry L. Daigre, Alexandria, La.—This coat contains the requi-sites for hunting, distributed in a neat and convenient manner over the body. In the skirts are game pockets, having side gus-sets and bottom nettings. Within the game pockets are separate pockets of smaller size for the empty shells. The game pockets have covering flaps, which may be thrown up and attached to but-tons for exhibiting the result of the day's sport.

IMPROVED EGG CARRIER.

Wendelin Weis, St. Paul, Minn.-This inventor proposes to cheapen and simplify egg-carrying devices by doing away with the hinged covers or sheets which separate the horizontal trays and providing the lateral partition strips of the egg cells with broad bottom and narrow top extension pieces that serve to support the eggs in an equally secure manner.

NEW WOODWORKING AND HOUSE AND CARRIAGE BUILDING INVENTIONS.

IMPROVED WAGON WHEEL SCRAPER.

Norton Sage, Pekin, Ill.-In order to keep the tires of wagon wheels free from sticky mud, in this invention there is provided a bent iron bar attached to the rear axle, and having at its outer end U-shaped scrapers, which accommodate themselves to therim of the wheel, no matter in what position the latter maybe.

IMPROVED SCROLL-SAWING MACHINE.

Jerome H. Plummer, Brooklyn, N. Y.-The new features in this machine are a reciprocating saw frame (attached to a table exten-sion) and slotted arms above and below, which serve as guides for the frame. The extension has a curved arm, which supports a shelf for holding tools. The machine in general is compactly built and well adapted for foot power.

IMPROVED CHILDREN'S CARRIAGE.

Ernst Krueger, New York city .- This relates to a novel and ingenious construction of the body, which has a flexible bottom stretched by lazytongs frames. The axles are similarly extensible, and the whole is adapted to be folded in its longitudinal axis so as to be conveniently packed for storage, etc.

NEW MECHANICAL AND ENGINEERING INVENTIONS.

MACHINE FOR PACKING TOBACCO IN BOXES.

James B. Farrar, Cary, N. C.-This invention relates to an improved machine for filling and packing bags or packages of smoking tobacco. It consists in an intermittently revolving belt provided with seats in which the bag holders are placed, containing the bags and the bag shapes. As the belt revolves, the flared ends of the bag shapes pass beneath an automatic and adjustable feeding apparatus, which delivers into the bags a requisite amount of the tobacco. The bag holders and bag shapes then pass in their seats in the belt from the rotation of the latter beneath two vertically moving plungers, one of which settles the tobacco in one bag shape, while the other packs the tobacco in the preceding bag. At the same time that the packing plunger descends, two lifters automatically rise and withdraw the bag shapes, leaving the filled bags and bag holders to be removed, and the latter prepared for insertion at the other end of the belt.

IMPROVED CAR COUPLING.

John H. Johnson, Brooklyn, Mich.—The new feature in this is a fulcrumed side lever attached to a vertically swinging drawhead, which last may be set and worked at any hight for coupling. There are also devices to prevent the escape or detaching of the links.

IMPROVED LEVER POWER.

Henry C. Bell, Edina, Mo.-A vibrating lever is provided with notches or sockets, adapted for receiving the links or chains which pass around the object to be raised. The lever is suspended and vibrated on a central pivot, so that the hoisting chains are alternate ly slackened and subjected to strain, each chain being shortened when slack. The operation of alternate slacking and straining is continued until the shortening of the chain has raised the object to he desired hight. This application of power is utilizable in a large

IMPROVED NUT FASTENING.

Robert C. Watson, Maysville, Ohio.-An eye stud is formed on ach end of one of the fish bars, to receive one end of a locking plate. Said plate has holes to fit over the nuts, and its other end is connected at the middle of the joint, where it meets another similar plate fastened to the other end of the fish plate. The two plates are fastened on the stud by a split key, so that they can be readily put on and taken off.

IMPROVED WINDMILL

John Cook, Harlem, Ohio.—In this the crank-shaft bearing is connected to the horizontal beam which supports the machine in a simple and efficient way by means of stirrups or yokes. Another new feature is a jointin the beam for the tail vane to swing around out of the wind when it blows too strong, in combination with a weighted lever for keeping the vane in the wind.

NEW HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES.

IMPROVED FLUTING IRON.

W. F. Fisher and A. C. Brown, Bremond, Tex.-The invention consists in a hollow smoothing and glossing iron, in which a fluting iron is inserted, the latter being also hollow to adapt it to receive a heating block, so that the several parts may be, so to speak, nested, thus economizing space, material, and the cost of manufacture, and combining several implements in one.

IMPROVED CARRIAGE CURTAIN FIXTURE

Daniel R. Knight and John M. Ripple, Waynesborough, Pa.-This invention relates to certain improvements upon the carriage curtain fixture for which letters patent No. 166,114 were granted July 27, 1875; and it consists in the improved construction of the roll, the method of attaching the curtain thereto, a stop device for adjusting and regulating the hightof the curtain, and the means for fastening the sides of the curtain.

IMPROVED LANTERN.

Patrick J. Clark and Joseph Kintz, West Meriden, Conn.-A yoke attached to a metal cap above the globe holds the latter to the lantern, while allowing said globe to rise and (all. There are new devices for concentrating the air on the flame, and for the ready admission and securing of the burner. The invention is quite simple and easily constructed.

IMPROVED PAN.

John C. Milligan, South Orange, N. J., assignor to Lalance & Grosean Manufacturing Co., New York city.—The object here is to enable pans to be made of thinner and lighter metal than is ordinarily the case, without detaching from the wearing quality, and also to increase the capacity of the utensil. The middle portion of the bottom has a downward deflection, and, on the part outside of this, legs or studs are attached.

IMPROVED FOLDING CRADLE.

John Weich and John Jefferys, New York city.—The bottom of the cradle is hinged to one side so as to turn up. The ends are each made in two parts hinged together, and are also hinged to the sides. The rockers are pivoted at one end, and secured at the other by movable pins. With this construction the cradle may be folded so as to require but little space, and be compact in form.

IMPROVED CURTAIN FIXTURE.

Rudolph J. Pospisil, Chicago, Ill.-This is a curtoin roller turning in spring brackets, bearing on its ends, and having cords wound in opposite directions around each end, to raise and lower the rollers. The cords are guided in front hooks of the brackets. An illustrated description will be found on page 306 of the present volume of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

IMPROVED STOVE.

Robert S. Bostwick, Jackson, Mich.-The air passes upward between the fire pots, from side channels into an air chamber, and then mixes with the smoke and fire gases from one fire pot. The sheet of air that is thus supplied to the top of the fire produces the more thorough combustion of the fuel and a higher degree of heat. The unconsumed smoke and gases of combustion are conducted by suitable passages downward to pass between cap and fire pot, and then in upward direction to the chimney.

IMPROVED FOLDING CHAIR.

James H. Bean and Richard W. Box, Pulaski, N. Y.—In this chair the seat, which is pivoted to the back part, and the hind legs slide between the front legs for folding. The hind legs rest by project-Ing side lugs on the front legs, when the seat is thrown in position for use. This is a simple and strong article, easily packed and well suited for camp use.

IMPROVED CURTAIN FIXTURE.

George C. Mathers, Louisville, Ky.—This invention is an improve-ment upon that for which a patent was granted to the same inventor February 16, 1875. The improvement consists chiefly in arranging on the same axis both the friction pulleys over which the cord passes, and in locating them above the grooved pulley which is attached to the end of the curtain roller. The result is an economy in the construction of the fixture, and the cord is brought nearer the wall or window casing, thus rendering its operation easier, and the appearance of the fixture more attractive as a whole.

NEW BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

APPLETON'S AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA, VOL. XIII., "Palestine" to "Painting." In Sixteen Volumes, \$5 each. New York city: D. Appleton & Co., Broadway.

The thirteenth volume of the revised edition of this work has lately been issued. It opens with an excellent colored map of the Holy Land, which accompanies an article in which due reference is made to the latest explora-

Upon the whole consideration, it results that there must be a decree for the complainant according to the prayer of his bill.
 Decree accordinely.
 J. Allen, W. W. Taylor, and E. C. Walker, for complainant.
 Moore and Griffn, for defendant.]

Becent American and Loreign Latents.

NEW AGRICULTURAL INVENTIONS.

IMPROVED PLOW.

Irvin Freeman, Corpus Christi, Texas.-This invention relates to a shovel or subsoil plow, and consists of a hook rod attached thereto, and a lever having a pawl that works in a beam rack. This mode of fastening a subsoiler or shovel to a skeleton frame is found in practice to be very convenient, and a great labor-saving

IMPROVED HARROW.

William Frank, Mound Station, Ill.-This invention relates to certain improvements in harrows, and it consists in three equilateral triangular frames, constituting a sectional harrow in which the parts are capable of use either singly or collectively, and with either angle for the front. The invention also consists in the pecuiar construction of the draft attachment and the means for couping the sections together.

number of ways.

IMPROVED DEVICE FOR CHANGING SPEED.

Joseph W. Mead, Dupont, Ind.-Instead of the cone pulleys and belts now in use, a conically faced disk is proposed, located on the driving shaft that transmits the power by conical friction wheels to a similar conically faced disk of the shaft to be driven. The shaft of the friction wheels are hung to boxes of a sliding and spring acted frame, and the wheels are adjusted by suitable lever mechanism.

IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE.

Josiah Glines and Noel W. Stiles, Postsville, Iowa.-The novelty here is a shuttle carrier mounted on a pair of cranks, and operated by a crank on the driving shaft in such a manner that the shuttle travels in a true circle without revolving on its own axis, and thus does not twist the thread. This invention is one of considerable importance to sewing machine manufacturers, and we would especially commend it to their attention. The effect of swinging the carrier in a circular orbit, without revolving it, not merely avoids twisting the thread, but also saves friction and prevents noise. The mechanical device used is at once ingenious and effective.

IMPROVED TOBACCO-CUTTING MACHINE.

Augustus A. Hagen, New York city .- For cutting tobacco in a rapid and easy manner, this inventor suggests a new machine having a cutting knife, to which a diagonal shear cut is imparted by a compound slide mechanism.

tions and archæological discoveries in that interesting portion of the globe The article on "Plants" is very full, an discopiously illustrated with excellent engravings and a chart showing the distribution of plant life over the world. Among other notable articles are those on "Paper," "Paris," "St. Paul," "Patagonia," "Persia" (with map), "Phonography" (an excellent exposition of the science), "Phosphorus," "Political Economy'' (by that eminent writer, Henry Carey Baird, of Philadelphia), and " Patent Law," the last article being by Hon, E. T. Drone. The volume is fully up to the high standard of its predecessors.

Inventions Patented in England by Americans.

[Compiled from the Commissioners of Patents' Journal.] From October 19 to October 23, 1875, inclusive.

AIR COMPRESSING ENGINE, ETC.-E. Cope et al., Hamilton, O. ARTIFICIAL FUEL.-T. H. N. McPherson, Washington, D.C. ATTACHING BUTIONS, ETC.-D. Heaton, Providence, R. I. BALE TIE.-T. H. Murphy, New Orleans, La. BUCKLE.-W. T. Reaser, Centralia, Wis. CUTTING OUT TABLE .- J. Herts, New York city DIAMOND HOLDER .- J. W. Branch, St. Louis, Mo. GRINDING MACHINERY, ETC.-J. W. Blake, Jersey City, N. J. LEAD TRAP.-F. N. Du Bois, New York city. PRINTING INKING APPARATUS.-A. Campbell, Brooklyn, N. Y. RAISING AND DELIVERING GRAIN, ETC.-W. H. Brown, New York city. REFRIGERATOR, ETC.-L. C. Cattell, Cleveland, Ohio. WATER METER.-D. W. C. Taylor et al., Brooklyn, N. Y.