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Wanted for all Steam Boilers-A great economizer
for Fuel. Send for Circular. George E. Parker, Manf rof ight Machine Work and Brass Founder, 117 \& 119 Mul berry St., Newark, N. J.

## HA Q

C. J. A. can repair his rubber boots by fol-
owing the directions on p. 203 , vol. 30 .-E. A. A. owing the directions on $\mathbf{p} .203$, vol. $30 .-\mathrm{E}$. A. A.
anjapan inon castings by the process described on p. 208, vol. 26 . Bronzing is detalled on p. 298, vol.
$21 .-\mathrm{M}$. can remove fruit and wine staina from table 2r.-M. can remove fruit and wine stains from table
inen by the procese explained on p. 1z1, vol. $30 .-$ A. inen by the process explained on p. 171, vol. 30.-A. F. can repair his glue kettle with the cemont de-
scribed on p . 42 , vol. $2 \mathrm{z} .-\mathrm{A}$. E. S. will flind a recipe for paste for paper labels on tin on p. 235, vol. 30.-
W. H. P. does not send his name and address.-F.H. B. Will find directions for makeng modeling wax on p. 58, vol. 24.-E. will find that Colburn's books on (1) P ass: If two (1) P. asks: If two horses are drawing 1
tun with a four foot double tree, and one of them be given his end shorter by 1 inch, what would be the shorter end of the double tree? What would
the be the proportion if his end were two inches shorter? A. This case is analogous to that of two men
carrying a weight suspended from a pole, the force carrying a weight suspended from a pole, the force
exerted by each being inversely proportional to the length of lever between the hand and weight.
(2) H. P. asks: Does color exert any influonce on the heat-radiating powers of bodies, boilers, etc., being usually painted black in preference
to any lighter color? A. According to Melloni, o any lighter color? A. According to Melloni,
color exerts no influence upon the radiant power of surfaces, white, black, and red radiating alike; so that, as regands the loss of heat from this source, the
color of a substance is of no importance. On the contrary, color powerfilly influences the absorp tion of luminous heat. Dr. Franklin spread differently colored pieces of cloth upon the snow in the sunshine. The black sunk farthest, that is, melted
the most snow, and of course received the most heat. The blue sank to a less depth, the brown still ess, and the white hardly at all. Hence by scattering soot over snow, its melting may be hastened.
(3) E. M. W. asks: Has anything been dis-
overed that will harden gutta percha as sulphur covered that will harden gutta perch
hardens rubber? A. We believe not.
(4) A. M. asks: How can I construct a bat2 inches long, with an electromagnest 5 inches long 12 inches long, with an electromagnet 5 inches long
made out of 98 iron, wound with 800 feet of No. 22 wire ?. A. A Bunsen battery would be the best for the purpose, and your cheapest plan would be
buy it from the regular dealers in the article.
(5) L. P. asks: Is white a color: A. If the as an element, white light is a compound, formed by as an element, white light is a compound, formed by
perfectly blending together all these elemento, and cannot, therefore, be properly termed a color. (i) G. C. J. asks: 1. How long does it take to transmit one word acrose the ocann by cable?
A. About one minute, although it is constantly varying. 2. What is the charge per word? A. To England, the charge per word is $\$ 1$, gold.
(7) W. L. C. asks: How can I preserve the
color of fascticled evargreen leaves and prevent color of fasctuled evergreen leaves, and prevent
them from falling from the branch? A. Try dipping in pure dammar varniah.
(8) P. E. W. says: I wish to make brick out The salt causes the bricks to glaze, and makes them worthless. How can the diffloulty be obviated? A.
To our knowledge, there is nothing that would ac
(9) F. R. R. says: I have a large glass In the mounted on a pedestial of the same material. In the former, near its junction with the latter, is a ference at that point. Can you tell me of a composition with which I may cement the interior of the globe, so as to strengthen it at the rractured point, have no deleterious effect upon the water contained
herein, and at the same time prevent leakage? A therein, and at the sam
Try diamond cement
(10) M. C. asks : 1. Can you give me a good recipe for soft soap, made with potash and domestic grease? A. Add 3 galls. rain or other soft wa-
ter to 1 lb . of concentrated ley; boil it and put into ter to 1 lb . of concentrated ley; boil it and putinto
it 4 lbs . tallow and soap fat. When the solution it 4 lbs. tallow and soap fat. When the solution
becomes clear, add 12 galls. more water. It is ready for use when cold. 2. Is a cellar a good place A. Very probably. 4. Does the addition of salt to soft soap (to make hard soap) infure its quality? A Yes.
(11) G. W. D. asks: What kind of varnish can I put on metal, so that the latter will not be intrate of silver? A. Try paraffln varnish. See p. 91, vol. 31.
(12) J. A. asks: Is there any elastic substance that would take the place of rubber in cloth,
and resist boiling water? A. We do not know of any such substance.
(13) P. V. C. asks: Please give me a de-
scription of the spectroscope. A. You will find descriptions on pp. 64 and 276 , vol. 30 .
Can iron be decomposed by any acid, and will its decomposition generate electricity? A. Iron, be-
ing an elementary body, cannot be decomposed; but with strong nitric acid, it may be used as the but with strong nitric acid, it
positive element in the battery.
(14) S. A, asks: Is there any means whereby the color may be taken from the heavy black resi
due or tar left in the still after running the but due or tar left in the still after running the buring letting it retain its former body or conalstence? A. This cannot be done without altering some of its properties.
(15) H. P. G. asks: 1. What will effectualof free ammo smell of ammonia? A. The smell tion, cannot be disguised nor destroyed; but by combining it with a base, not volatile at ordinary temperatures, this may readily be accomplished.
What will prevent alcohol from evaporating? We know of no better method than that of kee ing it in airtight vessels.
(16) II. C. J. asks: What book explains the Ierms marcasite, biotite, muscovite,blende, etc.? A
If you do not posgess a dictionary, If you do not possess a dictionary, we cannot help you, since a certain amount of knowledge must be You can flad full definitions of the names of these minerals in Webster's "Unabridged Dictionary."
Can you explain scientifically the operation of
salt raising bread? A. Your meaniug is not ver salt raising bread? A. Your meanlug is not very
clear. Raising salts or yeast powders commonly clear. Raising salts or yeast powders commonly
consist of such salts as cream of tartar (bitartrate of potash) and bicarbonate of soda. The leavening Is due to the action of the liberated tartaric acid o
the soda salt, which liberates the carbonic acid.
(17) W. E. J. asks: What kind of battery is required to operate the Atlantic cable? A. A
modification of the Daniell battery, called the Min modification of the Daniell battery, called the Min
otto or sawdust battery, is employed for the pur tho or sawdust battery, is
pose, twenty cells being used.
(18) J. C. C. asks; 1. What should be the emper of the steel in a permanent $U$ magnet? A See p. 175, vol. 30. 2. Which will magnetize a $U$ leg of the magnet, or a single coll? A. The latter. There is a law in Ohio imposing a a. or imprison patent in any connty without haring first exhibite the letters patent to the probate Judge of the county wherein the patent is sold or offered for sale, an having made oath, in his presence, of ownership name, and place of residence. Is such a law consti
tutional? A. No. Seep. 13T, vol. 25 .
(19) G. H. J. asks: How is black paint for
steam boilers made? solved in turpentine is a very good paintfor this purpose.
What is
pared from the turpentine? A. Turpentine pre What is the theory of a draft in a chimney when there is no hot air to produce a draft? A. Unles there is a difference of temperature, between the air within
no draft.
(20) S. W. says : When our nickel five cent pieces were issued, it was reported in newspapers thattheirdiameter was a certain numberof centimeters, so that the measures of the French metric sys-
tem might be derived from them. Is this true? A. tem might be derived from them. Is this true? A. centimeters.
How ehall I rid my house of roaches? A. There sale by druggists preparations for this purpese for commend nothing better.
In making a chess board by gluing veneers upon a board, the veneers curled up as soon as wet
with the glue. How can I get over the difficulty? A. It is common, on applying the thin glue to

(21) W. D. P. K. asks : Is there any chemical that, placed on or near a gas jet, will increase the lumbosity ' A. A device, used for thio purburner, through which a supply of oxygen is al-
Is there anything that I can take with mejn a ooat to keep me warm on a cold day? A. It is cus-
tomary to use for this purpose a watertight vesseh omary to use for this purpose a watertight vessoh,
prevoyely flled with boillig water.
(22) J. B. T. says: We have a drug store in wooden building, and are using kerosene, as we
ave no gas. We are always uneasy for fear of fire. Would it cost very much more to light the store by electricity? A. Yes. An electromotive force equal to forty Grove cells is the least that a suitable light could be produced with, and this
would cost at least $\$ 1$ per hour for one light suff cient for the store
(23) L. F. R. asks: Can a Bunsen or a bi chromate of potases battery be changed to a Lechroma
lanché
Yes.

How are round balls of soap formed? A. They re cast or pressed in molds.
Please describe the manner of Anding the latitude on board ship. A. The latitude is equal to the zenday. The latter is found by referring to the Nar the cal Almanac.
What is made of chromate of iron? A. Chromio
(24) C. T., writing from Valley Falls, N.Y. says: A controversy has arisen in our community
caused by the bursting of a flume, and we appeal to you to settle the question. All partiesare agreed to you to settle the question. All partiesare agreed to
abide by your decision. What is the difference between the side pressure of a flume of water ten feet deep and twenty feet square, and one ten feet
deep and ten feet square? A. The pressure per deep and ten feet square? A. The pressure per
square foot upon the sides of the flume is the same square foot upon the sides of the flume is the same
in both cases, namely, $312 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. per square foot. To compute the pressure in such cases, multiply the rea of the side of the flume by the hightof the
center of gravity of the water in feet. In this excenter of gravity of the water in feet. In this exMultiply the product by $621 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$, the weight of a cubic foot of water.
(25) J. S. H. says: On. 203, vol. 31, Sou tried it, but the phosphorus would not diesolve in the oil. What ehall I do? A. Phosphorus should dissolve in the oil. If you follow the reope and your phosphorus and oil are pure, the process will
not fail. Enough phosphorus should be used to not fail. Enough phosp
keep the oil saturated.
(26) E. H. asks: 1. Does a large body of liquid require a greater proportion of battery power
than a smaller one? I have a copper bath 2 feet than a smaller one? I have a copper bath 2 feet
long containing about 20 gallons, which I can drive long containing about 20 gallons, which 1 can drive
with 4 Callaud batteries, the zincs of which are $81 / 2$ and $I$ have diameter,or with 3 small Bun holding bout 80 pallons, which cannot arive with 14 Callaud batteries. If I put more goods in the large one than in the small one, the deposit is very slow,
and soon ceases. Is nickel more easily deposited han copper, and does it require greater or less ower than a copper bath of equal stre, flled with the same amount of goods? A. So much depends the strength of your bath or electrolpte and the oupling or arrausenent of your batteries, as to he requisite quantity and tension of current, that, with so limited a deacription, we can give you no definite answer. 2. What is the relative power of Daniell's, Callaud's, and Smee's batteries? A. The is 88 , Daniell's56, Smee's about 25, Callaud's about 45 (27) W. P. asks: In adding the malt or diasuppoeed to first convert the raw grain into starch, then, afterstanding a proper time at a certain temperature, to transform the starch into grape or starch sugar), how am I to know when the starch sugar is formed? A. The bolling of the starch
with dilute sulphuric acid is effected on a small with dilute sulphuric acid is effected on a small scale in leaden pans, but in an extensive prepara-
tion iron pans are employed. The requisite quantion iron pans are employed. The requisite quan-
tity of water is first heated to the bolling point, and to this is added the sulphuric acid, dilluted with about 3 parts by weight of water. Thestarch is also brought, by the previous addition of water, to a millky conalstency. The liquids so prepared are mired, and the boilingcontinued until all the starch is converted into sugar. An intermediatestage,no version of the starch into dextrin, which in turn uffers decomposition into grape ougar. The entire be ascertalned with certainty by the iodine test, as sometimes a purple-red tinge is produced, while in others there is no change. The most reliable teat is that with alcohol, founded on the known insolubility in that menstruum. To one part of the solution to be tested there are added 6 parts of absolute alcohol; if no precipitate is thrown down, there is no tire. The proportions of the materials are generalphuric a water. The separation of the sulphuric acid from the sugar solution is a most important operation, success in this stage of the process. The acid is neutralized by baryts or by lime, with either of which it forms an insoluble salt. The baryts can be employed as carbonate (witherite). Lime is most
(28) I. F. A. asks: What is the best paint be applied to the inside of an open vessel? A. The best covering for the inside of anks, etc, to hold sulphuric acd is sheet lead. This will perfectly re ist all action.
(29) S. E. M. says, in reply to J. E. W.,
who asked how to burn coal alack: We use it all the time in our boiler, starting the fire with soft coal, and then using half soft coal, mixed with slack Our draft is not very good. In one place they ting it and then draining well before burning. I have tried this, but failed to see any good results If J. E. W. Will fire often and breals up the crust this mirture. I have put in teeam blowers above and below the fire, but was glad to take them out
again, becausethey took too puch sterm.

Minerale, etc.-Specimens have been received from the following correspondente, and examined, with the results stated:
C.I.F.- Your specimen of a Californian mineral is disintegrated mica schist, of no value.-J. P. L.-
Your specimen is antimony.-I. P. D.-The quartz oontains galena and imn prites.

## COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVED.

The Editor of the Scirnmiric AmRrican aciglnal papers and contributions upon the following subjects:

On a Freak of Lightning. By E. J. M On the Phylloxera. By L. W. G. On the Squirrel Question. By L. M. B. On Curious Apples. By A. T. N.
On Terrestrial Gyration. By J. H On Power in Cotton Mills. By T. T. D. On Also enquiries and answers from the following H. R. S.-C. E. S
-I. R.V.-J.G.

## HINTS TO CORRESPONDENTS

 Correspondents whose inquiries fail to appearshould repeat them. If not then published, they should repeat them. If not then published, they clines them. The address of the writer should always be given.
Enquiries relating to patents, or to the patentability of inventions, assignments, etc., will not be only are siven. in sach questons, when initials only are given, arc thrown inte the waste basket, as
it would fill half of our paper to print them all; but we generally take pleasure in answering briefly by mail, if the writer's address is given
Hundreds of enquiries analogous to the following are sent: "Who sells machines for hulling castor beaus? Who sells cotton seed lint machines? Who makes match making machines, and what composition is required for the matches? Whose is the best force pump?" All such personal enquiries are
printed, as will be observed, in the column of " Business and Personal," which is speaially set apart fo that purpose, subject to the charge mentioned at the head of that column. Almost any desired information can in this way be expeditlously obtained.

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Lathe for turning spools, Landfear \& Campbell. Leather spiltting machine, J. A. Safford....... ock spindle, A. Kirks.
Loks, plate key for, D. к. Miller.
Loom, Compton \& Wyman................ ubricating compound, J, G. W. B Lubricating compound, J. WIlliama
Measuring can, D. M. Mefford Meast cutting machine, G. V. Brech lechantcal movement, R. E. Brand Millstone dressing machtne, G. H. Arnold Millstone face tester, J. Thompson. Mowing machine, F. Bramer.
eedie, H. M. Jenkins....... E. Snediker. Nut lock, F. L. Bates.

Ores, treating cobalt, J.L. Klelinschmidt. Packing, condenser tube, w. A. Lighthall
Packing, platon, T. S. Davis (r)
Paint compound, J. B. Tascot
Paper packages, W. H. Block................
Planoforte stringlng, Rogera \& Manning
Planoforte stringing device, o. A. Gamag
Plcture f. B. sprague...
Ppes, etc., steam, T. Merriam.
Planter, corn, R. A. Green.
Planter, corn, P. M. Welsel.
Porcelain knobs, $\mathbf{G}$. Thumbshirn
Press, cotton, E. L. Morse.
Printing press, J. W. HIll.
Pump, L. S. Dantels
Pump valve, A. s. Cameron..
Rallway switch, A. Quimby............
Rake, horsc hay, S. G. Hurlbut
Reln holder, I. W. Little.......
Saw, clrcular, E. Andrews
sawmill head block, J. Hidde
Scales, wetghng, H. M. Weaver..
Seed drill, R. B. Sheldon (r)..
Seedlings puller, J. s. Swaney.
Sewing machine, C. Groubman
Shafting, hanger for, C. E. Holt.....
Splndle bolster, A. S. Hopktns.
SpIndle step, A. S. HopkIns..
Sptning sptndle, E. D. Carter
Splning machine splndle, F. J. Rabbeth.
Steertng apparatua, D. N. B. Coffn, Jr...
Stone breaker, J. A. Blake
Stove, E. Palmie..
tove, coal ofl, B. R.Sweetlan
Stove, heating, D. C. Proctor.
Stove, magazine, W. F. Ross.
stove pollshing machine, I. C. Shuler.
oves, fre pot and grate for coal, D. C. Bre
rable, folding, F. Gesser.
Thrasher, grain and clover, Lippy \& stocking
Tile making machine, P. Hervier.
Tobacco, restoring funky, Hahn \& Strecke
Tool receptacle, machine, T
ehicle saxle labricator, W. Jones
ehidele wheel,J. R. Cook.
ehicle, shaft and pole attachment, W. Adams.
Wagon arle, W. F. \&peed.
men troks, $\mathbf{T}$. Ivicen

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Watses, eafety wheel for, H. B. Whela
Water wheel governor, A. Woodworth.
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Water wheel, turblne, E. Geevelin.
Whip oocket,
Whp socket, $\mathbf{H}$. A. Matthews....
Window shade or Venetlan blind
R EXTENSION.
Appications have been duly fled and are now pending
or the extenston of the following letters patent. Hear
ngs upon the reapective applications are appointed for
31,S78--HARVEsTER.-R. Dutton. Jan. 27.
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,848--Floor Cloth.-J. Barrett, New York cit
,499.-B0xBe.-J Comly, Philadelphla, Pa
,851 to 1 ,85s.-WOVNN FABRIOs.-W.B. Weeden,Prov.,R.
TRADE MARKS REGISTERED.


2,065.-Corn Salve.-J. H. Richelderfer, Philadelpha, Pa
,066. - M ORTARD.-C. L. Stickney, New York city.

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On each Caveat......

On issuing each origtnal Patent.
On appeal to Commissioner of Patents.
On application for Relssue.
On fillng a Disclaimer...........................
On an application for Design (3\%) ye
On application for Destgn (7 yeara)...
On application for Design (14 yeara)
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November 17 to 18, 1874
4,(554.-D. Sullivan, Bangor, Penobscot county, Me., U. s.
Improvements in steam bollers, called "Sullivan's Im
proved Steam Boller." Nov. 17, 1874.
4,0055.-F. A. Hibbard, East Stanbridge, Miselsquol county,
P. Q.
Improvements in steamers and heaters, called
P. Q. Improvements in steamers and heaters, calle
"The Saf
17, 1874.
$4,066 .-A$.
,056-A. De Garis, New York city, U. S. Improvementa
Fowp rattentng Apparatus ." Now. 17, 1874 .
4,057.-E. B. Meatyard, Geinera Lake, Walworth county,
Wis., U. S. Improvementa in elastic rallway
Wis., U. S. Improvements in elastic rallway. cas
wheels, called "Meatyard's Patent Elastic Rallway Ca
Wheels."' Nov. 17, 1874.
4,05s.-J. Bowman, Harrisburgh, Brant county, Ont. Im.
provements in hot atrdrums,
provements in hot \&irdruma, called $\quad$ "Bowman's Re.
volving Angle Damper Parlor Heater."
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volving Angle Damper Parlor Heater." Nov. 17, 1844
4,059.-J. M. Grover, Oxford,Oakkiand counts, Mch U
Cos.-J. M. Grover, oxford, Oakland county, Mich., U.S.
Improvements on a straw-hinding attachment to har

4,060.-S. Rue, Philladelphla,'Pa., D. 8. First exteniton o
No. 2,84
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No. 2,849, called "Rue's Little Glant In jector." Nov. 18 ,
18i4.4. E. s. Scripture, Brooklyn, Kings county, N. Y
U. S. Improvements on adjustable wrenches, ca Iled
"Scripture's Champlon Cast Steel Ad Juatable silde
Wrench." Nov. 18, 1874.
Wrench." Nov. 18, 1874.
4,063.-J. E. Wateon, Lonisville, Jefferson county, Ky.,
U S. Improvements on water
U S. Improvements on water gagee, canled "Watson's
High and Low Water Alarm Gages." Nov. 18,1874
High and Low Water Alarm Gages." Nov. "Watson" 1874
4,064.-A. Hadden, Godertch, Huron county,
4,064.-A. Hadden, Goderitch, Huron county, Ont. Ma
chine for cramplng, called "The Cramplng Horse."
chine for cra
Nov. 18,1874 .
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4,065.-T. M. Chapman, Oldtown, Penobscot counts, Me.
U. S. Improvements on machne for sharpening saws
called "Chapman's Saw Sharpening Machine." Nov. 18 ,
called "Chapman's Saw Sharpentng Machine." Nov. 18 ,
1874.
18,066.-H. E. Champlon, Detrott city, U. s. Improvements
on steam boller furnaces, called "Champlon's Improve.
ment in Boller Furnaces." Nov. 18, 1874 .
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provements on a boottree,or a device for treating boots
provements on a boottree,or a device for treating boots
called "Branigan's Cbamplon Boot Tree."
1874.
4. 068. A. W. Covell, South Elmsley township, unite
4,068.-A. W. Covell, South Elmsley township, united
countles of Leeds and Grenvilie, Ont. Improvementson
saw shareners, called "Corell's Saw Shappeners." Nov
$18,1874$.
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4,069.-J. Steel and J. McInnes, Glasgow, Lanark counts
Scotland. Improvements on apparatus for actuating
the brakes of rallwas trasn on op compreseed air, part or
parts of which are also applicable for signallng in rall-
parts of which are also applicable for signaling in rall
was trains,called "Steel \& McInnes'ImprovedAIrBrak
way trains, called "Steel \& McInnes'Improved AIr Brak
and Train SIgnal." Nov. 18, 1874.
and Tratn Signal." Nov. 18, 1874.
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$\begin{aligned} & \text { ments in stop valves, calle } \\ & \text { Stop Valve." Nov. 18, } 1874 .\end{aligned}$

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